Comandos utiles de vim

En overleaf pueden editar sus proyectos utilizando vim, igualmente algunos comandos pueden ejecutarse desde este medio, como los comandos de sustitución, para ello deben ir a settings y seleccionar a vim en el menu de Editor Mode (Key Map)

```
1. Delete
  d #
  dd
2. Move to a particular line
   : #
3. Undo, Redo and repeat
  u , U (undo all the changes), ctrl +R , .
4. Introduce several characters simultaneously
   Ctrl + V , Select lines , shift + i , \t or #
5. Introduce commands from the vim panel to outside the script
  ! cat <some file>
  ! ls -lh
  execute codes but for the current open file
  ! perl %
  ! wc %
6. Pattern matching
  %s/<pattern syntax like perl>/<replace by>/g(lobal) or c(case by case)
  n follow
  N previous
7. Save and quite, save
  w! (save independent of the vim mode - like read only mode)
  w save only in read and write mode
  wq wirte and quit
  q! quite without save
```

```
8. Insert x times a pattern
```

In normal mode (no editing, no command)

x times <character or word> then insert and then escape 50GACG

9. Two or more screens

```
:sp (horizontal split)
:sp ./ split the current directory as a file of directories
:vsp (vertical split)

ctrl + w + down move forward + up move backward
ctrl + w - reduce the size of the current window
ctrl + shift += increase
```

10. resize

```
:res number chance the height to "number" rows
:res +number increment "number" rows
:res -number decrease "number" rows
:vertical resize The same for columns
```

 $\operatorname{ctrl} + \operatorname{w} + \operatorname{r}$ MOVE TO THE TOP THE CURRENT WINDOW

11. word movement

```
shift + 6 begining of the line
shift + 4 end of the line
b to go to beginning of current or previous word
w to go the beginning of next word
e to go to the end of current or next word
ge to go the end of the previous word
```

12. paste without adding # automatically

```
:set paste
```

13. command history

q:

14. put line numbers

```
:set number :set nonumber
```

15. Recording mode

- 1. write 1
- 2. Activate recording mode qa
- 3. esc and press yy, then p 3.
- 4. move to the second 1 and press ctrl + a
- 5. close recording mode with q
- 6. press 99 or any number (shit +2) and then a

Automatizing writing for mysql scripts http://www.thegeekstuff.com/2009/01/vi-and-vim-macro-tutorial-how-to-record-and-play/

16. copy and paste

```
single line y and then p select several lines v, y and then p
```

17. word completion

```
in insert mode + ctrl + n
```

18. show function documentation

in edit mode and mayus press k over the function

19. Use the mouse for movement

```
: set mouse=a
: set mouse=
```

20. Know current file

: f

In normal mode:

- 1 then Ctrl+G to get the full file path.
- 2 then Ctrl+G to get the full file path and the buffer number you current