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pull-systems HTTP/TLS/JSON

Interface Design Description

Abstract

This document describes a HTTP protocol with TLS payload security and JSON payload encoding variant of the **pull-systems** service.



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1 Overview

This document describes the **pull-systems** service interface, which enables the systems to get data about all system registrated in the Local Cloud. It's implemented using protocol, encoding as stated in the following table:

Profile ype	Type	Version
Transfer protocol	HTTP	1.1
Data encryption	TLS	1.3
Encoding	JSON	RFC 8259 [1]
Compression	N/A	-

Table 1: Communication and sematics details used for the pull-systems service interface

This document provides the Interface Design Description IDD to the *pull-systems – Service Description* document. For further details about how this service is meant to be used, please consult that document.

The rest of this document describes how to realize the pull-systems service HTTP/TLS/JSON interface in details.



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2 Interface Description

The service responses with the status code 200 Ok if called successfully. The error codes are, 400 Bad Request if request is malformed, 401 Unauthorized if improper client side certificate is provided, 500 Internal Server Error if Service Registry is unavailable.

Listing 1: A pull-systems invocation.

```
1
     "data": [
2
3
          "id": 0,
4
          "systemName": "string",
5
          "address": "string",
6
7
          "port": 0,
8
          "authenticationInfo": "string",
          "metadata": {
9
               "location": "building-a"
10
11
           },
          "createdAt": "string",
12
          "updatedAt": "string"
13
14
15
    ],
     "count": 0
16
17 }
```

Listing 2: A pull-systems response.

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3 Data Models

Here, all data objects that can be part of the service calls associated with this service are listed in alphabetic order. Note that each subsection, which describes one type of object, begins with the *struct* keyword, which is meant to denote a JSON Object that must contain certain fields, or names, with values conforming to explicitly named types. As a complement to the primary types defined in this section, there is also a list of secondary types in Section 3.4.1, which are used to represent things like hashes, identifiers and texts.

3.1 struct QueryParams

Field	Туре	Mandatory	Description
direction	Direction	no	Sorting direction.
page	Number	no	Pagination page number.
size	Number	no	Pagination page size.
sortField	String	no	Field name used as the basis of the sorting.

3.2 struct SystemListResponse

Field	Туре	Description
data	List <systemrecord></systemrecord>	List of service instances
count	Number	Size of the result list.

3.3 struct SystemRecord

Field	Туре	Description
address	Address	Network address of the system.
authenticationInfo	String	X.509 public key of the system.
createdAt	DateTime	System instance record was created at this UTC timestamp.
id	Number	Identifier of the system instance.
metadata	Metadata	Additional information about the system.
port	PortNumber	Port of the system.
systemName	Name	Name of the system.
updatedAt	DateTime	System instance record was modified at this UTC timestamp.

3.4 struct Metadata

An Object which maps String key-value pairs.



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3.4.1 Primitives

As all messages are encoded using the JSON format [2], the following primitive constructs, part of that standard, become available. Note that the official standard is defined in terms of parsing rules, while this list only concerns syntactic information.

JSON Type	Description
Value	Any out of Object, Array, String, Number, Boolean or Null.
Object <a>	An unordered collection of [String: Value] pairs, where each Value conforms to type A.
Array <a>	An ordered collection of Value elements, where each element conforms to type A.
String	An arbitrary UTF-8 string.
Number	Any IEEE 754 binary64 floating point number [3], except for +Inf, -Inf and NaN.
Boolean	One out of true or false.
Null	Must be null.

With these primitives now available, we proceed to define all the types specified in the **pull-systems** SD document without a direct equivalent among the JSON types. Concretely, we define the **pull-systems** SD primitives either as *aliases* or *structs*. An *alias* is a renaming of an existing type, but with some further details about how it is intended to be used. Structs are described in the beginning of the parent section. The types are listed by name in alphabetical order.

3.4.2 alias Address = String

A string representation of a network address. An address can be a version 4 IP address (RFC 791), a version 6 IP address (RFC 2460) or a DNS name (RFC 1034).

3.4.3 alias DateTime = String

Pinpoints a moment in time in the format of ISO8601 standard "yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss", where "yyy" denotes year (4 digits), "mm" denotes month starting from 01, "dd" denotes day starting from 01, "T" is the separator between date and time part, "hh" denotes hour in the 24-hour format (00-23), "MM" denotes minute (00-59), "SS" denotes second (00-59). " " is used as separator between the date and the time. An example of a valid date/time string is "2020-12-05T12:00:00"

3.4.4 alias Direction = String

Sorting direction string could be only ASC or DESC.

3.4.5 alias List $\langle A \rangle$ = Array $\langle A \rangle$

There is no difference.

3.4.6 alias id = Number

An identifier generated for each Object that enables to distinguish them and later to refer to a specific Object.



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3.4.7 alias Name = String

A String indentifier that is intended to be both human and machine-readable.

3.4.8 alias PortNumber = Number

Decimal Number in the range of 0-65535.



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4 References

- [1] T. Bray, "The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format," RFC 8259, Dec. 2017. [Online]. Available: https://rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8259.txt
- [2] —, "The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format," RFC 7159, 2014, RFC Editor. [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.17487/RFC7159
- [3] M. Cowlishaw, "IEEE Standard for Floating-Point Arithmetic," *IEEE Std 754-2019 (Revision of IEEE 754-2008)*, July 2019. [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.1109/IEEESTD.2019.8766229

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5 Revision History

5.1 Amendments

No.	Date	Version	Subject of Amendments	Author
1	YYYY-MM-DD	4.6.0		Xxx Yyy

5.2 Quality Assurance

No).	Date	Version	Approved by
1		YYYY-MM-DD	4.6.0	Xxx Yyy