

# Department of Computer Engineering SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING SCIENCES COLLEGE OF BASIC AND APPLIED SCIENCES FIRST SEMESTER 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR

**COURSE CODE: DATABASE SYSTEMS** 

**COURSE INSTRUCTOR: John Korankye Assiamah.** 

**GROUP: 1** 

**CPEN 211: Database System Design** 

**PROJECT:1** 

### **Members**

- ► Lawerteh Danso Michael-10956332
- **▶** Doe Agudey Daniel-10956661
- ► Acquah Edward Ayirebi-10986982
- ► Danso Twum Kwadjo-10947466
- ► Acquaah-Arhin Abba-10957499
- ► Eyiram Aba Agborson-10955078
- ► Wurapa Larry Kwabena 10966173

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### **ABSTRACT**

In this project, a database to store the data about users of an accommodation software or website is built using postgresql . The database is built to store data about applicants, room managers or vendors, rooms and several other data that is required for the efficient operation of the database aspect of the software. A few of the relations included in the database are the login relations for security purposes and audit relations for backup and security purposes.

### **KEYWORDS**

Postgresql, database, relations, software

### INTRODUCTION

The issue of lack of accommodation on campus has been a longstanding problem in many educational institutions. In response to this challenge, we propose the development of a software or website advertisement platform that will enable students to have access to available rooms around the campus, including private hostels, public hostels, and individuals who wish to transform their homes or rented homes into halls of residence. This platform will provide students and staff with a variety of room options to choose from based on their preferences and requirements. At this stage only the database of the software is built.

#### Problem: Lack of accommodation on campus.

### Solution: Accessible accommodation through a software or website advertisement platform.

A software or website where students can log in and have access to all kinds of rooms around campus which are available for booking for a specific period.

Private hostels, public hostels and individuals who wish to transform their homes or rented homes into halls of residence, can also log in and advertise there.

Hence an applicant can choose their room preference (number in a room, location, price etc.) based on this data, hostels or room that fit the applicant preference will be made available for the applicant to choose from. The applicant can also check up on all rooms manually.

With such an app or website there will be at least enough rooms for a considerable number of students and staff to choose from.

In this project, the database of the software is built for the backend of the software.

### **DATABASE DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION**

# **STRUCTURE OF DATABASE**

### **ENTITIES**

- Category
- Vendor or room manager
- Room
- Applicant
- Payment
- Applicant room

### **ENTITIES AND THEIR VARIOUS ATTRIBUTES**

# Attributes of the hostel manager or room vendor.

- Vendor id
- Name.
- Contact information (email, telephone number).
- Username
- Password

### Attributes of the accommodation or room.

- Room id
- Location
- Type
- The price tag of the room per individual.

# **Attributes of applicant**

- Applicant id
- Name
- Age
- School
- Level
- School id
- Contact information (email, telephone number).
- Username
- Password

# Attributes of applicant's room

- Applicant id
- Room id

# **Attributes of category**

- Category idCategory name
- Description

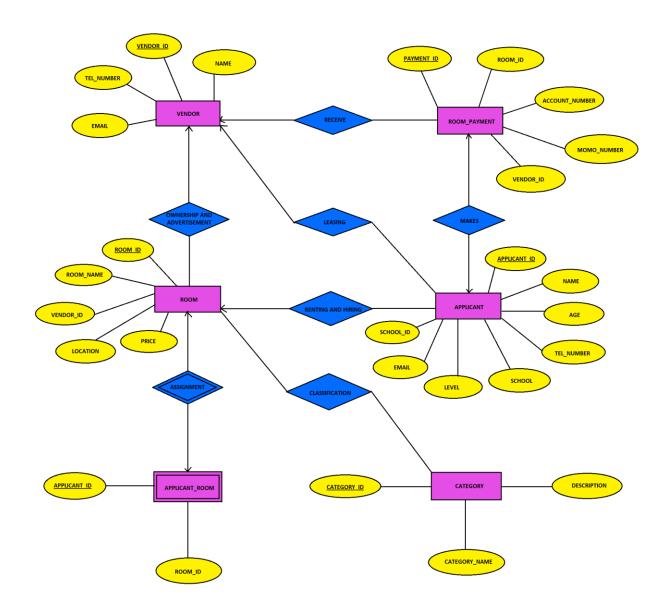
# **Attributes of payment**

- Payment id
- Payment method (momo, account number)

# ENTITIES AND THE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THEM

ENTITY	RELATIONSHIP	ENTITY
VENDOR	OWNERSHIP/ ADVERTISING	ROOM
VENDOR	LEASING	APPLICANT
CATEGORY	CLASSIFICATION	ROOM
APPLICANT	MAKE	PAYMENT
VENDOR	RECEIVE	PAYMENT
APPLICANT	RENTING OR HIRING	ROOM
APPLICANT_ROOM	ASSIGNMENT / DEDICATE	ROOM

### **ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM**



# IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ENTITY RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM INTO A RELATIONAL DATABASE

### **Building Of Database: SCHEMA**

- 1. Category (category\_id, category\_name, description)
- 2. Vendor (vendor\_id. Name, tel\_number, email)

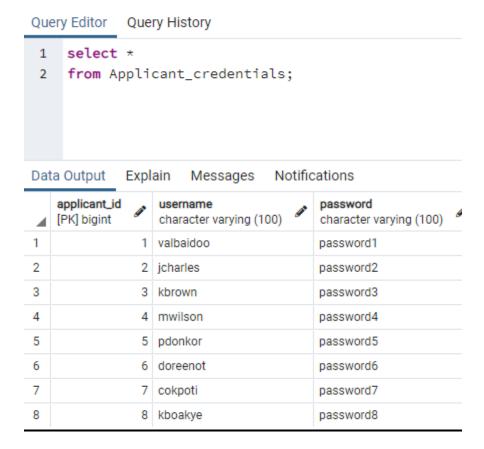
- 3. Room (room\_id, room\_name, vendor\_id, location, price)
- 4. Room\_payment (payment\_id, room\_id, vendor\_id, account\_number, momo\_number)
- 5. Applicant (applicant\_id, name, age, school, level, school\_id, tel\_number, email)
- 6. Applicant\_room (applicant\_id, room\_id)
- 7. Applicant\_credentials(applicant\_id, username, password)
- 8. vendor\_credentials(vendor\_id, username, password)

### **IMPLEMENTATION OF SCHEMA**

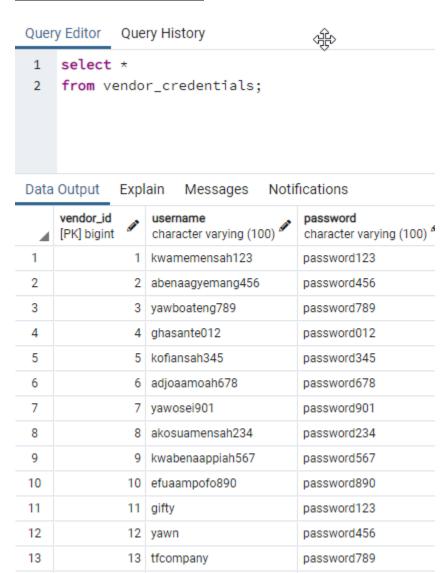
**Logging in:** For a vendor or applicant to sign up and login regularly into the software, separate tables will be created to keep a vendor or applicants' username and password.

**Design:** A trigger function and trigger was created to automatically insert the vendor and applicants id, username and password from the vendor and applicants table when the individual is first creating the account.

### **APPLICANTS CREDENTIALS**



### **VENDOR CREDENTIALS**



### **Primary keys**

```
• category id • room id • payment id • vendor id • applicant id
```

All primary keys should have the datatype (bigserial primary key) but when in other tables as foreign keys they have the datatype(numeric).

# **DESIGN OF MAIN TABLES:**

To achieve the objective of creating an advertisement platform, we have designed a database schema consisting of four main tables: Category, Vendor, Room, and Applicant. These tables are interlinked using primary and foreign keys to ensure data consistency and integrity.

### 1. Category Table:

The Category table holds information about the categories of rooms available for rent. This table has three columns:

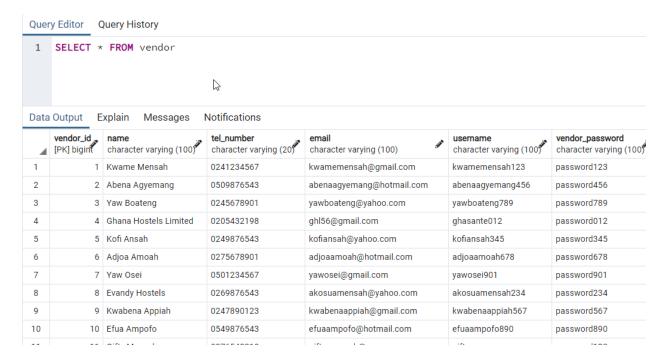
- 1. **Category id**: The category id is the primary key on the category table which uniquely identify the category id on the category table.
- 2. **Category name**: This is an attribute on the category table that contains the names of the various categories which are
  - I. 4 in a room
  - II. 3 in a room
  - III. 2 in a room
  - IV. 1 in a room
- 3. <u>Category description</u>: This gives a brief description of various rooms such as a room with balcony and a kitchenette, a room with balcony and a kitchenette, a room with balcony, kitchenette, washroom and a room with balcony, kitchenette, washroom

Que	ery Editor	Que	ry History	
1	SELECT	* F	ROM category	I
Dat	ta Output	Ехр	lain Messages Notif	ications
4	category_id [PK] bigint	Ø,	category_name character varying (100)	description character varying (10000)
1		1	4 in a room	balcony and a kitchenette
2		2	3 in a room	balcony and a kitchenette
3		3	2 in a room	balcony, kitchenette, washroom
4		4	1 in a room	balcony, kitchenette, washroom

### **Vendor Table:**

The Vendor table holds information about the vendors or hostels advertising on the platform. This table has four columns:

- 1. <u>Vendor id:</u> Every vendor in the vendor table has an id which uniquely identifies that vendor and was used as the primary key on the vendor table
- 2. Vendor name: This filed provides the names all the vendors who are leasing their rooms.
- 3. Telephone: This provides valid contact numbers of all the vendors of the rooms
- **4. Email.** An attribute on the vendors table that provides the emails of all vendors in the table.



### **Room Table**:

The Room table holds information about the rooms available for rent. This table has five columns:

- **1. Room id**: The room id is the primary key in the room table which uniquely identifies a particular room in the room table.
- 2. **Room name:** An attribute on the room table that contains the names of all the rooms in the room table
- **3. Vendor id;** The vendor id here is used as a foreign key to establish a relationship between the vendor table and the room table.
- **4. Location:** This field also contains all the location of the various rooms
- 5. Price: it contains the prices of all the available rooms in the database

(	Quer	y Editor	Query History	
	1	SELECT	* FROM room	I

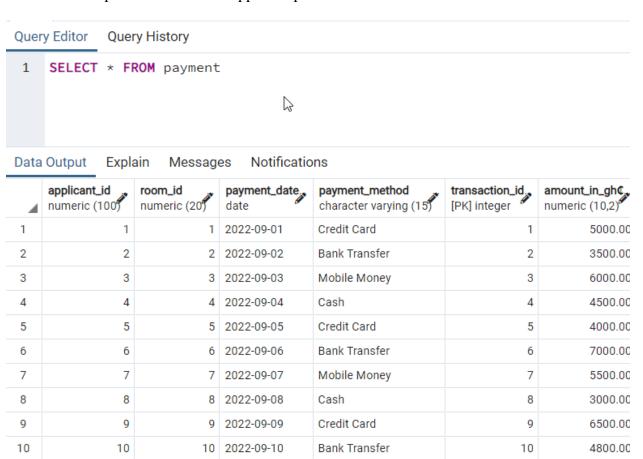
Data	Output E	xplain Mess	sages Notifi	cations	
4	room_id [PK] bigint	category_id numeric (10)	vendor_id numeric (10)	location character varying (20)	price_in_gh¢ numeric (100)
1	1	1	1	Madina	5000
2	2	4	2	Adenta	3500
3	3	3	5	East Legon	6000
4	4	5	7	Labone	4500
5	5	8	1	Kaneshie	4000
6	6	3	9	Airport Residential	7000
7	7	1	2	Dansoman	5500
8	8	5	1	Teshie	3000
9	9	4	3	Osu	6500
10	10	2	7	Spintex	4800

### **Room payment Table**:

The Room payment table holds information about the payment for each room rented. This table has five columns:

- **1. Payment id:** This shows a unique identification of the payment made by the applicant and was also used as the primary key the payment table.
- 2. Payment date: This field keeps track of the exact date on which the applicant made payment.
- **3.** Payment method: This attribute contains the various payment typed used by the applicant to make payment.
- **4. Transaction id:** This field also keep track of the various transaction made by the applicant

**5. Room id:** The room id creates a relationship between the payment made by the applicant and the particular room the applicant paid for.

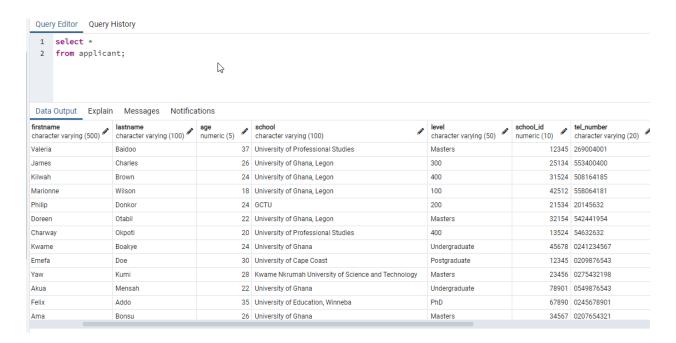


### **Applicant Table:**

The Applicant table holds information about the applicants who are searching for accommodation. This table has eight columns:

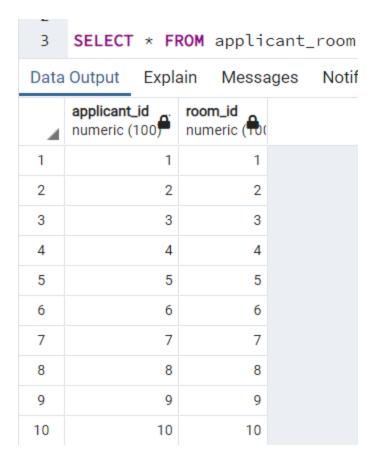
- 1. Applicant id
- 2. Name,
- 3. Age,
- 4. School,
- 5. Level,
- 6. School id,
- 7. Tel number,
- 8. Email

NOTE: All columns did not show due to screen size.



### **Applicant room Table:**

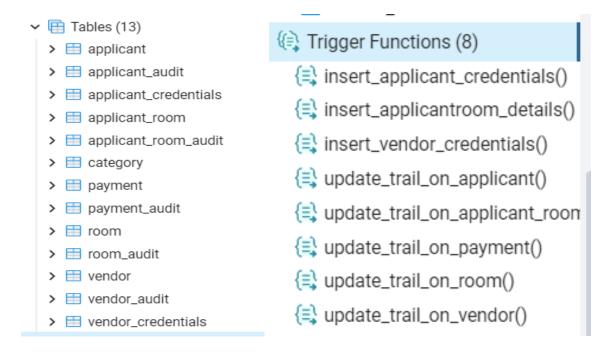
The Applicant room table holds information about the rooms chosen by applicants. This table has two columns:



- 1. **Applicant id**: The applicant id is foreign key on the room table to generate a relationship between the applicant and the room he or he is assigned to.
- 2. **Room id**: This was also used as foreign key to generate a relationship between the room itself and the applicant room.

### **AUDIT TABLES OR RELATIONS**

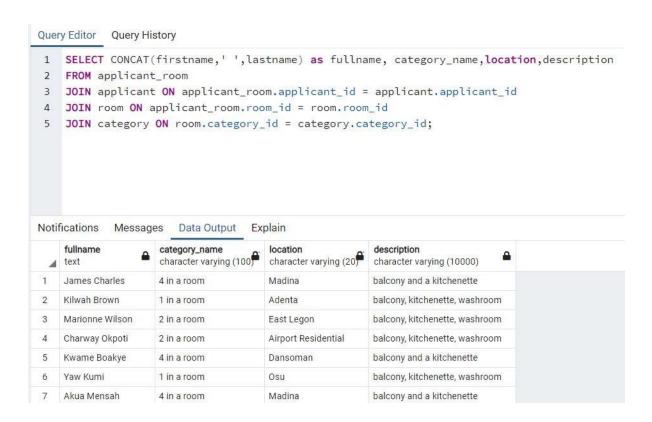
Due to the loss and tampering of data in the database an audit table was created for each and every relation in the database, this will help serve as a backup. Trigger functions and triggers are placed on each table and connected to the audit tables such that whenever a deletion or update is performed on the database, the previous and current information will be automatically sent to the audit tables. In the first diagram, the audit tables end with a "\_audit".



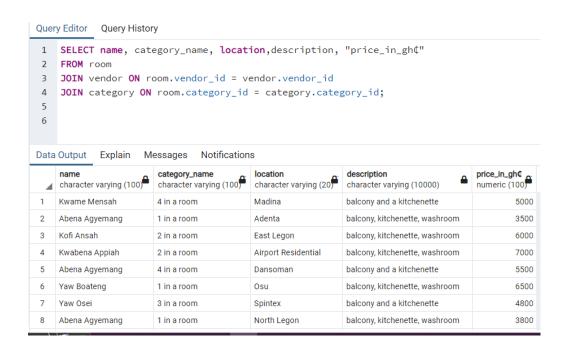
### DATABASE IMPLEMENTATION AND TESTING

<u>Foreign keys:</u> Each primary key serving as a foreign key in other tables, this helps to establish a relationship with other tables. Hence, queries can be ran using join statements to gain related data from two or more tables

▶ QUERY FOR THE RETRIEVAL OF APPLICANTS AND INFO ABOUT THEIR RESPECTIVE ROOMS



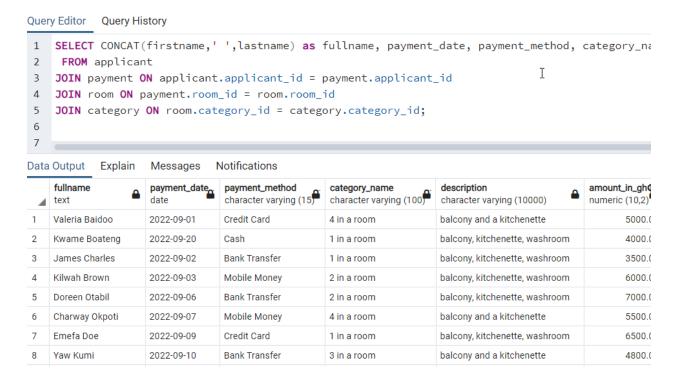
▶ SQL query that retrieves information about vendors of the various rooms, the various rooms with discription and price



▶ This is a SQL query that retrieves information about payments made by applicants and category name(type of room).

3						
4	SELECT CONCA	AT(firstname	,'',lastname) a	s fullname, payme	nt_date,payment	_method,cat
5	FROM applica	ant				
6	JOIN payment	t ON applica	nt.applicant_id	= payment.applica	nt_id	
7	JOIN categor	y ON applic	ant.applicant_id	= category.categ	ory_id;	
8						
Not	tifications Mess	ages Data O	utput Explain			
Not	fullname text	payment_date_date	payment_method character varying (15)	category_name character varying (100)	amount_in_ghc numeric (10,2)	
Not	fullname	payment_date_			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Not	fullname text	payment_date_date	payment_method character varying (15)	character varying (100)	numeric (10,2)	
⊿ 1	fullname text James Charles	payment_date_date 2022-09-01	payment_method character varying (15)	character varying (100)* 4 in a room	numeric (10,2) 5000.00	

▶ This is a SQL query that retrieves information about the payment made by applicants indicating the date for the payment, payment method, amount, room category and room description



### **CONCLUSION:**

In conclusion, we have designed a database for an accommodation advertisement platform that will provide students and staff with access to a variety of available rooms around the campus. This platform will enable private and public hostels, as well as individuals, to advertise their rooms and facilities on a centralized platform. Applicants will be able to log in, choose their room preference based on specific criteria, and make payments for the selected rooms. By creating this platform, we hope to alleviate the issue of accommodation shortage on campuses and provide students with an easy access to comfortable and affordable housing options.