

UNIQLO EXPANSION PLAN

PRESENTED TO:

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Data Visualization

INTRODUCTION

Uniqlo, a global clothing apparel brand, was founded in 1980 and has since grown into one of the leading names in fashion retail, with over 2,400 stores in numerous countries worldwide. Known for its functional yet affordable clothing, Uniqlo has built a brand image that resonates with consumers seeking high-quality, minimalist designs without the premium price tag. This value-driven proposition has allowed Uniqlo to expand its market share consistently over the years and establish a loyal customer base.

In this report, we will take a closer look at Uniqlo's market position within France. Our analysis will focus on both internal and external factors that impact the brand's performance in this specific region. We will examine data on Uniqlo's sales and growth across various product categories and geographic areas within France, as well as review comparative performance data for its main competitors in the French market: Zara, H&M, and Mango.

INTERNAL ANALYSIS

For the internal analysis, we conducted a SWOT analysis to assess Uniqlo's position in the French market. This approach highlights Uniqlo's key advantages, such as operational efficiencies and brand strengths, while identifying areas of improvement. By examining both internal and external factors, the SWOT analysis provides insights into how Uniqlo can leverage its resources, address challenges, and capitalize on market opportunities to strengthen its competitive edge in France.

STRENGTHS

- Brand Reputation:

Uniqlo have successfully positioned themselves as a quality, functional and minimalist image. This brand image is strongly valued in France given consumer preferences that tend to be centered around practical fashion. Additionally, Uniqlo's constant focus on innovation such as HEATTECH, AIRism and Blocktech technologies appeal to consumers in terms of functionality in fashion.

- Affordable Pricing:

Given the value offered by Uniqlo in terms of durability and functionality, their prices can be considered competitive in comparison to other fashion brands in France.

- Efficient Supply Chain:

Uniqlo's fast supply chain and efficient inventory management give it an advantage in restocking popular items, reducing costs and enhancing customer satisfaction.

- Sustainability:

A major part of Uniqlo's culture focuses on eco-friendly and sustainable production. This is becoming an essential part of consumer's decision-making process when purchasing clothing.

WEAKNESSES

- Limited Store Presence:

Uniqlo's physical presence in France remains relatively limited compared to competitors like Zara and H&M. This limited accessibility could hinder their ability to reach their full potential in the French market.

Performance in Trend-Driven Segments

While Uniqlo's essentials are performing well, lower growth in trend-driven categories could weaken its appeal among fashion-forward French consumers. This limitation may cause Uniqlo to lose traction to competitors in the fast-fashion segment, particularly for trend-conscious consumers.

OPPORTUNITIES

- Growing Demand for Sustainability:

In recent years, France has seen a substantial shift toward sustainable and environmentally responsible fashion, with consumers increasingly seeking brands that prioritize eco-friendly practices. For instance, based on a study conducted by the Institut Français de la mode in 2024, around 49% of French people bought a sustainable fashion item, versus 41.1% in 2023, which

shows a positive trend towards sustainable purchasing. Additionally, the same study states that 59% of 18-24 year-olds and 55% of 25-34 year-olds have purchased eco-friendly products, which represent a major part of Uniqlo's target audience. This presents a valuable opportunity for Uniqlo to leverage its existing green initiatives, expand its sustainable product lines, and actively promote its environmental efforts.

- Collaborations with French Designers:

Forming partnerships with well-known French designers or launching exclusive collections inspired by French culture and style could greatly enhance Uniqlo's appeal in France. Such collaborations would allow Uniqlo to offer products that resonate more deeply with the local aesthetic, while maintaining its main brand proposition of functionality and durability.

THREATS

- Intense Competition:

Uniqlo faces strong competition from international giants like Zara and H&M. These competitors have strong footholds in the French market, with a wide store network and high brand loyalty. This intense competition challenges Uniqlo's efforts to capture market share, especially in urban areas where consumer choices are abundant.

- Economic Downturns:

Economic instability in France could negatively impact consumer spending, particularly for midrange, non-luxury brands like Uniqlo. When budgets tighten, consumers are often more cautious with discretionary spending on fashion, which could lead to a decline in sales for Uniqlo's essential, everyday wear products. For instance, according to a study done by the CSA Institute, in 2024, 70% of French people plan to continue cutting back on spending due to the economic uncertainties.

EXTERNAL ANALYSIS

For the external analysis, we examined Uniqlo's position within the broader French fashion market by applying Porter's Five Forces Model. This analysis evaluates external pressures and market conditions that impact Uniqlo's performance, including the competitive rivalry it faces from established brands like Zara, H&M, and Mango, the threat posed by new entrants, and the bargaining power of both buyers and suppliers. By understanding these external factors, we gain insights into Uniqlo's strategic opportunities and challenges in the French market.

COMPETITIVE RIVALRY (HIGH):

- Presence of Major Competitors:

The French fast-fashion market is highly competitive, with major players like Zara, H&M, and Mango holding significant turnovers—Zara leads with €336M, followed closely by Mango and H&M, while Uniqlo trails with €265M. This competitive landscape is intensified by the high market shares of these brands.

THREAT OF NEW ENTRANTS (LOW):

- High Entry Barriers:

Establishing brand presence and managing logistics and retail space in France pose high entry costs, especially given the strength of established brands like Zara, H&M, and Uniqlo. Uniqlo's market share, though lower than its competitors, is reinforced by its loyal customer base focused on quality and durability, making it challenging for new brands to capture market share without a clear differentiation.

- Differentiation Strategy:

New entrants face a particularly high barrier in matching Uniqlo's level of product innovation (such as HeatTech and AIRism). Emphasizing these technology-based differentiators could deter new entrants who lack the R&D capabilities to compete on functionality, as opposed to mere price and style.

Brand Loyalty:

Uniqlo's existing customer base is loyal to its high-quality, functional, and sustainable clothing lines, which means new entrants would need to offer unique value—such as significantly lower prices or superior sustainability practices—to appeal to these consumers.

BARGAINING POWER OF BUYERS (HIGH)

- Price Sensitivity:

Consumers in the French market, presented with numerous choices, exercise high bargaining power and are price-sensitive, as evidenced by Zara and H&M's strong turnovers. Buyers can easily switch between brands in response to pricing or economic conditions, increasing the pressure on Uniqlo to maintain competitive pricing.

- Demand for Innovation and Sustainability:

French consumers are increasingly conscious of sustainability, which has impacted fashion purchasing trends. Uniqlo's initiatives, like its HeatTech and AIRism lines, which combine functionality with sustainability, align well with this demand. However, with competitors like H&M also emphasizing eco-friendly collections, Uniqlo must continue innovating to differentiate itself in this aspect.

BARGAINING POWER OF SUPPLIERS (LOW)

- Supplier Relations and Volume Purchasing:

Uniqlo's global supply chain and substantial purchasing volume provide it with strong leverage over suppliers, allowing for cost control. The company's reliance on high-quality materials, however, means a limited pool of suppliers can meet its specific standards.

- Standardization:

By offering a standardized product range across regions, Uniqlo can streamline its supply chain, reducing the complexity and cost of supplier management. This also limits the supplier's power, as they have less influence over pricing or terms given the scale and consistency of Uniqlo's orders.

THREAT OF SUBSTITUTES (MODERATE)

- Alternative Brands and Luxury Options:

Although Uniqlo's focus on durable essentials reduces the direct threat from substitutes, consumers can still opt for other affordable brands or the secondhand market. However, Uniqlo's

specialized products, like HeatTech for warmth and AIRism for comfort, provide unique alternatives to typical fast fashion, mitigating the substitution threat by adding functional value.

- Fashion Alternatives:

Consumers may lean toward other brands offering trend-driven, affordable fashion, such as H&M, or opt for durable, sustainably made items from local French brands. This diverse competition landscape poses a moderate threat, with Uniqlo's product differentiation offering some protection against substitution but requiring continued emphasis on quality and sustainability to remain competitive.

Second Hand and Rental Markets:

Given the rise of secondhand and rental options, especially in environmentally conscious markets like France, it's worth noting how Uniqlo's focus on durability and sustainability may help mitigate this substitution threat. The brand's commitment to quality could appeal to consumers who value longevity over short-term fashion trends, making it a viable alternative to secondhand options.

ANALYSIS AND DECISIONS

Based on the internal and external analysis, as well as insights from sales, turnover, and demographic data for specific regions, the recommendation is for Uniqlo to pursue an expansion strategy targeting select French regions. The decision to focus on Île-de-France, Hauts-de-France, Bretagne, Grand Est, Provence-Alpes-Cote d'Azur, and Nouvelle-Aquitaine is driven by strong growth indicators, favorable competitive positioning, and alignment with Uniqlo's brand values of quality, sustainability, and functionality.

ANALYSIS SUPPORTING THE DECISION

- Sales Growth and Demand:

Sales data by region reveals positive growth trends for Uniqlo in Île-de-France, Hauts-de-France, Bretagne, Grand Est, Provence-Alpes-Cote d'Azur, and Nouvelle-Aquitaine. Consistent demand in these areas indicates that Uniqlo's quality basics resonate well with local consumers, who prioritize sustainable, functional fashion. Notably, product categories like outerwear and basics

have shown particularly strong performance, suggesting that Uniqlo's core offerings are likely to succeed in these regions.

Turnover Trends for Competitors:

In 2023, turnover data for competitors has shown a slight downturn or slowed growth in several regions, possibly reflecting market saturation or shifting consumer preferences away from traditional fast fashion. This presents an opportunity for Uniqlo to capture unmet demand with its sustainable, functional product lines.

Demographic Alignment:

Target regions exhibit a high concentration of consumers aged 20-39—a core demographic for Uniqlo, which emphasizes affordable, functional clothing for daily wear. This age group also shows a strong preference for sustainable fashion, aligning well with Uniqlo's commitment to ecofriendly practices.

Market Trends toward Sustainability:

France's increasing consumer preference for eco-friendly, sustainable fashion aligns with Uniqlo's green initiatives, providing a strategic advantage. Uniqlo's commitment to innovative, sustainable products like HeatTech and AIRism enhances its appeal to consumers seeking durable alternatives to traditional fast fashion.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, Uniqlo's expansion into the regions of Île-de-France, Hauts-de-France, Bretagne, Grand Est, Provence-Alpes-Cote d'Azur, and Nouvelle-Aquitaine is a strategically sound decision backed by strong growth indicators, favorable demographic alignment, and a competitive advantage in sustainable, functional fashion. The consistent demand for Uniqlo's core products, coupled with shifting consumer preferences toward eco-friendly alternatives, positions Uniqlo well to capture market share from traditional fast-fashion brands. By leveraging targeted marketing and tracking key performance metrics, Uniqlo can establish a sustainable and profitable presence in these regions, further solidifying its foothold in the French market.