## Prefix Sums

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| 1 4 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
|-----|---|---|---|
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For q queries, find the sum S of the elements from a starting index l to an ending index r. For our example above:

- if (l,r) = (0,4), S = 1 + 4 + 3 + 5 + 2 = 15
- if (l,r) = (1,2), S = 4 + 3 = 7
- if (l,r) = (2,2), S = 3

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```
for (int i = 0; i < q; i++) {
   int ans = 0;
   cin >> l >> r;
   for (int j = l; j <= r; j++) {
      ans += A[j];
   }
   cout << ans << endl;
}</pre>
```

## <u>Introduction</u>

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Is it possible to do better?

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$$S_{0,3} - S_{0,1} = (A_0 + A_1 + A_2 + A_3) - (A_0 + A_1)$$
  
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This can be generalized:  $S_{x,y} = S_{0,y} - S_{0,x-1}$ 

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Then, our new plan of attack would be to precompute all  $S_{0,i}$  for all  $0 \le i \le n-1$ , which, as we have seen, will let us find the sum of values from any index l to another index r.

Our first step would be to create our list pre of all  $S_{0,i}$  for all indices i such that  $0 \le i \le n-1$ . We can use the fact that  $S_{0,i} = S_{0,i-1} + A_{i-1}$ .

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vector<int> pre(n);

pre[0] = A[0];

for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
 pre[i] = pre[i - 1] + A[i];</pre>

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```
for (int i = 0; i < q; i++) {
    cin >> 1 >> r;
    if (1 > 0) {
        cout << pre[r] - pre[1 - 1] << endl;
    } else {
        cout << pre[r] << endl; // why?
    }
}</pre>
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Then, for each query of l and r, simply compute  $S_{0,\,r}-S_{0,\,l-1}.$  Note that you have to handle the edge case when l=0.

```
for (int i = 0; i < q; i++) {
    cin >> l >> r;
    if (l > 0) {
        cout << pre[r] - pre[l - 1] << endl;
    } else {
        cout << pre[r] << endl; // why?
    }
}</pre>
```

Alternatively, you could shift all the values of pre one index to the right and define pre[0] to be 0. How will this change our code?

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- Precomputation: O(n)
- Handling q queries: O(q)
- Thus, the entire solution has a time complexity of O(n+q), which is better for large values of n and q!

## Other Notes

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• Prefix Arrays can be applied to other binary operations, such as taking the GCD or LCM, addition, subtraction, and so on.

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- Prefix Arrays can be applied to other binary operations, such as taking the GCD or LCM, addition, subtraction, and so on.
- Make sure that the array is static (i.e., constant after each query); if the elements of the array change, our precomputation is useless.

### Homework:3c

Check the Reboot website! As always, you can ask for help in the Reboot Discord Server if you're stuck.