

# Day3-Lab-Exercises

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January 27, 2021

## 1 Exercise

Implement the following function

$$h(t) = \exp^{-t} \sin(\pi t).$$

Print out  $h(0)$  and  $h(1)$

## 2 Exercise

Now we extend the function  $h(t)$  in exercise 1 to

$$g(t) = \exp^{-a} \sin(\pi t)$$

where  $a$  is a parameter. Print out  $g(0)$  and  $g(1)$  for  $a = 10$

## 3 Exercise

Make a Python function *normal*( $x, m = 0, s = 1$ ) for computing the Gaussian function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}s} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-m}{s}\right)^2\right].$$

Write out a nicely formatted table of  $x$  and  $f(x)$  values for  $n$  uniformly spaced  $x$  values in  $[m - 5s, m + 5s]$ . Choose  $m$ ,  $s$ , and  $n$  as you like.

## 4 Exercise

Write a function that does the following:

$$n! = n(n-1)(n-2)\cdots 2\cdot 1$$

## 5 Exercise

Write a function that returns the minimum and maximum of a function  $g(x)$  on  $[a, b]$ . Test the function for  $g(x) = \sin x$  and  $x \in [-\pi/2, 2\pi]$

*Hint:* The evaluation points  $x$  can be uniformly distributed:  $x_i = a + ih$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n-1$ ,  $h = (b-a)/n-1$

## 6 Exercise

Write a function *get\_pair(dna, pair)* that counts the number of occurrences of a pair of characters (*pair*) in a DNA string (*dna*). For example, *get\_pair('ACTGCTATCCATT', 'AT')* will return 2.

## 7 Exercise

Write a function that takes a DNA strand and produces its complementary.

**Note:** The mechanism will be explained in class.