

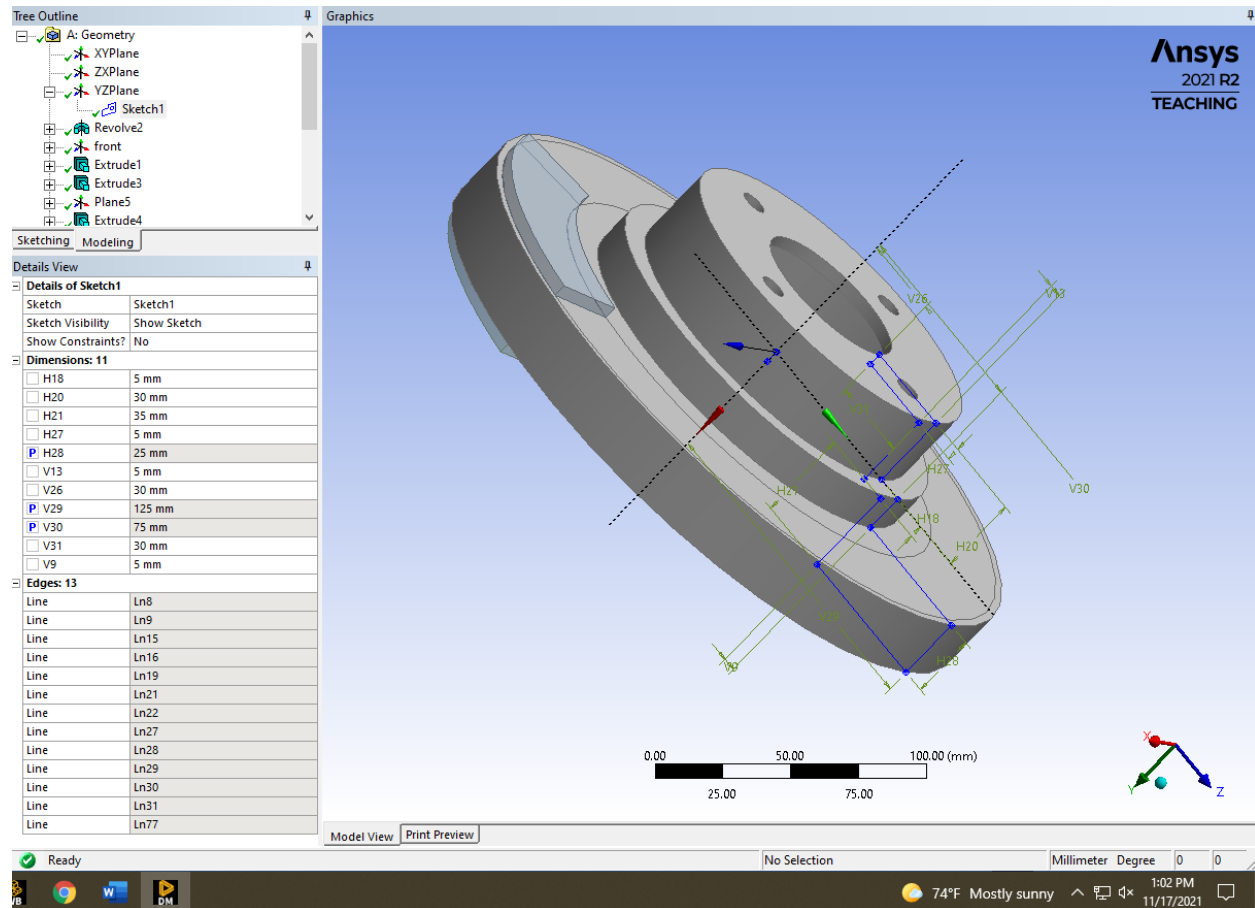
Aishwarya Ledalla
MAE 598: Design Optimization
Dr. Max Yi Ren

Project 2:
ANSYS DOE and Design Optimization
11/17/2021

Objectives:

- Design a brake disc for emergency braking conditions with minimal volume
- Minimize the maximum stress in the brake disc
- Maximize the first natural frequency of the brake disc
- Minimize the maximum temperature in the brake disc

Define Input Parameters:

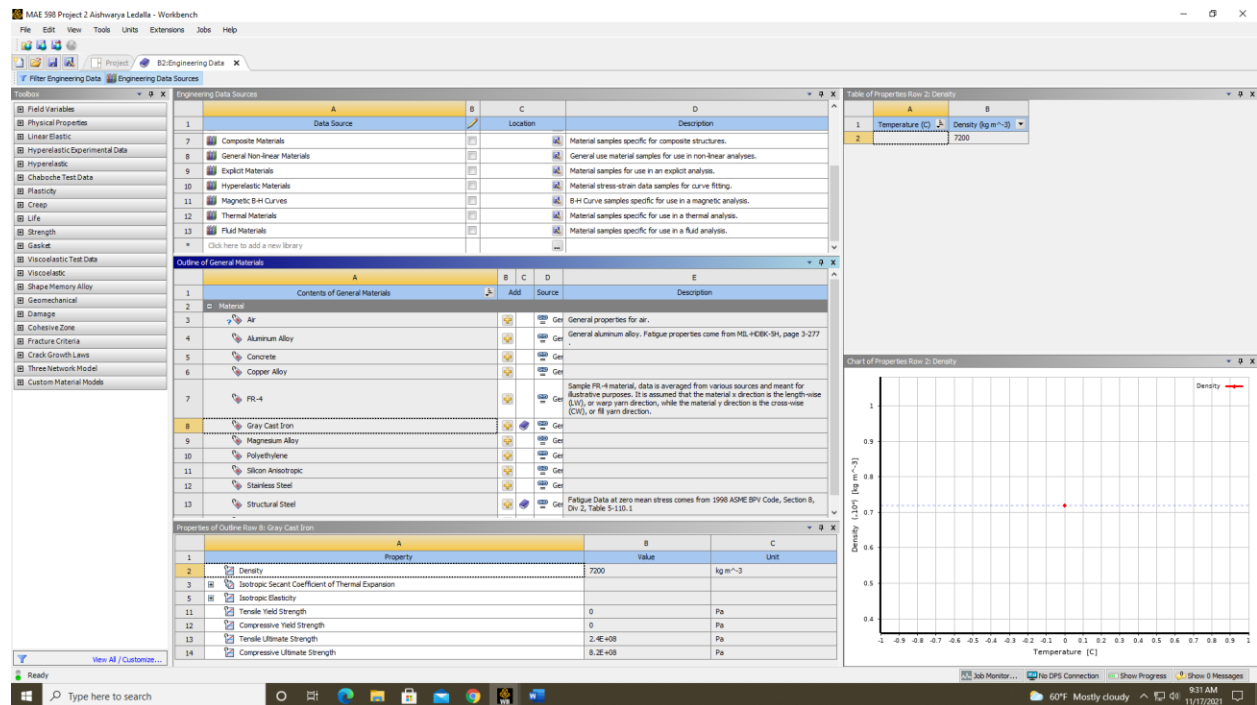


| Outline of All Parameters | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|------|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | ID | Parameter Name | Value | Unit |
| 2 | Input Parameters | | | |
| 3 | Geometry (A1) | | | |
| 4 | P8 | rotor_thickness | 25 | mm |
| 5 | P9 | rotor_OD | 125 | mm |
| 6 | P10 | rotor_ID | 75 | mm |
| * | New input parameter | New name | New expression | |
| 8 | Output Parameters | | | |
| 9 | Static Structural (B1) | | | |
| 10 | P4 | Equivalent Stress Maximum | 1.5219E+07 | Pa |
| 11 | P14 | Solid Volume | 0.00099667 | m^3 |
| 12 | Modal (C1) | | | |
| 13 | P6 | Total Deformation Reported Frequency | 2081.2 | Hz |
| 14 | Transient Thermal (D1) | | | |
| 15 | P7 | Temperature Maximum | 311.51 | C |
| * | New output parameter | | New expression | |
| 17 | Charts | | | |

Static Structural Setup:

Given:

The brake disc has to sustain the pressure from the hydraulically actuated brake pads during sudden braking conditions. Stresses are induced due to friction between the brake pads and the disc. The disc also experiences centrifugal body forces due to its rotation. Resultant stresses generated due these forces can lead to material failure. Therefore, it is of prime importance to make sure that the stresses in the disc are minimized.



| Details of "Patch Conforming Method" - ▼ 🔍 🗖 ✕ | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Scope | |
| Scoping Method | Geometry Selection |
| Geometry | 3 Bodies |
| Definition | |
| Suppressed | No |
| Method | Tetrahedrons |
| Algorithm | Patch Conforming |
| Element Order | Use Global Setting ▼ |

| Details of "Face Sizing" - Sizing 🔍 🗖 ✕ | |
|--|--------------------|
| Scope | |
| Scoping Method | Geometry Selection |
| Geometry | 2 Faces |
| Definition | |
| Suppressed | No |
| Type | Element Size |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Element Size | 3.e-003 m |
| Advanced | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Defeature Size | Default |
| Influence Volume | No |
| Behavior | Soft |

Outline

Name Search Outline

- Project*
 - Model (B4)
 - Geometry
 - Solid
 - Part
 - Solid
 - Solid
 - Materials
 - Gray Cast Iron
 - Structural Steel
 - Structural Steel Assignment
 - Gray Cast Iron Assignment
 - Coordinate Systems
 - Connections
 - Mesh
 - Patch Conforming Method
 - Face Sizing
 - Static Structural (B5)
 - Analysis Settings
 - Solution (B6)
 - Solution Information

Details of "Structural Steel Assignment"

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| General | |
| Scoping Method | Geometry Selection |
| Geometry | 2 Bodies |
| Definition | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Material Name | Structural Steel |
| Nonlinear Effects | Yes |
| Thermal Strain Effects | Yes |
| Reference Temperature | By Environment |
| Suppressed | No |
| Common Material Properties | |
| Density | 7850 kg/m ³ |
| Young's Modulus | 2e+11 Pa |
| Thermal Conductivity | 60.5 W/m·°C |
| Specific Heat | 434 J/kg·°C |
| Tensile Yield Strength | 2.5e+08 Pa |
| Tensile Ultimate Strength | 4.6e+08 Pa |
| Nonlinear Behavior | False |
| Full Details | Click To View Full Details |

Outline

Name Search Outline

Project*

- Model (B4)**
 - Geometry
 - Solid
 - Part
 - Solid
 - Solid
 - Materials
 - Gray Cast Iron
 - Structural Steel
 - Structural Steel Assignment
 - Gray Cast Iron Assignment
 - Coordinate Systems
 - Connections
 - Mesh
 - Patch Conforming Method
 - Face Sizing
 - Static Structural (B5)**
 - Analysis Settings
 - Solution (B6)**
 - Solution Information

Details of "Gray Cast Iron Assignment"

General

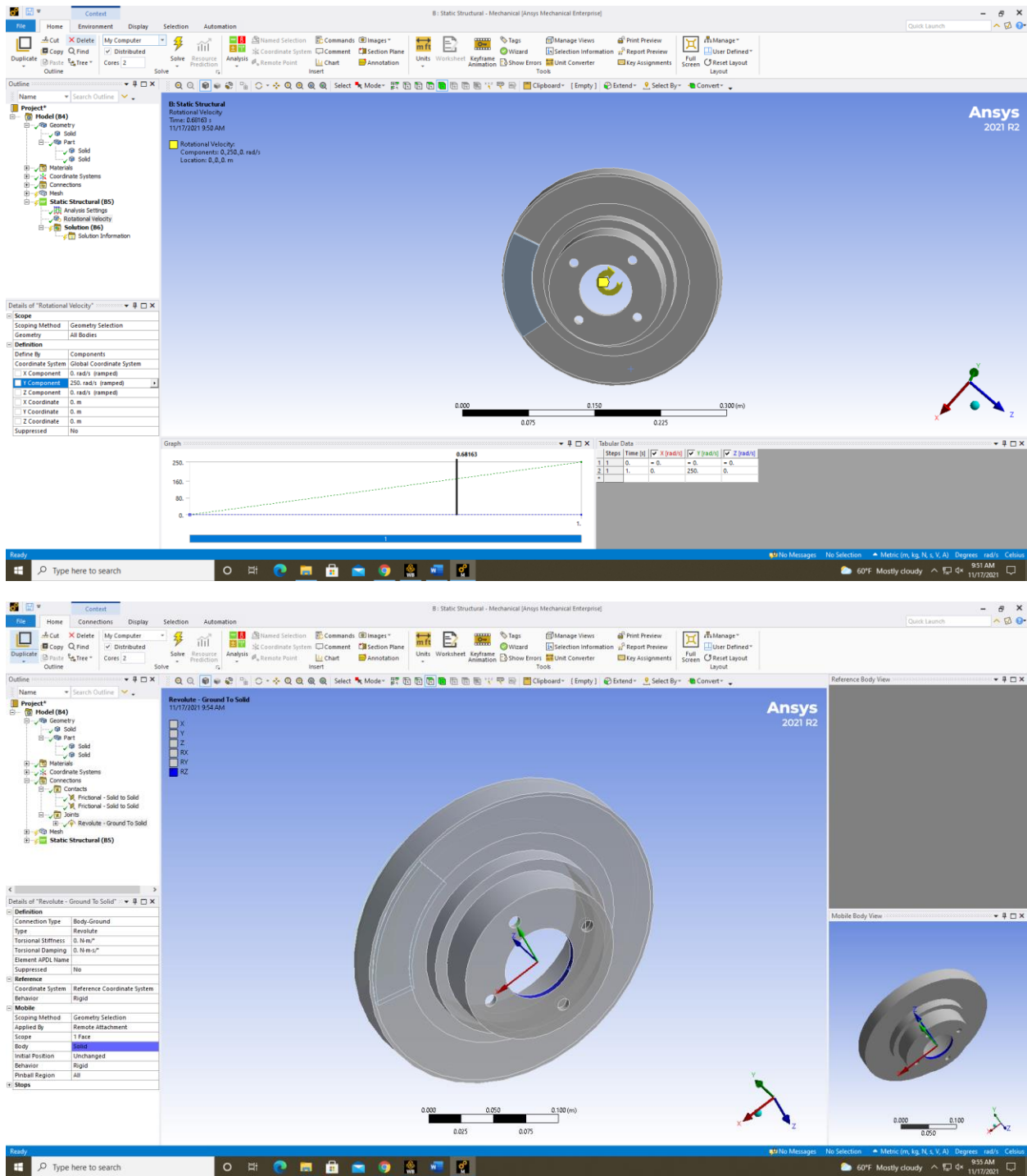
| | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Scoping Method | Geometry Selection |
| Geometry | 1 Body |

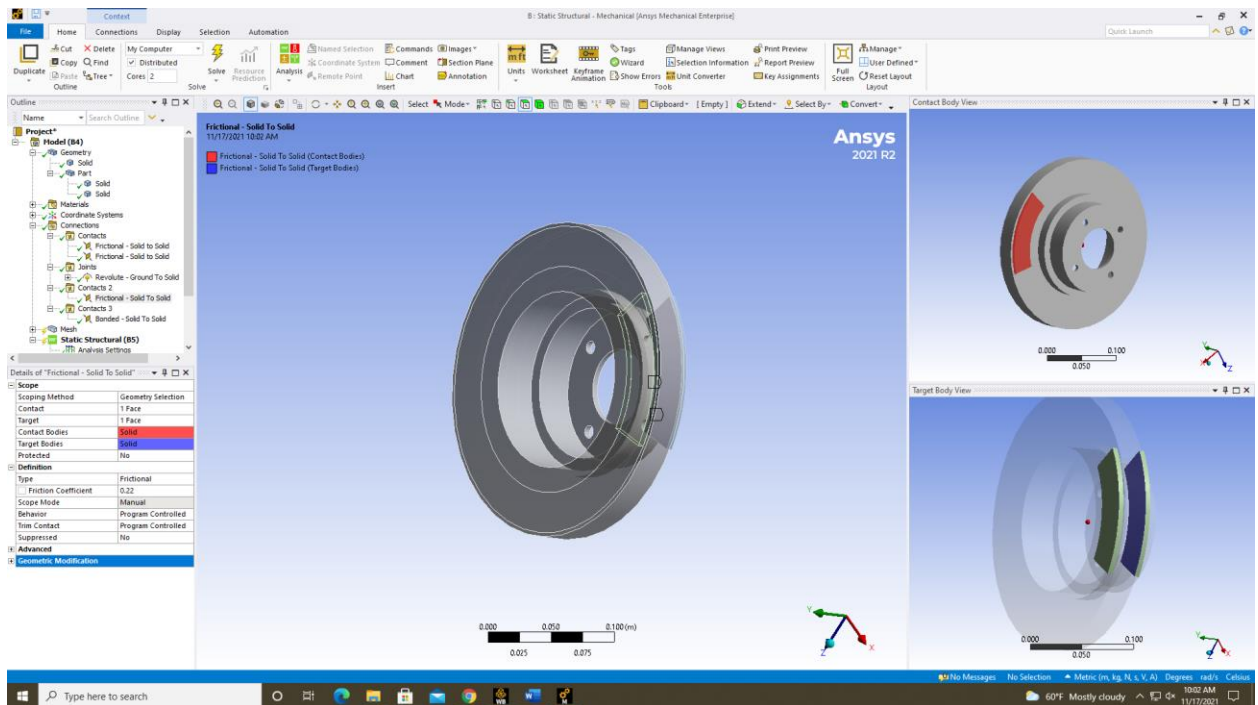
Definition

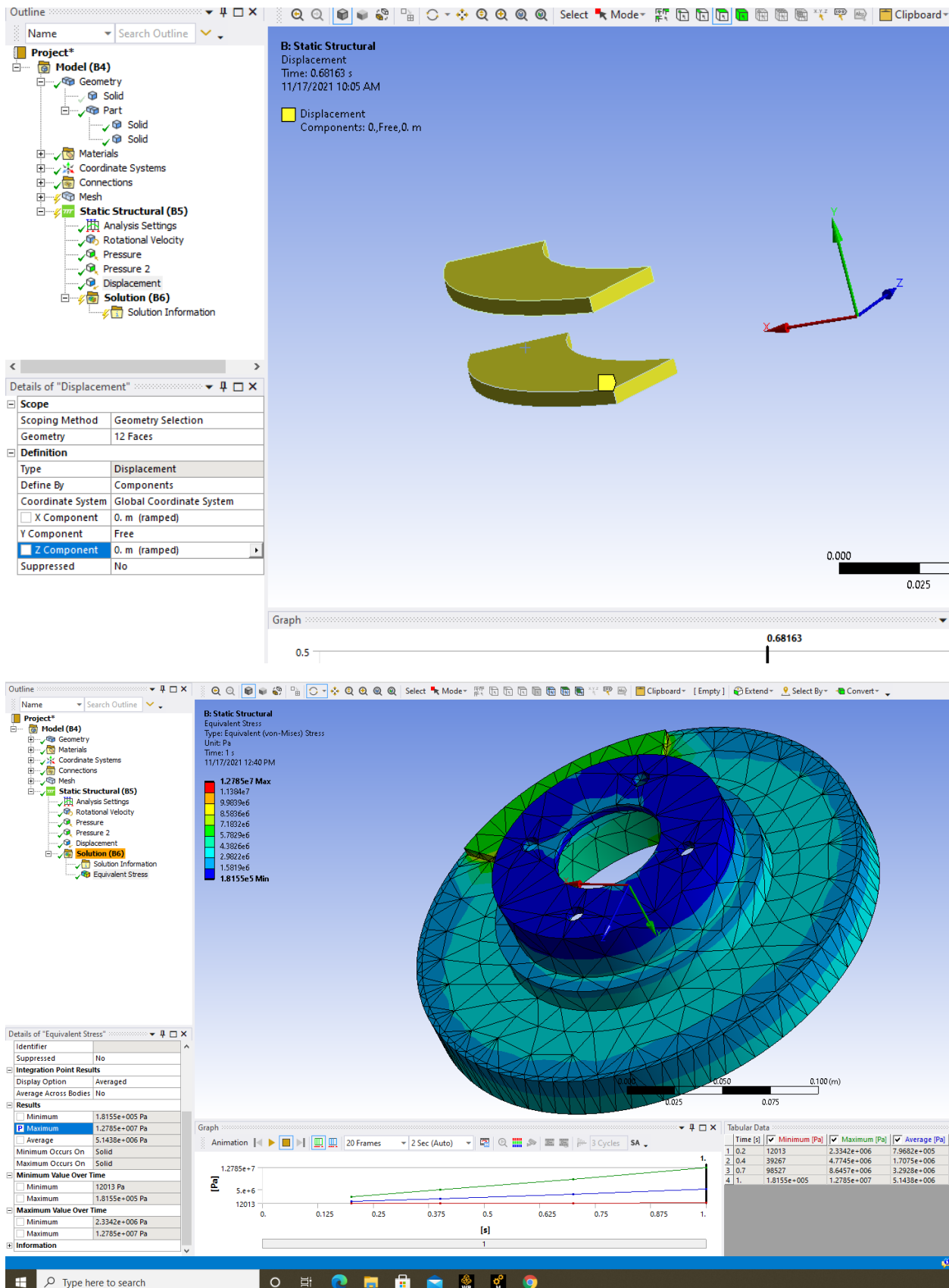
| | |
|--|----------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Material Name | Gray Cast Iron |
| Nonlinear Effects | Yes |
| Thermal Strain Effects | Yes |
| Reference Temperature | By Environment |
| Suppressed | No |

Common Material Properties

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Density | 7200 kg/m ³ |
| Young's Modulus | 1.1e+11 Pa |
| Thermal Conductivity | 52 W/m·°C |
| Specific Heat | 447 J/kg·°C |
| Tensile Yield Strength | 0 Pa |
| Tensile Ultimate Strength | 2.4e+08 Pa |
| Nonlinear Behavior | False |
| Full Details | Click To View Full Details |



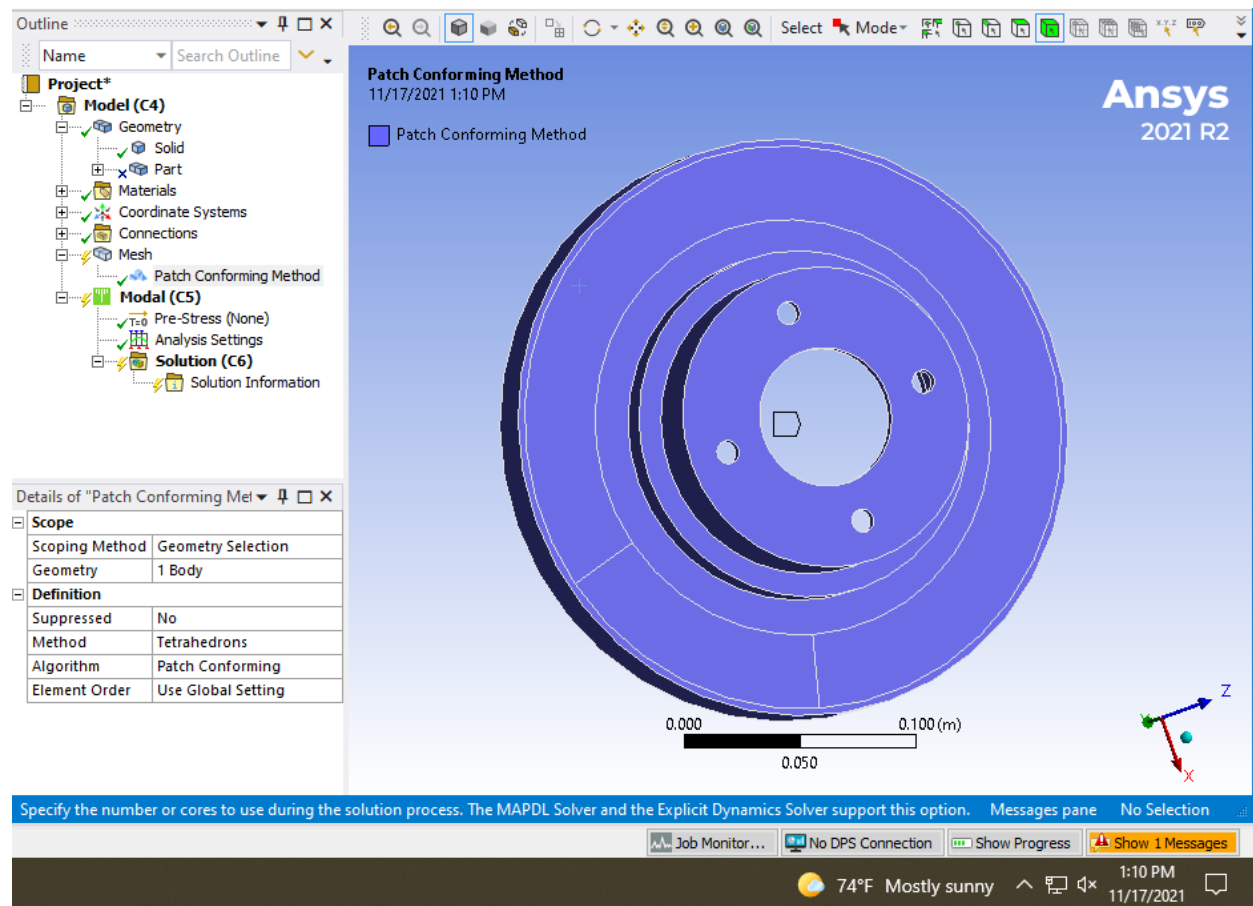




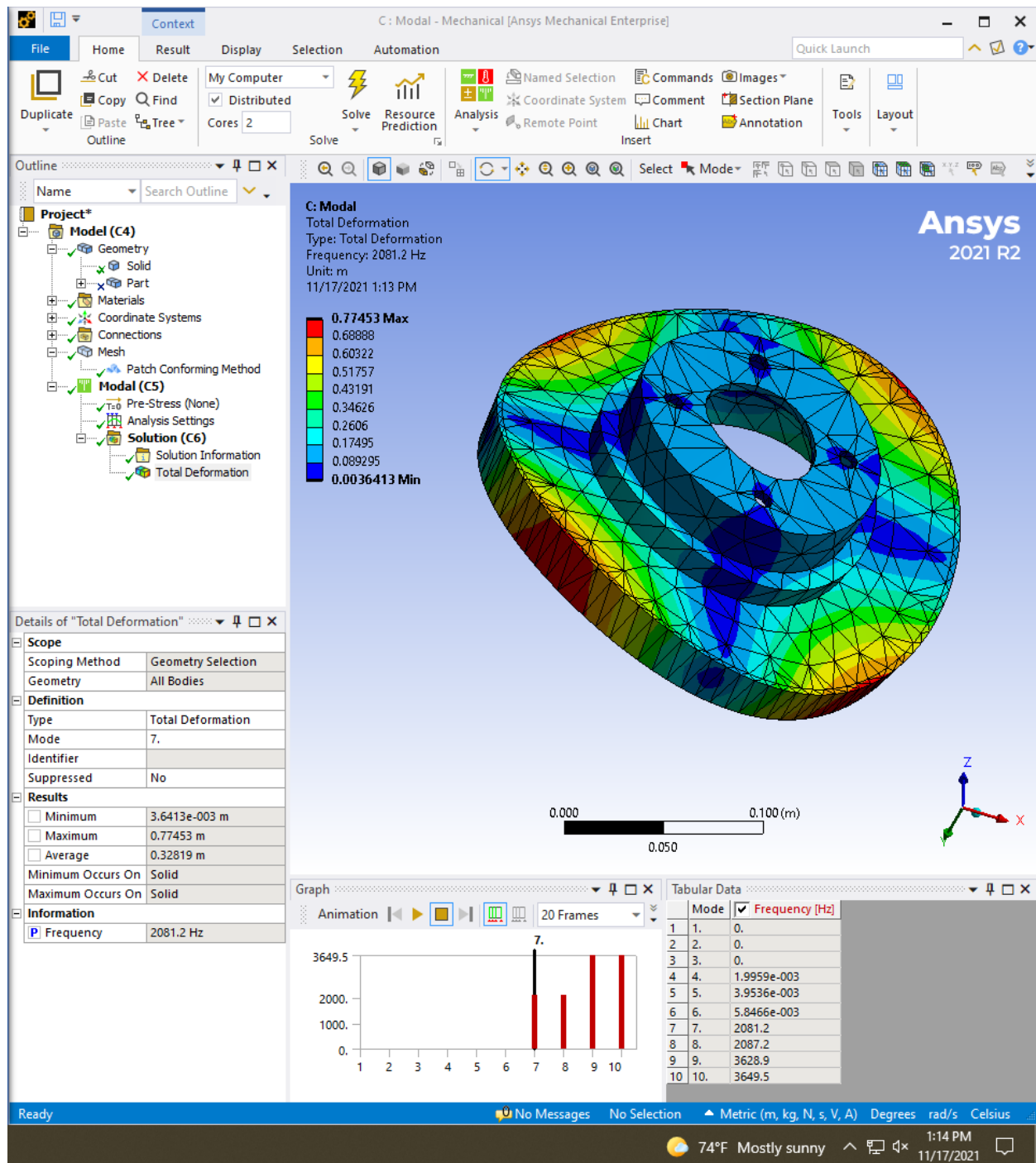
Modal Setup:

Given:

Free modal analysis is performed to ensure that the disc's first natural frequency is higher than the engine firing frequency. This guarantees that the disc does not experience failure due to resonance.



| Details of "Analysis Settings" | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Options | |
| Max Modes to Find | 10 |
| Limit Search to Range | No |
| Solver Controls | |
| Damped | No |
| Solver Type | Program Controlled |
| Rotordynamics Controls | |
| Advanced | |
| Output Controls | |
| Analysis Data Management | |

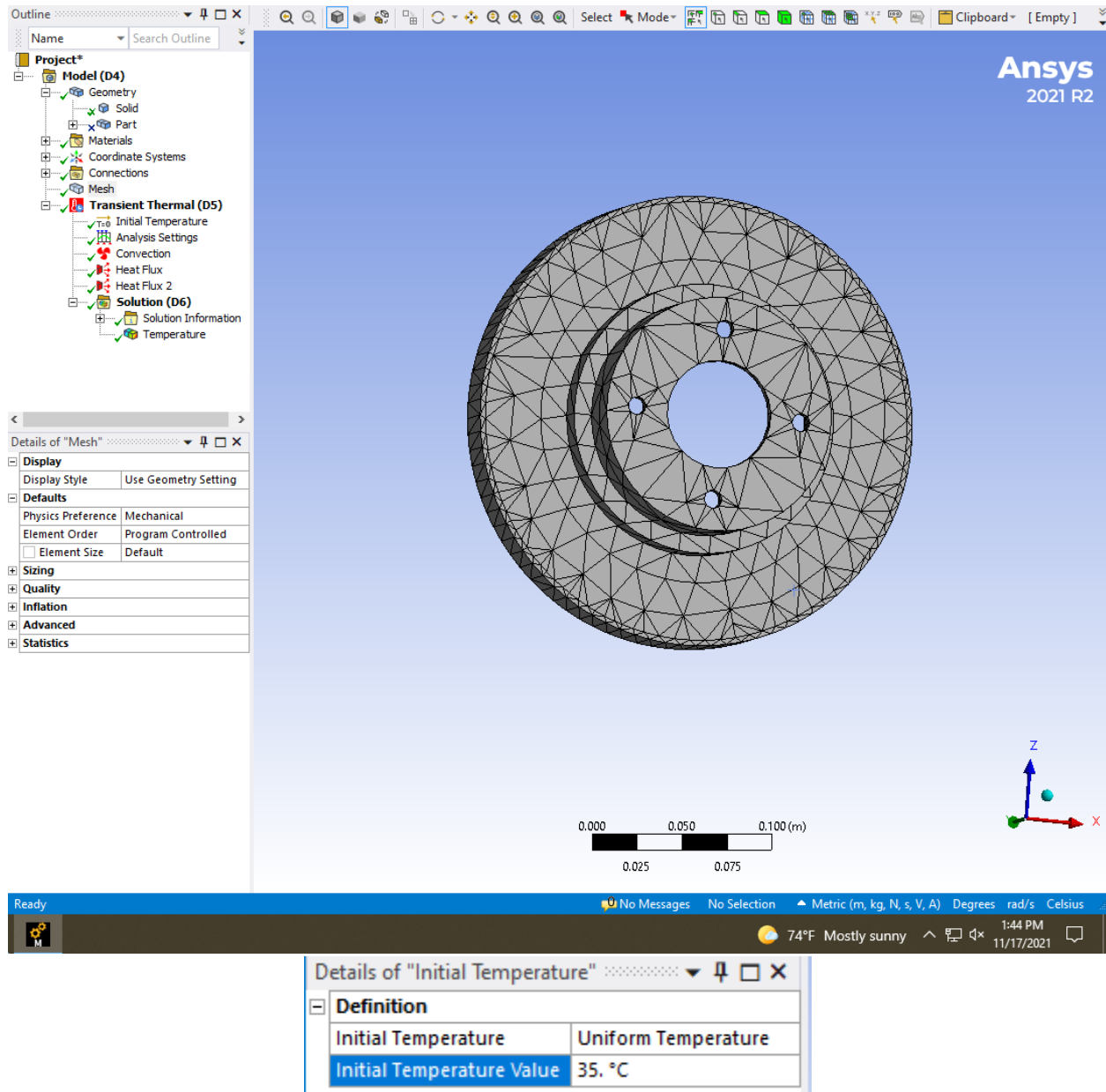


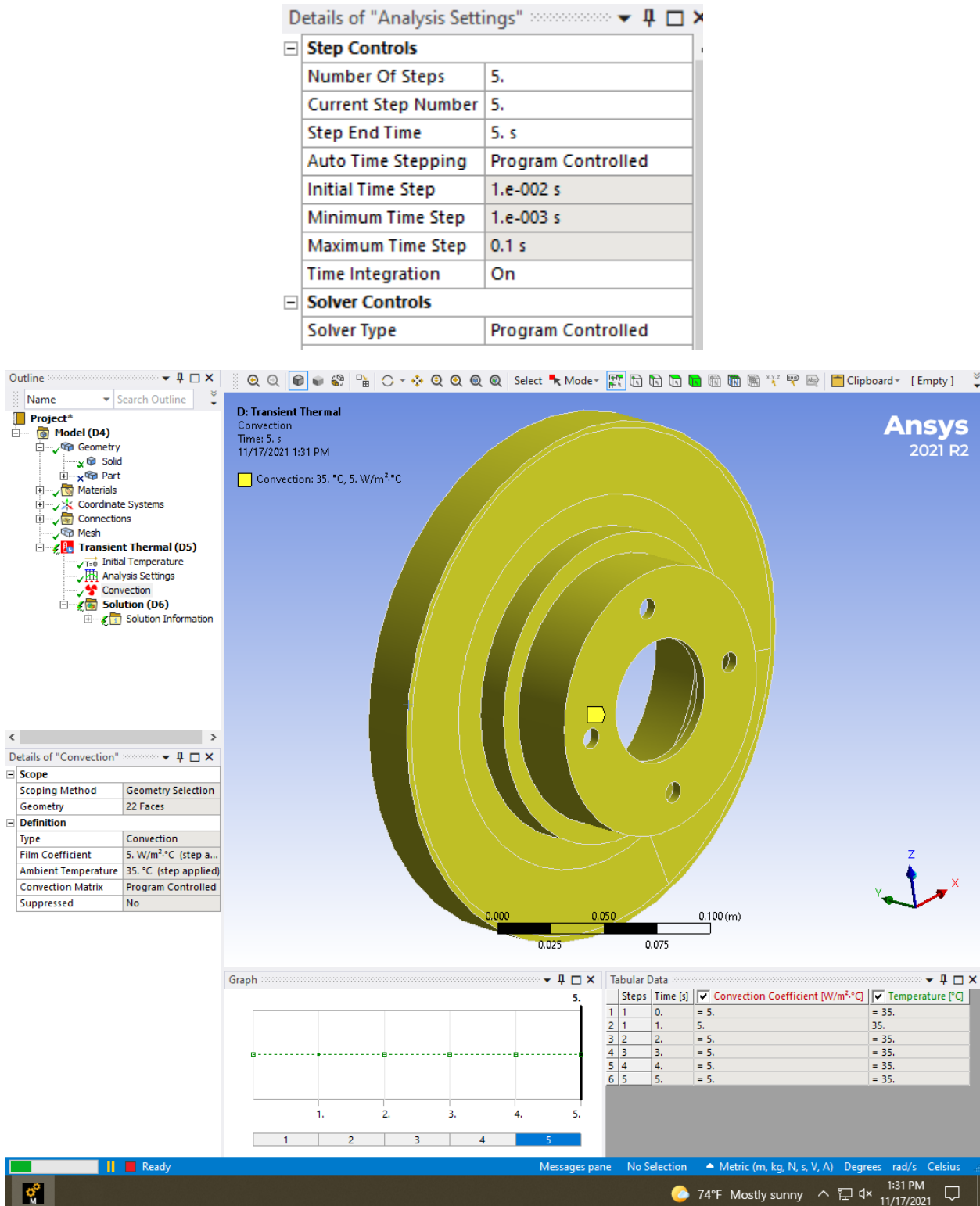
Transient Thermal Setup:

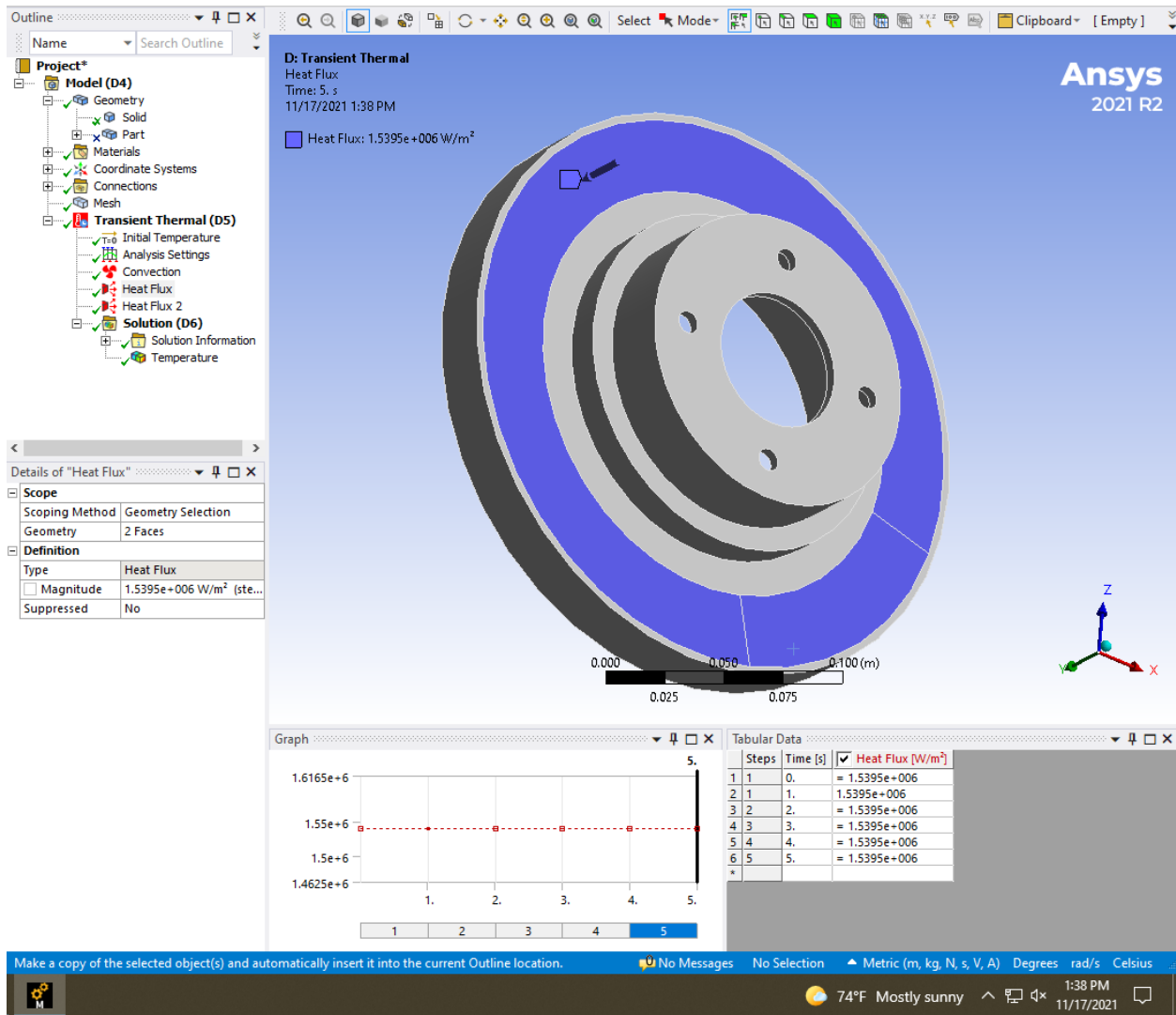
Given:

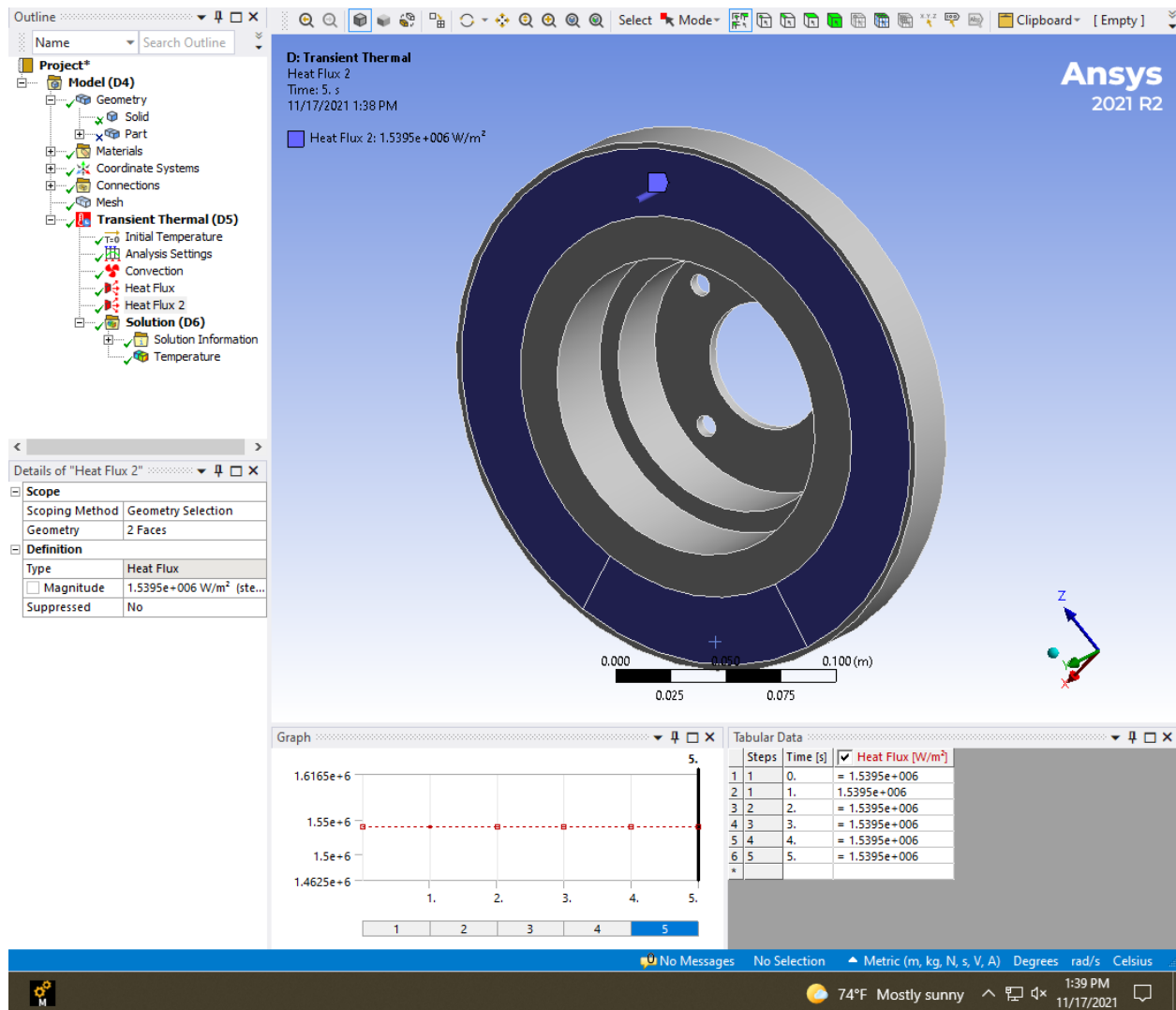
Braking in a vehicle takes place due to friction between the brake pads and the rotor disc. This leads to heat flux generation in the disc which consequently results in increase in its temperature and thermal stresses. Emergency braking conditions induce high temperatures that damage the

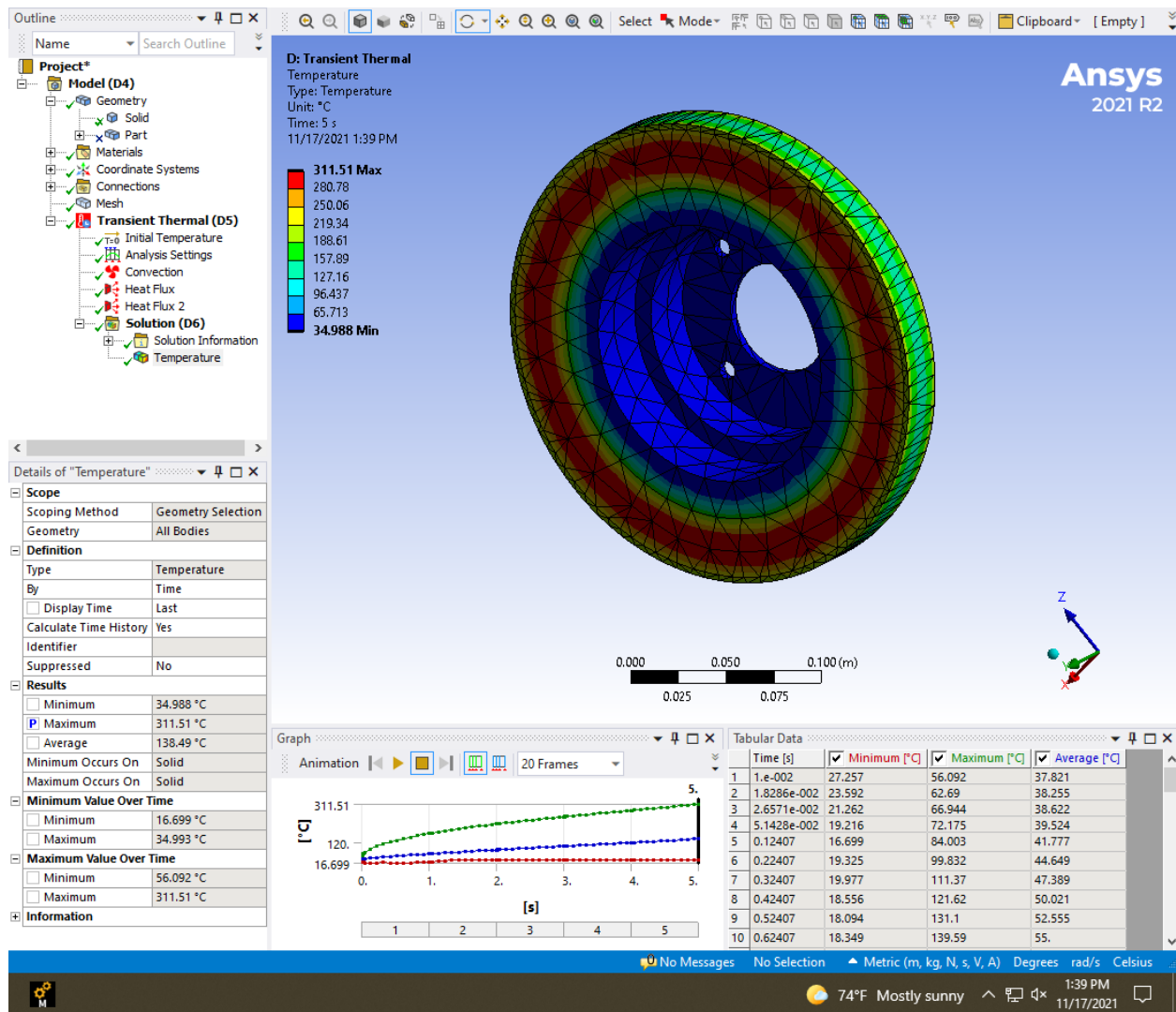
contact surfaces. It is therefore essential to minimize the temperature to prevent disc wear and tear.

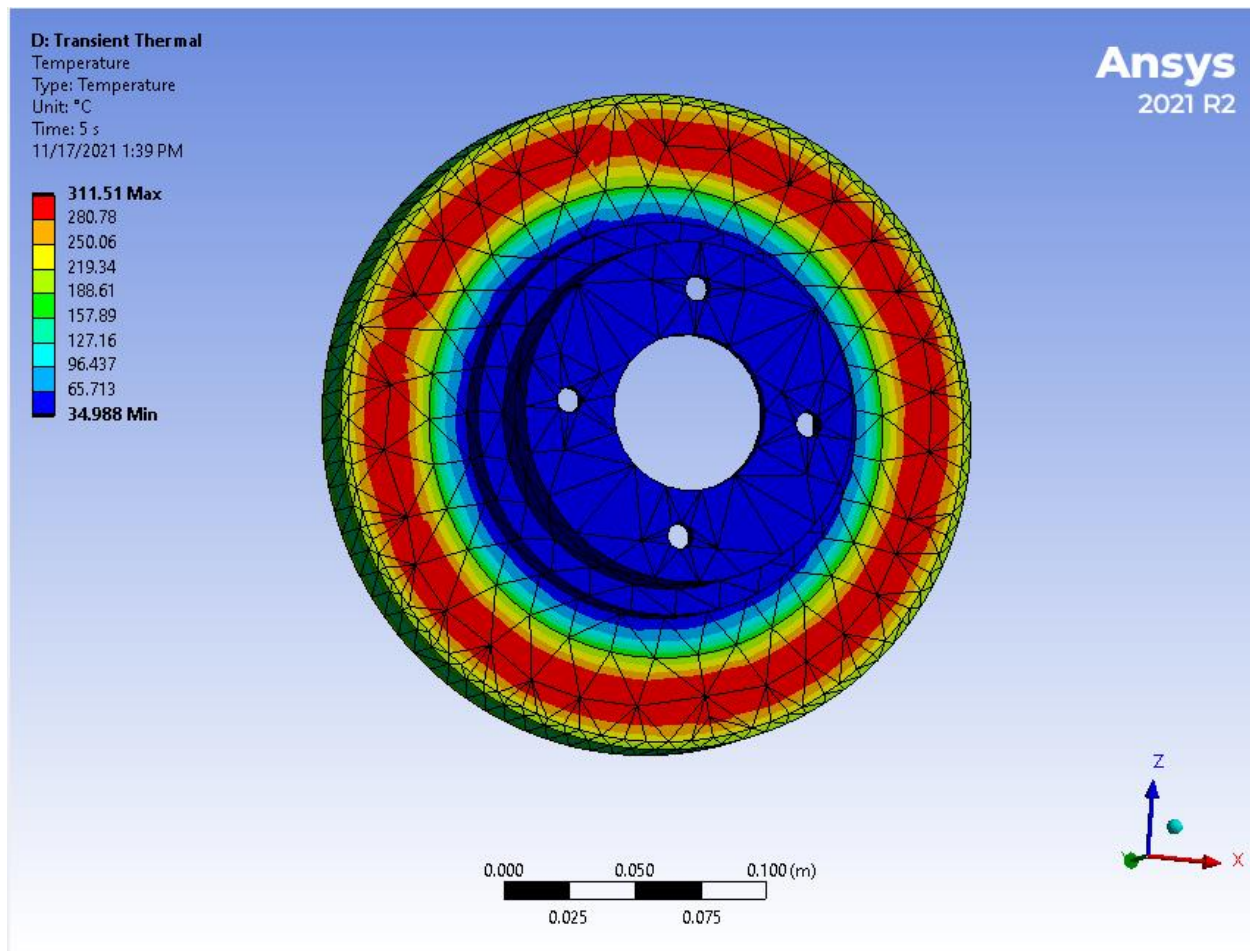












Design of Experiments:

- I only evaluated designs which were reasonable and within limitation. For example, I eliminated all experiments which Ansys could not evaluate due to geometrical conflicts, i.e., the design where the disk had a smaller outer radius than the outer radius of the brake pads.
- I first chose the Sparse Grid method because I thought it would be best for Ansys to adaptively sample points as it runs the experiment. But I could not perform a sensitivity analysis, so I switched to the Latin Hypercube Sampling Design (LHSD).
- You can find my DOE using Sparse Grid in Appendix A.
- The upper and lower bounds of input parameters:

| Table of Schematic G4: Optimization | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | Input Parameters | | | |
| 2 | Name | Lower Bound | Upper Bound | |
| 3 | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | 22.5 | 27.5 | |
| 4 | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | 112.5 | 137.5 | |
| 5 | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | 67.5 | 82.5 | |
| 6 | Parameter Relationships | | | |
| 7 | Name | Left Expression | Operator | Right Expression |
| * | New Parameter Relationship | New Expression | <= | New Expression |

Outline of Schematic G2: Design of Experiments

1

A

B

Enabled

2

Design of Experiments

3

Input Parameters

4

Geometry (A1)

5

P8 - rotor_thickness

6

P9 - rotor_OD

7

P10 - rotor_ID

8

Output Parameters

9

Static Structural (B1)

10

P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum

11

P14 - Solid Volume

12

Modal (C1)

13

P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency

14

Transient Thermal (D1)

Properties of Outline : Design of Experiments

1

A

B

Property

Value

2

Design Points

3

Preserve Design Points After DX Run

4

Failed Design Points Management

5

Number of Retries

0

6

Design of Experiments

7

Design of Experiments Type

Latin Hypercube Sampling Design

8

Samples Type

CCD Samples

9

Random Generator Seed

0

10

Design Point Report

11

Report Image

None

Table of Outline A2: Design Points of Design of Experiments

1

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

H

1

Name

P8 - rotor_thickness (mm)

P9 - rotor_OD (mm)

P10 - rotor_ID (mm)

P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa)

P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz)

P7 - Temperature Maximum (C)

P14 - Solid Volume (m^3)

2

1

DP 1

25.333

131.67

76

1.1185E+07

1923.5

312.76

0.0011348

3

2

DP 2

26.333

125

77

1.7134E+07

2056.3

309.03

0.0010204

4

3

DP 3

22.667

126.67

70

1.1685E+07

2067.4

317.65

0.00098798

5

4

DP 17

26

113.33

81

6

5

DP 13

23

116.67

71

7

6

DP 18

27.333

115

69

8

7

DP 4

25.667

135

80

1.139E+07

1808.4

309.16

0.0011824

9

8

DP 5

27

130

79

1.1464E+07

1939.9

308.98

0.0011295

10

9

DP 14

24

118.33

75

11

10

DP 6

23.667

128.33

82

1.1659E+07

1838.6

316.03

0.00096082

12

11

DP 16

24.667

121.67

73

13

12

DP 7

23.333

133.33

72

1.0849E+07

1887.4

316.59

0.0011242

14

13

DP 8

25

123.33

74

1.7312E+07

2138.4

312.04

0.00097243

15

14

DP 9

26.667

136.67

68

1.1992E+07

1883.7

306.6

0.0013652

16

15

DP 15

24.333

120

78

Chart: No data

- I initially had 15 points experimental data but I removed the ones Ansys could not evaluate using the custom sampling DOE type:

| Table of Outline A2: Design Points of Design of Experiments | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| 1 | Name ▼ | P8 - rotor_... (mm) ▼ | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) ▼ | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) ▼ | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) ▼ | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) ▼ | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) ▼ |
| 2 | DP 1 | 25.333 | 131.67 | 76 | 1.1185E+07 | 1923.5 | 312.76 |
| 3 | DP 2 | 26.333 | 125 | 77 | 1.7134E+07 | 2056.3 | 309.03 |
| 4 | DP 3 | 22.667 | 126.67 | 70 | 1.1685E+07 | 2067.4 | 317.65 |
| 5 | DP 4 | 25.667 | 135 | 80 | 1.139E+07 | 1808.4 | 309.16 |
| 6 | DP 5 | 27 | 130 | 79 | 1.1464E+07 | 1939.9 | 308.98 |
| 7 | DP 6 | 23.667 | 128.33 | 82 | 1.1659E+07 | 1838.6 | 316.03 |
| 8 | DP 7 | 23.333 | 133.33 | 72 | 1.0849E+07 | 1887.4 | 316.59 |
| 9 | DP 8 | 25 | 123.33 | 74 | 1.7312E+07 | 2138.4 | 312.04 |
| 10 | DP 9 | 26.667 | 136.67 | 68 | 1.1992E+07 | 1883.7 | 306.6 |

Response Surface

- I used Non-parametric Regression as my response surface since my data was highly nonlinear and limited. I also did not trust my data and thought it would be better to not fit right through my DOE data. I chose Kriging as my response surface for the Sparse Grid DOE since I trusted my DOE data.
- You can find my response surface through Kriging in Appendix A.
- I used 1/3 of my experimental data for verification since more points is always good for learning.

Properties of Outline A2: Response Surface

| | A | B |
|----|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | [-] Design Points | |
| 3 | Preserve Design Points After DX Run | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | [-] Failed Design Points Management | |
| 5 | Number of Retries | 0 |
| 6 | [-] Meta Model | |
| 7 | Response Surface Type | Non-Parametric Regression |
| 8 | [-] Refinement | |
| 9 | Refinement Type | Manual |
| 10 | [-] Verification Points | |
| 11 | Generate Verification Points | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 12 | Number of Verification Points | 3 |
| 13 | [-] Design Point Report | |
| 14 | Report Image | None |

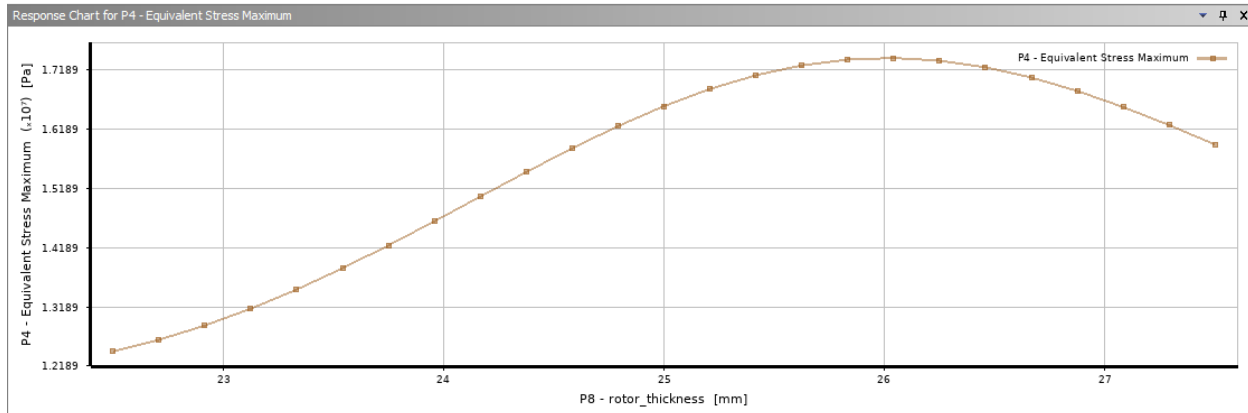
Table of Outline A25: Response Points

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Name | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) | P14 - Solid Volume (m^3) |
| 2 | Response Point | 25 | 125 | 75 | 1.6577E+07 | 2112.8 | 312.65 | 0.00097294 |
| * | New Response Point | | | | | | | |

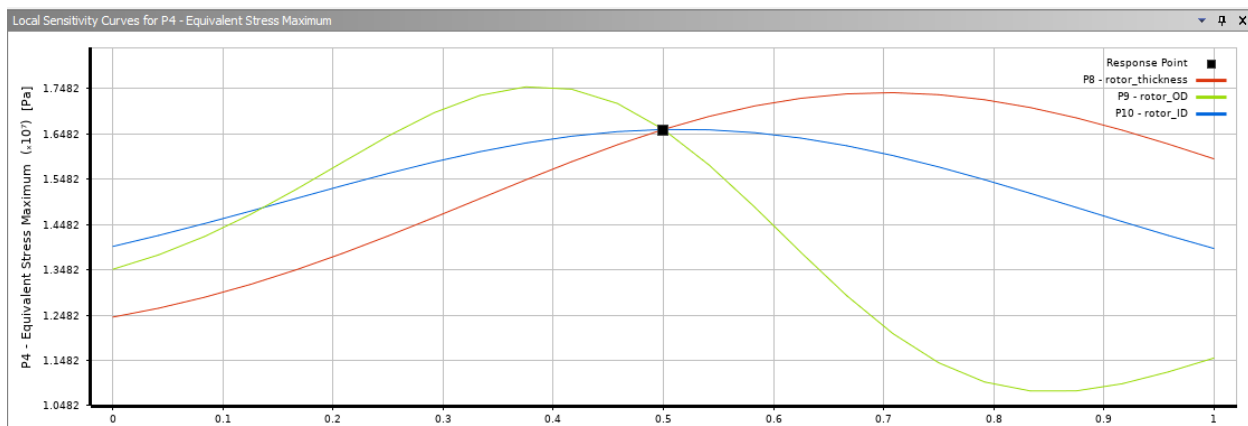
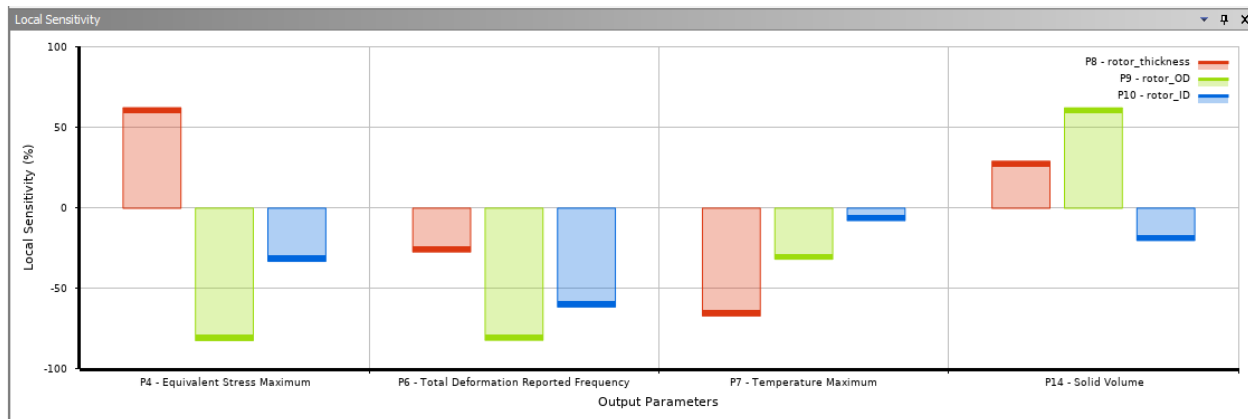
Table of Schematic G3: Response Surface

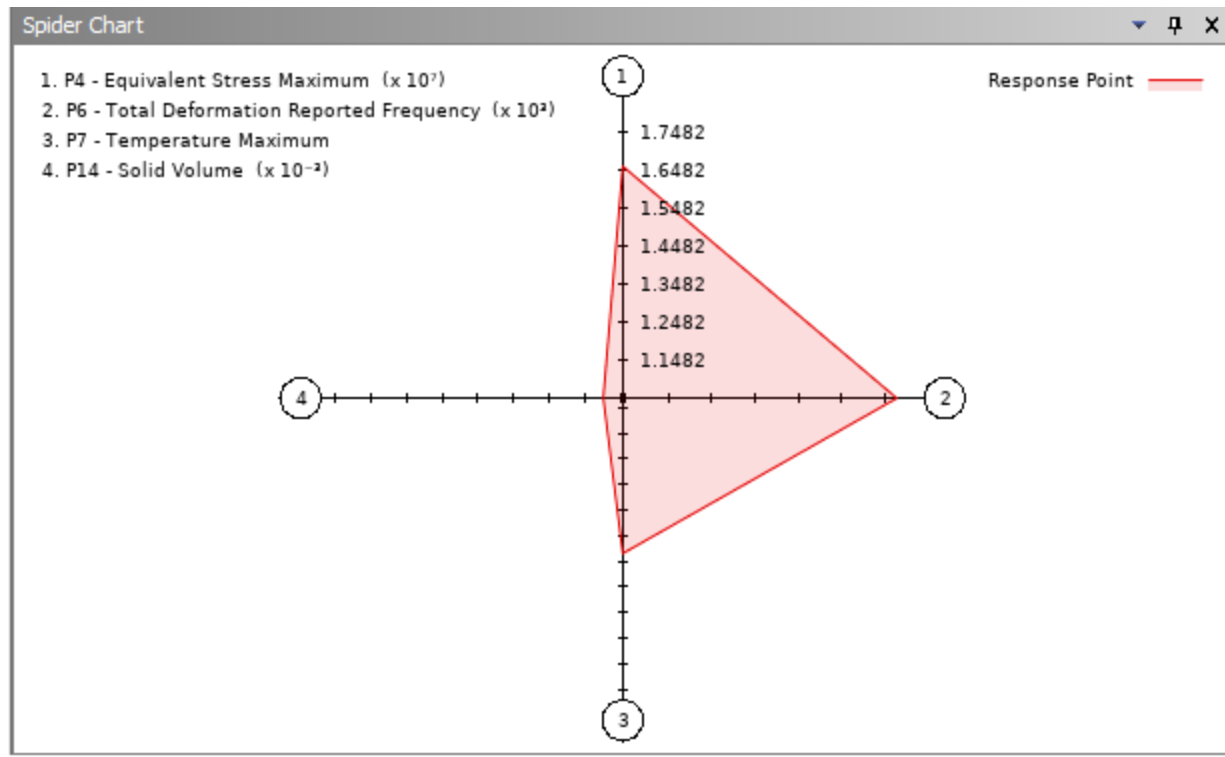
| | A | B | C | D | E |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency | P7 - Temperature Maximum | P14 - Solid Volume |
| 2 | [-] Coefficient of Determination (Best Value = 1) | | | | |
| 3 | Learning Points | ★★★ 0.99936 | ★★★ 0.99905 | ★★★ 0.99922 | ★★★ 0.99902 |
| 4 | [-] Root Mean Square Error (Best Value = 0) | | | | |
| 5 | Learning Points | 60973 | 3.2784 | 0.10415 | 3.8243E-06 |
| 6 | [-] Relative Maximum Absolute Error (Best Value = 0%) | | | | |
| 7 | Learning Points | ★ 3.3749 | ★ 3.2499 | ★ 2.8418 | ★ 3.2068 |
| 8 | [-] Relative Average Absolute Error (Best Value = 0%) | | | | |
| 9 | Learning Points | ★ 2.244 | ★ 2.8836 | ★ 2.5196 | ★ 2.8413 |

| | A | | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|---|------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Name | | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) | P14 - Solid Volume (m^3) |
| 2 | 1 | DP 12 | 27.449 | 113.11 | 67.79 | ✖ | ✖ | ✖ | ✖ |
| 3 | 2 | DP 10 | 22.502 | 112.67 | 80.097 | ✖ | ✖ | ✖ | ✖ |
| 4 | 3 | DP 11 | 27.012 | 112.68 | 82.305 | ✖ | ✖ | ✖ | ✖ |
| * | New Verification Point | | | | | | | | |



Sensitivity Analysis:





Optimization:

- I used Multi-objective Genetic Algorithm (MOGA) to optimize my design since I had multiple objectives. I did not choose to run multiple single-objective simulations using Screening because I trusted my data and thought the results between MOGA and Screening would not be significantly different.
- I used MOGA for my first DOE Optimization as well which is included in Appendix A.
- I unfortunately did not have the option to use Adaptive Multi-Objective Optimization (AMO) or Adaptive Single-Objective Optimization (ASO), otherwise I would have chosen AMO.

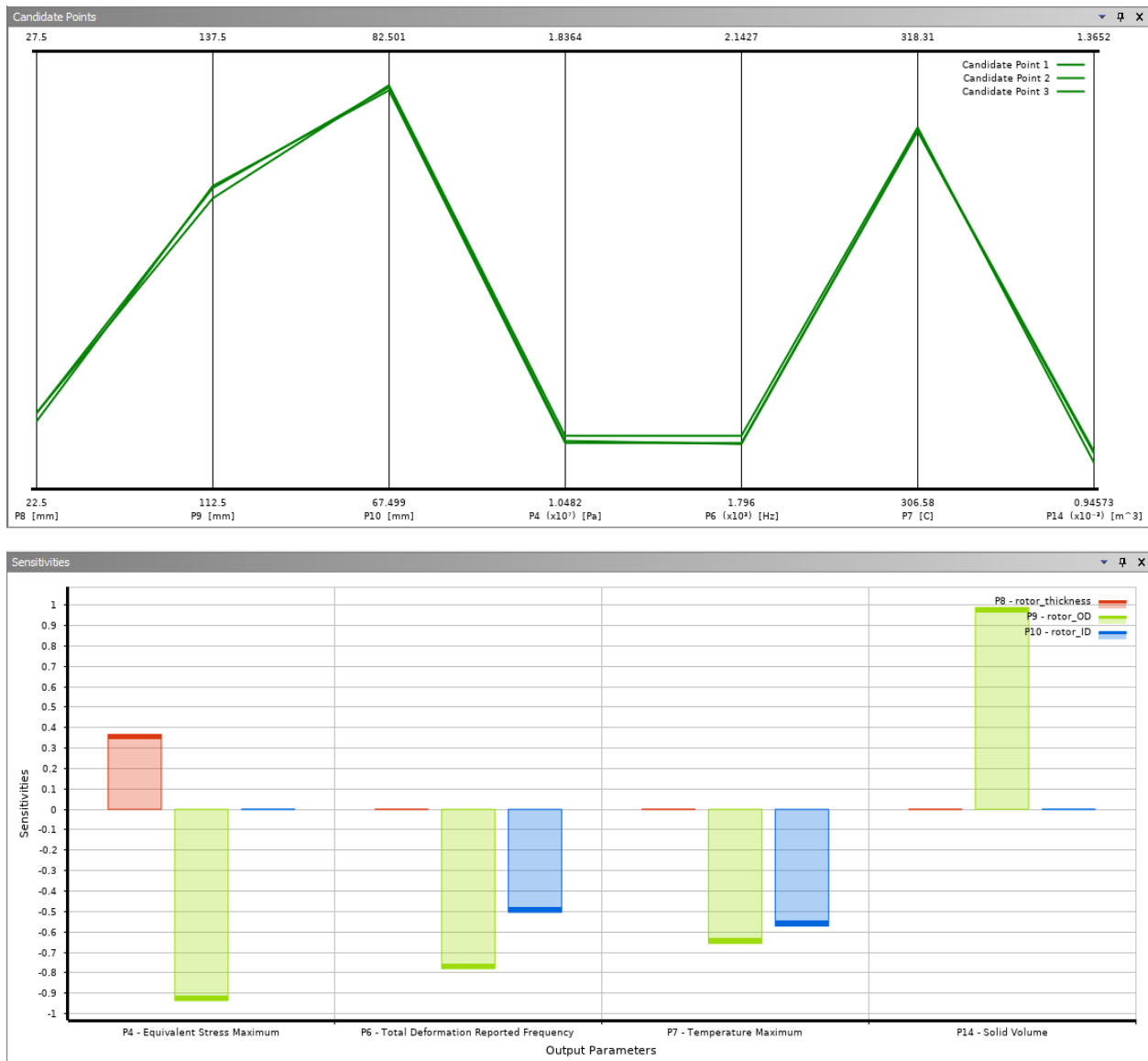
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
|---|--------------|---|-----------|--------|-----------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | Name | Parameter | Objective | | | Constraint | | | |
| 2 | | | Type | Target | Tolerance | Type | Lower Bound | Upper Bound | Tolerance |
| 3 | Minimize P4 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum | Minimize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| 4 | Maximize P6 | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency | Maximize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| 5 | Minimize P7 | P7 - Temperature Maximum | Minimize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| 6 | Minimize P14 | P14 - Solid Volume | Minimize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| * | | Select a Parameter | | | | | | | |

| Properties of Outline A2: Optimization | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | A | B |
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | [-] Design Points | |
| 3 | Preserve Design Points After DX Run | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | [-] Failed Design Points Management | |
| 5 | Number of Retries | 0 |
| 6 | [-] Optimization | |
| 7 | Method Selection | Manual |
| 8 | Method Name | MOGA |
| 9 | Estimated Number of Evaluations | 2000 |
| 10 | Tolerance Settings | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 11 | Verify Candidate Points | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 12 | Number of Initial Samples | 100 |
| 13 | Number of Samples Per Iteration | 100 |
| 14 | Maximum Allowable Pareto Percentage | 70 |
| 15 | Convergence Stability Percentage | 2 |
| 16 | Maximum Number of Iterations | 20 |
| 17 | Maximum Number of Candidates | 3 |
| 18 | [-] Optimization Status | |
| 19 | Converged | Yes |
| 20 | Pareto Percentage | 1 |
| 21 | Stability Percentage | 1.424 |
| 22 | Number of Iterations | 9 |
| 23 | Number of Evaluations | 777 |
| 24 | Number of Failures | 0 |
| 25 | Size of Generated Sample Set | 100 |
| 26 | Number of Candidates | 3 |
| 27 | [-] Design Point Report | |
| 28 | Report Image | None |

| Table of Schematic G4: Optimization | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | [-] Optimization Study | | | |
| 2 | Minimize P4 | Goal, Minimize P4 (Default importance) | | |
| 3 | Maximize P6 | Goal, Maximize P6 (Default importance) | | |
| 4 | Minimize P7 | Goal, Minimize P7 (Default importance) | | |
| 5 | Minimize P14 | Goal, Minimize P14 (Default importance) | | |
| 6 | [-] Optimization Method | | | |
| 7 | MOGA | The MOGA method (Multi-Objective Genetic Algorithm) is a variant of the popular NSGA-II (Non-dominated Sorted Genetic Algorithm-II) based on controlled elitism concepts. It supports multiple objectives and constraints and aims at finding the global optimum. | | |
| 8 | Configuration | Generate 100 samples initially, 100 samples per iteration and find 3 candidates in a maximum of 20 iterations. | | |
| 9 | Status | Converged after 777 evaluations. | | |
| 10 | [-] Candidate Points | | | |
| 11 | | Candidate Point 1 | Candidate Point 2 | Candidate Point 3 |
| 12 | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | 23.379 | 23.369 | 23.285 |
| 13 | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | 129.12 | 129.74 | 129.85 |
| 14 | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | 81.368 | 81.276 | 81.192 |
| 15 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | ✗ 1.1453E+07 | ✗ 1.1351E+07 | ✗ 1.1328E+07 |
| 16 | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | ★★★ 1838.5 | ★★★ 1832.3 | ★★★ 1832.6 |
| 17 | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) | ✗✗✗ 316.27 | ✗✗✗ 316.18 | ✗✗✗ 316.21 |
| 18 | P14 - Solid Volume (m^3) | ✗ 0.00097137 | ✗ 0.00098035 | ✗ 0.00098231 |

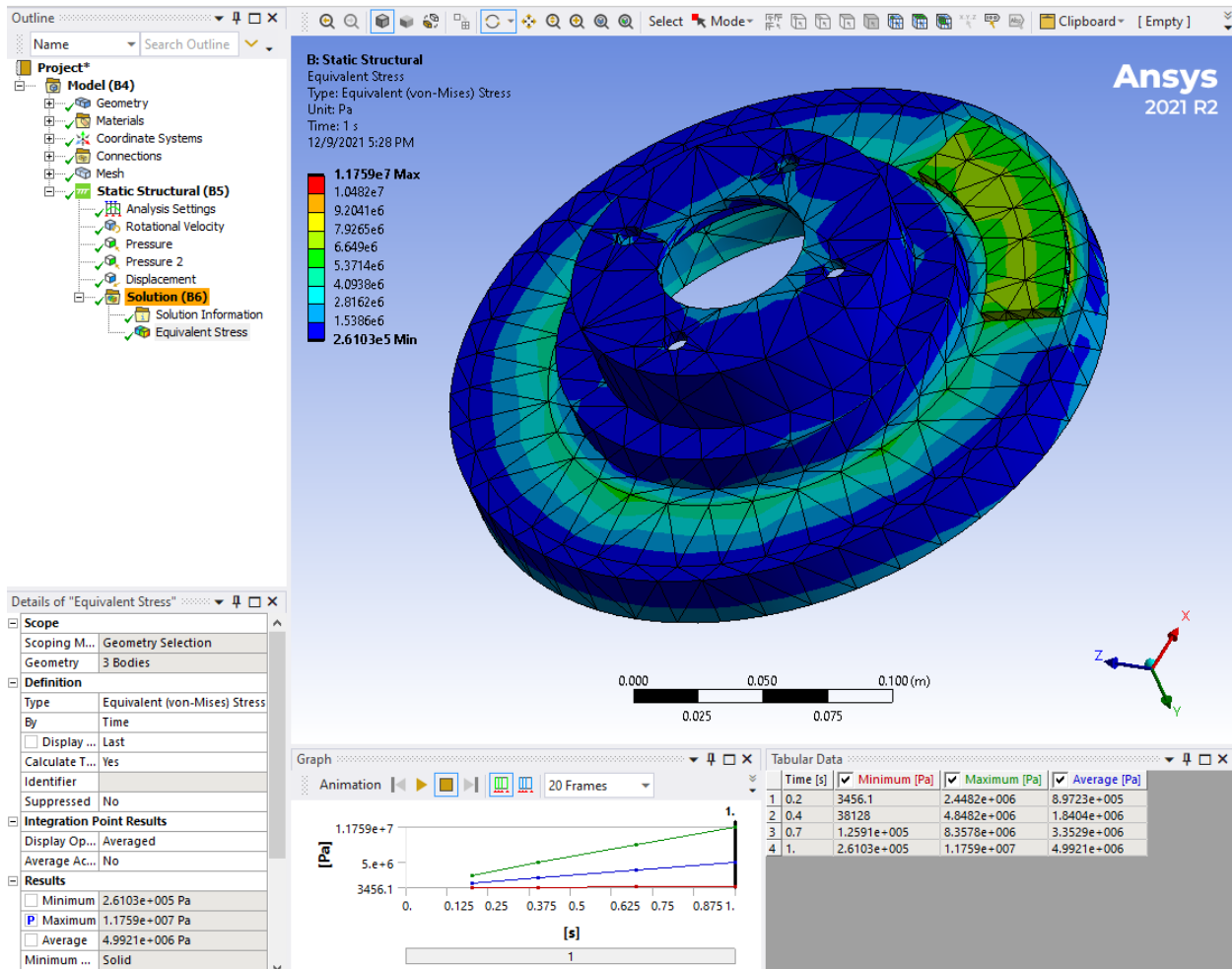
- Candidate 3 is the best since it minimizes volume and maximum stress. The first natural frequency is also the highest. I am willing to tradeoff the slightly higher temperature.
- I included the Candidate Points, Tradeoff, Samples, and Sensitives of the Optimization below.

| Table of Schematic G4: Optimization , Candidate Points | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M |
| 1 | Reference | Name | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) | | P14 - Solid Volume (m^3) | |
| 2 | | | | | | Parameter Value | Variation from Reference | Parameter Value | Variation from Reference | Parameter Value | Variation from Reference | Parameter Value | Variation from Reference |
| 3 | ☉ | Candidate Point 1 | 23.379 | 129.12 | 81.368 | ✖ 1.1453E+07 | 1.11% | ★★★ 1838.5 | 0.32% | ✖✖ 316.27 | 0.02% | ✖ 0.00097137 | -1.11% |
| 4 | ☉ | Candidate Point 2 | 23.369 | 129.74 | 81.276 | ✖ 1.1351E+07 | 0.21% | ★★★ 1832.3 | -0.02% | ✖✖ 316.18 | -0.01% | ✖ 0.00098035 | -0.20% |
| 5 | ☼ | Candidate Point 3 | 23.285 | 129.85 | 81.192 | ✖ 1.1328E+07 | 0.00% | ★★★ 1832.6 | 0.00% | ✖✖ 316.21 | 0.00% | ✖ 0.00098231 | 0.00% |
| * | | New Custom Candidate Point | 25 | 125 | 75 | | | | | | | | |

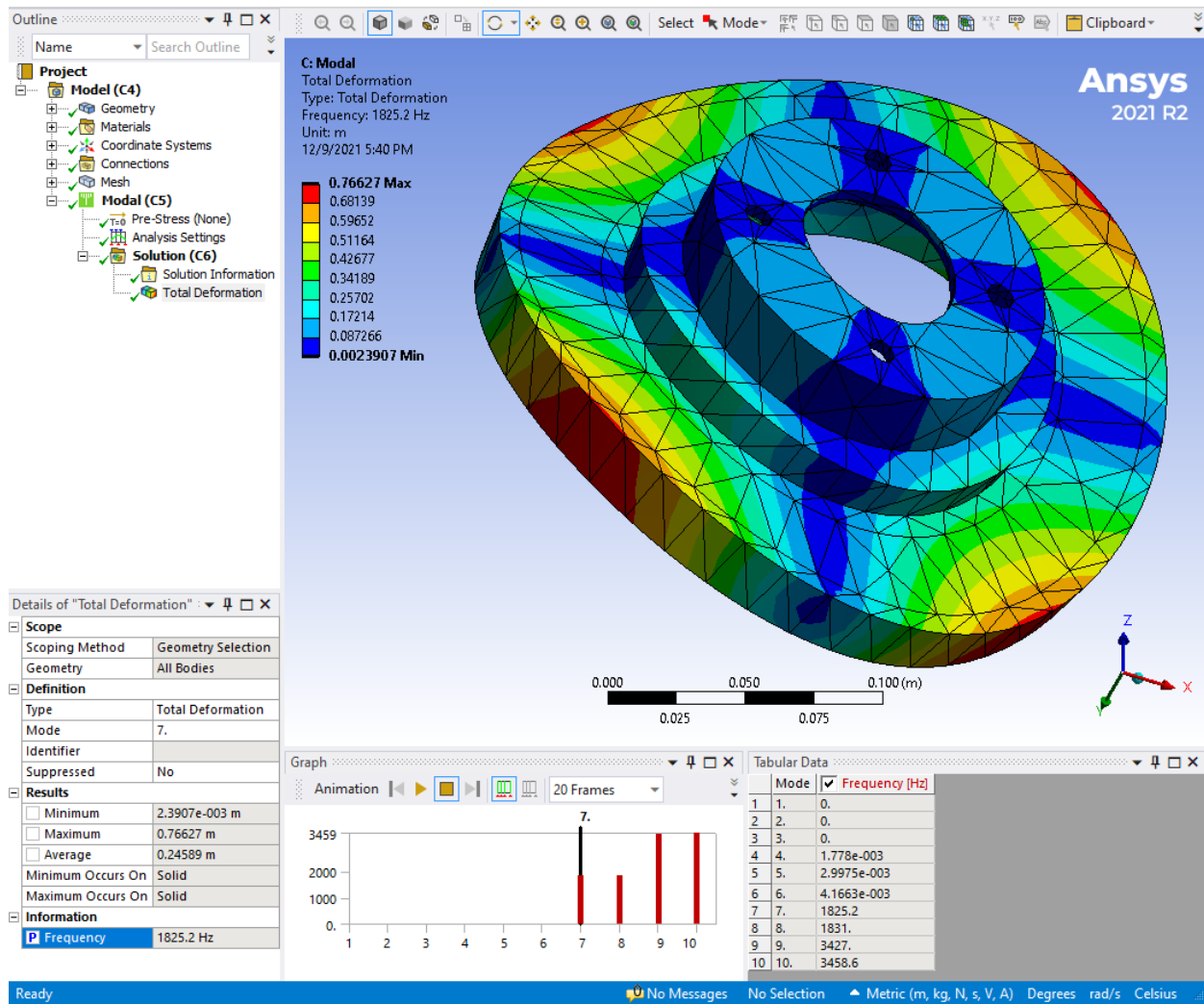


Verification:

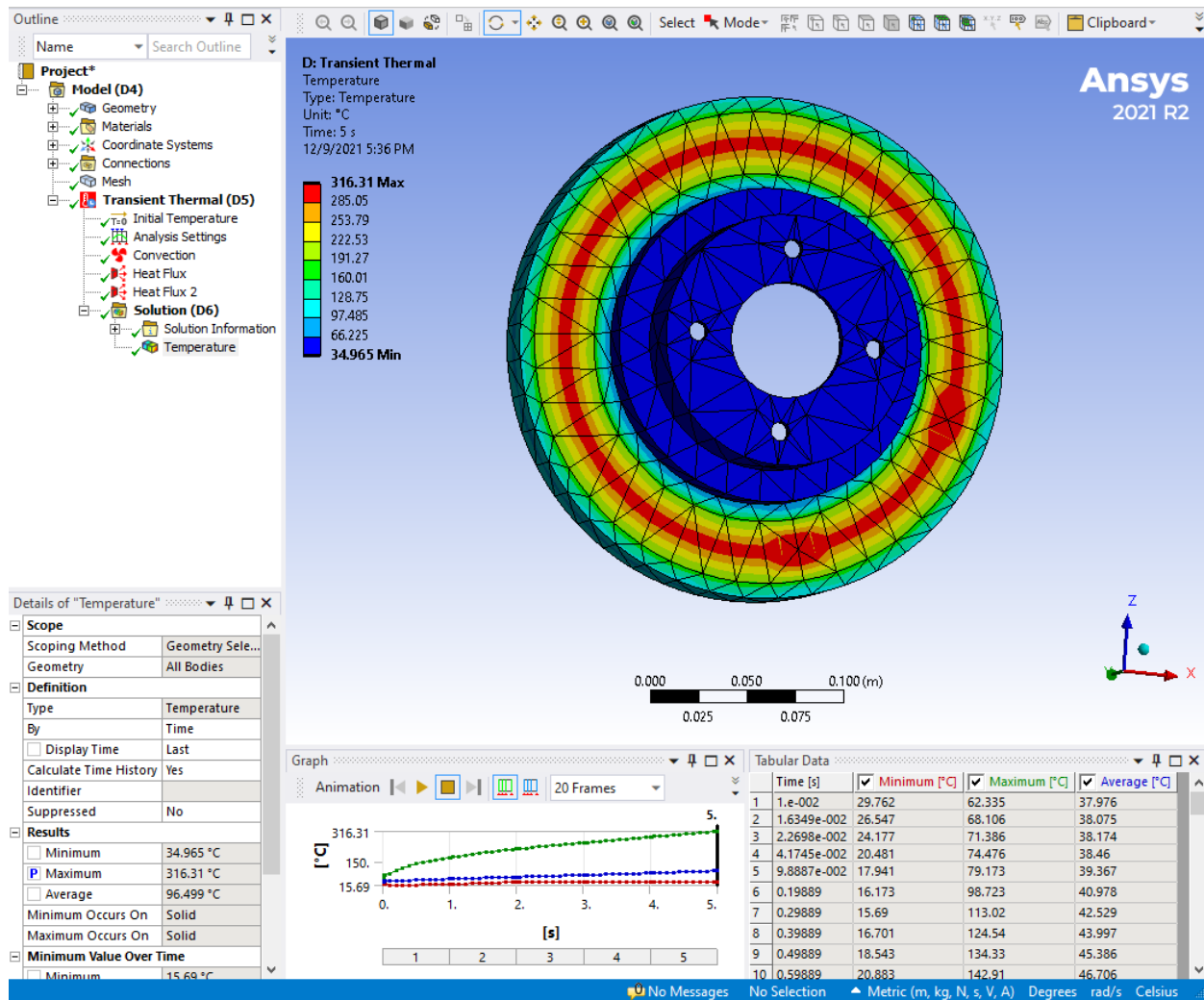
Static Structural:



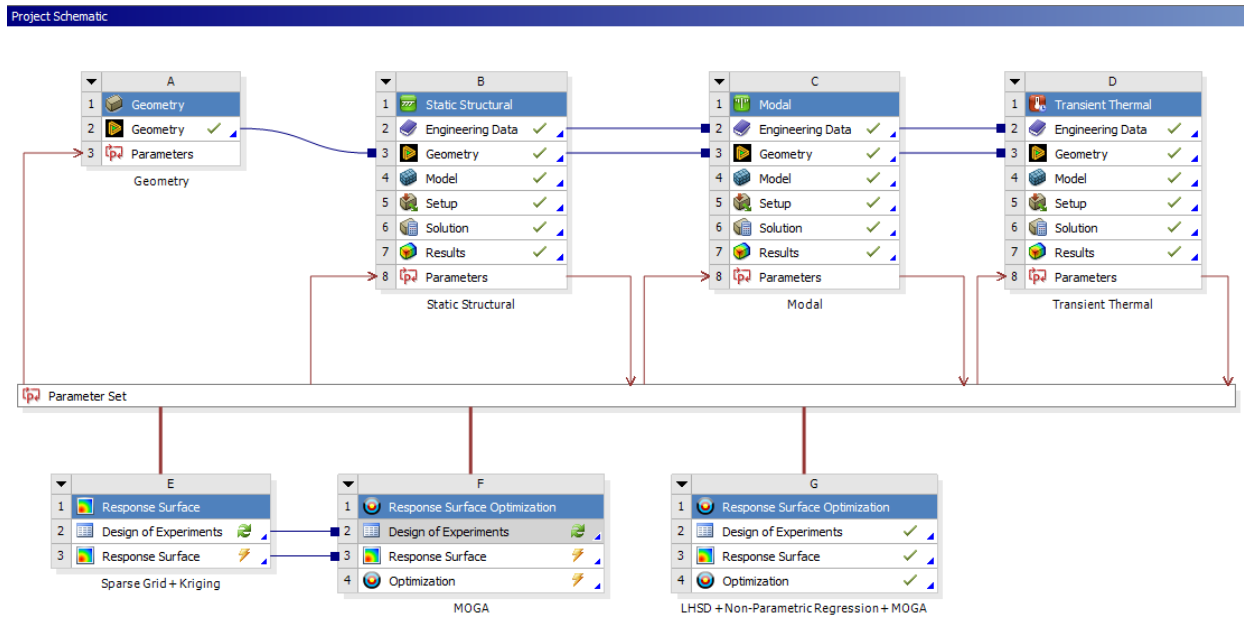
Model:



Transient Thermal:



Project Schematic:

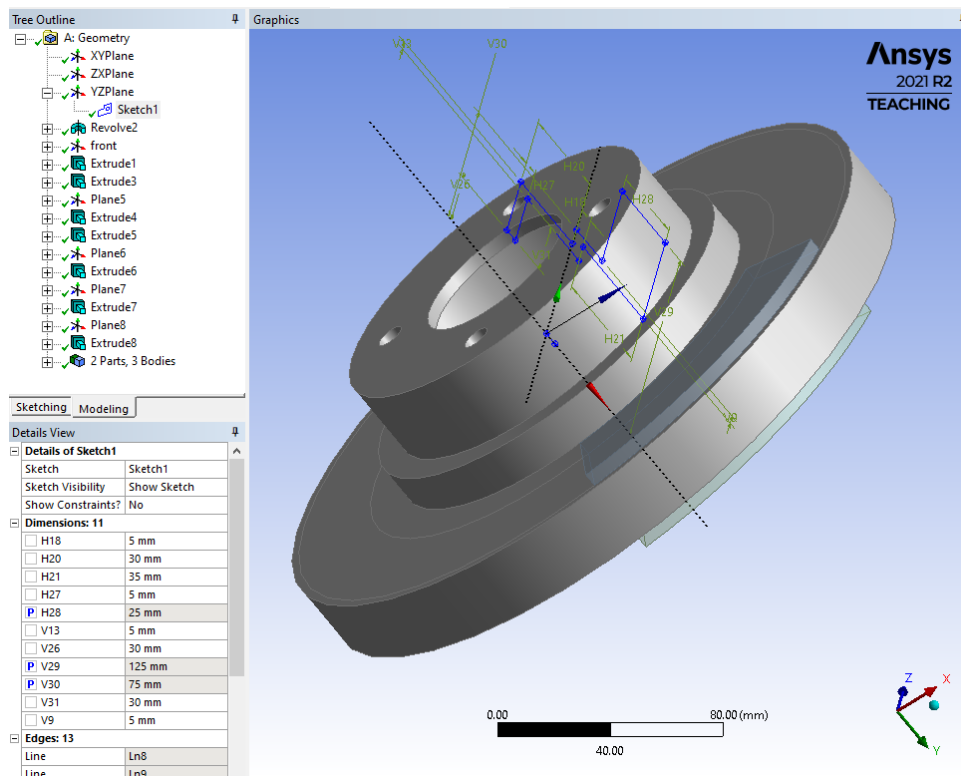


Optimal Design:

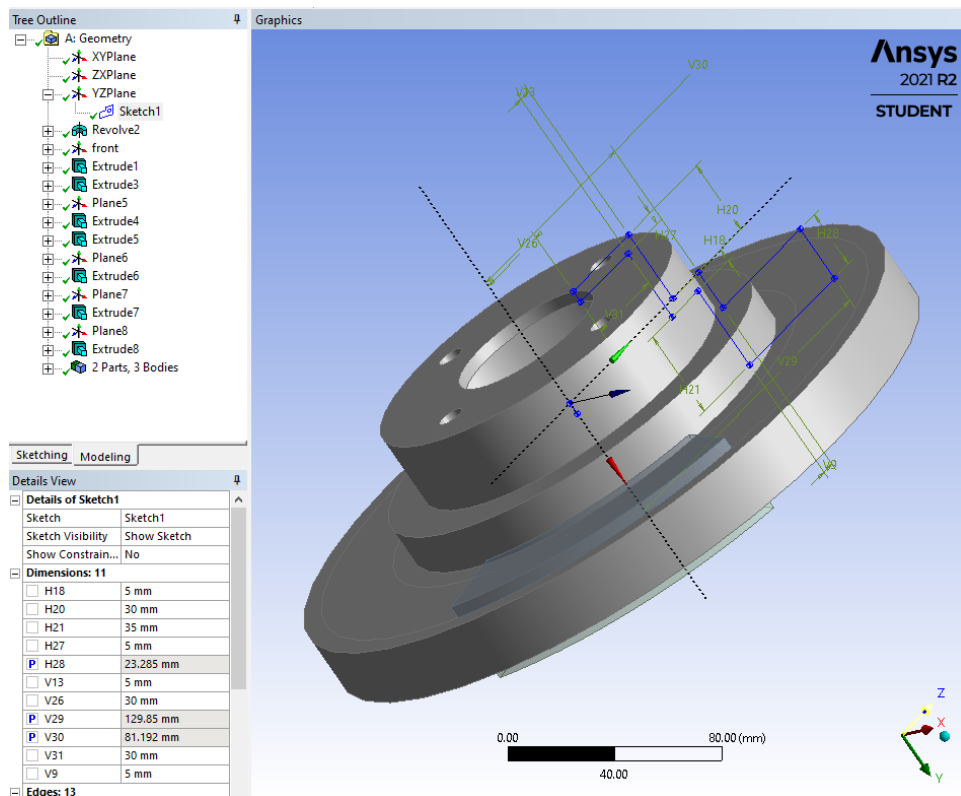
| Parameters | Initial | Optimal Solution (Candidate 3) | Verified Optimal Solution |
|------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Input: | | | |
| Thickness (mm) | 25 | 23.3 | 23.3 |
| Outer Diameter (mm) | 125 | 129.9 | 129.9 |
| Inner Diameter (mm) | 75 | 81.2 | 81.2 |
| Output: | | | |
| Volume (cm ³) | 9966.7 | 9823 | 9843.9 |
| Maximum Stress (MPa) | 12.785 | 11.32 | 11.759 |
| First Natural Frequency (Hz) | 2081.2 | 1832.6 | 1825.2 |
| Maximum Temperature (°C) | 311.51 | 316.21 | 316.31 |

- Volume Reduction: 1.221% reduction

Initial:



Final:



Discussion:

- 1. What are your design variables, constraints, and objectives?**
 - Variables:
 - Thickness, outer radius, and inner radius of break disk
 - Constraints:
 - No given constraints in this project
 - Objectives:
 - Minimize maximum stress, maximize first natural frequency, and minimize maximum temperature in/of the break disk
 - Minimize volume (dependent minimization)
- 2. What are the potential trade-offs between your objectives?**
 - There are tradeoffs between the total volume, maximum stress, maximum temperature, and first natural frequency. Larger surface area between the brake pads and the disk would result in lower stress and temperature in the disk but that would increase volume and affect cost and the first natural frequency of the of the brake disk.
- 3. Are your variables continuous? Or are they discrete/integer?**
 - All my output and input variables are continuous.
- 4. Do you have analytical objective/constraint functions? And are they differentiable?**
 - I have differentiable objectives.
- 5. Based on the above answers, what optimization methods will you choose?**
 - I chose MOGA.
- 6. Perform a sensitivity analysis and comment on the importance of your variables? Also, do you observe monotonicity (i.e., the objective always goes up or down with a variable)?**
 - There is monotonicity with each objective.
 - The maximum stress is highly sensitive to the disk thickness, and highly insensitive to the outer diameter.
 - The natural frequency is highly insensitive to the outer diameter.
 - The maximum thickness is highly insensitive to the thickness of the disk.
 - The thickness and mostly the outer diameter had a huge impact (highly sensitive) on the total volume.
- 7. Compare your optimal design against the initial one (e.g., see the following comparison on the brake disc design) AND comment on whether the optimal design is reasonable.**

- The optimal design does not significantly optimize all the objects but there is a noticeable difference in each of the objective values.
- Using MOGA instead of running single optimization analyses definitely had an impact on the final solution. But there were only 4 objectives which should have had a significant impact on the final solution.
- The first natural frequency is lower in the optimal model compared to the initial model but that is to be expected because the structure's shape was altered (different dimensions). It is concluded that the natural frequency is the maximum it can be for the optimal disk given the other optimal objectives.
- The highest difference is observed in the maximum temperature the disk experiences.
- All simulations results were average. For more accurate results, the solutions should have been unaverage.
- The mesh was very basic. A mesh convergence analysis should have been conducted to determine the best mesh type and number of nodes. Localizations and singularities should have been accounted for as well.
- The DOE also generated 7 usable points. Generating more experiments would have benefited the optimization.
- Overall, I would conclude the optimal solution is reasonable but further changes, like a better mesh, more DOE points, better optimization methods, must be made for better results.

References:

<https://github.com/DesignInformaticsLab/DesignOptimization2021Fall/blob/main/Project/Project%202%20ansys%20design%20optimization.md>

Appendix A

Design of Experiments:

| Properties of Outline A2: Design of Experiments | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | A | B |
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | [-] Design Points | |
| 3 | Preserve Design Points After DX Run | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | [-] Failed Design Points Management | |
| 5 | Number of Retries | 0 |
| 6 | [-] Design of Experiments | |
| 7 | Design of Experiments Type | Sparse Grid Initialization |
| 8 | [-] Design Point Report | |
| 9 | Report Image | None |

- The upper and lower bounds of input parameters:

| Outline of Schematic E2: Design of Experiments | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| | A | |
| 1 | | |
| 2 | [-] Design of Experiments | |
| 3 | [-] Input Parameters | |
| 4 | [-] Geometry (A1) | |
| 5 | P2 - rotor_OD | |
| 6 | P3 - rotor_ID | |
| 7 | P5 - rotor_thickness | |
| 8 | [-] Output Parameters | |
| 9 | [-] Static Structural (B1) | |
| 10 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Ma | |
| 11 | [-] Modal (C1) | |
| 12 | P6 - Total Deformation Re | |
| 13 | [-] Transient Thermal (D1) | |
| 14 | P7 - Temperature Maximu | |
| 15 | Charts | |

| Properties of Outline A5: P2 - rotor_OD | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| | A | B |
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | [-] General | |
| 3 | Units | mm |
| 4 | Type | Design Variable |
| 5 | Classification | Continuous |
| 6 | [-] Values | |
| 7 | Lower Bound | 112.5 |
| 8 | Upper Bound | 137.5 |
| 9 | Allowed Values | Any |

| Outline of Schematic E2: Design of Experiments | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| | A | |
| 1 | | |
| 2 | [-] Design of Experiments | |
| 3 | [-] Input Parameters | |
| 4 | [-] Geometry (A1) | |
| 5 | P2 - rotor_OD | |
| 6 | P3 - rotor_ID | |
| 7 | P5 - rotor_thickness | |
| 8 | [-] Output Parameters | |
| 9 | [-] Static Structural (B1) | |
| 10 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Ma | |
| 11 | [-] Modal (C1) | |
| 12 | P6 - Total Deformation Re | |
| 13 | [-] Transient Thermal (D1) | |
| 14 | P7 - Temperature Maximu | |
| 15 | Charts | |

| Properties of Outline A6: P3 - rotor_ID | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| | A | B |
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | [-] General | |
| 3 | Units | mm |
| 4 | Type | Design Variable |
| 5 | Classification | Continuous |
| 6 | [-] Values | |
| 7 | Lower Bound | 67.5 |
| 8 | Upper Bound | 82.5 |
| 9 | Allowed Values | Any |

| Outline of Schematic E2: Design of Experiments | | |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| | A | |
| 1 | | |
| 2 | [-] Design of Experiments | |
| 3 | [-] Input Parameters | |
| 4 | [-] Geometry (A1) | |
| 5 | P2 - rotor_OD | |
| 6 | P3 - rotor_ID | |
| 7 | P5 - rotor_thickness | |
| 8 | [-] Output Parameters | |
| 9 | [-] Static Structural (B1) | |
| 10 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Ma | |
| 11 | [-] Modal (C1) | |
| 12 | P6 - Total Deformation Re | |
| 13 | [-] Transient Thermal (D1) | |
| 14 | P7 - Temperature Maximu | |
| 15 | Charts | |

| Properties of Outline A7: P5 - rotor_thickness | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| | A | B |
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | [-] General | |
| 3 | Units | mm |
| 4 | Type | Design Variable |
| 5 | Classification | Continuous |
| 6 | [-] Values | |
| 7 | Lower Bound | 22.5 |
| 8 | Upper Bound | 27.5 |
| 9 | Allowed Values | Any |

Update

Preview

Clear Generated Data

Outline of Schematic E2: Design of Experiments

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

Design of Experiments

Input Parameters

Geometry (A1)

P2 - rotor_OD

P3 - rotor_ID

P5 - rotor_thickness

Output Parameters

Static Structural (B1)

P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum

Modal (C1)

P6 - Total Deformation Reported

Transient Thermal (D1)

P7 - Temperature Maximum

Charts

Table of Outline A7: Design Points of Design of Experiments

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
|---|--------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 1 | Name | P2 - rotor_OD (mm) | P3 - rotor_ID (mm) | P5 - rotor_thickness (mm) | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) |
| 2 | 1 DP 0 | 125 | 75 | 25 | 1.2785E+07 | 2081.2 | 311.51 |
| 3 | 2 DP 2 | 112.5 | 75 | 25 | | | |
| 4 | 3 DP 5 | 137.5 | 75 | 25 | | | |
| 5 | 4 DP 3 | 125 | 67.5 | 25 | | | |
| 6 | 5 DP 4 | 125 | 82.5 | 25 | | | |
| 7 | 6 DP 1 | 125 | 75 | 22.5 | | | |
| 8 | 7 DP 6 | 125 | 75 | 27.5 | | | |

Chart: No data

Properties of Outline A7: P5 - rotor_thickness

| | A | B |
|---|----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | General | |
| 3 | Units | mm |
| 4 | Type | Design Variable |
| 5 | Classification | Continuous |
| 6 | Values | |
| 7 | Lower Bound | 22.5 |
| 8 | Upper Bound | 27.5 |
| 9 | Allowed Values | Any |

| Table of Outline A2: Design Points of Design of Experiments | | | | | | | |
|---|------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| 1 | Name | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) |
| 2 | DP 0 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 1.5219E+07 | 2081.2 | 311.51 |
| 3 | 2 | 22.5 | 125 | 75 | 1.3213E+07 | 2036.7 | 319.82 |
| 4 | 3 | 27.5 | 125 | 75 | 1.512E+07 | 2130.2 | 306.68 |
| 5 | 4 | 25 | 112.5 | 75 | ⚡ | ⚡ | ⚡ |
| 6 | 5 | 25 | 137.5 | 75 | 1.1321E+07 | 1812.6 | 310 |
| 7 | 6 | 25 | 125 | 67.5 | 1.3717E+07 | 2177.2 | 311.62 |
| 8 | 7 | 25 | 125 | 82.5 | 1.3903E+07 | 1875.4 | 311.07 |

Outline of Schematic E2: Design of Experiments

| | A | B |
|----|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Design of Experiments | Enabled |
| 2 | Input Parameters | |
| 3 | Geometry (A1) | |
| 4 | P8 - rotor_thickness | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 | P9 - rotor_OD | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 | P10 - rotor_ID | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 7 | Output Parameters | |
| 8 | Static Structural (B1) | |
| 9 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum | |
| 10 | Modal (C1) | |
| 11 | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency | |
| 12 | Transient Thermal (D1) | |
| 13 | P7 - Temperature Maximum | |
| 14 | Charts | |
| 15 | Parameters Parallel | |
| 16 | Design Points vs Parameter | |

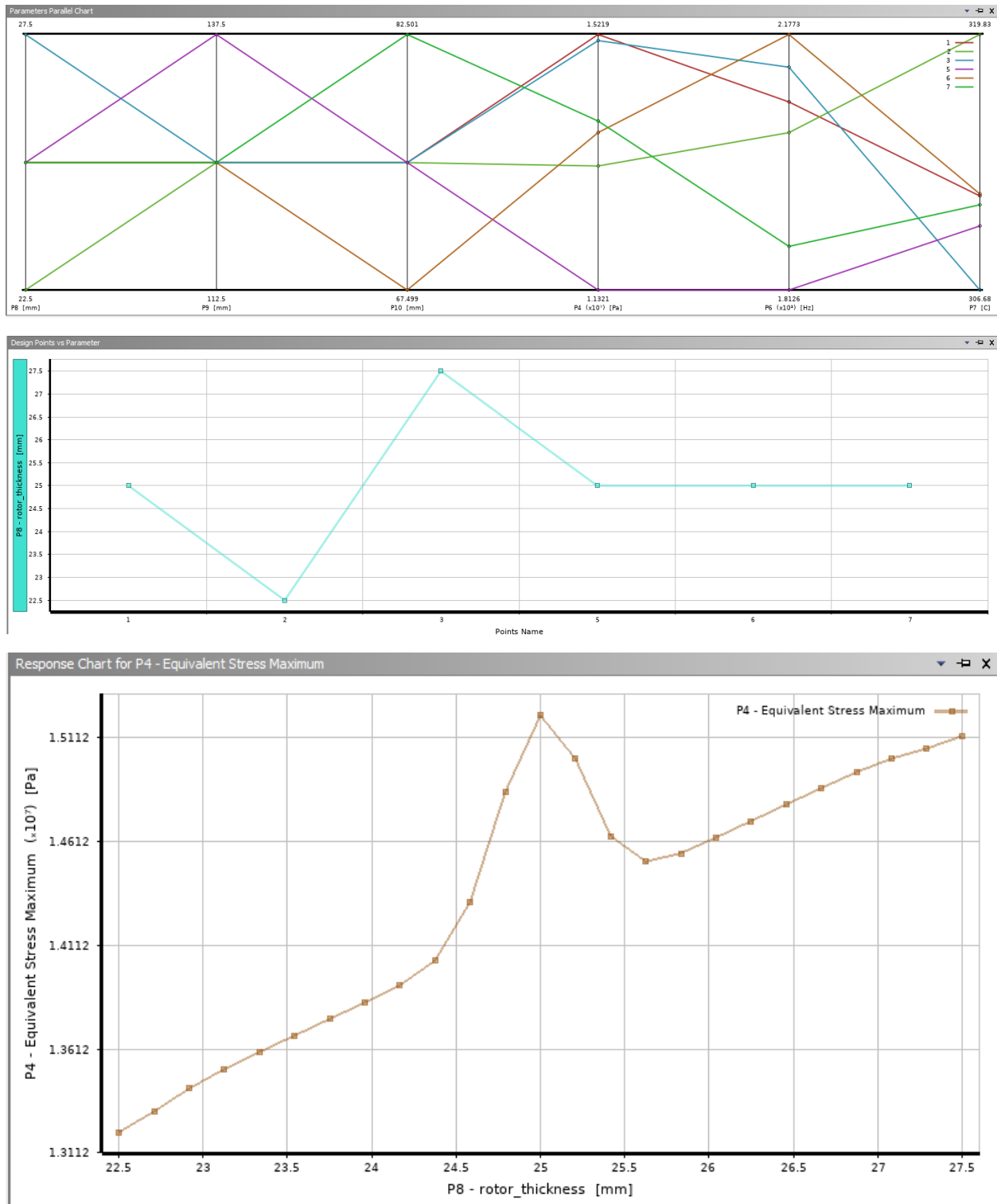
Properties of Outline A2: Design of Experiments

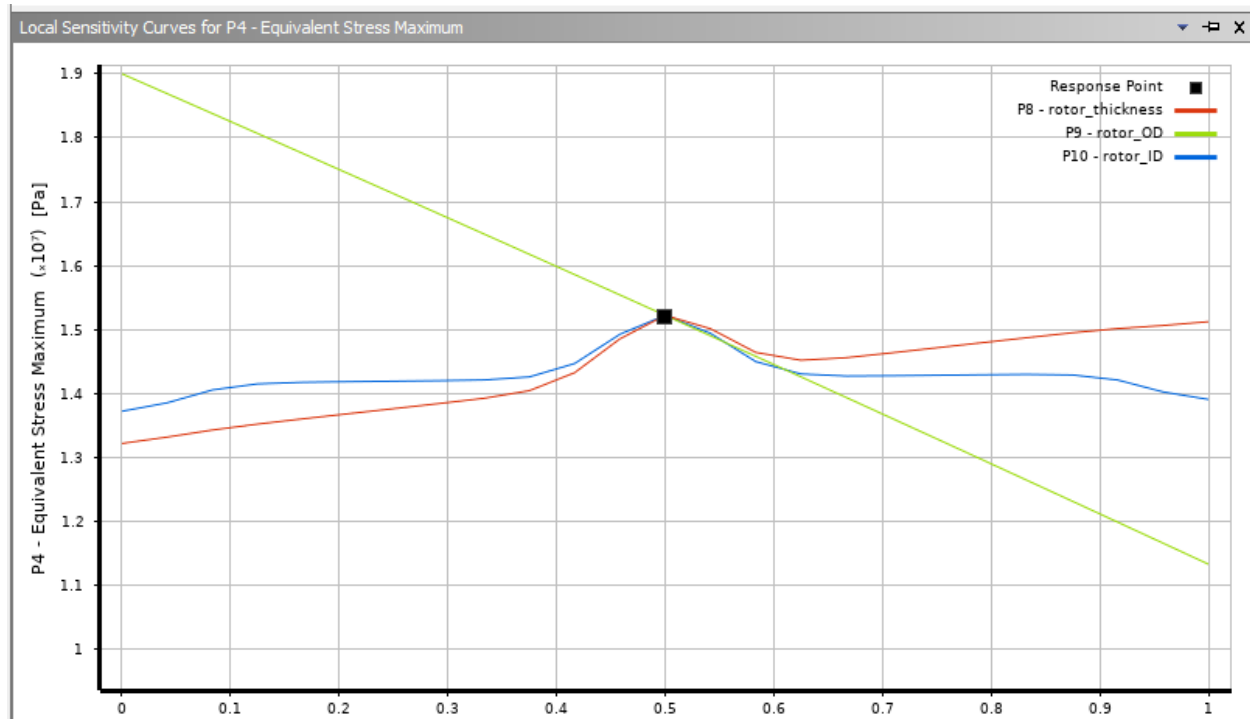
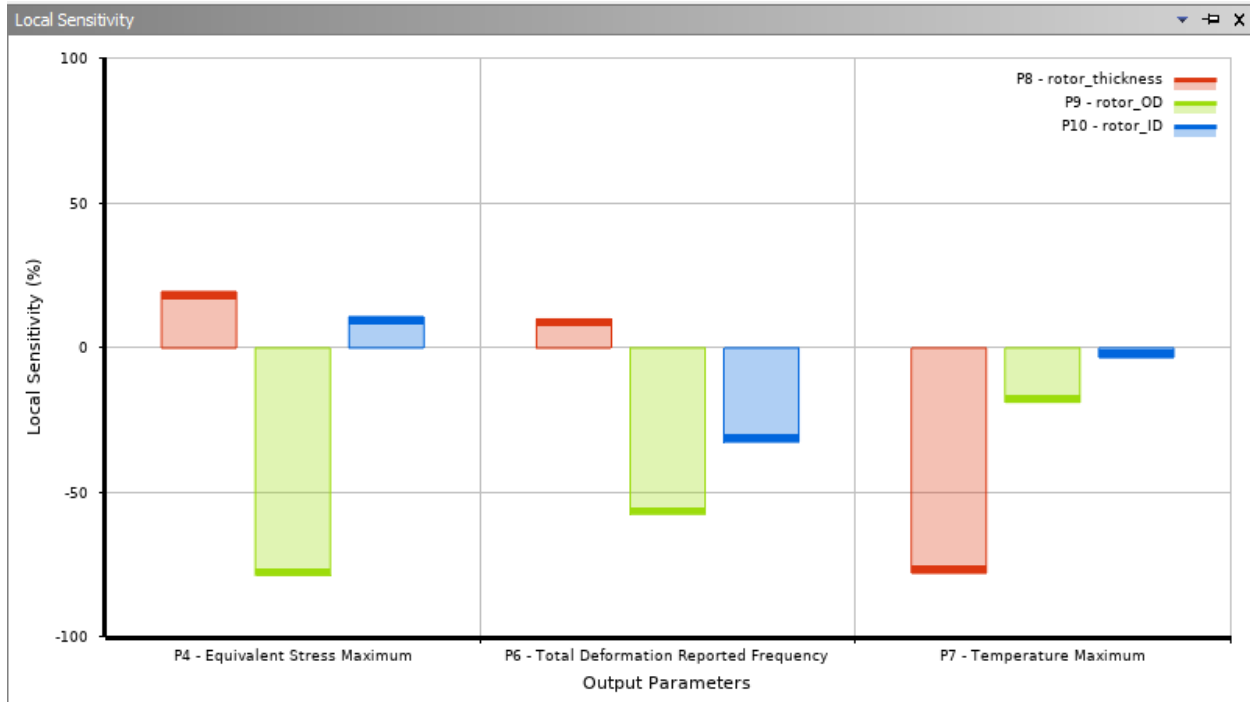
| | A | B |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Property | Value |
| 2 | Design Points | |
| 3 | Preserve Design Points After DX Run | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 | Failed Design Points Management | |
| 5 | Number of Retries | 0 |
| 6 | Design of Experiments | |
| 7 | Design of Experiments Type | Custom |
| 8 | Design Point Report | |
| 9 | Report Image | None |

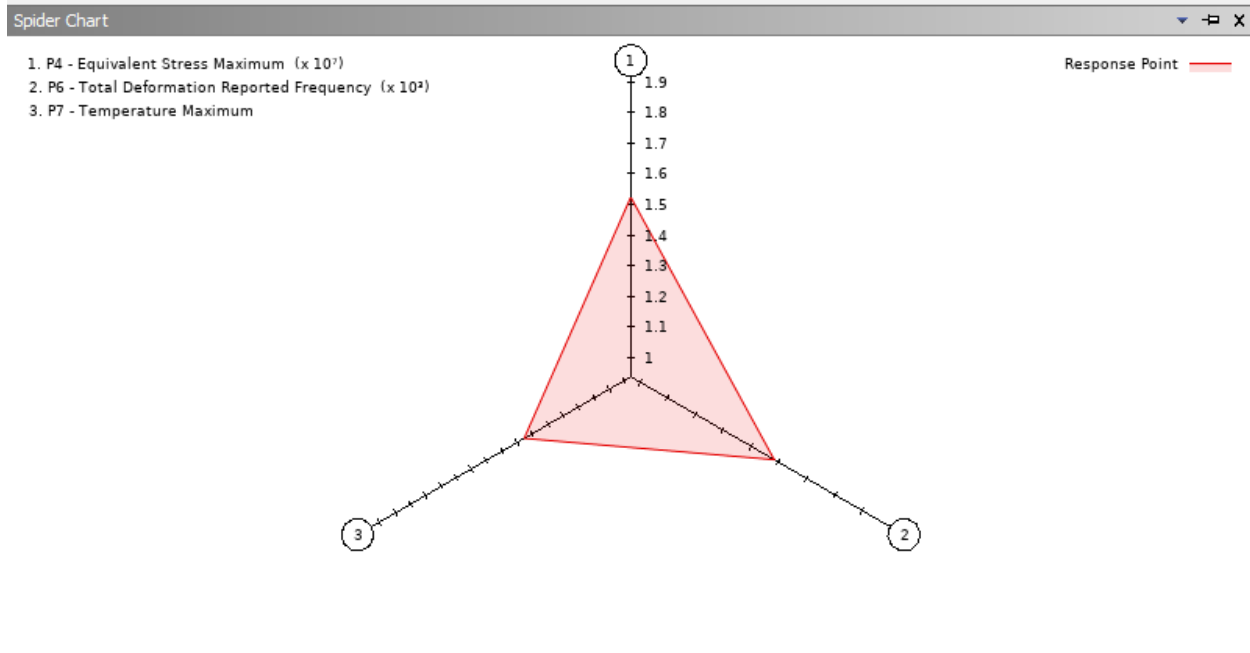
Table of Outline A2: Design Points of Design of Experiments

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
|---|------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 1 | Name | P8 - rotor_... (mm) | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) |
| 2 | DP 0 | 25 | 125 | 75 | 1.5219E+07 | 2081.2 | 311.51 |
| 3 | DP 1 | 22.5 | 125 | 75 | 1.3213E+07 | 2036.7 | 319.82 |
| 4 | DP 2 | 27.5 | 125 | 75 | 1.512E+07 | 2130.2 | 306.68 |
| 5 | DP 3 | 25 | 137.5 | 75 | 1.1321E+07 | 1812.6 | 310 |
| 6 | DP 4 | 25 | 125 | 67.5 | 1.3717E+07 | 2177.2 | 311.62 |
| 7 | DP 5 | 25 | 125 | 82.5 | 1.3903E+07 | 1875.4 | 311.07 |

Sensitivity Analysis:







Optimization:

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
|---|-------------|---|-----------|--------|-----------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | Name | Parameter | Objective | | | Constraint | | | |
| 2 | | | Type | Target | Tolerance | Type | Lower Bound | Upper Bound | Tolerance |
| 3 | Minimize P4 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum | Minimize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| 4 | Maximize P6 | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency | Maximize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| 5 | Minimize P7 | P7 - Temperature Maximum | Minimize | 0 | | No Constraint | | | |
| * | | Select a Parameter | | | | | | | |

| | A | B | C | D |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|
| 1 | Input Parameters | | | |
| 2 | Name | Lower Bound | Upper Bound | |
| 3 | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | 22.5 | 27.5 | |
| 4 | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | 112.5 | 137.5 | |
| 5 | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | 67.5 | 82.5 | |
| 6 | Parameter Relationships | | | |
| 7 | Name | Left Expression | Operator | Right Expression |
| * | New Parameter Relationship | New Expression | <= | New Expression |

| Table of Schematic F4: Optimization | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | A | B | C | D |
| 1 | [-] Optimization Study | | | |
| 2 | Minimize P4 | Goal, Minimize P4 (Default importance) | | |
| 3 | Maximize P6 | Goal, Maximize P6 (Default importance) | | |
| 4 | Minimize P7 | Goal, Minimize P7 (Default importance) | | |
| 5 | [-] Optimization Method | | | |
| 6 | MOGA | The MOGA method (Multi-Objective Genetic Algorithm) is a variant of the popular NSGA-II (Non-dominated Sorted Genetic Algorithm-II) based on controlled elitism concepts. It supports multiple objectives and constraints and aims at finding the global optimum. | | |
| 7 | Configuration | Generate 3000 samples initially, 600 samples per iteration and find 3 candidates in a maximum of 20 iterations. | | |
| 8 | Status | Converged after 8135 evaluations. | | |
| 9 | [-] Candidate Points | | | |
| 10 | | Candidate Point 1 | Candidate Point 2 | Candidate Point 3 |
| 11 | P8 - rotor_thickness (mm) | 24.892 | 24.892 | 24.961 |
| 12 | P9 - rotor_OD (mm) | 137.49 | 137.49 | 137.46 |
| 13 | P10 - rotor_ID (mm) | 67.553 | 67.653 | 67.68 |
| 14 | P4 - Equivalent Stress Maximum (Pa) | ⚡ 9.9012E+06 | ⚡ 9.9078E+06 | ⚡ 9.9178E+06 |
| 15 | P6 - Total Deformation Reported Frequency (Hz) | ★ ★ ★ 1909.1 | ★ ★ ★ 1907.5 | ★ ★ ★ 1909.2 |
| 16 | P7 - Temperature Maximum (C) | ✖ ✖ ✖ 310.5 | ✖ ✖ ✖ 310.49 | ✖ ✖ ✖ 310.24 |