Course Title:

Data Science (数据科学)

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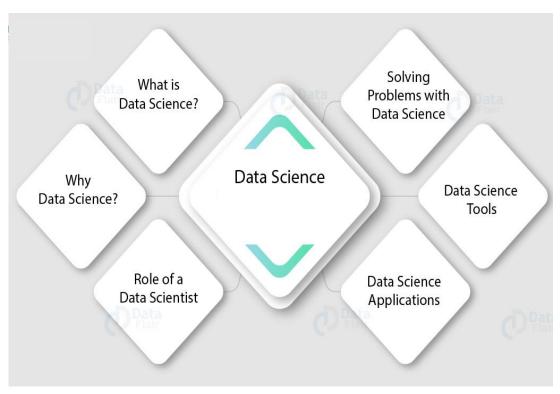
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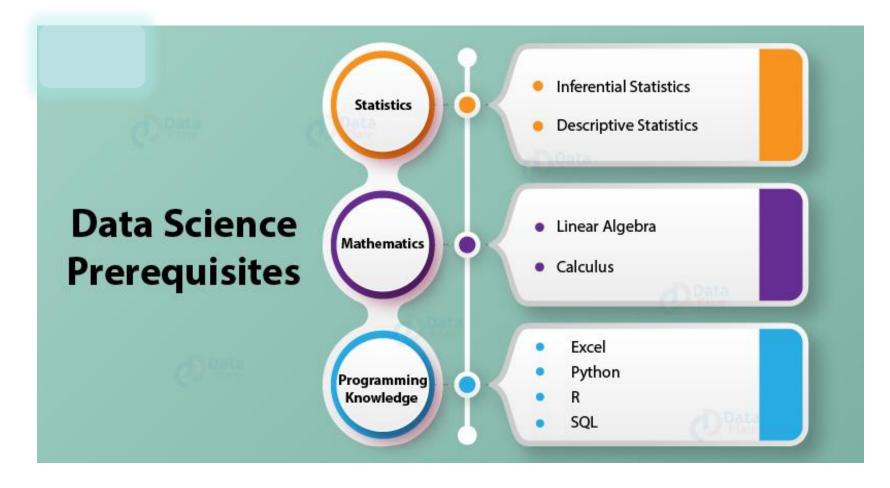
- □ **Objective:** This lecture will introduce:
 - ✓ the concept of Data Science (**DS**),
 - ✓ its importance in modern day life, and
 - ✓ key areas where the concept of **DS** have been successfully deployed to solve challenging real-life problems.
- □ Expectation: At the end of this lecture, students are expected to have an *Overview* of the concept of **DS** and its wide range of relevance in the modern day life.

☐ Outline for today's Lecture

- ✓ What is Data Science
- ✓ Why Data Science
- ✓ Role of Data Scientist
- ✓ Solving Problems with Data
 Science
- ✓ Data Science Tools
- ✓ Data Science Applications

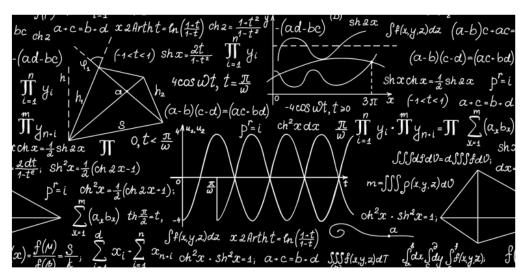


□ Data Science Prerequisites



□ Data Science Prerequisites

Statistics, Mathematics (Linear Algebra & Calculus), & Programming





☐ What is Data Science

What is Data Science?

The future belongs to the companies and people that turn data into products



An O'Reilly Radar Report

"The future belongs to the companies and people that turn data into products"

Data Science (**DS**): is the science which uses computer science, statistics and machine learning, visualization and human-computer interactions to:

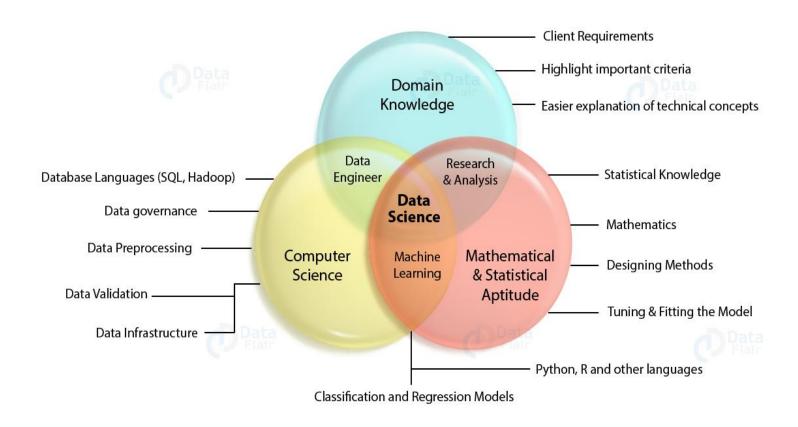
- ✓ collect,
- ✓ clean,
- ✓ integrate,
- ✓ analyze,
- ✓ visualize, and

interact with data to create data products.

DS: The application of data-centric computational, and inferential thinking to understand the world and solve problems.

-Joseph Gonzalez, University of California, Berkeley

"**DS** is about extraction, preparation, analysis, visualization, and maintenance of information. It is a *cross-disciplinary field* which uses scientific methods and processes to draw insights from data."



□ Why Data Science?

Before the advent of DS, we have the traditional programming concept:

- ✓ firstly understand the problem
- ✓ develop an algorithm to solve the problem
- ✓ transform the algorithm into program (C++, Python, Java)
- ✓ run the program using <u>structured inputs</u> to obtain an output

☐ Why Data Science?

- ✓ About 80% of the data gathered by any company is likely to be <u>unstructured</u>, and analyzing such <u>unstructured</u> data is not as simple as analyzing <u>structured</u> data.
- ✓ In other words, with the emergence of new *technologies*, there has been an exponential increase in volume of data.
- ✓ This has created an opportunity to <u>analyze</u> and <u>derive</u> meaningful insights from data.

☐ Why Data Science?

✓ Therefore, we need DS to extract meaningful information from such data.

✓ Handling such data requires special expertise of a '*Data Scientist*' who can use various statistical & machine learning tools to understand and analyze data.

☐ Goals of Data Science

The main goals of DS include:

- ✓ to gain insight into some problem in the real world
- ✓ finding hidden patterns from <u>raw/unstructured data</u>
- ✓ turning <u>raw data/unstructured data</u> into data products

☐ Roles of Data Scientists

Data Scientists' have unique Roles compared to other professionals:

Data Scientists

- Optimize data processing
- Define metrics
- Establish collection methods
- Work with enterprise systems

Data Engineers

- Optimize data flow
- Mainly, from input to output

☐ Roles of Data Scientists

<u>Data Scientists</u>' have unique Roles compared to other professionals:

Data Scientists

- Data collection
- Data cleaning
- Create machine learning models
- Implement algorithms

Statisticians

- Surveys
- Polls
- Experiments
- Improve upon simple model

☐ Roles of Data Scientists

<u>Data Scientists</u>' have unique Roles compared to other professionals:

Data Scientists

Automate reports

Business Analysts

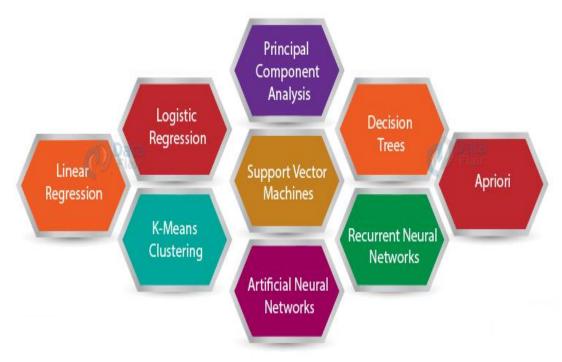
- Database design
- ROI assessment
- Finance planning
- Optimization
- Risk management

"Data sets in the right hands can help predict and shape the future"

☐ Top Data Science Algorithms

Here is the list of **top Data Science Algorithms** that you must know to become a data scientist.

- ✓ Linear Regression
- ✓ Logistic Regression
- ✓ K-Means Clustering
- ✓ Principal Component Analysis
- ✓ Support Vector Machines
- ✓ Artificial Neural Networks
- ✓ Decision Trees
- ✓ Recurrent Neural Networks
- ✓ Apriori Algorithm

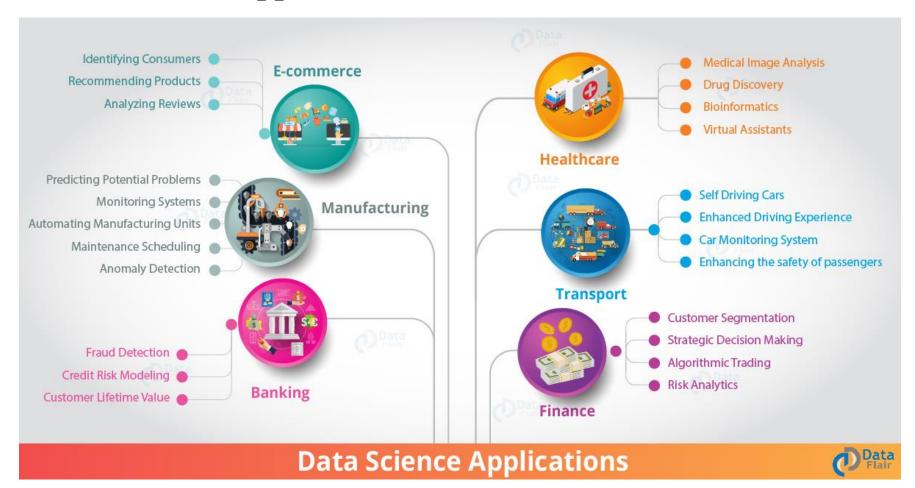


□ Data Science Applications

The following are some typical areas where Data Science have been successfully applied:

- ✓ E-Commerce
- ✓ Manufacturing
- ✓ Healthcare
- ✓ Banking
- ✓ Transportation
- ✓ Finance
- ✓ Agriculture

□ Data Science Applications



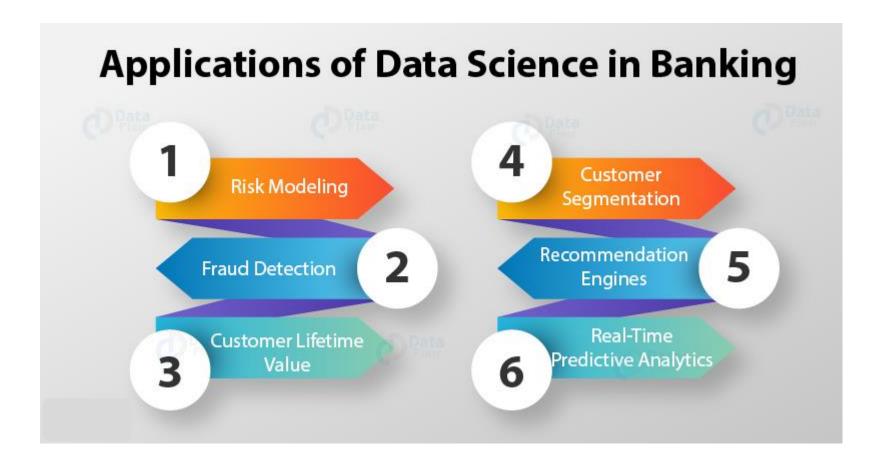
□ Data Science Applications (Agriculture)

Applications Data Science in Agriculture Include:

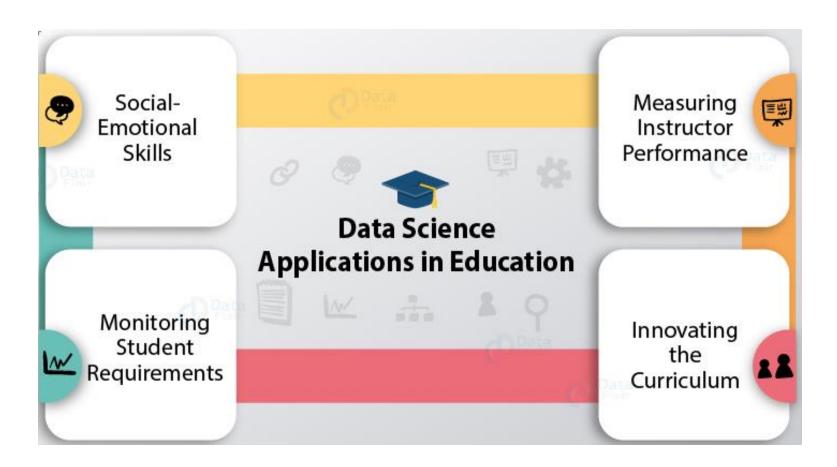
- ✓ Digital Soil & Crop Mapping
- ✓ Weather Prediction
- ✓ Fertilizer Recommendation
- ✓ Disease Detection
- ✓ Disease Management
- ✓ Adaptation to Climate Change
- ✓ Automated Irrigation System



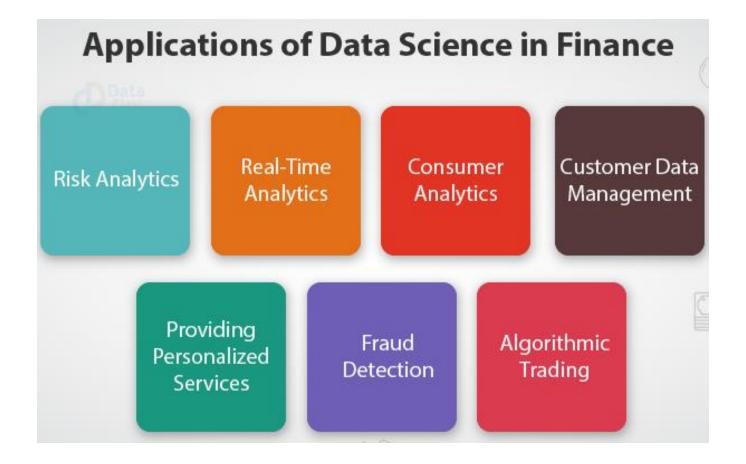
□ Data Science Applications (Banking)



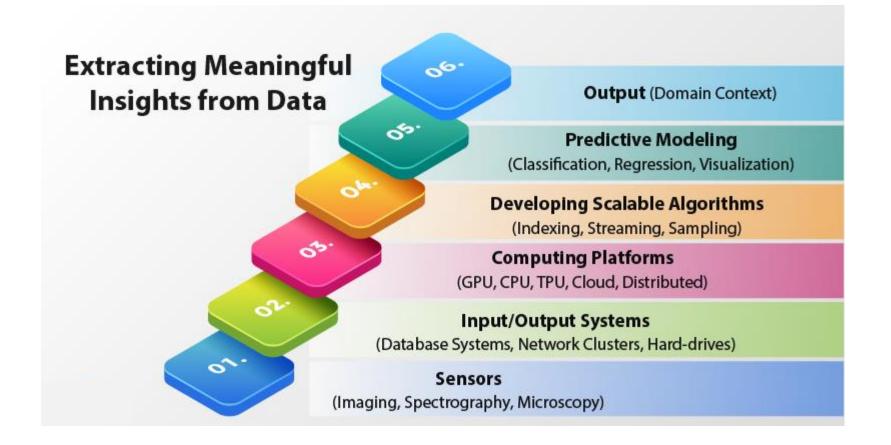
□ Data Science Applications (Education)



□ Data Science Applications (Finance)



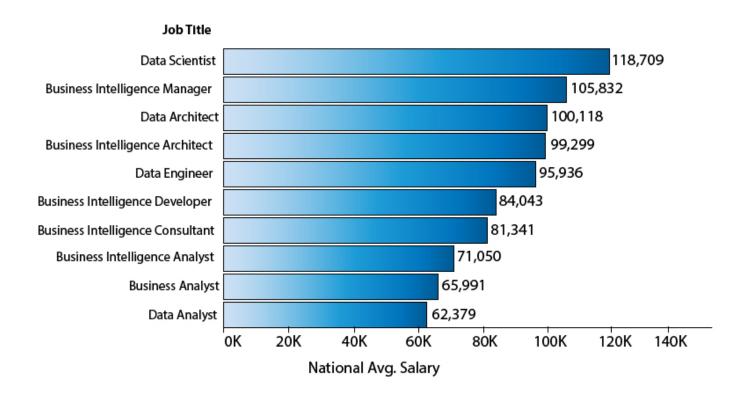
□ Data Science Applications (Healthcare)



☐ Prospects of DS as a discipline:

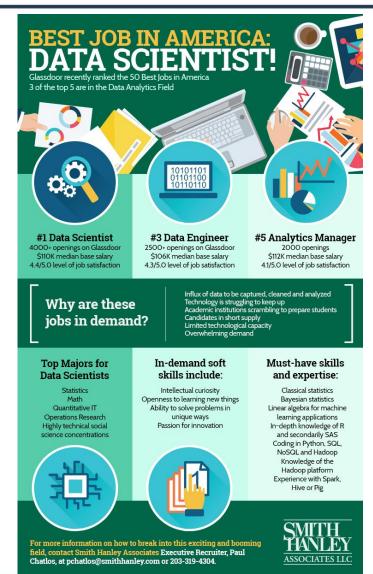


☐ Prospects of DS as a discipline:

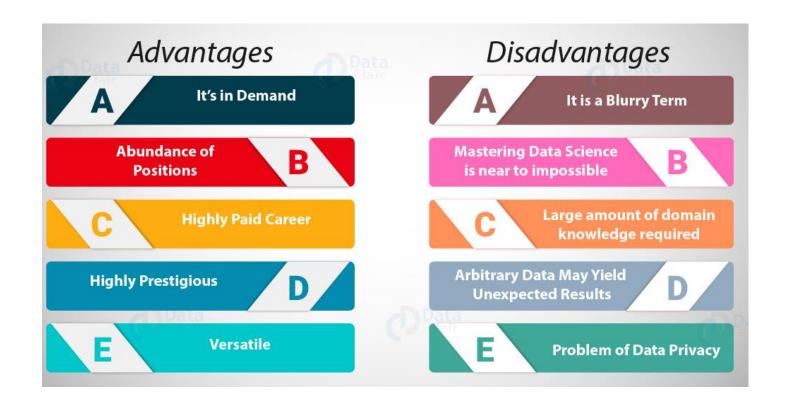




☐ Prospects of DS as a discipline:



☐ Advantages and Disadvantages of Data Science



☐ Summary for today's lecture

- ✓ We have learned about Data Science concept, its
 importance, core algorithms used by Data Scientists,
- ✓ Different applications areas of Data Science was covered as well as opportunities that are open to Data Scientists.
- ✓ The advantages and disadvantages of choosing Data Science as career were highlighted.

Questions and Comments!

Thank You



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