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device-discovery
Service Description

Abstract

This document provides service description for the device-discovery service.



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1 Overview

This document describes the **device-discovery** service, which enables both application and core/support systems to lookup, register and revoke devices on which the Local Cloud's systems are running. Device representation is not necessary for the base functionalities of a Local Cloud but in certain use cases (e.g. enabling onboarding) is needed therefore it is an integral part of the implementation of the requirements in Service Registry Core System. Example of this interaction is the Onboarding support system that has the capability to dynamically add new systems (and devices on which those systems are running) to the Local Cloud. To enable other systems to use, to consume it, this service needs to be offered through the Service Registry.

The **device-discovery** service contains the following operations:

- register adds new devices to the Local Cloud;
- · revoke removes devices from the Local Cloud;
- lookup lists the devices that matches the filtering requirements;

The rest of this document is organized as follows. In Section 2, we describe the abstract message operations provided by the service. In Section 3, we end the document by presenting the data types used by the mentioned operations.

1.1 How This Service Is Meant to Be Used

In some use cases, the topology of the Local Cloud can be important. In these situations, an application system can use the *register* operation of **device-discovery** service to register the device on which the system is running. Before that, the application system should use the *lookup* operation to check whether the device is already registered or not. When a device is removed from the Local Cloud, the *revoke* operation should be called.

1.2 Important Delimitations

The requester has to identify itself to use any of the operations.

1.3 Access policy

Available for anyone within the local cloud.



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2 Service Operations

This section describes the abstract signatures of each operations of the service. The **device-discovery** service is used to *register*, *lookup* and *revoke* devices. In particular, each subsection names an operation, an input type and one or two output types (unsuccessful operations can return different structure), in that order. The input type is named inside parentheses, while the output type is preceded by a colon. If the operation has two output types, they are separated by a slash. Input and output types are only denoted when accepted or returned, respectively, by the operation in question. All abstract data types named in this section are defined in Section 3.

2.1 operation register (DeviceRegistrationRequest) : DeviceRegistrationResponse / ErrorResponse

The registration data must meet the following criteria:

- Device names are case insensitive and have to be unique within the Local Cloud.
- Device names can contain maximum 63 character of letters (english alphabet), numbers and dash (-), and has to start with a letter (also cannot ends with dash).
- Device has to have at least one address. It is recommended to use MAC address and/or IP address.
- Keys in the metadata structure can not contain dot (.) character.
- Devices can register multiple times, but only if they are identical (same addresses, same metadata).

2.2 operation lookup (DeviceLookupRequest) : DeviceLookupResponse / ErrorResponse

The lookup data must meet the following criteria:

- If a filter expects a list, there is an OR relation between the elements of a filter.
- There is an AND relation between different kind of filters.

2.3 operation revoke (DeviceRevokeRequest): OperationStatus / ErrorResponse

The input operation data must meet the following criteria:

Devices that have system assignment can not be revoked.

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3 Information Model

Here, all data objects that can be part of the **device-discovery** service are listed and must be respected by the hosting System. Note that each subsection, which describes one type of object, begins with the *struct* keyword, which is used to denote a collection of named fields, each with its own data type. As a complement to the explicitly defined types in this section, there is also a list of implicit primitive types in Section 3.12, which are used to represent things like hashes and identifiers.

3.1 struct DeviceRegistrationRequest

Field	Туре	Mandatory	Description
authentication	Identity	yes	The requester of the operation.
name	Name	yes	Unique identifier of the device.
metadata	Metadata	no	Additional information about the device.
addresses	List <address></address>	yes	Different kind of addresses of the device.

3.2 struct Identity

An Object which describes the identity of a system. It also contains whether the identified system has higher level administrative rights.

3.3 struct Metadata

An Object which maps String keys to primitive, Object or list values.

3.4 struct DeviceRegistrationResponse

Field	Туре	Description
status	OperationStatus	Status of the operation.
name	Name	Unique identifier of the registered device.
metadata	Metadata	Additional information about the registered device.
addresses	List <addressdescriptor></addressdescriptor>	Different kind of addresses of the registered device.
createdAt	DateTime	Device is registered at this timestamp.
updatedAt	DateTime	Device is modified at this timestamp.



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3.5 struct AddressDescriptor

Field	Туре	Description
type	AddressType	Type of the address.
address	Address	Address.

3.6 struct ErrorResponse

Field	Туре	Description
status	OperationStatus	Status of the operation.
errorMessage	String	Description of the error.
errorCode	Number	Numerical code of the error.
type	ErrorType	Type of the error.
origin	String	Origin of the error.

3.7 struct DeviceLookupRequest

Field Type		Mandatory	Description
authentication	Identity	yes	The requester of the operation.
deviceNames	List <name></name>	no	Requester is looking for devices with any of the specified names.
addresses	List <address></address>	no	Requester is looking for devices with any of the specified addresses.
addressType	AddressType	no	Requester is looking for devices with the specified type of address.
metadataRequirementsList List <metadatarequirements< td=""><td>no</td><td>Requester is looking for devices that are matching the specified metadata requirements.</td></metadatarequirements<>		no	Requester is looking for devices that are matching the specified metadata requirements.

3.8 struct MetadataRequirements

A special Object which maps String keys to Object, primitive or list values, where

- Keys can be paths (or multi-level keys) which access a specific value in a Metadata structure, where parts
 of the path are delimited with dot character (e.g. in case of "key.subkey" path we are looking for the key
 named "key" in the metadata, which associated with an embedded object and in this object we are looking
 for the key named "subkey").
- Values are special Objects with two fields: an operation (e.g. less than) and an actual value (e.g. a number). A metadata is matching a requirement if the specified operation returns true using the metadata value referenced by a key path as first and the actual value as second operands.



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 Alternatively, values can be ordinary primitives, lists or Objects. In this case the operation is equals by default.

3.9 struct DeviceLookupResponse

Field	Туре	Description
status	OperationStatus	Status of the operation.
entries List <devicelookupresult></devicelookupresult>		List of device results.
count	Number	Number of returned devices.

3.10 struct DeviceLookupResult

Field	Туре	Description
name	Name	Unique identifier of the device.
metadata	Metadata	Additional information about the device.
addresses List <addressdescriptor> [</addressdescriptor>		Different kind of addresses of the device.
createdAt	DateTime	Device is registered at this timestamp.
updatedAt	DateTime	Device is modified at this timestamp.

3.11 struct DeviceRevokeRequest

Field	Туре	Mandatory	Description
authentication	Identity	yes	The requester of the operation.
name	Name	yes	Unique identifier of the device.

3.12 Primitives

Types and structures mentioned throughout this document that are assumed to be available to implementations of this service. The concrete interpretations of each of these types and structures must be provided by any IDD document claiming to implement this service.



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Туре	Description	
Address A string representation of the address.		
AddressType	Any suitable type chosen by the implementor or service.	
DateTime	Pinpoints a specific moment in time.	
ErrorType	Any suitable type chosen by the implementor of service.	
List <a>	An array of a known number of items, each having type A.	
Name	A string identifier that is intended to be both human and machine-readable.	
Number	Decimal number.	
Object	Set of primitives and possible further objects.	
OperationStatus	Logical, textual or number value that indicates whether an operation is a success or a failure. It can be used multiple values for success and error cases to give additional information about the nature of the result.	
String	A chain of characters.	

4 References

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5.1 Amendments

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1	YYYY-MM-DD	5.0.0		Xxx Yyy

5.2 Quality Assurance

No.	Date	Version	Approved by
1	YYYY-MM-DD	5.0.0	