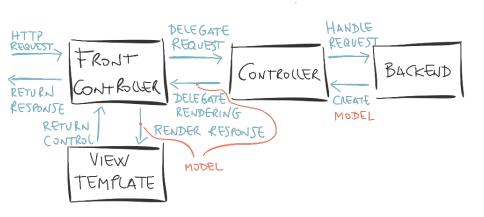


Spring MVC: Controllers and Request Mappings

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HTTP REDUEST / RESPONSE LIFECYCLE



Controller

Responsibility: HTTP request handling

- links a HTTP request to a method with an annotation @RequestMapping
- method parameters: get user input
- method body: population of the model
 - business logic (access to database, computations, etc.)
 - determines view
 - interprets exceptions arisen from business logic
- return value: view name

Handling HTTP requests (GET)

attached to a class: defines relative url http://localhost:8080/hello/

```
@RequestMapping("/hello")
public String hello(Model model) { .. }
```

• attached to a class: defines relative url http://localhost:8080/index/hello/

```
@RequestMapping("/index")
public class IndexController {
    @RequestMapping("/hello")
    public String hello(Model model) { ... }
}
```

Handling HTTP requests (GET): parameters

 using path variables with @PathVariable: http://localhost:8080/hello/World
 @RequestMapping("/hello/{value}") public String hello(@PathVariable String value, Model model)
 f...}

request parameters: http://localhost:8080/hello?value=World

Handling HTTP requests (GET): type conversion

getting primitive datatypes: http://localhost:8090/hello?value=1

```
@RequestMapping("/hello")
public String primitive(@RequestParam Integer value, Model
    model) { ... }
```

• getting dates: http://localhost:8090/hello/2016-07-10

```
@RequestMapping("/hello/{value}")
public String date(@PathVariable
    @DateTimeFormat(iso=ISO.DATE) Date value, Model model) {
    ... }
```

• getting collections: http://localhost:8090/hello?values=1&values=2

```
@RequestMapping("/hello")
public String collection(@RequestParam Collection<Integer>
    values, Model model) { ... }
```

Handling HTTP requests (GET)

Model parameter: allows us to access the model

```
@RequestMapping("/hello")
public String hello(Model model) {
  model.addAttribute("name", "World");
  return "hello";
}
```

@ModelAttribute

• fetches the object associated with the attribute user from the model

```
@RequestMapping("/hello")
public String hello(@ModelAttribute User user) {
  return "hello";
}
```

- if the entry is not present in the model, the object is instantiated and added to the model
- the argument's fields are populated from all request parameters that have matching names

Common Mistakes

HTTP Error 404

- This localhost page can't be found
- Either the request URL is not correct or
- the view cannot be located (check view name and configuration).

The value does not appear in the view

- Check the attribute name used, both in the view and in the controller
- Check error messages in the output console