

MASTER OF SCIENCE OF INFORMATION SYSTEMS
INTELLIGENT SYSTEMS



DEEP LEARNING

Image Recognition with Transfer Learning (CIFAR-10 Dataset)

STUDENTS (GROUP2)	AINEDEMBE DENIS	2024-M132-23999
	MUSINGUZI BENSON	2024-M132-23947
LECTURER	Dr. Sibitenda Harriet	

Project Objectives

- Apply transfer learning to the CIFAR-10 image classification task
- Compare performance of pre-trained models and a custom CNN
- Implement preprocessing, upsampling, and augmentation techniques
- Analyze training outputs and model behavior

About the CIFAR-10 Dataset

- CIFAR-10 contains 60,000 color images sized 32×32 pixels.
- 10 mutually exclusive classes, with 6,000 images per class.
- Split: 50,000 training images and 10,000 test images.
- Dataset structure: 5 training batches (10,000 each) and 1 test batch.
- Test batch has exactly 1,000 images per class.
- Training batches contain 5,000 images per class in total (random distribution).
- Each batch is a pickled Python dictionary containing 'data' and 'labels'

About the CIFAR-10 Dataset

Here are the classes in the dataset, as well as 10 random images from each:

airplane



automobile



bird



cat



deer



dog



frog



horse



ship



truck



Real-Life Applicability

1. Automated Image Classification

- Used in photo apps, digital libraries, and content filtering
- Helps systems recognize and sort images automatically

2. Object Detection Pre-Training

- CIFAR-10 teaches models to detect basic objects
- Useful for self-driving cars, surveillance, and drone vision

3. Transfer Learning for Real Datasets

- Same method used in medical imaging (X-ray/MRI)
- Also applied in face recognition and other advanced AI systems

Load CIFAR-10 dataset

```
Train: (50000, 32, 32, 3) (50000,)
```

```
Test : (10000, 32, 32, 3) (10000,)
```

```
After split:
```

```
Training: (40000, 32, 32, 3), (40000,) (40000 samples)
```

```
Validation: (10000, 32, 32, 3), (10000,) (10000 samples)
```

```
Test: (10000, 32, 32, 3), (10000,) (10000 samples)
```

```
Visualizing 10 sample images from the dataset...
```

Visualize sample images from each class

Sample Images from CIFAR-10 Dataset

Class: frog



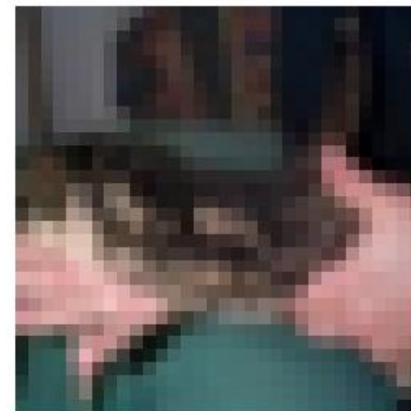
Class: horse



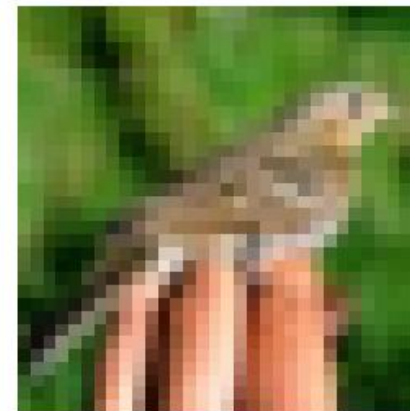
Class: ship



Class: cat



Class: bird



Class: bird



Class: frog



Class: automobile



Class: deer



Class: truck



Pre-trained model Used
MobileNetV2

Data augmentation - Applying rotation, flipping, and shifts

BATCH_SIZE = 128:

- Number of samples processed together in one training step
- With 40,000 training images and batch size 128, you get ~313 batches per epoch ($40,000 \div 128$)

Target image dimensions for MobileNetV2 input = 96

- CIFAR-10 images are 32x32, but MobileNetV2 expects larger images
- 96x96 is a good size: larger than 32x32 but smaller than standard 224x224

Data augmentation - Apply rotation, flipping, and shifts

- Random rotation (up to 15 degrees ≈ 0.262 radians)
- Random horizontal flipping /vertical shifts

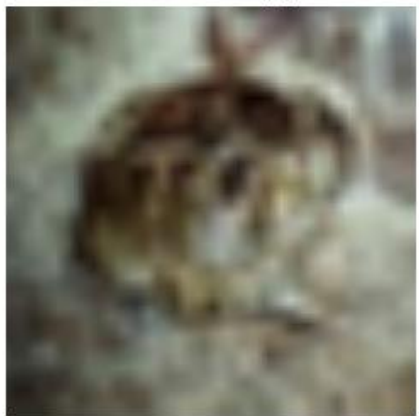
Apply data augmentation (rotation, flipping, shifts)

Data Augmentation Examples - Transfer Model (Task 6)

Original
Class: frog



Augmented
(Rotated & Flipped)



Original
Class: horse



Augmented
(Rotated & Flipped)



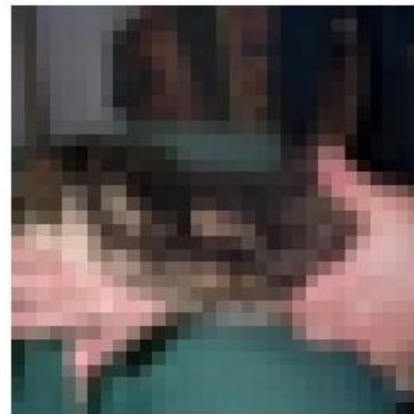
Original
Class: ship



Augmented
(Rotated & Flipped)



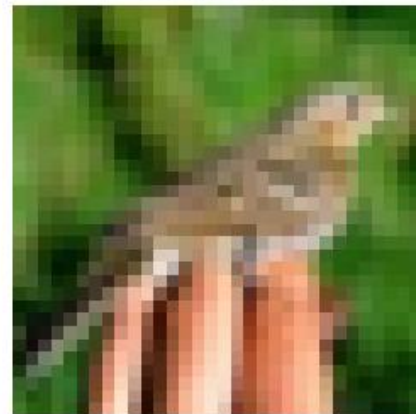
Original
Class: cat



Augmented
(Rotated & Flipped)



Original
Class: bird



Augmented
(Rotated & Flipped)



Apply data augmentation (rotation, flipping, shifts)

Data Augmentation Examples - Custom CNN (Task 6)

Original
Class: frog



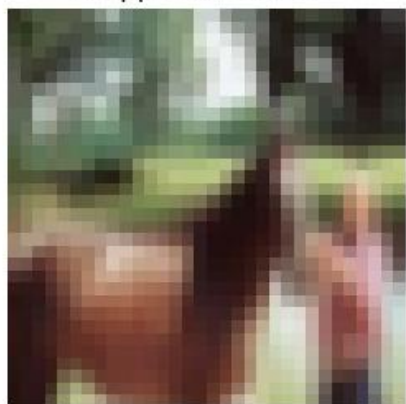
Augmented
(Flipped & Shifted)



Original
Class: horse



Augmented
(Flipped & Shifted)



Original
Class: ship



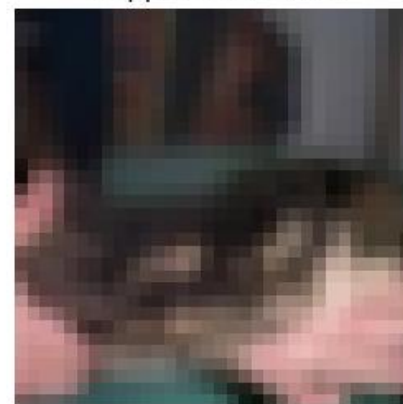
Augmented
(Flipped & Shifted)



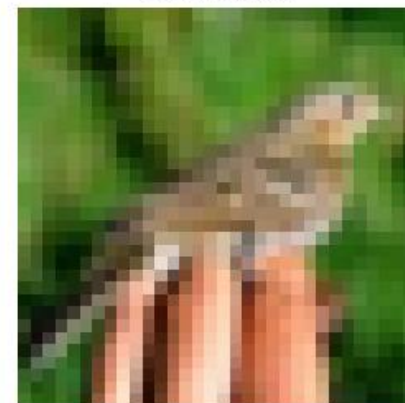
Original
Class: cat



Augmented
(Flipped & Shifted)



Original
Class: bird



Augmented
(Flipped & Shifted)



Using pre-trained MobileNetV2 for transfer learning

Model: "mobilenetv2_transfer"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer_6 (InputLayer)	(None, 96, 96, 3)	0
mobilenetv2_1.00_96 (Functional)	(None, 3, 3, 1280)	2,257,984
global_average_pooling2d_1 (GlobalAveragePooling2D)	(None, 1280)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 1280)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	12,810

Total params: 2,270,794 (8.66 MB)


Trainable params: 12,810 (50.04 KB)

Non-trainable params: 2,257,984 (8.61 MB)


Freeze lower layers, retrain top layers for 10 epochs

Starting Training: 10 epochs, 40,000 training samples per epoch (313 batches)


Epoch 1/10

313/313  155s 472ms/step - accuracy: 0.1036 - loss: 2.4352 - val_accuracy: 0.1065 - val_loss: 2.3167


Epoch 2/10

313/313  147s 470ms/step - accuracy: 0.1023 - loss: 2.3439 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.3037


Epoch 3/10

313/313  149s 475ms/step - accuracy: 0.1054 - loss: 2.3255 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.3107


Epoch 4/10

313/313  150s 480ms/step - accuracy: 0.1092 - loss: 2.3205 - val_accuracy: 0.1330 - val_loss: 2.3015


Epoch 5/10

313/313  148s 473ms/step - accuracy: 0.1122 - loss: 2.3164 - val_accuracy: 0.1365 - val_loss: 2.3073


Epoch 6/10

313/313  147s 469ms/step - accuracy: 0.1148 - loss: 2.3121 - val_accuracy: 0.1182 - val_loss: 2.2933


Epoch 7/10

313/313  150s 478ms/step - accuracy: 0.1153 - loss: 2.3071 - val_accuracy: 0.1318 - val_loss: 2.2874

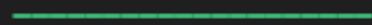
Epoch 8/10

313/313  148s 473ms/step - accuracy: 0.1169 - loss: 2.3036 - val_accuracy: 0.1572 - val_loss: 2.2979

Epoch 9/10

313/313  149s 475ms/step - accuracy: 0.1184 - loss: 2.3032 - val_accuracy: 0.1442 - val_loss: 2.2973

Epoch 10/10

313/313  147s 470ms/step - accuracy: 0.1193 - loss: 2.3058 - val_accuracy: 0.1015 - val_loss: 2.3244

Freeze lower layers, retrain top layers for 10 epochs

DATASET TRAINING SUMMARY

Training Dataset: 40,000 images (after 80/20 split from 50,000)
Batch Size: 128
Batches per Epoch: 313 ($40,000 \div 128 = 313$ batches, including partial batch)

Epoch 1: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 2: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 3: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 4: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 5: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 6: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 7: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 8: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 9: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)
Epoch 10: 40,000 training samples (313 batches)

Total training samples across all 10 epochs: 400,000
Total batches processed: 3,130 (313 batches \times 10 epochs)
Average samples per epoch: 40,000

PERFORMANCE METRICS

Training Accuracy:

- Epoch 1: 0.1036 (10.36%)
- Epoch 10: 0.1193 (11.93%)
- Improvement: 0.0157 (1.57% increase)

Training Loss:

- Epoch 1: 2.4352
- Epoch 10: 2.3058
- Decrease: 0.1294 (5.31% reduction)

Validation Accuracy:

- Range: 0.1000 - 0.1572 (10.00% - 15.72%)
- Average: 0.1229 (12.29%)

Validation Loss:

- Range: 2.2874 - 2.3244
- Average: 2.3040

Fine-tuning different layers and learning rates

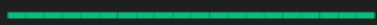
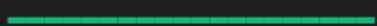



```
Epoch 1/5
313/313 ————— 256s 772ms/step - accuracy: 0.2480 - loss: 2.3077 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.9783
Epoch 2/5
313/313 ————— 234s 747ms/step - accuracy: 0.3178 - loss: 1.9005 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.6724
Epoch 3/5
313/313 ————— 238s 760ms/step - accuracy: 0.3462 - loss: 1.8200 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.6204
Epoch 4/5
313/313 ————— 251s 801ms/step - accuracy: 0.3688 - loss: 1.7686 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 3.0509
Epoch 5/5
313/313 ————— 235s 752ms/step - accuracy: 0.3806 - loss: 1.7354 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.6806
```

Fine-tune from this layer onwards

`fine_tune_at = 100`

`EPOCHS_FINE_TUNE = 5`

Experimenting with fine-tuning different layers & learning rates

```
Epoch 1/5
313/313  259s 788ms/step - accuracy: 0.2498 - loss: 2.2933 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.4917
Epoch 2/5
313/313  241s 768ms/step - accuracy: 0.3203 - loss: 1.8911 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 3.0779
Epoch 3/5
313/313  240s 765ms/step - accuracy: 0.3478 - loss: 1.8236 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.5314
Epoch 4/5
313/313  239s 763ms/step - accuracy: 0.3671 - loss: 1.7743 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.6182
Epoch 5/5
313/313  239s 762ms/step - accuracy: 0.3808 - loss: 1.7345 - val_accuracy: 0.1000 - val_loss: 2.7991
```

Fine-tune from this layer onwards
Fine Tune at = 100

EPOCHS FINE TUNE = 5

Building custom CNN from scratch for performance comparison

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	896
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 32, 32, 32)	128
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	18,496
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 16, 16, 64)	256
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	73,856
batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 8, 8, 128)	512
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 4, 4, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 2048)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	524,544
batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 256)	1,024
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	2,570

Total params: 622,282 (2.37 MB)

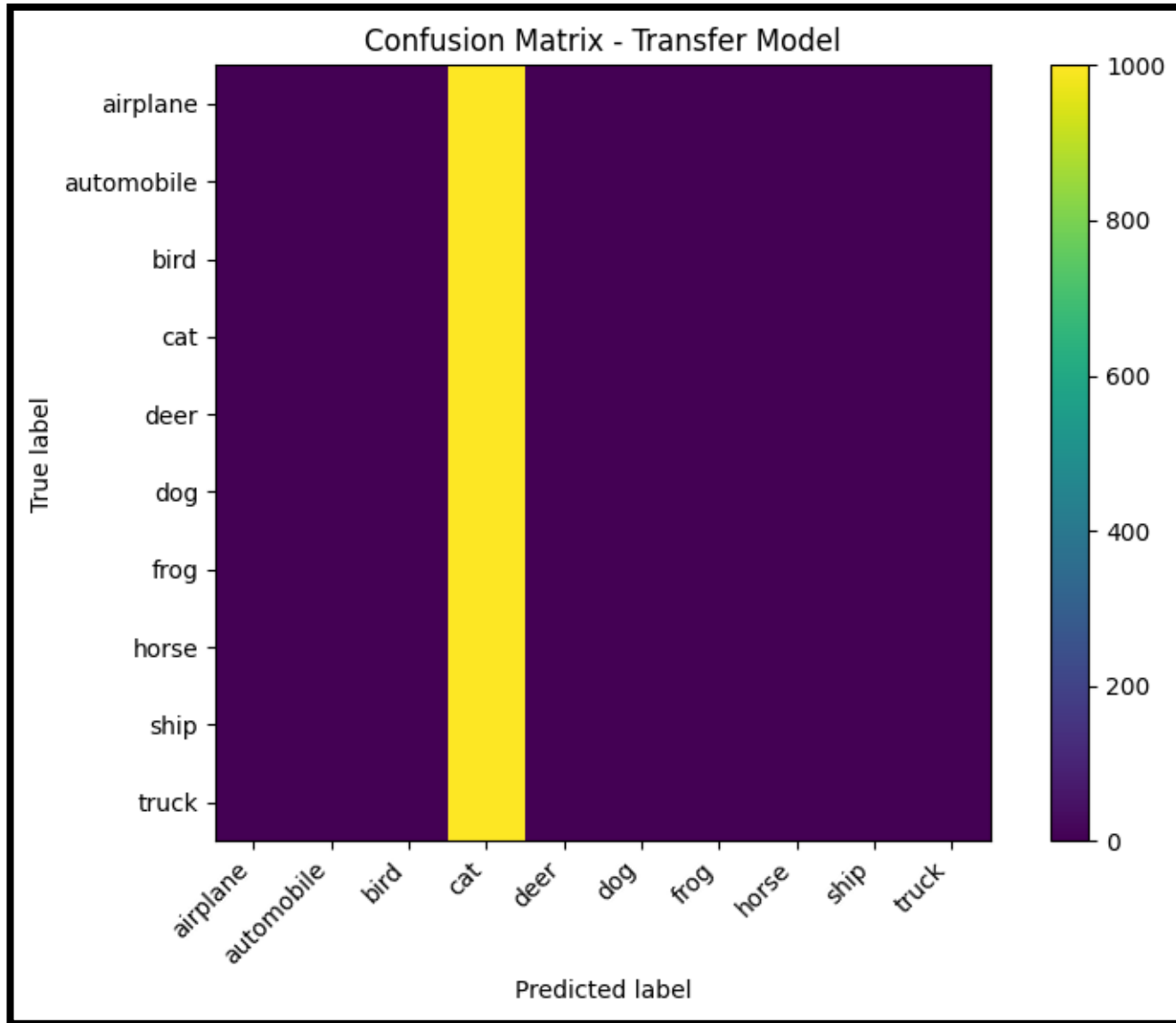
Trainable params: 621,322 (2.37 MB)

Non-trainable params: 960 (3.75 KB)

Building custom CNN from scratch for performance comparison

```
Epoch 1/10
313/313 ————— 48s 139ms/step - accuracy: 0.4297 - loss: 1.7051 - val_accuracy: 0.2515 - val_loss: 2.6389
Epoch 2/10
313/313 ————— 42s 133ms/step - accuracy: 0.5721 - loss: 1.2083 - val_accuracy: 0.5144 - val_loss: 1.5093
Epoch 3/10
313/313 ————— 43s 137ms/step - accuracy: 0.6282 - loss: 1.0555 - val_accuracy: 0.5362 - val_loss: 1.4560
Epoch 4/10
313/313 ————— 43s 137ms/step - accuracy: 0.6607 - loss: 0.9633 - val_accuracy: 0.6068 - val_loss: 1.2049
Epoch 5/10
313/313 ————— 44s 141ms/step - accuracy: 0.6873 - loss: 0.8996 - val_accuracy: 0.6197 - val_loss: 1.0911
Epoch 6/10
313/313 ————— 43s 138ms/step - accuracy: 0.7045 - loss: 0.8474 - val_accuracy: 0.6519 - val_loss: 1.0377
Epoch 7/10
313/313 ————— 43s 138ms/step - accuracy: 0.7176 - loss: 0.8131 - val_accuracy: 0.6378 - val_loss: 1.1284
Epoch 8/10
313/313 ————— 47s 150ms/step - accuracy: 0.7256 - loss: 0.7879 - val_accuracy: 0.6902 - val_loss: 0.9070
Epoch 9/10
313/313 ————— 49s 156ms/step - accuracy: 0.7350 - loss: 0.7579 - val_accuracy: 0.6233 - val_loss: 1.1508
Epoch 10/10
313/313 ————— 47s 148ms/step - accuracy: 0.7465 - loss: 0.7297 - val_accuracy: 0.6723 - val_loss: 0.9750
```

Evaluating accuracy and confusion matrix; visualize predictions



Transfer (fine-tuned) test
accuracy: 0.10000000149011612

Custom CNN test accuracy:
0.6708999872207642

79/79 ——— 33s 388ms/step
Confusion matrix shape: (10, 10)

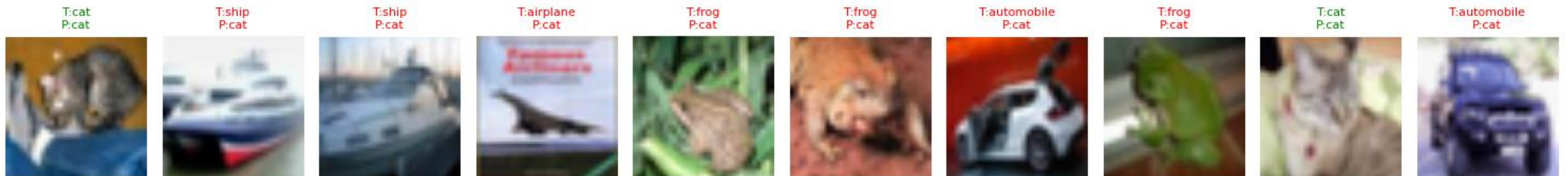
```
Transfer (fine-tuned) test accuracy: 0.10000000149011612
Custom CNN test accuracy: 0.6708999872207642
79/79 ——— 33s 388ms/step
Confusion matrix shape: (10, 10)
```

Compare Performance with custom CNN (Continued)

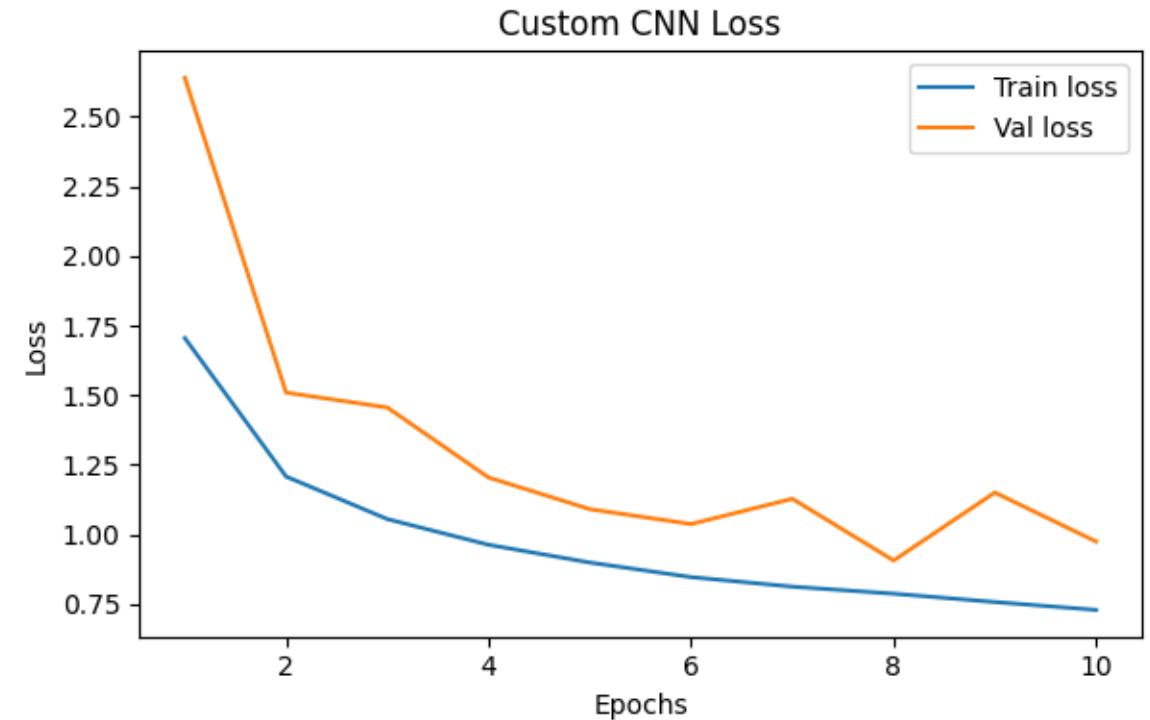
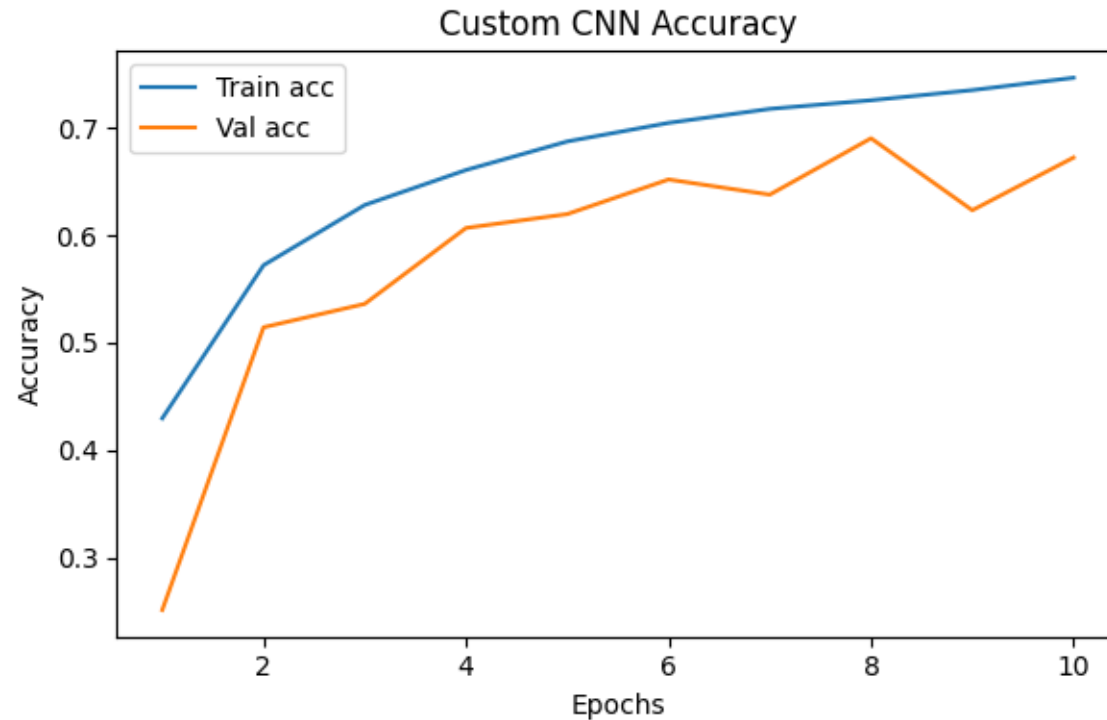
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
airplane	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
automobile	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
bird	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
cat	0.10	1.00	0.18	1000
deer	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
dog	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
frog	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
horse	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
ship	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
truck	0.00	0.00	0.00	1000
accuracy			0.10	10000
macro avg	0.01	0.10	0.02	10000
weighted avg	0.01	0.10	0.02	10000

1/1 ————— 0s 414ms/step

Sample predictions



Plot training history (accuracy/loss) for all models



Accuracy:

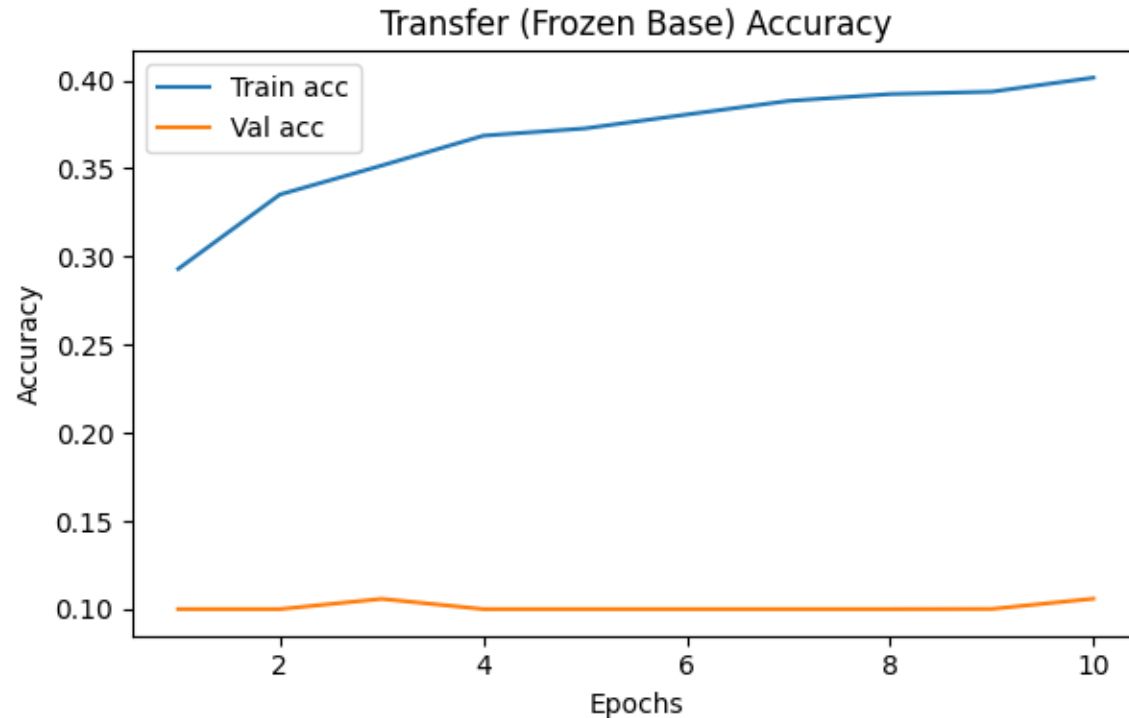
- Training: Starts at ~40%, increases to ~75% by epoch 10
- Validation: Starts at ~25%, increases to ~67% by epoch 10
- Gap: ~8% difference (training higher)

Loss:

- Training: Starts at ~1.7, decreases to <1.0 by epoch 10
- Validation: Starts at ~2.5, decreases to ~1.05 by epoch 10
- Gap: Validation loss remains higher

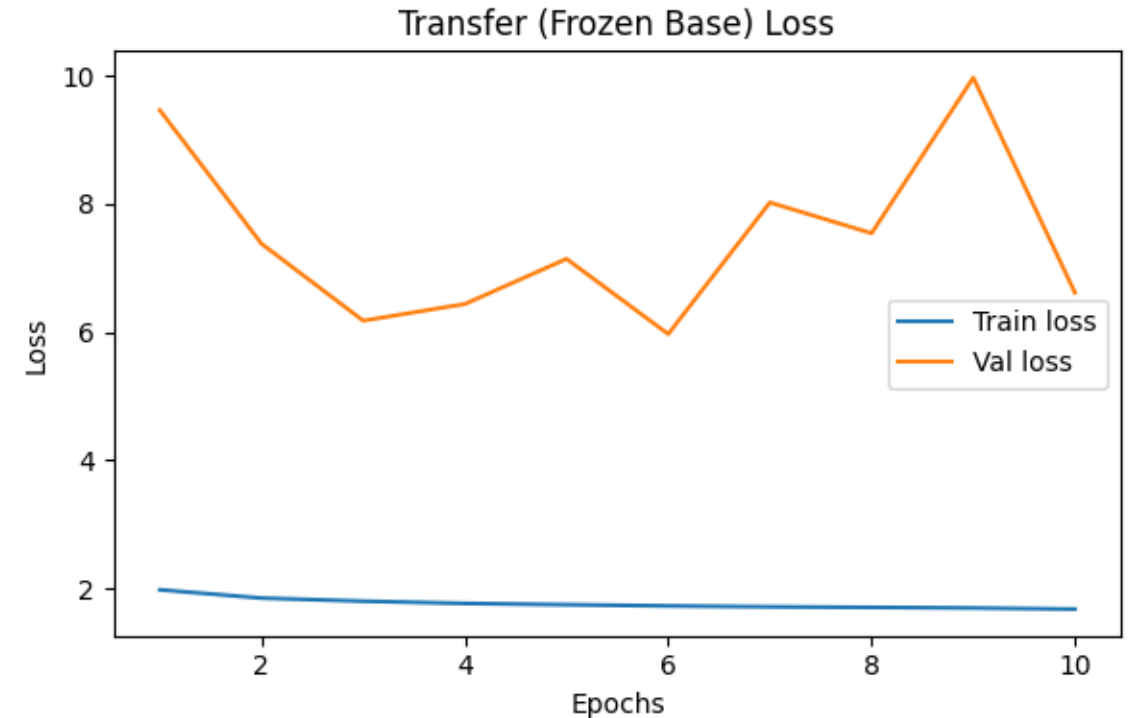
Overall: Best performance. Both metrics improve, with moderate overfitting.

Plot training history (accuracy/loss) for all models



Accuracy:

- Training: Starts at ~29%, increases to ~40% by epoch 10
- Validation: Stays very low (~10–12%), near random chance
- Gap: Large and growing (training ~40% vs validation ~10%)

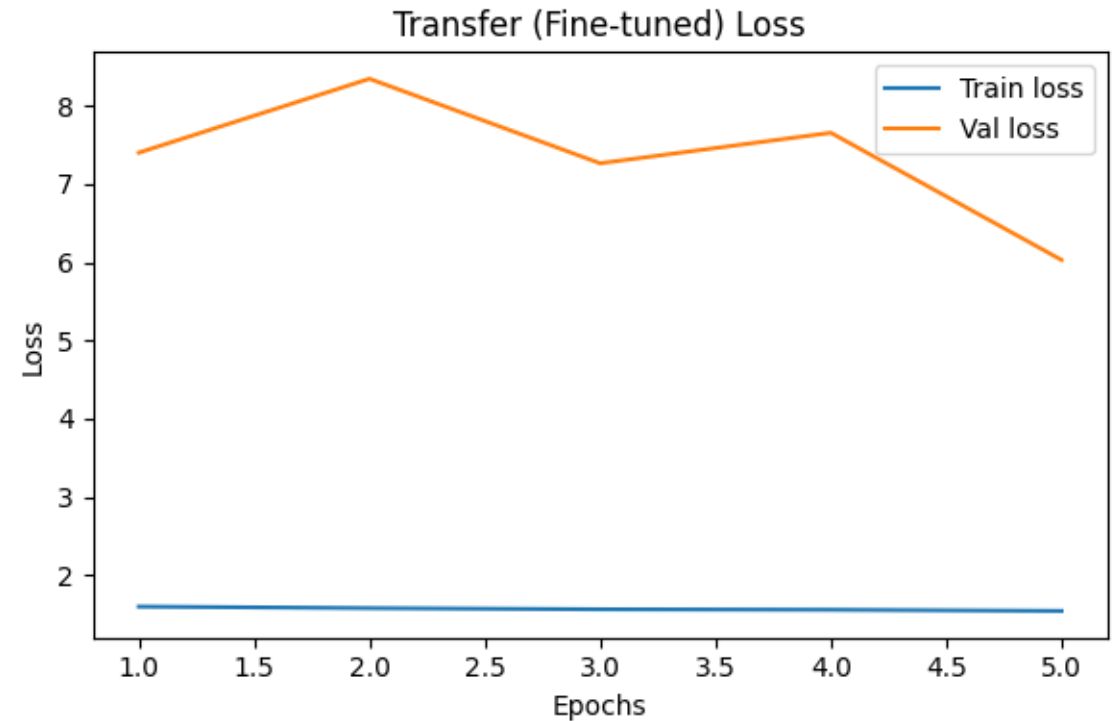
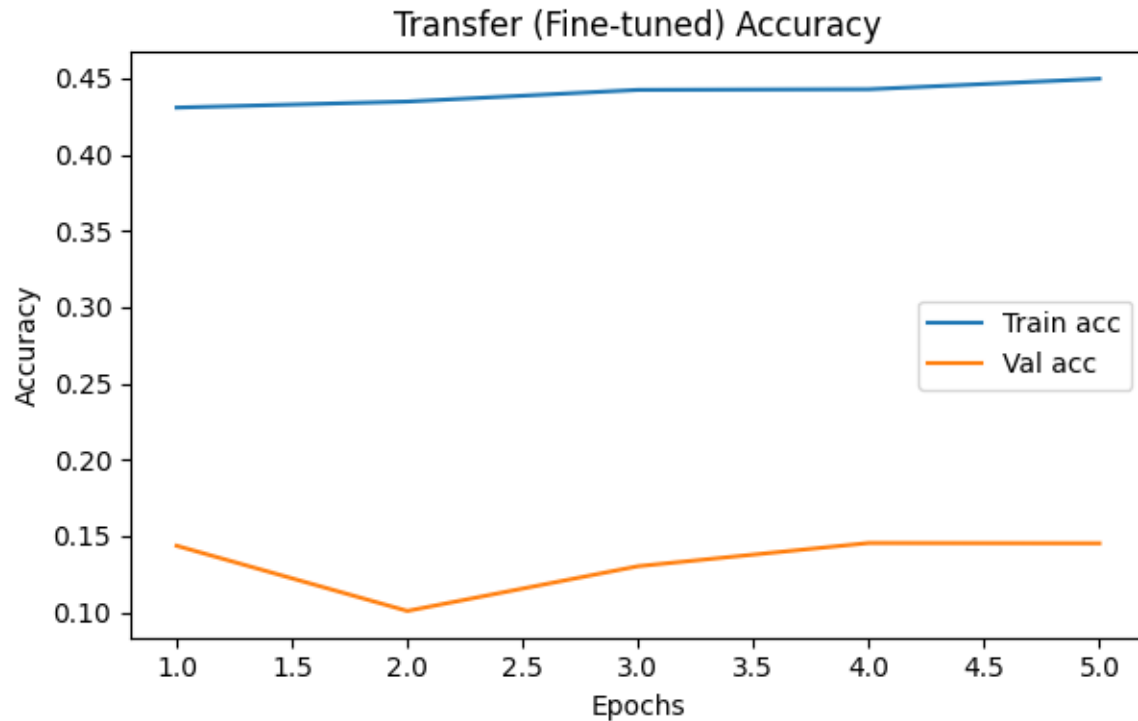


Loss:

- Training: Starts at ~2.0, stabilizes around 1.8–1.9
- Validation: Starts at ~9.5, fluctuates between 6–10 with spikes
- Gap: Very large (validation loss 3–5x higher)

Overall: Severe overfitting. Training improves but validation does not, indicating poor generalization.

Plot training history (accuracy/loss) for all models



Accuracy:

- Training: Starts at ~43%, stabilizes around ~45% by epoch 5
- Validation: Starts at ~15%, drops to ~10% at epoch 2, recovers to ~15% by epoch 5
- Gap: Very large (~30% difference)

Loss:

- Training: Starts at ~1.8, stays stable around 1.7–1.8
- Validation: Starts at ~7.5, spikes to >8.0 at epoch 2, decreases to ~6.0 by epoch 5
- Gap: Very large (validation loss 3–4x higher)

Overall: Severe overfitting. Fine-tuning did not improve generalization; validation metrics are poor.

Summary & Discussion

1. TEST SET ACCURACY (Generalization Performance)

- Custom CNN: 0.6709 (67.09%)
- Transfer Learning (Fine-tuned): 0.1000 (10.00%)
- Performance Difference: 57.09% points

ANALYSIS:

- Custom CNN substantially outperforms (by 57.1% points) transfer learning
- Custom CNN achieves ~67% accuracy, indicating good generalization
- Transfer model achieves ~10% accuracy, indicating near random chance (failing to generalize)

Part 1.1:

- Test Set Accuracy

2. VALIDATION ACCURACY (Final Epoch - Model Selection Metric)

- Custom CNN: 0.6723 (67.23%)
- Transfer (Frozen Base): 0.1059 (10.59%)
- Transfer (Fine-tuned): 0.1452 (14.52%)

ANALYSIS:

- Custom CNN: ~67% validation accuracy (best performer)
- Transfer (Frozen): ~11% - near random chance (~10-12% for 10 classes)
- Transfer (Fine-tuned): ~15% - very poor performance (close to random)
- Fine-tuning: slight improvement (~4% points change)

Part 1.2:

- Validation Accuracy

Summary & Discussion

3. OVERFITTING ANALYSIS (Train vs Validation Gap)

ANALYSIS:

- Custom CNN:
 - Training: ~75% | Validation: ~67%
 - Gap: ~7% points (MODERATE OVERFITTING)
 - Status: acceptable - model generalizes reasonably well
- Transfer (Frozen Base):
 - Training: ~40% | Validation: ~11%
 - Gap: ~30% points (SEVERE OVERFITTING)
 - Status: problematic - model memorizes training data significantly
- Transfer (Fine-tuned):
 - Training: ~45% | Validation: ~15%
 - Gap: ~30% points (EXTREME OVERFITTING)
 - Status: critical issue - model memorizes training data but fails to generalize

SUMMARY:

- Custom CNN shows the least overfitting (~7% gap) - best generalization
- Transfer models show severe/extreme overfitting (worst: ~30% gap)
- Transfer models memorize training data but fail to generalize to unseen data

Part 1.3:

- Overfitting Analysis

Summary & Discussion

4. TRAINING CONFIGURATION

- Custom CNN: 10 epochs
- Transfer Model - Frozen Base: 10 epochs
- Transfer Model - Fine-tuning: 5 epochs (total 15 epochs)

ANALYSIS:

- Custom CNN achieved best results in just 10 epochs
- Transfer models required more epochs (15 total) but performed worse
- Efficiency: Custom CNN is more data-efficient

Part 1.4:

- Training Configuration

Summary & Discussion

5. MODEL COMPLEXITY

- Transfer Model Parameters: 2,270,794
- Custom CNN Parameters: 622,282
- Parameter Ratio: 3.6x (Transfer model is 3.6x larger)

ANALYSIS:

- Transfer model is significantly larger (3.6x) than Custom CNN (more complex)
- Transfer model has 3.6x more parameters but performs worse
- This demonstrates that more parameters (3.6x) do not guarantee better performance
- Custom CNN: parameter-efficient (good efficiency)
- Transfer model: parameter-inefficient (poor efficiency)

SUMMARY:

- Custom CNN achieves better performance with 622,282 parameters
- More parameters (3.6x) \neq better performance
- Custom CNN demonstrates superior parameter efficiency

Summary & Discussion

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SUMMARY:

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- Custom CNN demonstrates superior parameter efficiency

THE END

STUDENTS	AINEDEMBE DENIS +256 788-674576 dembedenisjb@gmail.com, ainedembe.denis@stud.umu.ac.ug
	MUSINGUZI BENSON +256 782 942245, musiben@gmail.com, musinguzi.benson@stud.umu.ac.ug
LECTURER	Dr. Sibitenda Harriet +256 777 056581 hsibitenda@umu.ac.ug