School of Computing and Information Systems
The University of Melbourne
COMP90049
Knowledge Technologies (Semester 1, 2018)
Workshop exercises: Week 8

1. Assume that we have crawled the following "documents":

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   (1) The South Australian Tourism Commission has defended a marketing strategy
   which pays celebrities to promote Kangaroo Island tourism to their followers
   on Twitter.
   (2) Mr O'Loughlin welcomed the attention the use of Twitter had now attracted.
   (3) Some of the tweeting refers to a current television advertisement promoting
   Kangaroo Island.
   (4) Those used by the Commission have included chef Matt Moran, TV performer
   Sophie Falkiner and singer Shannon Noll.
   (5) He said there was nothing secretive about the payments to celebrities to
   tweet the virtues of a tourism destination.
   (6) Marketing director of SA Tourism, David O'Loughlin, said there was no ethical
   problem with using such marketing and it might continue to be used.
   (7) Depending on their following, celebrities can be paid up to $750 for one
   tweet about the island.
   ```

   - Parse each document into terms.
   - Construct an inverted index over the documents, for (at least) the terms `and`, `australia`, `celebrity`, `commission`, `island`, `on`, `the`, `to`, `tweet`, `twitter`
   - Using the vector space model and the cosine measure, rank the documents for the query `commission to island on twitter`
     (a) Using the weighting functions $w_{d,t} = f_{d,t}$ and $w_{q,t} = \frac{N}{f_t}$
     (b) Using the weighting functions $w_{d,t} = 1 + \log_2 f_{d,t}$ and $w_{q,t} = \log_2(1 + \frac{N}{f_t})$

2. When querying, what is an **accumulator**? What is the main problem, if we wish to use them? What heuristics can we use to solve this problem?

3. What is a **phrase query**, and why is an inverted index — like the one from the question above — inadequate for phrase querying? How could the index be altered to support this style of querying?

4. What is **link analysis**? What aspects of user behaviour or the nature of data on the Web is it trying to model?

5. In the **PageRank** algorithm:
   (a) What is the mechanism for the "random walk"?
   (b) In terms of user behaviour, what is the significance of "teleporting"?