

# cubefiction

March 28, 2020

```
[29]: pwd #currentway panic mode was activated
```

```
/home/jupyter-cubefiction
```

```
[30]: cd cubefiction #openparticularfolder
```

```
[31]: pwd #you are here :0
```

```
/home/jupyter-cubefiction/cubefiction
```

```
[32]: ls #opensoderzhanie
```

```
giphy.gif 'Untitled Folder'
```

```
[34]: file giphy.gif #soderzhanie one way
```

```
giphy.gif: GIF image data, version 89a, 478 x 472
```

```
[36]: file ./giphy.gif #soderzhanie another way
```

```
./giphy.gif: GIF image data, version 89a, 478 x 472
```

```
[43]: pwd #WHERE AM I????
```

```
/home/jupyter-cubefiction/cubefiction
```

```
[52]: man ls #DO NOT WORRY PLZ
```

```
LS(1)
```

```
User Commands
```

```
LS(1)
```

```
NAME
```

```
ls - list directory contents
```

```
SYNOPSIS
```

```
ls [OPTION]... [FILE]...
```

```
DESCRIPTION
```

```
List information about the FILES (the current directory by default).  
Sort entries alphabetically if none of -cftuvSUX nor --sort is speci-
```

fied.

Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.

-a, --all  
do not ignore entries starting with .

-A, --almost-all  
do not list implied . and ..

--author  
with -l, print the author of each file

-b, --escape  
print C-style escapes for nongraphic characters

--block-size=SIZE  
scale sizes by SIZE before printing them; e.g., '--block-size=M' prints sizes in units of 1,048,576 bytes; see SIZE format below

-B, --ignore-backups  
do not list implied entries ending with ~

-c with -lt: sort by, and show, ctime (time of last modification of file status information); with -l: show ctime and sort by name; otherwise: sort by ctime, newest first

-C list entries by columns

--color[=WHEN]  
colorize the output; WHEN can be 'always' (default if omitted), 'auto', or 'never'; more info below

-d, --directory  
list directories themselves, not their contents

-D, --dired  
generate output designed for Emacs' dired mode

-f do not sort, enable -aU, disable -ls --color

-F, --classify  
append indicator (one of \*/=>@|) to entries

--file-type  
likewise, except do not append '\*'

`--format=WORD`  
 across `-x`, commas `-m`, horizontal `-x`, long `-l`, single-column `-l`,  
 verbose `-l`, vertical `-C`

`--full-time`  
 like `-l --time-style=full-iso`

`-g`     like `-l`, but do not list owner

`--group-directories-first`  
 group directories before files;

can be augmented with a `--sort` option, but any use of  
`--sort=none (-U)` disables grouping

`-G, --no-group`  
 in a long listing, don't print group names

`-h, --human-readable`  
 with `-l` and/or `-s`, print human readable sizes (e.g., 1K 234M 2G)

`--si`   likewise, but use powers of 1000 not 1024

`-H, --dereference-command-line`  
 follow symbolic links listed on the command line

`--dereference-command-line-symlink-to-dir`  
 follow each command line symbolic link  
  
 that points to a directory

`--hide=PATTERN`  
 do not list implied entries matching shell `PATTERN` (overridden  
 by `-a` or `-A`)

`--hyperlink[=WHEN]`  
 hyperlink file names; `WHEN` can be 'always' (default if omitted),  
 'auto', or 'never'

`--indicator-style=WORD`  
 append indicator with style `WORD` to entry names: none (default),  
 slash (`-p`), file-type (`--file-type`), classify (`-F`)

`-i, --inode`  
 print the index number of each file

`-I, --ignore=PATTERN`  
 do not list implied entries matching shell `PATTERN`

-k, --kibibytes  
     default to 1024-byte blocks for disk usage

-l      use a long listing format

-L, --dereference  
     when showing file information for a symbolic link, show information for the file the link references rather than for the link itself

-m      fill width with a comma separated list of entries

-n, --numeric-uid-gid  
     like -l, but list numeric user and group IDs

-N, --literal  
     print entry names without quoting

-o      like -l, but do not list group information

-p, --indicator-style=slash  
     append / indicator to directories

-q, --hide-control-chars  
     print ? instead of nongraphic characters

--show-control-chars  
     show nongraphic characters as-is (the default, unless program is 'ls' and output is a terminal)

-Q, --quote-name  
     enclose entry names in double quotes

--quoting-style=WORD  
     use quoting style WORD for entry names: literal, locale, shell, shell-always, shell-escape, shell-escape-always, c, escape

-r, --reverse  
     reverse order while sorting

-R, --recursive  
     list subdirectories recursively

-s, --size  
     print the allocated size of each file, in blocks

-S      sort by file size, largest first

`--sort=WORD`  
 sort by WORD instead of name: none (-U), size (-S), time (-t),  
 version (-v), extension (-X)

`--time=WORD`  
 with -l, show time as WORD instead of default modification time:  
 atime or access or use (-u); ctime or status (-c); also use  
 specified time as sort key if --sort=time (newest first)

`--time-style=STYLE`  
 with -l, show times using style STYLE: full-iso, long-iso, iso,  
 locale, or +FORMAT; FORMAT is interpreted like in 'date'; if  
 FORMAT is FORMAT1<newline>FORMAT2, then FORMAT1 applies to  
 non-recent files and FORMAT2 to recent files; if STYLE is pre-  
 fixed with 'posix-', STYLE takes effect only outside the POSIX  
 locale

`-t` sort by modification time, newest first

`-T, --tabsize=COLS`  
 assume tab stops at each COLS instead of 8

`-u` with -lt: sort by, and show, access time; with -l: show access  
 time and sort by name; otherwise: sort by access time, newest  
 first

`-U` do not sort; list entries in directory order

`-v` natural sort of (version) numbers within text

`-w, --width=COLS`  
 set output width to COLS. 0 means no limit

`-x` list entries by lines instead of by columns

`-X` sort alphabetically by entry extension

`-Z, --context`  
 print any security context of each file

`-1` list one file per line. Avoid '\n' with -q or -b

`--help` display this help and exit

`--version`  
 output version information and exit

The `SIZE` argument is an integer and optional unit (example: 10K is 10\*1024). Units are K,M,G,T,P,E,Z,Y (powers of 1024) or KB,MB,... (powers of 1000).

Using `color` to distinguish file types is disabled both by default and with `--color=never`. With `--color=auto`, `ls` emits color codes only when standard output is connected to a terminal. The `LS_COLORS` environment variable can change the settings. Use the `dircolors` command to set it.

Exit status:

- 0 if OK,
- 1 if minor problems (e.g., cannot access subdirectory),
- 2 if serious trouble (e.g., cannot access command-line argument).

AUTHOR

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REPORTING BUGS

GNU coreutils online help: <<http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>>  
Report `ls` translation bugs to <<http://translationproject.org/team/>>

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SEE ALSO

Full documentation at: <<http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/ls>>  
or available locally via: `info '(coreutils) ls invocation'`

GNU coreutils 8.28

January 2018

LS(1)

[51]: `pwd`

/home/jupyter-cubefiction/cubefiction

[53]: `ls -a`

. .. giphy.gif .ipynb\_checkpoints 'where is my algorithm?'

[54]: `cd 'where is my algorithm?' #where am i? help pls :0`

[55]: `pwd #you are here _ _`

/home/jupyter-cubefiction/cubefiction/where is my algorithm?

```
[58]: ls          #i want to know my existence :C
```

```
'algorithm of love.txt'
```

```
[60]: ls -l       #here!!!
```

```
'algorithm of love.txt'
```

```
[64]: touch 'algorithm of love.txt'
```

```
[67]: ls -a       #if u want to know MOREEEEEEEE _ _
```

```
.    .. 'algorithm of love.txt' .ipynb_checkpoints
```

```
[70]: file 'algorithm of love.txt' #soderzhanietxt
```

```
algorithm of love.txt: C++ source, ASCII text, with CRLF line terminators
```

```
[71]: cat 'algorithm of love.txt'
```

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

struct Wi_Fi{
    char name[20];
    int x;
    int y;
    int r;
};

int main(){
    int n;
    cin >> n;

    Wifi *A = new Wifi[n];

    for(int i = 0; i<n; i++){
        cin >> A[i].name >> A[i].x >> A[i].y >> A[i].r;
    }

    cout << "Done coordinates: ";
    int x1, y1;
    cin >> x1 >> y1;

    for(int i = 0; i<n; i++){
        if(x1<=A[i].x+A[i].r/2 && x1>=A[i].x-A[i].r/2 &&
y1<=A[i].y+A[i].r/2 && y1>=A[i].y-A[i].r/2) cout << A[i].name << endl;
```

```
}  
}
```

```
[ ]: #CONGRATS, a ru happy now ^-^???
```