```
This class implements the backend of the Yahtzee Game
   It keeps track of the scores and calculates the scoring of the game
   CST 283 Programming Assignment2
   @author Michael Clinesmith
public class YahtzeeGame
   private String[] scoreString = new String[21];
   private int[] scoreLine = new int[21];
   private final boolean[] SCOREABLE LINES = {false, true, true, true, true, true, true, false, false,
           false, true, true, true, true, true, true, false, false, false);
   private boolean[] availableScores= new boolean[21]; // sets up lines that are still available for scoring
   private final int MAX ROLLS=3, MAX SCORES=13;
   private int rolls, scoresLeft;
   private int[] diceArray = new int[6];
    * No-argument constructor, creates the Yahtzee Game
    */
   public YahtzeeGame()
       for(int i=0; i<21; i++)
           scoreString[i]="--";
           scoreLine[i]=0;
           availableScores[i]=SCOREABLE LINES[i];
       rolls=MAX ROLLS;
       scoresLeft=MAX SCORES;
    * Getter method to get the number of available rolls
    * @return int: The number of rolls remaining in the turn
   public int getRolls()
       return rolls:
    /**
    * Getter method to get the maximum number of rolls in a turn
    * @return int: The maximum number of rolls in a turn
    */
   public int getMAX ROLLS()
       return MAX ROLLS;
    * Setter method for the number of rolls in a turn
    * @param rolls int: The number of rolls to set as remaining
   public void setRolls( int rolls )
       this.rolls = rolls;
```

GRADING FOCUS

30/30 points for Program 2

- GUI (Use of JavaFX; user-friendliness; integration with game class)
- Game class (Require components of any class; general "fit" with the selected game)
- Creativity, originality, and complexity
- Appropriate definition and separation of class data/methods

COMMENTS:

- Way cool solution and above-and-beyond. Easily met basic requirements for assignment.
- Fun to play. Had to stop to keep grading other work.

```
/** Method that returns the number of scoring opportunities left in the game
* @return int: The number of scoresLeft in the game
public int getScoresLeft()
   return scoresLeft:
* Method that returns an integer value of a score for the given index
* @param index int: integer indicating a line on the scorecard
* @return int: The score of that line
public int getScoreOf(int index)
   return scoreLine[index];
* Method that returns the String value of a score for the given index
* @param index int: integer indicating a line on the scorecard
* @return String: The String represention of the score
public String getScoreStringOf(int index)
   return scoreString[index];
 * Method that checks the values for scoring on a certain line
 * @param index int: integer indicating the line to be scored
* @param dice Die[]: array of dice to be scored
* @return int: the score for that line given the dice
public int checkScore( int index, Die[] dice)
   int score;
                                // prepare dice for scoring
   makeDiceArray( dice );
   if (index>0 && index<7)
        score = checkScoreUpper(index);
   else if(index>=11 && index<=17)
       score = checkScoreLower(index);
   else
       score = -1;
   return score;
* Method that checks to see what the score in the upper section will be based on the type of dice being scored.
* @param index int: the index position to check the score on, ranges from 1-6
 * @return int: the score for that index position
```

```
*/
public int checkScoreUpper(int index)
   return diceArray[index-1] * index;
/**
* Method that checks to see what the score in the lower section will be based on the type of score being made.
* It uses the dice that were counted in the DiceArray to make the determination
* @param index int: the index position to check the score on, ranges from 11-17
* @return int: the score the would be for that index position
public int checkScoreLower(int index)
   int score = 0;
   if (index==11) // 3 of a kind
       boolean isValid=false;
       for(int i=0; i<6; i++) // check if 3 of a kind exists
           if (diceArray[i]>=3)
                isValid=true;
       if (isValid)
           score = sumOfDice();
   if (index==12) // 4 of a kind
       boolean isValid=false;
       for(int i=0; i<6; i++) // check if 4 of a kind exists
           if (diceArray[i]>=4)
                isValid=true;
       if (isValid)
           score = sumOfDice();
   if (index==13) // full house - 3 of one number and 2 of another (or possibly 5 of one number)
       boolean has2=false, has3=false, has5=false;
       for(int i=0; i<6; i++) // check if 4 of a kind exists
           if (diceArray[i]==2)
               has2=true;
           else if (diceArray[i]==3)
                has3=true;
```

```
else if (diceArray[i]==5)
            has5=true;
   if ((has2 && has3) | has5)
       score = 25;
if (index==14) // Small Straight - must have 1,2,3,4 or 2,3,4,5 or 3,4,5,6
   boolean isValid=false;
   if( diceArray[0]>=1 && diceArray[1]>=1 && diceArray[2]>=1 && diceArray[3]>=1)
       isValid=true;
   else if (diceArray[1]>=1 && diceArray[2]>=1 && diceArray[3]>=1 && diceArray[4]>=1)
       isValid=true;
   else if (diceArray[2]>=1 && diceArray[3]>=1 && diceArray[4]>=1 && diceArray[5]>=1)
        isValid=true;
   if (isValid)
       score = 30;
if (index==15) // Large Straight = must have 1,2,3,4,5 or 2,3,4,5,6
   boolean isValid=false;
   if (diceArray[1]==1 && diceArray[2]==1 && diceArray[3]==1 && diceArray[4]==1 && (diceArray[0]==1 | | diceArray[5]==1))
       isValid = true;
   if (isValid)
       score = 40;
if (index==16) // yahtzee - 5 of one number
   boolean has5=false;
   for(int i=0; i<6; i++) // check if 5 of a kind exists
       if (diceArray[i]==5)
            has5=true;
   if ( has5)
       score = 50;
if (index==17) // chance - just sum 5 dice
```

```
score = sumOfDice():
   }
   return score;
/**
 * Method that sets the score for one of the lines in the scorecard
* It then also updates the other scores on the scorecard as necessary
* @param index int: The line on the scorecard to update
 * @param dice Die[]: The array of dice objects used in the scoring
* @return String: A String representation of the score value that has been set
*/
public String score(int index, Die[] dice)
   int value = checkScore( index, dice );
   scoreLine[index]=value;
   scoreString[index] = Integer.toString( value );
   scoreUpdate();
   availableScores[index]=false;
                                                // since scored, this item is no longer available to score
   rolls=MAX ROLLS;
   scoresLeft--;
   return scoreString[index];
 * Method that calculates the sum of the dice counted in the diceArray
* @return int: The sum of dice in the diceArray
public int sumOfDice()
   int sum=0:
   for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
                                       // adds to sum the dice value * number of dice of that value
        sum += (i+1) * diceArray[i];
   return sum;
/**
* This method updates the values that are indirectly changed
public void scoreUpdate()
   int upperScore=0, lowerScore=0;
   // check upper section scores
   for (int i=1; i<7; i++) // totals upper score
   {
        upperScore+=scoreLine[i];
   scoreLine[7]= upperScore;
   scoreString[7]=Integer.toString( upperScore );
   if (upperScore>=63)
                         // check for upper bonus
   {
         scoreLine[8]=35;
         scoreString[8]=Integer.toString( 35 );
        upperScore+=35;
```

```
scoreLine[9]= upperScore;
    scoreString[9]=Integer.toString( upperScore );
    scoreLine[19]= upperScore;
    scoreString[19]=Integer.toString( upperScore );
    // check lower section scores
    for (int i=11; i<18; i++)
    {
        lowerScore+=scoreLine[i];
    scoreLine[18] = lowerScore;
    scoreString[18]=Integer.toString( lowerScore );
    scoreLine[20] = lowerScore+upperScore;
    scoreString[20]=Integer.toString( scoreLine[20] );
}
/**
 * Method called when a roll is made
 * @return boolean: True if there are rolls remaining, false if not
public boolean madeRoll()
    boolean rollsLeft=true;
   rolls--;
    if (rolls<1)
        rollsLeft=false;
    return rollsLeft;
/**
 * Method that checks if the games is completed, this is, all scores have been made
 * @return boolean: True if the game is completed, false if not
 */
public boolean isComplete()
    boolean complete=true;
    for (int i=0; i<21 && complete; i++)
        if (availableScores[i])
                                    // if a position can still be scored
            complete=false;
    return complete;
}
 * Method to count the number of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6s on the dice for easier scoring
 * for example:
 * diceArray[0] will store the number of 1s in the Die array
 * diceArray[5] will store the number of 6s in the Die array
 * @param dice Die[]: An array of dice with values 1 to 6 to count for each number
 * @return int[]: Not specifically "returned" but calling function can use array to help score the dice
public void makeDiceArray(Die[] dice)
```

```
int len = dice.length;
   int val;
   //initializes array
   for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
       diceArray[i]=0;
   // counts each number on dice
   for (int i=0; i<len; i++)
       val = dice[i].getValue();
                                    // get value in this Die
       if (val>=1 && val<=6)
                                    // if valid value
           diceArray[val-1]++;
* Method to reset the values of the game so a new game can be run
public void resetGame()
    for(int i=0; i<21; i++)
       scoreString[i]="--";
       scoreLine[i]=0;
       availableScores[i]=SCOREABLE LINES[i];
   rolls=MAX ROLLS;
   scoresLeft=MAX SCORES;
```

}

```
.root {
    -fx-font-family: serif;
    -fx-font-size: 11pt;
    -fx-background-color: green;
}
.label {
    -fx-text-fill: yellow;
}
.text-area {
    -fx-background-color: green;
}
```

```
This class implements the functionality of a die
  Images are loaded for the die images, including blank and questions, and the die can be rolled,
 * set to certain values and resized
 * CST 283 Programming Assignment2
   @author Michael Clinesmith
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.image.ImageView;
import java.util.Random;
public class Die
    // static fields for loading images - so images don't have to be loaded multiple times
   private static String diceImageName[] = {"Die0.png", "Die1.png", "Die2.png", "Die3.png", "Die4.png",
                                            "Die5.png", "Die6.png", "DieQ.png"};
    private static Image dieImage[] = new Image[8];
    private static ImageView dieImageView[] = new ImageView[8];
    private static boolean imagesLoaded=false;
   private static final int SIDES=6;
   private int value;
   private int size;
    /**
     * No-argument constructor for a die
     * It calls a method to load dice images if they are not yet loaded
     * It will roll the dice to set a random value
    public Die()
       value = 0;
        size = 100;
        if (!imagesLoaded)
           loadImages();
        roll();
    /**
     * Constructor that sets the die to a specific value
     * It calls a method to load dice images if they are not yet loaded
     * @param val int: The value to set the die
     */
    public Die(int val)
       value = val;
        size = 100;
        if (!imagesLoaded)
           loadImages();
    }
     * Method to load images for the die if they are not yeat loaded
```

```
* @return boolean: true if the images were successfully loaded, false if not
public boolean loadImages()
    int i=0;
    try
        for (i = 0; i < 8; i++)
            dieImage[i] = new Image( "file:" + diceImageName[i] );
            dieImageView[i] = new ImageView( dieImage[i] );
        imagesLoaded = true;
    catch (Exception e)
                             // problem with loading images
        System.out.println( "Images could not be loaded.\ni="+i );
        System.out.println( e.getClass() );
        imagesLoaded = false;
    }
    return imagesLoaded;
}
/**
 * Method to get an image of the die
 * @return ImageView: The image of the die for the given value
public ImageView getImageView()
    ImageView aImageView;
    int val=value;
    if (val<0 || val>6)
    {
        val=7;
    aImageView = new ImageView(dieImage[val]);
    aImageView.setFitWidth( size );
    aImageView.setPreserveRatio( true );
    return aImageView;
/**
 * Method to get the value of the die
 * @return int: The value of the die
public int getValue()
    return value;
 * Method to set the value of the die
 * @param value int: The value the die will be set to
public void setValue( int value )
    this.value = value;
```

```
/**
  * Method to get the current setting of the die size
  * @return int: The current set size
  */
public int getSize()
{
    return size;
}

/**
  * Method to set the size of the displayed die when returning an ImageView
  * @param size int: The size to set an ImageView object to
  */
public void setSize(int size)
{
    this.size = size;
}

/**
  * Method that rolls the die to a random number from 1 to SIDES
  */
public void roll()
{
    Random randomNumbers = new Random();
    value=randomNumbers.nextInt(SIDES)+1;
}
```

}

```
This class contains the main driver of the program and provides a the interface for the Yahtzee Game
* The interface includes a Yahtzee scorecard, a title box, 5 dice to be rolled, instructions that can
  be viewed, buttons, to roll, and set scores, and to restart and guit the game
* It creates a YahtzeeGame object, which it uses to score its lines
 * It uses Die objects, which are the dice that can be rolled
* When the game completes, a popup displays the game score and offers the choice of a new game
  CST 283 Programming Assignment2
   @author Michael Clinesmith
 ************************************
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.event.EventHandler:
import javafx.geometry.Insets;
import javafx.geometry.Pos;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.image.ImageView;
import javafx.scene.layout.BorderPane;
import javafx.scene.layout.GridPane;
import javafx.scene.layout.HBox;
import javafx.scene.layout.VBox;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import java.util.Optional;
public class YahtzeeInterface extends Application
   private BorderPane mainLayout;
   private YahtzeeGame theGame;
                                      // The game object
   // Scorecard layout objects
   private Label[] scorecardLabels = new Label[21];
   private Label[] scorecardScores = new Label[21];
   private Button[] scorecardButtons = new Button[21];
   private GridPane scorecard:
   private String[] cardLabels = {"Upper Section",
            "Aces = 1",
            "Twos = 2",
           "Threes = 3",
           "Fours = 4",
           "Fives = 5".
           "Sixes = 6".
            "Upper Sum",
           "Bonus for 63+",
           "UPPER TOTAL",
           "Lower Section",
           "3 of a kind",
           "4 of a kind",
           "Full House",
           "Sm. Straight",
            "Lq. Straight",
            "Yahtzee",
            "Chance",
```

```
"LOWER TOTAL",
        "UPPER TOTAL",
        "COMBINED TOTAL" };
// Denotes lines on scorecard able to directly score
private final boolean[] SCOREABLE LINES = {false, true, true, true, true, true, true, false, false,
        false, true, true, true, true, true, true, true, false, false, false);
private boolean[] availableScores = new boolean[21];
                                                        // sets up lines that are still available for scoring
// Dice layout objects
private HBox DiceHolder:
private Die dice[] = new Die[5];
private CheckBox holdDie[] = new CheckBox[5];
private VBox[] diceBox = new VBox[5]:
// Action Button layout objects
private Button rollButton;
private Button scoreButton;
private VBox rollBox;
// Top Screen
private Button newGameButton;
private Button quitButton;
private Label yahtzeeTitleLabel;
private HBox TitleBox;
// Informational panels
private RadioButton radioGamePlay, radioScoreExplanation, radioScoreValue;
private ToggleGroup radioGroup;
private VBox radioInfoVBox;
private TextArea gameInstructions, scoringInstructions;
private VBox diceAndInstBox:
private String gameInstruct="Game Play: \n" +
        "Click the roll button to roll the dice\n" +
        "Click the hold button below a die to not\n" +
        "roll that die when the other dice are rolled.\n" +
        "You have up to 3 rolls per turn.\n" +
        "Click the UNLOCK SCORES button to open areas of the \n" +
        "game board to score.\n" +
        "Click the score button to be given an option to score in that position\n" +
        "a popup will show up showing you the value and allowing you\n" +
        "to confirm that score\n" +
        "Cancelling that popup will let you roll again if you have remaining rolls.\n" +
        "After confirming yoru score, roll the dice again for you next turn.\n" +
        "Continue until you complete the game!\n" +
        "Have fun!\n\n";
private String scoringInstruct="Scoring Instructions: \n" +
        "Upper section:\n" +
        "In the upper section, for each line you score only that kind of dice.\n" +
        "For example if you have three 5s and two 3s, \n" +
        "You can score 15 for the 5s, or 6 for the 3s.\n" +
        "Getting at least 63 in the upper section will give\n +" +
        "You a 35 point bonus.\n\n" +
        "Lower section:\n" +
        "For three of a kind-requires at least 3 of one kind of dice to score.\n" +
        "Four of a kind requires at least 4 of one kind of dice.\n" +
        "A full house requires 3 of one kind of dice and 2 of another.\n" +
        "A small straight requires a run of 4 dice, e.g. 2, 3, 4, 5\n" +
        "A large straight requires a run of 5 dice, e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\n" +
        "A Yahtzee requires 5 of one kind of die , e.g. 4, 4, 4, 4\ +\" +
        "There is no requirement on the chance.\n\n";
```

```
private String scoringValues= "Scoring values:\n" +
        "Aces: 1 point for each 1\n" +
        "2s: 2 points for each 2\n" +
        "3s: 3 points for each 3\n" +
        "4s: 4 points for each 4\n" +
        "5s: 5 points for each 5\n" +
        "6s: 6 points for each 6\n" +
        "3 of a kind: add all dice\n" +
        "4 of a kind: add all dice\n" +
        "Full House: 25\n" +
        "Small Striaght: 30\n" +
        "Large Straight: 40\n" +
        "Yahtzee: 50\n" +
        "Chance: add all dice\n";
// Roll count layout objects
private Label rollCountLabel;
private Label rollCount;
private VBox rollCountBox;
* Starting method of application - calls launch
* @param args String[]: Not used
public static void main( String[] args )
   // Launch the application.
   launch( args );
* Method that calls the initializeScene method and creates the scene
 * @param primaryStage Stage object used to create the stage
*/
@Override
public void start( Stage primaryStage )
   initializeScene();
   // Set up overall scene
   Scene scene = new Scene( mainLayout, 1100, 900 );
   scene.getStylesheets().add( "Yaht.css" );
   primaryStage.setScene( scene );
   primaryStage.setTitle( "YAHTZEE! - Game design by Michael Clinesmith" );
   primaryStage.show();
/**
* Method that calls other methods to create the game, create the interface, then sets up the mainLayout
public void initializeScene()
   theGame = new YahtzeeGame();
   createTitle();
   createInfoBoxes();
   createScorecard();
   createRollButtons();
   createDiceHolders();
```

```
mainLavout = new BorderPane():
    mainLavout.setTop( TitleBox );
    mainLayout.setLeft( scorecard );
    mainLayout.setCenter( diceAndInstBox );
/**
 * Method that creates the interface parts at the top of the screen, the name and new game and quit buttons
public void createTitle()
    newGameButton = new Button( "NEW GAME" );
    newGameButton.setOnAction( new GameButtonHandler() );
    quitButton = new Button( "QUIT" );
    quitButton.setOnAction( new GameButtonHandler() );
    yahtzeeTitleLabel = new Label( "YAHTZEE!" );
    yahtzeeTitleLabel.setStyle( "-fx-font-size: 24; -fx-text-fill: orange" );
    TitleBox = new HBox( 50, yahtzeeTitleLabel, newGameButton, quitButton );
    TitleBox.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
    TitleBox.setPadding( new Insets( 20 ) );
}
/**
 * Method that sets up the information box in the center of the interface and the radio
 * buttons that control the information in the box
public void createInfoBoxes()
    // create radiobuttons that control info in text area
    radioGamePlay = new RadioButton( "Game Play" );
    radioScoreExplanation = new RadioButton( "Score Explanation" );
    radioScoreValue = new RadioButton( "Score Values" );
    radioGroup = new ToggleGroup();
    radioGamePlay.setToggleGroup( radioGroup );
    radioGamePlay.setSelected( true );
    radioGamePlay.setOnAction( new RadioHandler() );
    radioScoreExplanation.setToggleGroup( radioGroup );
    radioScoreExplanation.setOnAction( new RadioHandler() ):
    radioScoreValue.setToggleGroup( radioGroup );
    radioScoreValue.setOnAction( new RadioHandler() );
    radioInfoVBox= new VBox( 10, radioGamePlay, radioScoreExplanation, radioScoreValue );
    radioInfoVBox.setPadding( new Insets( 10 ) );
    radioInfoVBox.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
    // create textArea
    gameInstructions = new TextArea( gameInstruct);
    gameInstructions.setEditable( false );
    gameInstructions.setPadding( new Insets( 50 ) );
    gameInstructions.setPrefRowCount( 25 );
}
 * Method that creates the buttons next to the dice for rolling and scoring
 */
```

```
public void createRollButtons()
   rollButton = new Button( "ROLL DICE" );
   rollButton.setOnAction( new RollButtonHandler() );
   scoreButton = new Button( "UNLOCK SCORES" );
   scoreButton.setOnAction( new RollButtonHandler() );
   scoreButton.setDisable( true );
                                     // score Button initially disabled
   rollBox = new VBox( 10, rollButton, scoreButton );
   rollBox.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
}
/**
* Method that creates the Yahtzee Scorecard
* It also sets the values in the associated availableScores Array controlling the scoreable fields
public void createScorecard()
   scorecard = new GridPane();
   for (int i = 0; i < 21; i++)
        scorecardLabels[i] = new Label( cardLabels[i] );
        scorecardLabels[i].setPadding( new Insets( 10 ) );
        scorecardScores[i] = new Label( "--" );
        scorecardScores[i].setPadding( new Insets( 10 ) );
       if (SCOREABLE LINES[i])
                                     // if this line is directly scoreable
            scorecardButtons[i] = new Button( "score" );
       } else
           scorecardButtons[i] = new Button( "----" );
       }
        scorecardButtons[i].setOnAction( new ScoringButtonHandler() );
        scorecardButtons[i].setDisable( true );
        scorecard.add( scorecardLabels[i], 0, i );
        scorecard.add( scorecardScores[i], 1, i );
        scorecard.add( scorecardButtons[i], 2, i );
        scorecard.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
        scorecard.setGridLinesVisible( true );
        availableScores[i] = SCOREABLE LINES[i];
                                                        // sets the lines on the scorecard that can be scored
   }
   // highlight important sections
   scorecardScores[9].setStyle( "-fx-font-weight: bold" );
                                                                // Upper Total
   scorecardLabels[9].setStyle( "-fx-font-weight: bold" );
   scorecardScores[18].setStyle( "-fx-font-weight: bold" );
                                                                // Lower Total
   scorecardLabels[18].setStyle( "-fx-font-weight: bold" );
   scorecardScores[20].setStyle( "-fx-font-weight: bold" );
                                                                // Combined Total
   scorecardLabels[20].setStyle( "-fx-font-weight: bold" );
   scorecard.setPadding( new Insets( 10 ) );
}
/**
 * Method that creates the Dice, the hold checkboxes, the rolls remaining fields
* and combines them along with the roll buttons, and information controls into the diceAndInstBox
public void createDiceHolders()
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
       dice[i] = new Die(7);
       dice[i].setSize( 80 );
       holdDie[i] = new CheckBox( "Hold" );
       holdDie[i].setPadding( new Insets( 10 ) );
       holdDie[i].setDisable( true );
                                           // initially disable hold when invalid dice
       diceBox[i] = new VBox( 10, dice[i].getImageView(), holdDie[i] );
        diceBox[i].setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
   }
   // labels for keeping track of rolls remaining
   rollCountLabel = new Label( "Rolls Remaining:" );
   rollCountLabel.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
   rollCount = new Label( Integer.toString( theGame.getRolls() ) );
   rollCount.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
   rollCountBox = new VBox( 10, rollCountLabel, rollCount );
   rollCountBox.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
   // Put together Dice Holder box
   DiceHolder = new HBox( 10, diceBox );
   DiceHolder.getChildren().add( rollBox );
   DiceHolder.getChildren().add( rollCountBox );
   DiceHolder.setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
   DiceHolder.setPadding( new Insets( 50) );
   // puts dice, radiobuttons controlling info, and text area together
   diceAndInstBox = new VBox( 10, DiceHolder, radioInfoVBox, gameInstructions);
* Method that unlocks the scoring buttons that have not yet been scored so the user can select them
*/
public void unlockScoringButtons()
   for (int i = 0; i < 21; i++)
       if (availableScores[i])
           scorecardButtons[i].setDisable( false );
   rollButton.setDisable( true ); // locks rolling button while scoring
}
/**
* Method that locks the scoring buttons preventing scoring when not applicable
public void lockScoringButtons()
   for (int i = 0; i < 21; i++)
       scorecardButtons[i].setDisable( true );
}
/**
* Method that prevents the hold die locks from being selected when not applicable
public void lockHolds()
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        holdDie[i].setDisable( true );
}
 * Methood that prepares for the next round after scoring or a new game by locking the scoring buttons, resetting the dice,
 * locking the dice holds, locking the score button, unlocking the roll button and resetting the rolls
public void prepareNextRound()
    lockScoringButtons();
    // resets dice
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        dice[i].setValue( 7 );
        diceBox[i].getChildren().clear();
        diceBox[i].getChildren().addAll( dice[i].getImageView(), holdDie[i] );
        holdDie[i].setSelected( false );
        diceBox[i].setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
    lockHolds();
    // locks score button by dice
    scoreButton.setDisable( true );
    // unlocks roll button by dice
    rollButton.setDisable( false );
    rollCount.setText( Integer.toString( theGame.getRolls() ) );  // set roll count label
}
/**
 * Method that updates the fields on the scorecard
public void updateScores()
    for (int i = 0; i < 21; i++)
        scorecardScores[i].setText( theGame.getScoreStringOf( i ) );
}
/**
 * Method that runs after a game has been completed, displaying the score and
 * giving the user the option to restart the game
public void gameCompleted()
    lockScoringButtons();
    String message = "You completed the game! Your final score was " + scorecardScores[20].getText() + "!" +
            "\nClick OK to reset the game board and play again!";
    Alert alert = new Alert( Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION );
    alert.setTitle( "Final Score" );
```

```
alert.setContentText( message );
    Optional<ButtonType> result = alert.showAndWait();
    if (result.get() == ButtonType.OK)
        resetGame();
    }
}
 * Method that resets the game
 * It resets the scores by calling the YahtzeeGame object, updates those scores to the interface,
 * the prepares for the next round
 */
public void resetGame()
    theGame.resetGame();
    updateScores();
    prepareNextRound();
    resetAvailableScores();
}
/**
 * Method that resets the availableScores array for a new game!
public void resetAvailableScores()
    for (int i=0; i<21; i++)
        availableScores[i] = SCOREABLE LINES[i];
                                                        // sets the lines on the scorecard that can be scored
/**
 * Class that handles the ActionEvents from the roll and unlock scoring buttons
class RollButtonHandler implements EventHandler<ActionEvent>
{
    /**
     * Method that handles the roll and unlock scoring button clicks
     * @param event ActionEvent: event triggered by a button click
     */
    @Override
    public void handle( ActionEvent event )
        boolean stillRolls = true;
        if (event.getSource() == rollButton)
                                                // dice are rolled
            for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
                if (holdDie[i].isSelected() == false)
                    dice[i].roll();
                    // clear and read dice back to the diceBox with new images
                    diceBox[i].getChildren().clear();
                    diceBox[i].getChildren().addAll( dice[i].getImageView(), holdDie[i] );
                    diceBox[i].setAlignment( Pos.CENTER );
                holdDie[i].setDisable( false ); // unlock holds on roll
```

```
scoreButton.setDisable( false );
                                                // possible to score
            // make updates on roll number
           stillRolls = theGame.madeRoll();
                                                                            // check if still rolls available
            rollCount.setText( Integer.toString( theGame.getRolls() ) );
                                                                           // set roll count label
           if (!stillRolls)
                                                                            // disable rolls if no rolls remaining
                rollButton.setDisable( true );
       if (event.getSource() == scoreButton)
                                                // prepare to score
           unlockScoringButtons();
       }
   }
/**
* Class that handles the ActionEvents for the scoring buttons on the Yahtzee scorecard
class ScoringButtonHandler implements EventHandler<ActionEvent>
    * Method that handles the ActionEvents for the scoring buttons on the Yahtzee scorecard
     * @param event ActionEvent: event triggered by a button click
    */
    @Override
   public void handle( ActionEvent event )
       String message = "";
       int score = 0;
       String scoreString = "";
        for (int i = 0; i < 21; i++)
           if (event.getSource() == scorecardButtons[i])
                score = theGame.checkScore( i, dice );
                message = "The scoring value for " + scorecardLabels[i].getText() + " is " + score + "." +
                        "\n Do you want to make this score?";
                Alert alert = new Alert( Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION );
                alert.setTitle( "Verify Score" );
                alert.setContentText( message );
                Optional<ButtonType> result = alert.showAndWait();
                if (result.get() == ButtonType.OK)
                    scoreString = theGame.score( i, dice );
                    updateScores();
                    scorecardScores[i].setText( scoreString );
                    availableScores[i] = false;
                    if (theGame.isComplete())
                        gameCompleted();
                    } else
                        prepareNextRound();
                } else
                          // decide not to score, so lock scoring buttons and unlock roll if still rolls
```

```
lockScoringButtons();
                    if (theGame.getRolls() > 0)
                        rollButton.setDisable( false );
                }
           }
        }
    }
}
/**
 * Class that handles ActionEvents for setting a new game or quitting
 */
class GameButtonHandler implements EventHandler<ActionEvent>
     * Method that handles ActionEvents for the new game and quit buttons
     * @param event ActionEvent: Event caused by clicking the new game and guit buttons
     */
    @Override
    public void handle( ActionEvent event )
        String message;
        if (event.getSource() == newGameButton)
                                                   // user chooses new game
            message = "Do you want to restart the game?";
           Alert alert = new Alert( Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION );
            alert.setTitle( "Restart" );
            alert.setContentText( message );
            Optional<ButtonType> result = alert.showAndWait();
            if (result.get() == ButtonType.OK)
                resetGame();
        else if (event.getSource() == quitButton) // user chooses to quit
           message = "Do you want to guit the game?";
            Alert alert = new Alert( Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION );
            alert.setTitle( "Quit?" );
            alert.setContentText( message );
            Optional<ButtonType> result = alert.showAndWait();
            if (result.get() == ButtonType.OK)
            {
                System.exit( 0 );
/**
 * Class that handles ActionEvents by clicking on the information radiobuttons
class RadioHandler implements EventHandler<ActionEvent>
```

```
/**
    * Method that handles the ActionEvents of clicking on the information radiobuttons
    * @param event ActionEvent: event created by clicking on a radiobutton
    */
    @Override
    public void handle( ActionEvent event )
{
        // set information in textarea based on user choice
        if (event.getSource() == radioGamePlay)
        {
            gameInstructions.setText( gameInstruct );
        } else if (event.getSource() == radioScoreExplanation)
        {
            gameInstructions.setText( scoringInstruct );
        } else if (event.getSource() == radioScoreValue)
        {
            gameInstructions.setText( scoringValues );
        }
    }
}
```