

UnSat USK T0 - Linux Periodic testing A

You have only 30 minutes to finish all of the test contents.

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Which of those below are Unix based operating systems? *


5 points

- ☐ Linux
- ☐ Windows
- ☐ Python
- ☒ Mac OS
- ☐ Arduino
- ☐ Raspbian OS
- ☐ Debian

X -5

which terminal command tells you what your current or present working directory is? *

5 points

- ☐ pcd
 - ☒ pwd
 - ☐ psd
 - ☐ cd
 - ☐ ls
- 

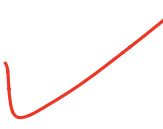
_____ mean that those items are optional. *

5 points

- ☐ ()
 - ☒ []
 - ☐ {}
 - ☐ <>
- 


Everything is a file in Linux/Unix *

5 points

- ☒ True
 - ☐ False
- 

Linux is an Extensionless System *

5 points

- ☒ True
 - ☐ False
- 

There are 3 types of paths we can use, absolute path and relative path and abstract path. *)

5 points

☒ True☐ False

Absolute paths specify a location (file or directory) in relation to the root directory. You can identify them easily as they always begin with a forward slash (/) *

5 points

☐ True☒ False

~ (tilde) - This is a shortcut for your home directory. *

5 points

☒ Yes☐ No☐ Maybe

If you run the command `cd` without any arguments then it will always take you back to your **home** directory. *

5 points

☒ True☐ False

/etc *

5 points

- ☒ Stores config files for the system. ✓
- ☐ Stores log files for various system programs.
- ☐ The location of several commonly used programs
- ☐ Another location for programs on the system

file.txt can be : *

5 points

- ☒ plain text
 - ☐ image file
 - ☐ music file
 - ☐ video file
 - ☐ python code
 - ☐ log file
 - ☐ windows program
- X -5 .

We use which command to obtain information about what type of file a file or directory is? *

5 points

- ☒ file
 - ☐ ls
 - ☐ ls -l
 - ☐ man
 - ☐ dir
- ✓

Linux is Case Sensitive *

5 points

- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No
- ☐ Maybe



_____ list the contents of a directory, including hidden files. *

5 points

- ☐ ls -l
- ☒ ls -a
- ☐ ls -h
- ☐ ls

To look up the man page of any command, we can use _____ command in terminal: *

5 points

- ☐ man
- ☒ manual
- ☐ google
- ☐ yandex
- ☐ azt
- ☐ unisat



mkdir used to : *

5 points

- ☒ make a directory
- ☐ make a new file
- ☐ list contents
- ☐ look up manuals



What dose this command do ? file ./* *

5 points

- ☐ Find the file type of every file in a directory.
- ☐ Find all the contents in the list
- ☒ Move all the contents from the list



-5

Which command is correct to move all files of type either jpg or png (image files) into another directory? *

5 points

- ☐ mv ./*.??g ./images
- ☐ mv ./*.??j ./images
- ☒ cp ./*.?g ./images
- ☐ mv ./*.p?g ./images



-5

To change permissions on a file or directory we use a command called: *

5 points

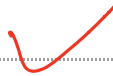
- ☐ chper
- ☐ chdir
- ☐ chmd
- ☒ chmod
- ☐ unisat



The right permission in Number for -rw-r--r-x is? *

5 points

645



The right permission in Number for -r-xr--r-x is? *

5 points

454

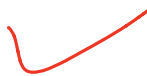


-5 -

_____ is a program that prints the first so many lines of it's input. By default it prints 10 lines. *

5 points

- ☒ head
- ☐ heed
- ☐ tail
- ☐ make
- ☐ cat
- ☐ list
- ☐ tac



_____ stands for number lines and it dose just that. *

5 points

- ☐ wc
- ☐ ch
- ☐ wl
- ☒ nl



We have our data in 3 columns, the first is a name, the second is a fruit and the third an amount. Let's say we only wanted the first column, the correct command would be: *

5 points

- ☒ cut -f 1 -d ' ' mysampleddata.txt
- ☐ cut -f -1 -d ' ' mysampleddata.txt
- ☐ ct -f 1 -d ' ' mysampleddata.txt
- ☐ ct -f 1 -d ', ' mysampleddata.txt



_____ command's job is to remove duplicate lines from the data *

5 points

- ☒ uniq
- ☐ unique
- ☐ uni
- ☐ uno



_____ matches exactly n times in regular expression. *

5 points

☒ {n}☐ [n]☐ ^n☐ *n

_____ matches 1 or more times in regular expression. *

5 points

~~egrep~~

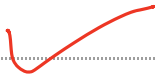


→ 5

_____ matches the end of the line *

5 points

\$



Every command we ran on the command line automatically has three data streams connected to it., they are ? *

5 points

- ☒ STDIN
- ☐ STDINPUT
- ☐ STDOUT
- ☐ STIN
- ☐ STOUT
- ☐ STER
- ☐ STERROR
- ☐ STERR
- ☐ STDERR

The _____ operator indicates to the command line that we wish the programs output (or whatever it sends to STDOUT) to be saved in a file instead of printed to the screen. Let's see an example. *

5 points

- ☐ >
- ☒ >>
- ☐ <
- ☐ |
- ☐ ||

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