

# 2021 ASEM-CIE Hackthon

# Automated Test in Production Planning in Test base Engineering

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## **Outline**

- Background
- ♦ Task 1
  - > Problem Definition
  - > Technical Approach
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  - > Problem Definition
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  - > Technical Approach
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# **Background**





Powertrain sensors

Powertrain current sensors Powertrain exhaust sensors Powertrain fluid concentration sensors Powertrain knock sensors Powertrain position sensors



Transmission
Automatic transmission
Drive line components
Electric drive
Shifter system



Engine

Diesel engine
Engine fan
eTurbo/charger
Gasoline & diesel engine platform
Gasoline engine
Ignition
Pump

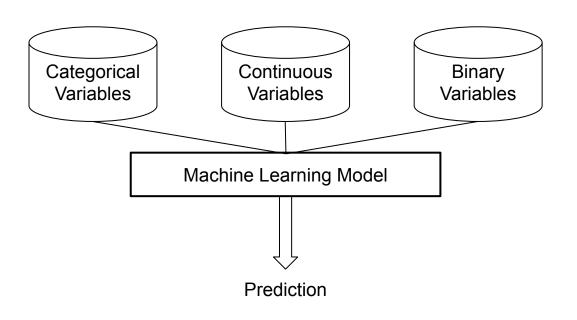


Power Steering Electric power steering (EPS)

- Goal: Reduce total time required for flexible sequence of testing processes
- Limitation: Conflicting performance requirements, growing product complexity, cost and material limitation



#### **Task 1 Problem Definition**



#### Training data:

- Mixed input features
- Unknown relationship
- Small amount of data

#### Neural Network (NN) Model:

- Easy to handle mixed inputs
- Able to learn the relationship by itself
- Tunable and reliable

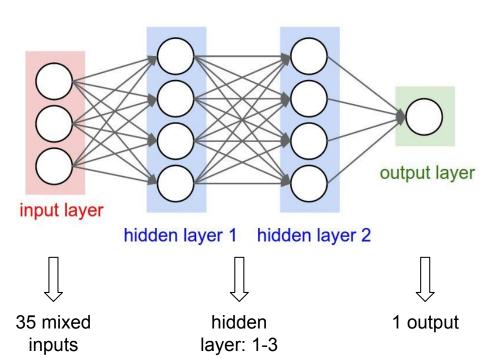
#### Test data:

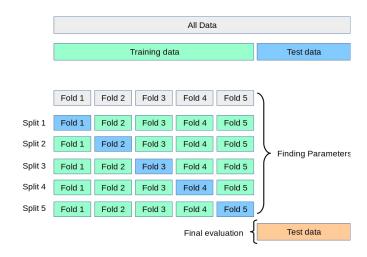
Predicted by trained NN



# **Task 1 Technical Approach**

#### **NN Model Training**





#### K-fold cross validation



Min validation error: 2 hidden layers



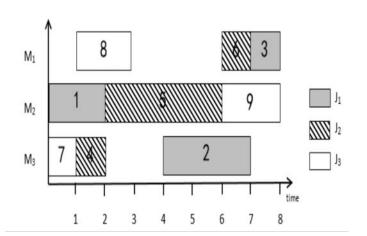
### **Task 2 Problem Definition**

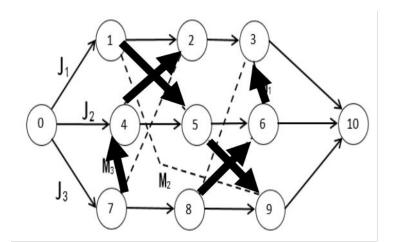
- n jobs are processed on m machines
- Each job consists of a sequence of operations, which must be performed in a given order
- Each operation must be processed on a specific machine
- A machine can only work on one operation at a time
- An operation, once started, must run to completion
- No operation for a job can be started until the previous operation for that job is completed.
- Minimize makespan, i.e., the maximum completion time



## **Task 2 Problem Definition**

Order	1st	2nd	3rd
Job 1	1 (Machine 2, 2s)	2 (Machine 3, 3s)	3 (Machine 1, 1s)
Job 2	4 (Machine 3, 1s)	5 (Machine 2, 4s)	6 (Machine 1, 2s)
Job 3	7 (Machine 3, 1s)	8 (Machine 1, 2s)	9 (Machine 2, 2s)







#### **Task 2 Literature Review**

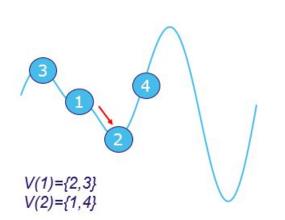
- Johnson's Rule (Johnson, 1953)
- Priority Rules (Gere Jr, 1966)
- Shifting Bottleneck (Adams, Balas and Zawack, 1988)
- Lagrangian Relaxation (Hoitomt, Luh and Pattipati, 1993)
- Branch and Bounds (Brucker, Jurisch and Sievers, 1994)
- Local Search Based Metaheuristics
  - Genetic Algorithm (Davis, 1985)
  - Tabu Search (Dell'Amico and Trubian, 1993)
  - Simulated Annealing (Van Laarhoven, 1992)
  - Particle Swarm Optimization (Sha and Hsu, 2006)

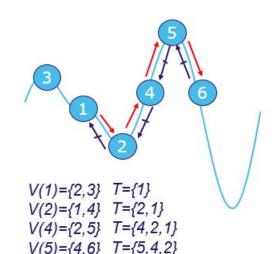


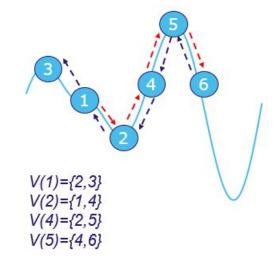
# **Task 2 Technical Approach**

#### Local Search Based Metaheuristics:

- Local Search: Only accepts better solutions
- Tabu Search: Prohibits already visited solutions using a tabu list
- Simulated Annealing: Has a decreasing probability to accept worse solutions





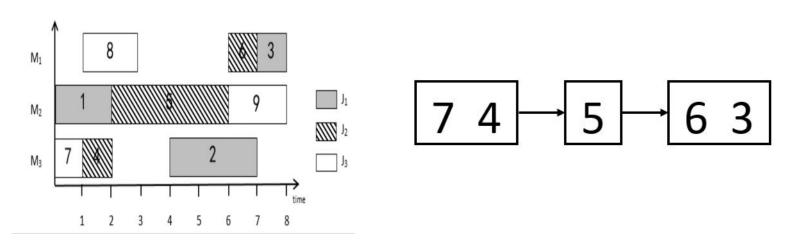




# Task 2 Technique Approach

### Neighborhood Structure:

- Critical path
  - The longest path in the graph
  - Critical blocks: consecutive critical operations on the same machine
- Only moves in critical path can reduce makespan



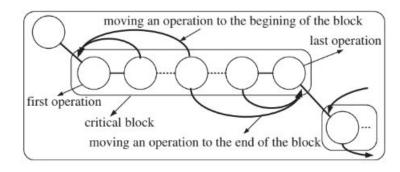


# Task 2 Technique Approach

- N5 (Nowicki and Smutnicki, 1996)
  - Swaps the first/last two operations in a critical block

swapping the first two operations swapping the last two operations last operations first operation

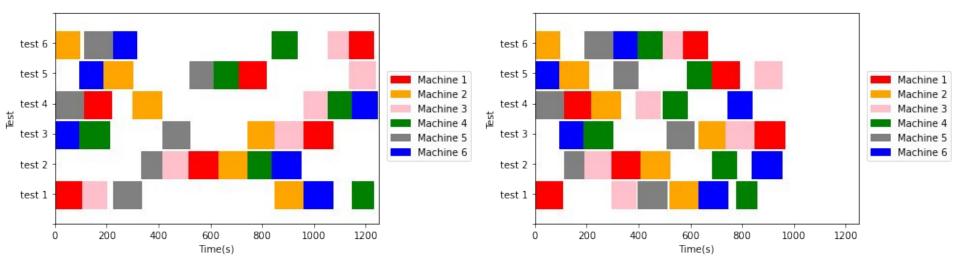
- N6 (Balas and Vazacopoulos, 1998)
  - Inserts the inner operations in a critical block to the first/last position





## Result

- Naive Scheduling: 3658s
- Bidirectional Ordering Heuristic: 1242s
- Local Search Based Metaheuristics: 944s



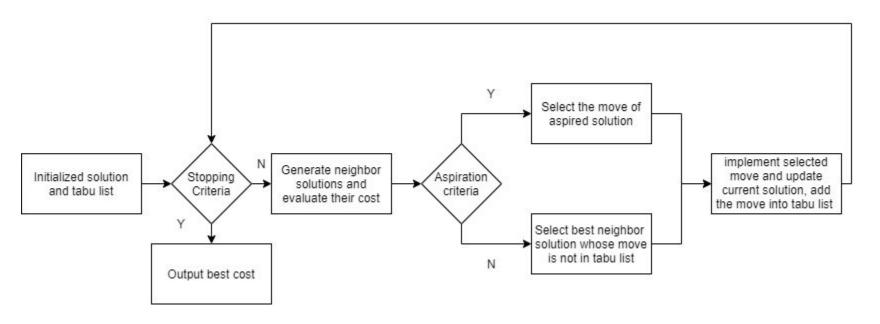
Local Search Based Metaheuristics



# Thank you!



# **Appendix**



Tabu Search Algorithm Flowchart



# **Appendix**

