一、填空题

1. 极限
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,1)} \frac{1-xy}{x^2+y^2} = \underline{\qquad \qquad 1}$$

2. 极限
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{xy}{2-\sqrt{xy+4}} = \underline{\qquad \qquad -4}$$

3. 函数
$$f(x,y) = \frac{x+2}{3x+y}$$
 的间断点集合为__{(x,y)}3x+y=0}___。

4. 曲线
$$\begin{cases} z = \sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2} \\ x = 1 \end{cases}$$
 在 $(1,1,\sqrt{3})$ 处的切线与 y 轴的正方向所成的角度

$$\beta = \underline{\qquad}_{\circ} (\tan \beta = f_y(1,1,\sqrt{3}) = \frac{\partial(\sqrt{1+x^2+y^2})}{\partial x}\Big|_{(1,1,\sqrt{3})} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{1+x^2+y^2}}\Big|_{(1,1,\sqrt{3})} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}},$$

故
$$\beta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$
或30°)

$$(f_x(0,0) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(0 + \Delta x, 0) - f(0,0)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{\Delta x \cdot 0}{(\Delta x)^2 + 0^2} - 0 \right] / \Delta x = 0$$

$$(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = xe^x \cos y, \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (xe^x \cos y) = e^x \cos y + x \cos ye^x = \underline{e^x (\cos y + x \cos y)})$$

7. 函数
$$z = x^2 + y^2$$
 的全微分 $dz = ______$

$$(dz = z_x dx + z_y dy = 2xdx + 2ydy)$$

8. 设
$$u = f(x^2 - y^2, e^{xy})$$
,则 $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 。

$$(u = f(x^{2} - y^{2}, e^{xy}) \begin{cases} x^{2} - y^{2} / x \\ y \end{cases}, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = f'_{1} \cdot 2x + f'_{2} \cdot e^{xy} \cdot y = \underbrace{2xf'_{1} + ye^{xy} f'_{2}}_{2})$$

二、证明极限
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x+y}{x-y}$$
 不存在。

证 当动点
$$(x,y)$$
沿直线 $y = kx$ 趋于点 $(0,0)$ 时,极限 $\lim_{\substack{(x,y) \to (0,0) \ y = kx}} \frac{x+y}{x-y} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x+kx}{x-kx} = \frac{1+k}{1-k}$ 随

k 的变动而变动,故极限 $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x+y}{x-y}$ 不存在。

三. 计算

1.
$$\[\psi \] w = u^2 + uv + v^2, u = x^2, v = 2x + 1, \] \[\dot{x} \frac{dw}{dx} \] .$$

解:
$$w \left\langle u = x^2 - - - x \right\rangle$$
, 故 $\frac{dw}{dx} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{dv}{dx} = (2u + v) \cdot 2x + (u + 2v) \cdot 2x$

=
$$(2x^2 + 2x + 1) \cdot 2x + 2(x^2 + 4x + 2) = 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x + 4$$
.

2. 求
$$z = (x^2 + y^2)^{xy}$$
 的偏导数 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ 。

解: 设
$$u = x^2 + y^2, v = xy$$
, 则 $z = u^v$ 。

$$z \left\langle \begin{array}{c} u = x^{2} + y^{2} \left\langle x \right\rangle \\ y \\ v = xy \left\langle \begin{array}{c} x \\ y \end{array} \right\rangle, \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \cdot \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = vu^{v-1} \cdot 2x + u^{v} \ln u \cdot y$$

$$= u^{\nu} (\frac{2\nu}{u} + y \ln u) = (x^2 + y^2)^{xy} \left[\frac{2x^2y}{x^2 + y^2} + y \ln(x^2 + y^2) \right].$$