# **SOFTENG 254:** Quality Assurance

**Lecture 2a: Overview of Testing** 

Paramvir Singh School of Computer Science

#### **Potential Assessment Question**

- PAQ
- Agenda
- Assignment 1
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- Describing tests
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- Good Tests
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Consider the following scenario:

While filling a form on a website, Bob notices that an image on the page overlaps one of the text boxes, making it hard to see what he is typing into that box.

Which of the following terms best describes what Bob has experienced?

- (a) a bug
- (b) a fault
- (c) an error
- (d) a failure

Justify your answer.

## **Agenda**

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- Admin
- Assignment 1
- What is testing?
- Describing tests
- Defining good tests

## **Assignment 1**

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- Given: 11 implementations, 10 are known to have faults. 1 is hoped to not have any faults.
- Each implementation is supposed to provide a method that will format a piece of text "flush left"
- Write JUnit tests to detect faults in implementations (provided as . j a r files) and not detect faults in good implementation
- Describe purpose of each test case.
- Limit on size of test suite at most 200 calls to one of the assertX ‡
   methods
- Marking will be (mostly) automatic. Failure to meet submissions requirements means no marks.
- Authoritative details on Canvas
- Be very careful while discussing the assignment on Piazza.
- Worth 7.5%, Due 17:00hr Friday 14 August (Week 3) adb.auckland.ac.nz

## **Assignment 1**

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Implementation under test is the method:

Format text into lines

Input: text=Program testing can be used to show the presence of bugs, but never to show their absence.

linewidth=20

Output:

12345678901234567890

Program testing can be used to show the presence of bugs, but never to show their absence.

More (probably correct) details in JavaDoc page provided.

## **Previously in SOFTENG 254**

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• Test case — specifies the *pretest state* of the IUT, the *inputs*, and the expected state or behaviour ....

## **Developing Test Suites**

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- how do we describe tests?
- what's the best way to run the tests?
- when is a test a "good" one?
- how do we come up with tests?
- when do we have enough tests?

## **Developing Test Suites**

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- how do we describe tests?
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- when is a test a "good" one?
- how do we come up with tests?
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## **Describing tests**

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- What is the Implementation Under Test (IUT)?
- What is the pretest state?
- What are the inputs? (test case values and other inputs)
- What is the expected state?

### **Test documentation**

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- if testing is to be systematic, it must be planned test plan
- a test plan might include:
  - how the testing is to be done
  - who does it
  - what the schedule is
  - what level of quality of testing is to be performed
  - what resources are required
- each individual test case has to be described
- how the test results are to be used
- there are standards for this kind of thing. . .

#### **IEEE 829-1998**

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- IEEE Standard for Software Test Documentation (1998)
- Test Plan
- Test Design Specification
- Test Case Specification
- Test Procedure Specification
- Test Item Transmittal Report
- Test Log
- Test Incident Report
- Test Summary Report

## **Test Case Specification**

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- Purpose To define a test case identified by a test design specification.
- Outline A test case specification shall have the following structure:
  - a) Test case specification identifier;
  - b) Test items;
  - c) Input specifications;
  - d) Output specifications;
  - e) Environmental needs;
  - f) Special procedural requirements;
  - g) Intercase dependencies.

## **Developing Tests**

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- how do we describe tests?
- what's the best way to run the tests?
- when is a test a "good" one?
- how do we come up with tests?
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## **Test Procedure Specification**

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- a) Test procedure specification identifier
- b) Purpose
- c) Special requirements
- d) Procedure steps

## **Procedure steps**

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### Include as applicable:

- Log
- Set up
- Start
- Proceed
- Measure
- Shut down
- Restart
- Stop
- Wrap up
- Contingencies

## **Test Scripts**

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- detailed sequence of steps needed to perform the test
- Example: Authenticated Edit of Wiki
  - 1. Navigate to test page *url* Set up
  - 2. Check that **Edit** tab is visible at top of page **Start**
  - 3. Check that **Create an account or log in** link is visible at top right corner *confirms that user is not already authenticated*
  - 4. Click Edit tab Proceed
  - 5. Verify that **Login required to edit** page shows
  - 6. Click **login** link
  - 7. (etc)

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- Manually running test scripts is tedious, error prone, and expensive
- ⇒ Automate the process as much as possible
  - XUnit family testing frameworks (SUnit, JUnit, NUnit, . . . ) provide frameworks for specifying tests, executing tests, reporting the results
  - Many (many!) other tools and frameworks exist to support different testing activites

#### **JUnit**

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- Developed by Erich Gamma and Kent Beck, based on SUnit, developed by Kent Beck for Smalltalk
- Two styles "3.8" and "4" (and above)
- JUnit 3.8 (and earlier) uses reflection to identify test cases to be executed

```
import junit.framework.TestCase;
public class TestNumZeros extends TestCase {
  public void testNoZeros() {
    int[] input = { 1, 93, 2, 5, -17 };
    IntList list = newIntList(input);
    assertEquals(0, list.numZeros());
  }
}
```

JUnit 4 uses annotations

```
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;
public class TestNumZeros {
    @Test
    public void noZeros() {
        int[] input = { 1, 93, 2, 5, -17 };
        IntList list = newIntList(input);
        assertEquals(0, list.numZeros());
    }
}
```

 Support for pre-test ("set up"), post-test ("tear down") management, and more

### **Automation**

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Suppose this is our test case:

```
import junit.framework.TestCase;
public class TestNumZeros extends TestCase {
   public void testNoZeros() {
     int[] input = {1, 93, 2, 5, -17 };
     IntList list = new IntList(input);
     assertEquals(0, list.numZeros());
   }
}
```

IUT?
Pre-test state?
Inputs?
Expected results?

#### **Automation**

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Suppose this is our test case:

```
import junit.framework.TestCase;
public class TestNumZeros extends TestCase {
   public void testNoZeros() {
     int[] input = {1, 93, 2, 5, -17 };
     IntList list = new IntList(input);
     assertEquals(0, list.numZeros());
   }
}

IUT? IntList#numZeros()
Pre-test state? new IntList(input)
Inputs? {1, 93, 2, 5, -17}

Expected results? 0
```

#### **Automation**

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```
Suppose this is our test case:
```

```
import junit.framework.TestCase;
public class TestNumZeros extends TestCase {
   public void testNoZeros() {
     int[] input = {1, 93, 2, 5, -17 };
     IntList list = new IntList(input);
     assertEquals(0, list.numZeros());
   }
}
```

IUT? IntList#numZeros()

**Pre-test state?** new IntList(input)

Inputs?  $\{1, 93, 2, 5, -17\}$  probably the clearest in intent

**Expected results?** 0

#### **Alternative**

IUT? IntList

Pre-test state? new IntList(input)

Inputs? list.numZeros() method to invoke is input

**Expected results?** 0

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```
package se254;
import junit.framework.TestCase;
public class TestIntList extends TestCase {
  public void testNoZeros() {
    int[] input = {1, 93, 2, 5, -17 };
    IntList list = new IntList(input);
    assertEquals(0, list.numZeros());
  }
  // An easy way to run tests from commandline (3.8)
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    junit.textui.TestRunner.run(IntList.class);
  }
}
```

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```
/home/ewan/
se254st uff/
lib/
junit.jar
lec03/
main/
se254/
IntList.java IntList.class
test/
se254/
TestIntList.java TestIntList.class
```

- The JUnit jar file is in the directory /home/ewan/se254stuff/lib. Its absolute path is /home/ewan/se254stuff/lib/junit.jar
- The source and compiled (bytecode) for the IUT se254.IntList is in /home/ewan/se254stuff/lec03/main/se254.
- The source and compiled (bytecode) for the test class se254. TestIntList is in /home/ewan/se254stuff/lec03/test/se254.
- The package that the IUT and test class is in is se254
- The top of the package hierarchy can be found at both /home/ewan/se254stuff/lec03/main and /home/ewan/se254stuff/lec03/test

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```
/home/ewan/
se254st uff/
lib/
junit.jar
lec03/
main/
se254/
IntList.java IntList.class
test/
se254/
TestIntList.java TestIntList.class
```

- If the *current working directory* (cwd) is /home/ewan/se254stuff then:
  - The relative path to junit.jar is lib/junit.jar
  - $^{\circ}$  The *relative* paths to the tops of the package hierarchy are 1ec03/main and 1ec03/test

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- If the *current working directory* is /home/ewan/se254stuff then:
  - $^{\circ}$  If the Java runtime (java) is asked to find the class se254.TestIntList, and lib/junit.jar, lec03/main, lec03/test is on the classpath (in that order) then the Java runtime will:
    - 1. Look for the file se254/TestIntList.class in lib/junit.jar (it knows this is a Jar file and knows how to look inside them).
    - 2. If it does not find it, it will then look for the file with the path se254/TestIntList.class *relative* to lec03/main.
    - 3. If it does not find it, it will then look for the file with the path se254/TestIntList.class relative to lec03/test.
    - 4. If it does not find it, it will throw a ClassNotFoundException

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```
/home/ewan/
se254st uff/
lib/
junit.jar
lec03/
main/
se254/
IntList.java IntList.class
test/
se254/
TestIntList.java TestIntList.class
```

```
prompt > cd /home/ewan/se254stuff
prompt > java -cp lib/junit.jar:lec03/main:lec03/test \
? se254.TestIntList
.
Time: 0.001

OK(1 test)
prompt >
```

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```
/home/ewan/
se254st uff/
intlist.jar
lib/
junit.jar
lec03/
test/
se254/
TestIntList.java TestIntList.class
```

```
prompt > cd /home/ewan/se254stuff
prompt > java -cp lib/junit.jar:intlist.jar:lec03/test \
? se254.TestIntList
.
Time: 0.001

OK(1 test)
prompt >
```

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```
/home/ewan/
se254st uff/
intlist.jar
lib/
junit.jar
lec03/
main/
se254/
IntList.java IntList.class
test/
se254/
TestIntList.java TestIntList.class
```

```
prompt > cd /home/ewan/se254stuff
prompt > java -cp \
? lib/junit.jar:intlist.jar:lec03/main:lec03/test \
? se254.TestIntList
.
Time: 0.001

OK (1 test)
prompt >
```

### In a world without JUnit

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#### **Test Automation Issues**

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- Some artifact testing cannot easily be automated (e.g., user interfaces)
- Some potential failure situations cannot be easily exercised (e.g., timing problems in real-time or concurrent software)
- Some designs cannot be easily automatically tested (e.g., legacy code)
- Still a lot of work needed to support *traceability* relationship between tests executed and client's requirements
- An important part of testing is very difficult to automate (what?)

## **Developing Tests**

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- how do we describe tests?
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## What is a "good" test?

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- To ensure that testing is done properly, we need a good process
- To do a good job of testing, we need a test suite (group of test cases)
- Ideally we would like to run the test suite automatically