

# REVOLUTIONIZING USER INTERACTION: BUILDING EFFECTIVE CHATBOTS IN PYTHON

#### INTRODUCTION

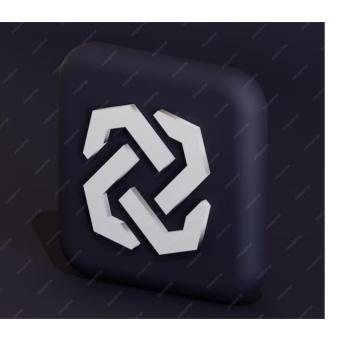
Chatbots are revolutionizing user interaction. Python provides a powerful platform for building effective chatbots. In this presentation, we will explore the basics of building chatbots in Python, and learn how to create chatbots that can interact with users in a natural and intuitive way.





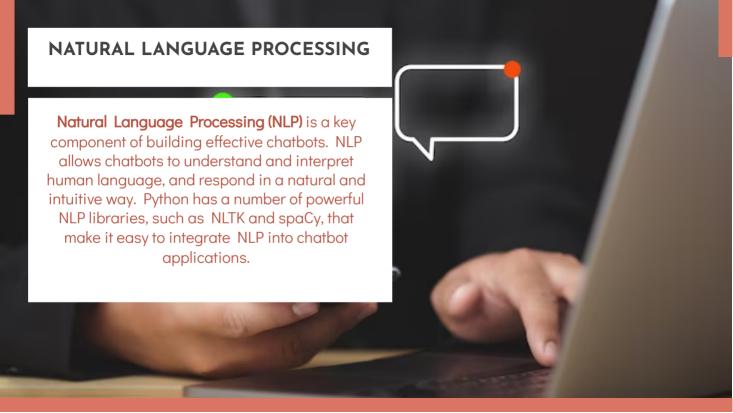
#### **PROJECT DEFINITION:**

Chatbots are computer programs designed to simulate conversation with human users. They can be used to automate tasks, provide customer support, and even entertain users. Chatbots can be built using a variety of programming languages, but Python is a popular choice due to its simplicity and versatility.



#### WHY PYTHON?

Python is a popular programming language for building chatbots due to its simplicity, ease of use, and versatility. Python has a large number of libraries and frameworks that make it easy to build chatbots quickly and efficiently. Additionally, Python has a large and active community of developers who contribute to the development of chatbot tools and resources.



### **ALGORITHM**

- Step 1:Start the program
- Step 2:Using vscode,we compiled the code and run the code
- Step 3:In Github, we upload the file
- Step 4:We created README file, which describes about our project
- Step 5:We copied the link and passed in our project
- Step 6:We successfully submitted our project
- Step 7:Stop the program

 PROGRAM # bot.py • 2 3from chatterbot import ChatBot 5chatbot = ChatBot("Chatpot") 7exit\_conditions = (":q", "quit", "exit") • 8while True: • 9 query = input(">") • 10 if query in exit\_conditions: • 11 break

• 12 else:

13 print(f" {chatbot.get\_response(query)}")

#### **OUTPUT:**

- > hello
- 🕻 hello
- > are you a plant?
- 🐉 hello
- > can you chat, pot?
- 🛎 hello

#### **ABSTRACT:**

Chatbots, or conversational interfaces as they are also known, present a new way for individuals to interact with computer systems. Traditionally, to get a question answered by a software program involved using a search engine, or filling out a form. A chatbot allows a user to simply ask questions in the same manner that they would address a human. The most well known chatbots currently are voice chatbots: Alexa and Siri. However, chatbots are currently being adopted at a high rate on computer chat platforms. The technology at the core of the rise of the chatbot is natural language processing ("NLP"). Recent advances in machine learning have greatly improved the accuracy and effectiveness of natural language processing, making chatbots a viable option for many organizations. This improvement in NLP is firing a great deal of additional research which should lead to continued improvement in the effectiveness of chatbots in the years to come.

#### TRAINING THE CHATBOT

In the previous step, you built a chatbot that you could interact with from your command line. The chatbot started from a clean slate and wasn't very interesting to talk to. In this step, you'll train your chatbot using ListTrainer to make it a little smarter from the start. You'll also learn about built-in trainers that come with ChatterBot, including their limitations. Your chatbot doesn't have to start from scratch, and ChatterBot provides you with a quick way to train your bot. You'll use ChatterBot's ListTrainer to provide some conversation samples that'll give your chatbot more room to grow:

```
# bot.pv
                   from chatterbot import ChatBot
             from chatterbot.trainers import ListTrainer
                   chatbot = ChatBot("Chatpot")
                    trainer = ListTrainer(chatbot)
             trainer.train(["Hi", "Welcome, friend 🤗", ])
trainer.train([ "Are you a plant?", "No, I'm the pot below the plant!", ])
                 exit_conditions = (":q", "quit", "exit")
                              while True:
                          query = input(">")
                      if query in exit_conditions:
                                 break
                                 else:
             print(f" * {chatbot.get_response(query)}")
```

In line 4, you import ListTrainer, to which you pass your chatbot on line 8 to create trainer. In lines 9 to 12, you set up the first training round, where you pass a list of two strings to trainer.train(). Using .train() injects entries into your database to build upon the graph structure that ChatterBot uses to choose possible replies.

## TRAINED CHATBOT OUTPUT



#### **EVALUATING THE PERFORMANCE FOR CHATBOT**

- 1. Activation rate
- 2. Average Session duration
- 3. Session per user
- 4. Voluntary User Engagement
- 5. Retention Rate
- 6. Goal Completion Rate (GCR)
- 7. Revenue growth
- 8. Confusion Rate
- 9. Human Fallback rate
- 10. Conversion sentiment
- 11. Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning rate

### MODULE

Nobody likes to be alone always, but sometimes loneliness could be a better medicine to hunch the thirst for a peaceful environment. Even during such lonely guarantines, we may ignore humans but not humanoids. Yes, if you have guessed this article for a chatbot, then you have cracked it right. We won't require 6000 lines of code to create a chatbot but just a six-letter word "Python" is enough. Let us have a guick glance at Python's ChatterBot to create our bot. ChatterBot is a Python library built based on machine learning with an inbuilt conversational dialog flow and training engine. The bot created using this library will get trained automatically with the response it gets from the user.

# DESIGN IDEAS FOR CHATBOT IN PYTHON

Even if you keep running your chatbot on the CLI for now, there are many ways that you can improve the project and continue to learn about the ChatterBot library: 1. Handle more edge cases: Your regex pattern might not catch all WhatsApp usernames. You can throw some edge cases at it and improve the stability of your parsing while building tests for your code. 2. Improve conversations: Group your input data as conversations so that your training input considers consecutive messages sent by the same user within an hour a single message. Parse the ChatterBot corpus: Skip the dependency conflicts, install PyYAML directly, and parse some of the training corpora provided in chatterbot-corpus yourself. Use one or more of them to continue training your chatbot. 3.Build a custom preprocessor: ChatterBot can modify user input before sending it to a logic adapter. You can use built-in preprocessors, for example to remove whitespace. Build a custom preprocessor that can replace swear words in your user input. 4.Include additional logic adapters: ChatterBot comes with a few preinstalled logic adapters, such as ones for mathematical evaluations and time logic. Add these logic adapters to your chatbot so it can perform calculations and tell you the current time. 5. Write a custom logic adapter: Create a custom logic adapter that triggers on specific user inputs, for example when your users ask for a joke. 6.Incorporate an API call: Build a logic adapter that can interact with an API service, for example by repurposing your weather CLI project so that it works within your chatbot.

# DATASET FOR CHATBOT IN PYTHON

hi, how are you doing? i'm fine. how about yourself? i'm fine. how about yourself? i'm pretty good. thanks for asking. i'm pretty good. thanks for asking. no problem. so how have you been? no problem. so how have you been? i've been great. what about you? i've been great, what about you? i've been good, i'm in school right now, i've been good, i'm in school right now, what school do you go to? what school do you go to? i go to pcc. i go to pcc. do vou like it there? do you like it there? it's okay. it's a really big campus. it's okay. it's a really big campus, good luck with school, good luck with school, thank you very much, how's it going? i'm doing well. how about you? i'm doing well. how about you? never better, thanks, never better, thanks, so how have you been lately? so how have you been lately? i've actually been pretty good, you? i've actually been pretty good, you? i'm actually in school right now. i'm actually in school right now, which school do you attend? which school do you attend? i'm attending pcc right now.

i'm attending pcc right now. are you enjoying it there? are you enjoying it there? it's not bad, there are a lot of people there, it's not bad. there are a lot of people there. good luck with that. good luck with that, thanks, how are you doing today? i'm doing great, what about you? i'm doing great, what about you? i'm absolutely lovely, thank you. i'm absolutely lovely, thank you. everything's been good with you? everything's been good with you? i haven't been better. how about yourself? i haven't been better, how about yourself? i started school recently, i started school recently, where are you going to school? where are you going to school? i'm going to pcc. i'm going to pcc. how do you like it so far? how do you like it so far? i like it so far. my classes are pretty good right now. i like it so far. my classes are pretty good right now. i wish you luck. it's an ugly day today. i know. i think it may rain.

ninety degrees outside, yeah, especially since it's ninety degrees outside, i know, it would be horrible if it rained and it was hot outside, i know, it would be horrible if it rained and it was hot outside, yes, it would be, yes, it would be, i really wish it wasn't so hot every day, i really wish it wasn't so hot every day, me too, i can't wait until winter, me too, i can't wait until winter, i like winter too, but sometimes it gets too cold. i like winter too, but sometimes it gets too cold. i'd rather be cold than hot. i'd rather be cold than hot, me too, it doesn't look very nice outside today, you're right, i think it's going to rain later, you're right, i think it's going to rain later, in the middle of the summer, it shouldn't be raining. in the middle of the summer, it shouldn't be raining, that wouldn't seem right, that wouldn't seem right, considering that it's over ninety degrees outside, that would be weird, considering that it's over ninety degrees outside, that would be weird. exactly, it wouldn't be nice if it started raining. it's too hot. exactly, it wouldn't be nice if it started raining. it's too hot. i know, you're absolutely right. i know, you're absolutely right, i wish it would cool off one day, i wish it would cool off one day, that's how i feel, i want winter to come soon, that's how i feel, i want winter to come soon, i enjoy the winter, but it gets really cold sometimes. i enjoy the winter, but it gets really cold sometimes. i know what you mean, but i'd rather be cold than hot. i know what you mean, but i'd rather be cold than hot. that's exactly how i feel. i wish it was a nicer day today. that is true. i hope it doesn't rain.

i know. i think it may rain. it's the middle of summer, it shouldn't rain today. it's the middle of summer, it shouldn't rain today. that would be weird, that would be weird, yeah, especially since it's

### CONCLUSION

Chatbots are revolutionizing user interaction, and Python provides a powerful platform for building effective chatbots. By leveraging the power of NLP and conversation design, developers can create chatbots that provide a natural and intuitive user experience. With the right skills and knowledge, anyone can build a chatbot in Python

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