```
In [2]: # To access Google Drive:
         from google.colab import drive
         drive.mount("/content/gdrive")
         Mounted at /content/gdrive
In [3]: REVIEW_PATH = "/content/gdrive/MyDrive/reviews.csv"
In [4]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import tensorflow as tf
In [5]: BATCH_SIZE=8
In [6]: data = pd.read_csv(REVIEW_PATH)
         data.head()
In [7]:
Out[7]:
                                                        reviewld
                                                                            userName
              gp:AOqpTOEhZuqSqqWnaKRgv-9ABYdajFUB0WugPGh-SG-...
                                                                               Eric Tie
                                                                                       Ih.googleus
          1 gp:AOqpTOH0WP4IQKBZ2LrdNmFy_YmpPCVrV3diEU9KGm3...
                                                                            john alpha
                                                                                       Ih.googleus
          2
               gp:AOqpTOEMCkJB8lq1p-r9dPwnSYadA5BkPWTf32Z1azu...
                                                                           Sudhakar .S
                                                                                       Ih.googleus
                                                                SKGflorida@bellsouth.net
                gp:AOqpTOGFrUWuKGycpje8kszj3uwHN6tU fd4gLVFy9z...
          3
                                                                              DAVID S In.googleuse
                                                                                      https://play-l
             gp:AOqpTOHIs7DW8wmDFzTkHwxuqFkdNQtKHmO6Pt9jhZE...
                                                                         Louann Stoker
In [7]:
```

```
In [8]: data = data[["content", "score"]].rename(columns={"content":"text", "score":"lab
 In [9]: data.head()
 Out[9]:
                                                   text label
           0
                             I cannot open the app anymore
                                                           1
            1
               I have been begging for a refund from this app...
                                                           1
                Very costly for the premium version (approx In...
            2
                                                           1
              Used to keep me organized, but all the 2020 UP...
            4
                                      Dan Birthday Oct 28
                                                           1
In [10]: data['label'] = data['label'].replace([1,2,3,4,5],[0,1,2,3,4])
In [11]: data['label'].value_counts()
Out[11]: label
                 2879
           3
                 2775
                 2506
           0
           1
                 2344
           2
                 1991
           Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [12]: |!pip install datasets

```
Collecting datasets
 Downloading datasets-2.18.0-py3-none-any.whl (510 kB)
                                    510.5/510.5 kB 3.9 MB/s eta 0:0
0:00
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
kages (from datasets) (3.13.4)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from datasets) (1.25.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pyarrow>=12.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/d
ist-packages (from datasets) (14.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pyarrow-hotfix in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
st-packages (from datasets) (0.6)
Collecting dill<0.3.9,>=0.3.0 (from datasets)
  Downloading dill-0.3.8-py3-none-any.whl (116 kB)
                           116.3/116.3 kB 15.4 MB/s eta 0:
00:00
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
ges (from datasets) (2.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.19.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/
dist-packages (from datasets) (2.31.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm>=4.62.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
-packages (from datasets) (4.66.2)
Collecting xxhash (from datasets)
 Downloading xxhash-3.4.1-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x8
6_64.whl (194 kB)
                                          — 194.1/194.1 kB 23.8 MB/s eta 0:
00:00
Collecting multiprocess (from datasets)
 Downloading multiprocess-0.70.16-py310-none-any.whl (134 kB)
                                    134.8/134.8 kB 17.7 MB/s eta 0:
00:00
Requirement already satisfied: fsspec[http]<=2024.2.0,>=2023.1.0 in /usr/loca
1/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from datasets) (2023.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
ages (from datasets) (3.9.3)
Requirement already satisfied: huggingface-hub>=0.19.4 in /usr/local/lib/pyth
on3.10/dist-packages (from datasets) (0.20.3)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pa
ckages (from datasets) (24.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml>=5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from datasets) (6.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: aiosignal>=1.1.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/
dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets) (1.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=17.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
t-packages (from aiohttp->datasets) (23.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: frozenlist>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
0/dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets) (1.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: multidict<7.0,>=4.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.
10/dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets) (6.0.5)
Requirement already satisfied: yarl<2.0,>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
st-packages (from aiohttp->datasets) (1.9.4)
Requirement already satisfied: async-timeout<5.0,>=4.0 in /usr/local/lib/pyth
on3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets) (4.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.7.4.3 in /usr/local/lib/p
ython3.10/dist-packages (from huggingface-hub>=0.19.4->datasets) (4.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.10/dist-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->datasets) (3.3.2)
```

```
-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->datasets) (3.6)
         Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
         0/dist-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->datasets) (2.0.7)
         Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
         0/dist-packages (from requests>=2.19.0->datasets) (2024.2.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /usr/local/lib/pytho
         n3.10/dist-packages (from pandas->datasets) (2.8.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
         -packages (from pandas->datasets) (2023.4)
         Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
         st-packages (from pandas->datasets) (2024.1)
         Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
         kages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas->datasets) (1.16.0)
         Installing collected packages: xxhash, dill, multiprocess, datasets
         Successfully installed datasets-2.18.0 dill-0.3.8 multiprocess-0.70.16 xxhash
         -3.4.1
In [12]:
         Train Test Split
In [13]: | from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         train_data, test_data = train_test_split(data, test_size=0.2)
In [14]: | from datasets import DatasetDict, Dataset
In [15]: | train_dataset = Dataset.from_pandas(train_data)
         test_dataset = Dataset.from_pandas(test_data)
         # Create a DatasetDict to store both train and test datasets
         dataset= DatasetDict({'train': train_dataset, 'test': test_dataset})
In [16]: dataset
Out[16]: DatasetDict({
             train: Dataset({
                 features: ['text', 'label', '__index_level_0__'],
                 num_rows: 9996
             })
             test: Dataset({
                 features: ['text', 'label', '__index_level_0__'],
                 num_rows: 2499
             })
         })
```

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist

## **Loading Tokenizer**

```
In [17]: from transformers import (BertTokenizerFast,TFBertTokenizer,BertTokenizer,Robe
                                   DataCollatorWithPadding,TFRobertaForSequenceClassifi
                                   TFBertModel,create optimizer)
         from transformers import TFAutoModel, AutoTokenizer
In [18]: |# model id="nlptown/bert-base-multilingual-uncased-sentiment"
         # tokenizer = BertTokenizerFast.from pretrained(model id)
         tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from pretrained("bert-base-uncased")
         /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/huggingface hub/utils/ token.py:88: U
         serWarning:
         The secret `HF_TOKEN` does not exist in your Colab secrets.
         To authenticate with the Hugging Face Hub, create a token in your settings ta
         b (https://huggingface.co/settings/tokens), set it as secret in your Google C
         olab and restart your session.
         You will be able to reuse this secret in all of your notebooks.
         Please note that authentication is recommended but still optional to access p
         ublic models or datasets.
           warnings.warn(
         tokenizer config.json:
                                  0%|
                                                0.00/48.0 [00:00<?, ?B/s]
         config.json:
                        0%
                                     | 0.00/570 [00:00<?, ?B/s]
                      0% l
                                   0.00/232k [00:00<?, ?B/s]
         vocab.txt:
                           0%|
                                         0.00/466k [00:00<?, ?B/s]
         tokenizer.json:
```

#### Passing review data into tokenizer

```
In [19]: output=tokenizer(dataset['train'][:2]['text'],padding=True,truncation=True,max
# # print(output)
```

#### Checking the decoded version to tokenized data

Here the [CLS] shows the start of the sentence and [SEP] shows the end of the sentence [PAD] is added to end the sequence to make it reach the maximum length. in other words it ensure that all of the sequence are of the same length

```
In [20]: | tokenizer.decode(output['input_ids'][0])
Out[20]: '[CLS] it was good until they updated it and took out the today, someday, upc
                      oming categories out, which is how i organized everything [SEP] [PAD] [PAD]
                      [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
                      [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
                      [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
                      [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
                      [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
                      [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD] 
                     Applying to whole dataset
In [21]: def preprocess function(examples):
                          return tokenizer(examples["text"],padding=True,truncation=True,max length=12
In [22]: tokenized dataset = dataset.map(preprocess function, batched=True)
                     tokenized dataset
                     Map:
                                      0%|
                                                                     | 0/9996 [00:00<?, ? examples/s]
                     Map:
                                      0%|
                                                                     | 0/2499 [00:00<?, ? examples/s]
Out[22]: DatasetDict({
                               train: Dataset({
                                         features: ['text', 'label', '__index_level_0__', 'input_ids', 'token_
                      type_ids', 'attention_mask'],
                                        num_rows: 9996
                               })
                               test: Dataset({
                                        features: ['text', 'label', '__index_level_0__', 'input_ids', 'token_
                      type_ids', 'attention_mask'],
                                        num_rows: 2499
                               })
                      })
                      Creating tensorflow dataset from tokenized dataset
In [23]: |tf_train_datasets = tokenized_dataset["train"].to_tf_dataset(
                               columns=['input_ids', 'token_type_ids', 'attention_mask', 'label'],
                               shuffle=True,
                               batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
```

Separating the Labels from the dataset

# Modelling Using TFBertForSequenceClassification

```
In [27]: # from transformers import AutoModelForSequenceClassification
```

In [28]: # model=TFBertForSequenceClassification.from\_pretrained("nlptown/bert-base-mul
model = TFAutoModel.from\_pretrained("bert-base-uncased")
model.summary()

model.safetensors: 0% | 0.00/440M [00:00<?, ?B/s]

Some weights of the PyTorch model were not used when initializing the TF 2.0 model TFBertModel: ['cls.predictions.bias', 'cls.seq\_relationship.weight', 'cls.predictions.transform.dense.weight', 'cls.predictions.transform.LayerNorm.bias', 'cls.seq\_relationship.bias', 'cls.predictions.transform.dense.bias', 'cls.predictions.transform.LayerNorm.weight']

- This IS expected if you are initializing TFBertModel from a PyTorch model t rained on another task or with another architecture (e.g. initializing a TFBe rtForSequenceClassification model from a BertForPreTraining model).
- This IS NOT expected if you are initializing TFBertModel from a PyTorch mod el that you expect to be exactly identical (e.g. initializing a TFBertForSequ enceClassification model from a BertForSequenceClassification model). All the weights of TFBertModel were initialized from the PyTorch model.

If your task is similar to the task the model of the checkpoint was trained o n, you can already use TFBertModel for predictions without further training.

Model: "tf\_bert\_model"

```
Layer (type) Output Shape Param #
bert (TFBertMainLayer) multiple 109482240
```

\_\_\_\_\_

Total params: 109482240 (417.64 MB)
Trainable params: 109482240 (417.64 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
In [29]: class BERTForClassification(tf.keras.Model):

    def __init__(self, bert_model, num_classes):
        super().__init__()
        self.bert = bert_model
        # self.drop = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(rate=0.3)
        self.fc = tf.keras.layers.Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')

    def call(self, inputs):
        x = self.bert(inputs)[1]
        # pooled_output = outputs[1] # Using [CLS] token output
        # output = self.dropout(pooled_output)
        return self.fc(x)
```

### **Training**

```
In [30]: # num epochs = 5
         # batches_per_epoch = Len(tokenized_dataset["train"]) // BATCH_SIZE
         # total_train_steps = int(batches_per_epoch * num_epochs)
In [31]: # optimizer, schedule = create optimizer(init lr=2e-5,num warmup steps=0, num
In [32]: # print(optimizer)
         <tf keras.src.optimizers.adam.Adam object at 0x7d3a904fb0d0>
In [33]: classifier = BERTForClassification(model, num classes=5)
         classifier.compile(
             optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(),
             loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(),
             metrics=['accuracy']
 In [ ]: history=classifier.fit(
             tf_train_dataset,
             validation data=tf val dataset,
             epochs=3)
         Epoch 1/3
          232/1250 [====>.....] - ETA: 3:15:08 - loss: 1.7368 - ac
         curacy: 0.2064
 In [ ]: # model.compile(loss= tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(),
         # optimizer=optimizer,
               metrics=['accuracy'],)
               #run_eagerly=True)
         #
               # CategoricalCrossentropy
 In [ ]: # history=model.fit(
               tf_train_dataset,
               validation_data=tf_val_dataset,
         #
               epochs=5)
 In [ ]: | import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, roc_curve
         import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [ ]: |plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
        plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
        plt.title('model_loss')
        plt.ylabel('loss')
        plt.xlabel('epoch')
        plt.legend(['train', 'val'], loc='upper left')
        plt.show()
In [ ]: plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
        plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
        plt.title('model_accuracy')
        plt.ylabel('accuracy')
        plt.xlabel('epoch')
        plt.legend(['train', 'val'], loc='upper left')
        plt.show()
In [ ]: classifier.evaluate(tf_val_dataset)
In [ ]:
```