





Sat Antennas

Features

- Reflector made of aluminium, powder coated
- Feed system support made of galvanised sheet steel, powder coated
- Mast clamp made of sheet steel, hot-dip galvanised
- Optimal electrical data combined with very compact mechanical dimensions due to offset feed
- Patented tilt facility at the multi-feed adaptor plate, allows optimisation of the LNB positions for multi-feed reception
- Items supplied: Reflector, pre-assembled mast and feed system support, user manual
- The optimum performance of the satellite antennas is only given in conjunction with the original Kathrein LNBs.



Without additional components, two universal feed systems to receive the signals of satellites 3° or 4° (e.g. ASTRA 19.2°/23.5°) or 6° apart (e.g. ASTRA/EUTELSATHOTBIRD) can be mounted on the boom For other satellite spacings, the multifeed adapter plates ZAS 90 (Order no: 218684) and ZAS 1218 (Order no: 204500011) are available (see "Optional Accessories" on page 1).

Intended Use

The CAS 90 parabolic antenna is intended solely for the reception of satellite signals and for use only as a domestic antenna.

DIN 4131 specifies that a domestic antenna has no more than 6 m free mast length and a fixed-end moment up to 1650 Nm.

It is unsuitable for mounting on structures that are liable to vibration.

Make absolutely sure that the values for the maximum load listed in the Technical Data (on the last page) are complied with. If this load is exceeded, parts could break away!

The CAS 90 parabolic antenna is designed for use with a feed system (LNB) for reception of the signals from one satellite position, or two feed systems for multi-feed applications for reception of the signals from two satellite positions with 3° – 4° or 6° satellite spacing.

When the additional ZAS 90 or ZAS 1218 multi-feed adapter plate is used, the parabolic antenna is also suitable for three feed systems. The feed systems and instructions for their installation are not included in the scope of supply of the parabolic antenna.



Do not use the parabolic antenna for purposes other than those listed in this manual! Any use other than that specified above will void the warranty or guarantee.

In particular, **never modify** any of its **components** or **fit any components other** than those expressly intended by the manufacturer for use with the antenna.

Breach of these rules may lead to the antenna no longer being sufficiently stable and safe!

Optional Accessories

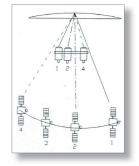
ZAS 90, order no. 218684 multi-feed adapter plate

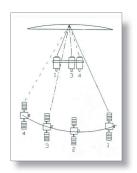


Installation items 2 and 3 cannot be mounted at the same time.









ZAS 1218, order no. 204500011 multi-feed adapter plate
 Without notches for any satellite spacing

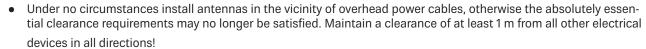


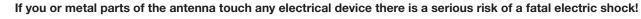


Basic Safety Instructions

Before you install, connect or use the parabolic antenna, **make sure that you comply with the instructions in this manual!**If you disregard these instructions,

- malfunctions may arise, creating risks to your life and health,
- defects in the installation or the connection may cause damage to the antenna or to the attachment point,
- the manufacturer will **not accept liability** for malfunctions and damage arising!





- Never work on antenna systems during a thunderstorm or when a thunderstorm is approaching.
 There is a risk of a fatal electric shock!
- Never install antennas on buildings with easily flammable roof coverings such as straw, reeds or similar materials!
 Otherwise there is a risk of fire due to atmospheric over-voltages (static charges) or lightning discharges (e.g. during thunderstorms).
- The installation operations described here assume good craftsmanship capabilities and knowledge of the behaviour
 of materials under the effects of wind. Therefore if you do not possess the required skills, have this work performed
 by a specialist.
- The person doing the work must wear strong non-slip footwear, must not be liable to dizziness, must be able to move around safely on the roof and have a secure standing and attachment position (if necessary, wear a safety harness when on the roof).
- Make sure that the roof is able to bear your weight. Never walk on fragile or unstable surfaces! In case of doubt, contact a qualified specialist dealer or specialist roofing contractor to find an appropriate installation location.
- Do not go on to roofs or other high places without a correctly attached safety harness that is in good condition. Otherwise use a work platform.
- Ladders or other means of climbing must be in faultless condition (dry, clean and non-slip). Never build any irresponsible "scrambling towers"!
- If there is a risk that passers-by may be injured by items falling from above during installation, you must close off
 the risk area using barriers! Make sure that no-one is underneath the installation location.
 Risk of death or injury due to falling from the roof, falling through the roof and falling parts, plus the
- The respective national safety regulations and current standards such as DIN EN 60728-11 should be complied with.
- Any other use or failure to comply with these instructions will result in voiding of warranty coverage.

When working on antenna systems, please remember your **duty of care towards your fellow human beings**!

Keep the manual for any questions that arise later, and if the building passes to another owner, pass it on to the new owner!

Selecting the Installation Site

possibility of damage to the roof.

It is essential to select the correct installation site. This determines whether your parabolic antenna can be erected safely and perform to its optimum capabilities.

When selecting the installation site, take account of special features of the structure of the building. If the installation is at the edge of the roof or the building or on a cylindrical structure, DIN 1055, parts 4 and 4131 specifies the increased wind and vibration loadings that should be allowed for. The dynamic properties of the antenna and the structure can mutually influence each other and cause detrimental changes.

When installing (e.g. under eaves), due to the offset angle of the antenna, there must be a clear view to the satellite at an angle of approx. 60° above the top edge of the reflector in relation to the horizontal.

Disregarding these considerations can lead to the maximum load or vibration fatigue stress listed in the Technical Data being exceeded. **The parabolic antenna need not necessarily be mounted on the roof**, since the requirement is not height as such but an unobstructed "view" of the satellite. For this reason, an appropriate installation site might also be found for instance in the garden, on the terrace, on the face of the building or on a garage.

In fact if other sites are possible, it is better to avoid the roof. This will result in less work for you and will reduce the hazards associated with installation work on the roof!





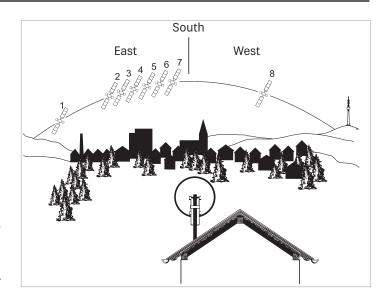


 For good reception, an unobstructed "view" to the south (± 20°) must be ensured, at an elevation of about 30°. The following satellites are then available for selection:

1 TÜRKSAT*)	42° East	6 EUTELSAT HOTBIRD	13° East
2 ASTRA 2 group*)	28.2° East	7 EUTELSAT W 1	10° East
3 ASTRA 3 group	23.5° East	8 HISPA-Sat	30° West
4 ASTRA 1 group	19.2° East		
5 EUTELSAT W 2	16° East		

 Do make sure that there are no obstacles between the parabolic antenna and the respective satellite (such as trees, roofs, house eaves or other antennas). Such items can impair reception to the extent that during unfavourable stormy weather the signal is lost altogether.

^{*)} The reception is dependent upon the respective location and the satellite coverage zone



Installing the Antenna

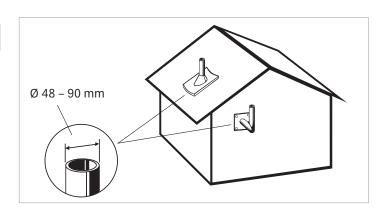
When installing the antenna carrier (mast or wall boom), ensure that it is standing upright. Otherwise, there may be problems with the alignment of the antenna to the satellites.

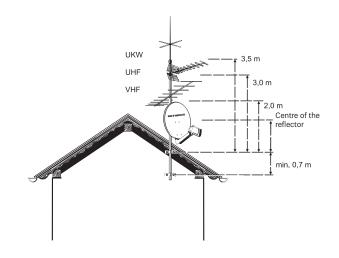
a. Requirements on the antenna carrier

- Use only masts or support tubes that are specially designed for installation of antennas. Other tubes generally do not have the strength required to withstand the forces of wind and weather.
- For mast installation, select a tube diameter between 48 and 90 mm, with a wall thickness at least 2 mm. For wall installation, Kathrein recommends the use of ZAS 62 or ZAS 63 wall supports.
- For mast installation on a roof, the mast must be clamped for at least 1/6 of its free length (in the example bottom right this is 0.7 m).

b. Several antennas on a single antenna carrier

- Install the parabolic antenna as far down the mast as possible, so as to minimise the bending moment at the clamping point.
- Under no circumstances exceed the maximum value for the loading on the mast or mast support, as stated in the Technical Data. Sufficient cognizance of the maximum loading is achieved if you arrange your antenna system as shown in example bottom right and use conventional domestic antennas together with mast components from a specialist supplier (tube in steel grade St 52 with outside diameter 60 mm and wall thickness 2.5 mm at the mast clamping point – e.g. ZSH 59 from Kathrein).





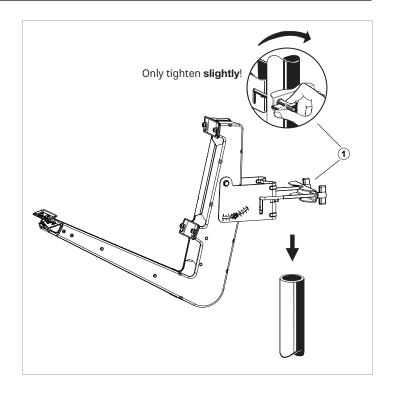


If you arrange the structure differently you must calculate wind loading and bending moment at the clamping point as specified in DIN EN 60728-11 (or have a specialist do the calculation for you).



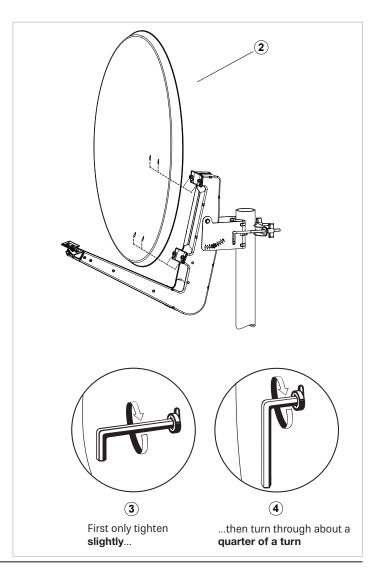
c. Installing the carrier arm

 Attach the carrier arm to the antenna boom, as shown on the drawing. Alternately tighten the wing nuts on the mast clip finger-tight (1).



d. Installation of the parabolic antenna

- Now hang the parabolic reflector from the four securing bolts on the carrier arm (see the diagram on the right) (2).
- Now lightly tighten the four bolts using an allen wrench SW5 (do this by holding the allen wrench by the short end, see diagram on the right) (③).
- Now turn the allen wrench round. If you now swing the long end of the hexagon key through about a quarter of a turn, the bolts will be tight (see diagram on the right). If you have a torque wrench available, tighten the bolts to about 4 5 Nm (4).





e. Feed system (LNB)

Tip

For multi-feed applications the antenna should be aligned towards the satellite which is transmitting the weakest signal level.

diT

The optimum performance of the satellite antennas is only given in conjunction with the original Kathrein LNBs, because this is the only way to ensure optimum illumination of the reflector.

The feed system(s) and instructions for their installation are not included in the scope of supply of the parabolic antenna. For more detailed information on their correct installation please refer to the manuals supplied with the respective feed

Using the multi-feed adapter plate on the carrier arm you can install one or two Kathrein universal feed systems. The markings on the adapter plate are as follows:

- 3 the installation position for one single feed system,
- 2 and 4 the installation positions for two multi-feed feed systems at 3° - 4° satellite spacing,
- 1 and 5 the installation positions for two multi-feed feed systems at 6° satellite spacing.
- Example for the installation positions for a multi-feed application with 3° - 4° satellite spacing:

Position 2	Position 4
ASTRA 19.2° East	EUTELSAT 16° East
ASTRA 23.5° East	ASTRA 19.2° East
EUTELSAT 16° East	EUTELSAT 13° East
EUTELSAT 13° East	EUTELSAT 10° East
EUTELSAT 10° East	EUTELSAT 7° East

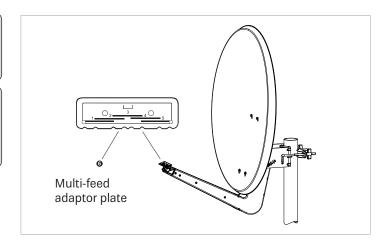


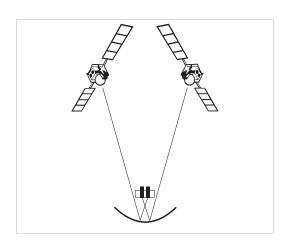
Position 1	Position 5
ASTRA 19.2° East	EUTELSAT 13° East
EUTELSAT 16° East	EUTELSAT 10° East
EUTELSAT 13° East	EUTELSAT 7° East

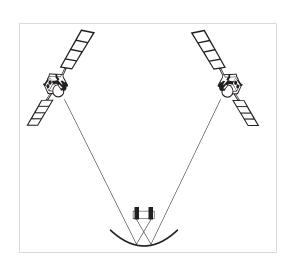
Polarisation pre-setting

One feed system (monofeed)

Set the polarisation angle on the feed system according to the value in the table for your location and the position of the satellite from which the signal is to be received (see LNB user instructions). For this the tiltable adapter plate remains in the zero position (see diagram on the right).









Multiple feed systems (multi-feed)

To optimise the multi-feed reception, the tiltable support "H" should be tilted to the angle "V" according to the table attached to this document.

The polarisation angle on the respective feed system must be set according to the following formula.

 $PW_{NFW} = PW_{TAR} - V$

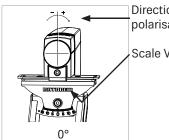
 PW_{NEW} = polarisation angle to be set

PW_{TAR} = polarisation angle of the selected satellite according to the table in the LNB user instructions

V = setting angle of the support according to the selected satellite combination of the attached table

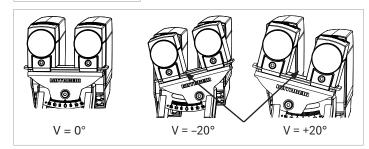
With the settings and the calculation, pay attention to preceding signs!

In order to be able to tilt the support you must first use the hexagon key to slacken the bolt shown arrowed in the illustration on the right.



Direction of rotation for polarisation angle (PW)

Scale V angle



Aligning the Antenna

The antenna must be exactly aligned towards the satellite in respect of both the direction (azimuth) and also the inclination (elevation). For multi-feed applications the antenna should be aligned towards the satellite which is transmitting the weakest signal level.

a. Adjusting the inclination (elevation)

Use an allen wrench SW5 (①) supplied with the parabolic antenna to slacken the two screws on each side of the inclination scale (elevation) on the left and right of the support.



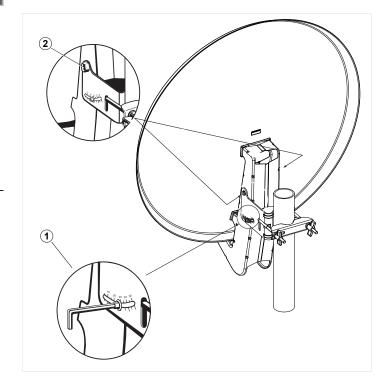
Do not slacken the upper nuts (2) on the bracket - these are factory-set to a fixed tightening torque.

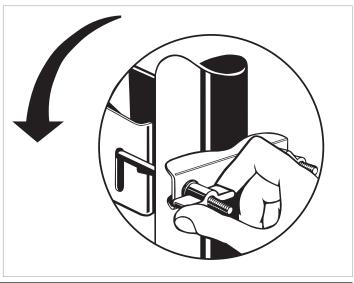
- Then adjust the **inclination** (elevation) the exact elevation angle for your location can be found in the manual for the feed system (LNB).
- When doing this, retighten first just one of the bolts on the inclination scale finger-tight (1).

b. Setting the direction (azimuth)

If you yourself are unable whilst performing the adjustments to read the results of the alignment work on an antenna meter or screen connected to the satellite receiver, you may need an assistant for the following steps. The precise alignment of the antenna can be achieved only if a digital antenna meter is used. Ask your dealer about this.

- Set the satellite receiver to a known channel so that you can check that you have really "locked on" to the desired
- Now slightly loosen the wing nuts on the mast clamp (3).
- Twist the antenna so that it faces roughly south. Then slowly twist the antenna about its central axis to left and right until the best reception is obtained for the selected channel.
- Then tighten the wing nuts initially just enough to prevent the antenna turning.







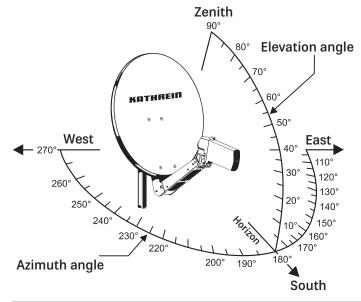
c. Fine adjustment

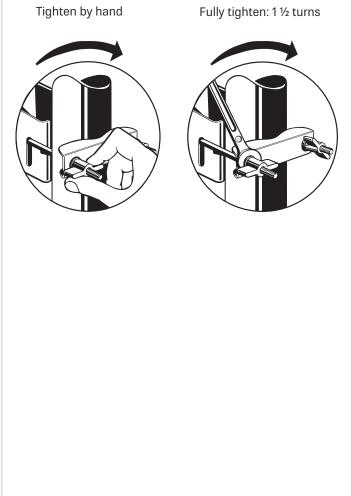
- Once again slacken the bolt on the inclination scale and tilt the antenna lightly upwards and downwards until either the antenna meter shows the strongest antenna signal or visual assessment is judged to achieve the best picture: To do this, tilt the antenna far enough upwards and downwards to get to the limits when the first "little fish" (analogue) or "little blocks" (digital) appear on the screen. Position the antenna midway between the two limit points.
- Now alternately correct the direction (azimuth) and inclination (elevation) until the measured results or the picture quality show no further improvement.

Note: Tightening the nuts at the clamping piece can cause the antenna to turn slightly! You should allow for this at the fine adjustment stage (and if necessary make use of it when starting the adjustment operation all over again).

d. Finally tightening the antenna clamps

- Then tighten the nuts at the clamping piece by hand, working across diagonals. Then use a 13 AF open-ended spanner to tighten up each of the wing nuts one turn (4).
- After this, tighten the bolts on the left and right of the clamp of the inclination scale, using the hexagon key first with the short end to tighten them finger-tight and then with the long end tighten them a further 1/4 1/2 turn (torque wrench: 5 10 Nm) (⑤).
- Finally check once again that the bolted connections are secure.
- Attach the cables to the carrier arm by clipping them into the cable clips within the carrier arm and use cable ties to secure them all along the antenna carrier, so that they cannot chafe and suffer damage in the wind.







Antenna Earthing/Lightning Protection

Because of the serious consequences if the work is not done properly, grounding and lightning protection work may be performed only by specially trained electricians!



Never perform grounding and lightning protection work if you are not a specialist with the appropriate skills!

The instructions printed here are not an invitation to non-specialists to perform grounding and lightning protection work on their own account; they are meant solely as additional information for the specialists whom you employ!

The antenna must be erected to DIN EN 60728-11 and grounded as specified. The grounding requirement is inapplicable only to those antennas:

- more than 2 m below the edge of the roof
- and at the same time less than 1.5 m from buildings.

For grounding, the mast must be connected by means of a suitable ground conductor to the lightning protection system of the building, using the shortest route. If no lightning protection system is available: to the building's ground conductor.

Connection to the lightning protection system may be made only by a qualified lightning protection system installation engineer.

a. Suitable as ground conductors are

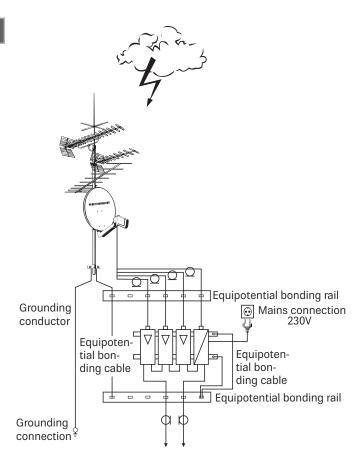
a single solid wire with a cross-section of at least
 16 mm² copper, at least 25 mm² aluminium or at least
 50 mm² steel.

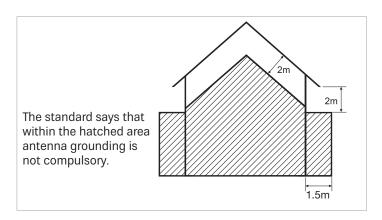
b. Unsuitable as ground conductors are

- the outer conductor of the antenna cable
- metallic domestic installations (such as the metal pipework of a water or heating system), since the permanence of the electrical connection cannot be guaranteed
- or the shielding conductor or neutral conductor of the mains power supply.

c. Routing of ground conductors

- Antenna cables and grounding conductors must not be routed through rooms used for storing easily flammable substances (such as hay or straw) or in which an explosive atmosphere can develop (such as gases, vapours).
- If the parabolic antenna is used in an integrated antenna system (e. g. a distribution system), the grounding measures must also be designed in such a way that grounding protection is still maintained if individual units are removed or replaced.





Hazards may be caused not only by thunderstorms (lightning), but also by static charges and short circuits in the connected units.

For safety reasons therefore in general for all antenna systems an equipotential bonding conductor of 4 mm² copper should be provided.

The cable screens of all coaxial antenna downlink cables must be connected to the mast with an equipotential bonding conductor.



Technical Data

Туре			CAS 90gr	CAS 90ro	CAS 90ws				
Part no.			20010033	20010034	20010035				
Diameter		cm	90	90	90				
Colour			Graphite-grey (similar to RAL 7012)	Auburn (similar to RAL 8012)	White (similar to RAL 9002)				
Reception range		GHz		10,70-12,75					
Antenna gain at 10.70-11.70 GHz/11.70-12.5	50 GHz/12.50-12.75 GHz	dBi		38.6/39.2/39.6					
Half-power beam width 1)		0		< 1.9					
Figure of merit ²) central feed system	UAS 571/572/582/584/585	dB/K		18.8/19.8 18.1/19.1					
Figure of merit ²) feed system spacing 3°-4°	UAS 571/572/582/584/585	dB/K	18.3/18.3 17.6/18.6						
Figure of merit ²) feed system spacing 6°	merit ²) feed system spacing UAS 571/572/582/584/585 dB/K 17.9/18.7 17.2/18.0								
Cross-polarisation decoupling (in main b	eam direction)	dB		> 27					
Wind area		m ²		0.76					
Vibration fatigue stress			ETS 30001	9-2-4 (12.94)/IEC C	Class 4 M 5				
Wind load 1:		N		730					
for installation height			up	to 20 m above gro	und				
at wind speed		km/h		up to 130					
at dynamic pressure		N/m ²		800					
Wind load 2:		N		1000					
for installation height			more than 2	0 m above ground	l (factor 1.37)				
at wind speed:		km/h		up to 150					
Maximum load		N		1.590					
at dynamic pressure		N/m²		1740 (190 km/h)					
Mast clamp range		mm		48 – 90					
Adjustment range Elevation/Azimuth		0		side mounting: 5-4 installation: 5-50/					
Multi-feed adaptor plate adjustment rang	ge	0		±20					
Dimensions width	-	mm		987					
Dimensions height max.		mm		1030					
Dimensions protrusion max. (from mast centre without feed system)		mm	880						
Packing unit dimensions		mm	1050 x 1050 x 230						
Weight approx. net/gross		kg	9.9/13.5						
1) At mid-band									

¹⁾ At mid-band

All figures are typical values!



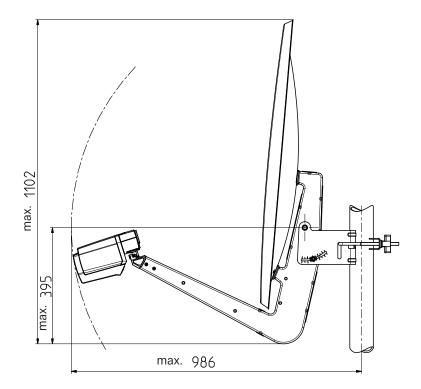
If the maximum load is exceeded, parts could break away!

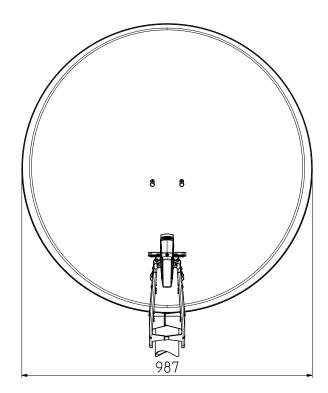
See dimensions on the next page

 $^{^{2)}}$ G/T at 11.3/12.5 GHz under standard ambient conditions (clear sky)



Dimensions in mm

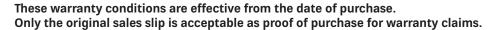




Warranty Conditions for the Antenna Corrosion Resistance

Important instructions relating to the warranty conditions for the corrosion resistance of Kathrein offset parabolic antennas:

- The antenna must be assembled and mounted professionally, following the steps described in the enclosed instruction sheet.
- The antenna must not be modified (e.g. by drilling).
- The antenna must not be damaged mechanically (e.g. deformation, deep or extensive damage, or abrasion of the powder coating and surface coating).
- The antenna must not be damaged due to exposure to chemicals (e.g. solvents, lacquers, detergents or the like).
- Only genuine Kathrein accessories may be used for the antenna.



Furthermore, corrosion resistance is not warranted for the consequences of force majeure, e.g. lightning strike, or if the antenna is used in regions where frequently occurring, abrasive weather conditions may wear off the protective coating within a short period of time (e.g. sandstorms).

Disposal



Electronic equipment

Electronic equipment is not domestic waste – in accordance with directive 2012/19/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL dated 4th July 2012 concerning used electrical and electronic appliances, it must be disposed of properly. At the end of its service life, take this unit for disposal at a designated public collection point.



Table for Angle V of the Tiltable Multi-feed Adaptor Plate

Multi-feed Application 3° Orbital Spacing

Satellite		ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°
■ Germany							
Bad Reichenhall	Latitude: 47,72° Longitude 12,90°		-1,4°	1,3°	4,0°	16,5°	-7,5°
Berlin	Latitude: 52,50° Longitude 13,42°	2 20	-0,8°	1,5°	3,7°	14,4°	-6°
Bremen	Latitude: 53,07° Longitude 8,83°	G Eº	-4,2°	-2,0°	0,2°	11,1°	-9,2°
Cottbus	Latitude: 51,75° Longitude 14,33°	2.60	-0,1°	2,2°	4,5°	15,4°	-5,5°
Dortmund	Latitude: 51,50° Longitude 7,47°	7.00	-5,5°	-3,2°	-0,8°	10,7°	-10,7°
Dresden	Latitude: 51,05° Longitude 13,73°	2 10	-0,6°	1,8°	4,2°	15,3°	-6,1°
Emden	Latitude: 53,35° Longitude 7,20°	-7,6°	-5,3°	-3,2°	-1,0°	9,9°	-10,2°
Erfurt	Latitude: 50,97° Longitude 11,03°		-2,8°	-0,4°	2,0°	13,5°	-8,2°
Flensburg	Latitude: 54,78° Longitude 9,45°	5 /°	-3,5°	-1,4°	0,7°	10,8°	-8,2°
Frankfurt/Main	Latitude: 50,12° Longitude 8,68°		-4,8°	-2,3°	0,1°	12,2°	-10,3°
Freiburg/Brsg.	Latitude: 48,00° Longitude 7,83°		-5,9°	-3,3°	-0,6°	12,4°	-11,8°
Greifswald	Latitude: 54,08° Longitude 13,38°		-0,8°	1,3°	3,5°	13,6°	-5,7°
Hamburg	Latitude: 53,55° Longitude 9,98°		-3,3°	-1,1°	1,1°	11,7°	-8,2°
Hannover	Latitude: 52,37° Longitude 9,77°		-3,6°	-1,3°	1,0°	12,0°	-8,7°
Kassel	Latitude: 51,30° Longitude 9,43°	-h 4°	-4,0°	-1,6°	0,7°	12,2°	-9,3°
Kiel	Latitude: 54,32° Longitude 10,13°	5 3°	-3,1°	-1,0°	1,2°	11,5°	-7,9°
Koblenz	Latitude: 50,33° Longitude 7,50°		-5,7°	-3,3°	-0,8°	11,2°	-11,1°
Leipzig	Latitude: 51,30° Longitude 12,37°		-1,7°	0,7°	3,1°	14,3°	-7,1°
Magdeburg	Latitude: 52,12° Longitude 11,63°		-2,2°	0,1°	2,4°	13,4°	-7,4°
Mönchengladbach	Latitude: 51,18° Longitude 6,45°		-6,4°	-4,0°	-1,6°	10,1°	-11,6°
München	Latitude: 48,13° Longitude 11,57°	5.20	-2,6°	0,1°	2,7°	15,3°	-8,6°
Neubrandenburg	Latitude: 53,55° Longitude 13,25°	2 20	-0,9°	1,3°	3,5°	13,8°	-5,9°
Nürnberg	Latitude: 49,45° Longitude 11,05°	5 50	-2,9°	-0,4°	2,2°	14,2°	-8,6°
Osnabrück	Latitude: 52,28° Longitude 8,05°	7.20	-4,9°	-2,6°	-0,3°	10,9°	-10°



Satellite			ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°	
Germany (continu	ed)								
Passau		48,57°	-3,6°	-0,9°	1,7°	4,3°	16,5°	-6,8°	
		13,47°			.,,	.,0	.5,5	0,0	
Pirmasens		19,20°	-8,4°	-5,9°	-3,3°	-0,8°	11,7°	-11,5°	
	-	7,60° 50,50°							
Plauen		12,13°	-4,5°	-1,9°	0,5°	3,0°	14,5°	-7,5°	
		47,77°							
Ravensburg		9,60°	-7,1°	-4,4°	-1,7°	1,0°	13,9°	-10,4°	
- I		19,02°	4.70	2.10	2.50	0.10	45.00	7.00	
Regensburg		12,10°	-4,7°	-2,1°	0,5°	3,1°	15,2°	-7,9°	
Destable	Latitude: 5	54,08°	2.00	1 70	0.50	2.00	12.00	0.00	
Rostock	Longitude	12,13°	-3,9°	-1,7°	0,5°	2,6°	12,8°	-6,6°	
Stuttgart	Latitude: 4	18,80°	-7,2°	-4,6°	-2,0°	0,6°	13,1°	-10,4°	
Stuttgart	Longitude	9,18°	-7,2	-4,0	-2,0	0,0	13,1	-10,4	
Trier		49,75°	-9,1°	-6,5°	-4,1°	1,6°	10,8°	-12°	
11161		6,63°	-5,1	-0,5	-4,1	1,0	10,0		
Ulm		18,38°	-6,7°	-4,0°	-1,3°	1,3°	13,9°	-9,9°	
	Longitude	9,97°	0,7	4,0	1,5	1,0	10,0	0,0	
Austria									
Drogonz	Latitude: 4	47,50°	7.10	4.20	1.00	110	14.20	10.40	
Bregenz	Longitude	9,75°	-7,1°	-4,3°	-1,6°	1,1°	14,2°	-10,4°	
Graz	Latitude: 4	47,07°	-2,0°	0,9°	3,6°	6,4°	18,8°	-5,4°	
Glaz	Longitude 1	15,45°	-2,0	0,9	3,0	0,4	10,0	-5,4	
Innsbruck		47,27°	-5,7°	-2,9°	-0,1°	2,6°	15,6°	-9°	
IIIIISDIUCII		11,38°	5,7	2,0					
Klagenfurt		16,63°	-3,1°	-0,2°	2,7°	5,4°	18,4°	-6,5°	
		14,33°		0,2			10, 1	0,0	
Lienz		16,83°	-4,5°	-1,6°	1,2°	4,0°	16,9°	-7,9°	
	-	12,77°	-,	.,,-	.,_	-,-	,.	.,,	
Linz		18,30°	-2,9°	-0,2°	2,5°	5,1°	17,2°	-6,2°	
		14,30°	·	·	·	·	·	·	
Salzburg		47,80°	-4,1°	-1,3°	1,4°	4,1°	16,6°	-7,4°	
		13,03°							
Wien		18,20° 16,37°	-1,1°	1,7°	4,3°	6,9°	18,8°	-4,4°	
- Curitzorland	Longitude	10,37							
Switzerland	1								
Bern		16,95°	-9,2°	-6,5°	-3,7°	-1,0°	12,5°	-10,8°	
		9,50°							
Genf		16,20°	-10,7°	-7,9°	-5,1°	-2,2°	11,7°	-14°	
	Longitude	6,15°				=/=			
I ocarno		46,17° 8,78°	-8,3°	-5,4°	-2,6°	0,3°	14,0°	-11,7°	
	-	8,78° 47,37°							
Zürich		47,37° 8,53°	-8,2°	-5,4°	-2,7°	0,0°	13,2°	-11,5°	
	Longitude	0,55							



Satellite			ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°	
Benelux Countries									
Brügge (B)	Latitude:	51,22°	-11,1°	-8,8°	-6,5°	-4,2°	7,6°	-13,9°	
	Longitude	3,22°		·	·	·			
Brüssel (B)	Latitude:	50,85° 4,35°	-10,4°	-8,1°	-5,7°	-3,3°	8,6°	-13,3°	
	Latitude:	52,12°							
Den Haag (NL)	Longitude	4,28°	-10,0°	-7,8°	-5,5°	-3,2°	8,2°	-12,8°	
	Latitude:	51,43°						40.00	
Eindhoven (NL)	Longitude	5,47°	-9,4°	-7,1°	-4,7°	-2,4°	9,3°	-12,2°	
Encehado (NII.)	Latitude:	52,22°	0.10	F 00	2.50	1 20	10.00	10.00	
Enschede (NL)	Longitude	6,88°	-8,1°	-5,8°	-3,5°	-1,2°	10,0°	-10,9°	
Groningen (NL)	Latitude:	53,25°	-8,0°	-5,8°	-3,6°	-1,4°	9,5°	-10,7°	
	Longitude	6,58°	0,0	0,0	5,0	1,7		10,7	
Luxemburg (L)	Latitude:	49,62°	-9,5°	-7,0°	-4,5°	-2,0°	10,4°	-12,5°	
	Longitude	6,15°	-,-	.,.	.,-	_,-	,	12,2	
Maastricht (NL)	Latitude:	50,83°	-9,4°	-7,1°	-4,7°	-2,3°	9,6°	-12,3°	
	Longitude	5,67°							
■ France									
Bastia	Latitude:	42,67°	-8,6°	-5,4°	-2,2°	1,1°	16,4°	-12,5°	
	Longitude	9,50° 43,50°							
Bayonne	Latitude: Longitude	-1,47°	-18,6°	-15,9°	-13,1°	-10,2°	5,2°	-19,6°	
	Latitude:	44,83°						-20,5°	
Bordeaux	Longitude	-0,60°	-17,1°	-14,5°	-11,8°	-8,9°	5,9°		
	Latitude:	48,40°		-15,9°	10.00	44.00	1,7°	-21°	
Brest	Longitude	-4,52°	-18,1°		-13,6°	-11,2°			
Calaia	Latitude:	50,95°	10.00	0.00	-7,6°	-5,3°	0.70	150	
Calais	Longitude	1,93°	-12,2°	-9,9°			6,7°	-15°	
Clermont-Ferrand	Latitude:	45,77°	-13,5°	-10,8°	-8,0°	-5,2°	9,1°	-16,9°	
	Longitude	3,07°	10,0	10,0	0,0	U,Z	0,1	10,0	
Dijon	Latitude:	47,33°	-11,2°	-8,5°	-5,9°	-3,2°	10,3°	-14,4°	
	Longitude	5,05°							
Le Havre	Latitude:	49,50°	-14,2°	-11,8°	-9,5°	-7,1°	5,5°	-17,1°	
	Longitude	0,08° 45,83°							
Limoges	Latitude: Longitude	45,65 1,25°	-15,1°	-12,4°	-9,7°	-6,9°	7,4°	-18,3°	
	Latitude:	45,77°							
Lyon	Longitude	4,83°	-12,0°	-9,2°	-6,4°	-3,5°	10,7°	-15,4°	
Na 211	Latitude:	43,30°	40.50	0.50	0.40	2.00	40.00	40.00	
Marseille	Longitude	5,38°	-12,5°	-9,5°	-6,4°	-3,3°	12,2°	-16,2°	
Motz	Latitude:	49,13°	0.60	710	1.60	-2,0°	10,6°	-12,7°	
Metz	Longitude	6,17°	-9,6°	-7,1°	-4,6°				
	Latitude:	47,20°	-16,6°	-14,1°	-11,7°	-9,1°	4,5°	-19,7°	
Tuntoo	Longitude	-1,55°	10,0	17,1	11,7	0,1	7,0	10,7	



■ France (continued			Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°
Ni)							
INI77A	Latitude:	43,70°	-10,6°	-7,5°	-4.4°	-1,3°	13,8°	-14,2°
111224	Longitude	7,23°	10,0	,,0	.,.	1,0	10,0	,_
Orleans	Latitude:	47,90°	-13,6°	-11,0°	-8,5°	-5,9°	7,4°	-16,7°
	Longitude	1,87°		,-	-,-	-,-	-, -	,
Paris	Latitude:	48,83°	-12,8°	-10,3°	-7,9°	-5,3°	7,6°	-15,8°
	Longitude	2,33°	,	,	ŕ	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,
Reims	Latitude:	49,25°	-11,3°	-8,8°	-6,3°	-3,8°	8,8°	-14,3°
	Longitude	4,02°		·	·	·	·	
Rennes	Latitude:	48,12°	-16,2°	-13,8°	-11,4°	-8,9°	4,3°	-19,2°
	Longitude	-1,68°						
Toulouse	Latitude:	43,62°	-16,0°	-13,2°	-10,3°	-7,3°	8,2°	-19,5°
	Longitude	1,45°						
Tours	Latitude:	47,37°	-14,8°	-12,2°	-9,7°	-7,1°	6,5°	-17,9°
	Longitude	0,67°						
Unigted Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland								
Aberdeen	Latitude:	57,15°	-12,1°	-10,3°	-8,5°	-6,7°	2,8°	-14,3°
	Longitude	-2,10°	·		·	·		
Belfast	Latitude:	54,58°	-15,6°	-13,7°	-11,9°	-9,9°	0,4°	-17,9°
	Longitude	-5,93°						
Birmingham	Latitude:	52,50°	-14,1°	-12,1°	-10,0°	-7,8°	3,5°	-16,7°
	0	-1,92°						
Bristol	Latitude:	51,43°	-15,1°	-13,0°	-10,8°	-8,6°	3,1°	-17,8°
	Longitude	-2,58°		-12,1°		-8,4°	1,5°	
Glasgow	Latitude:	55,87°	-13,9°		-10,3°			-16,2°
	Longitude	-4,23°						
London	Latitude:	51,50° -0,08°	-13,4°	-11,2°	-9,0°	-6,7°	5,0°	-16,1°
	Longitude	53,50°						
Manchester	Latitude: Longitude	-2,25°	-13,9°	-11,9°	-9,9°	-7,8°	3,1°	-16,4°
	Latitude:	54,22°						
Newcastle	Longitude.	-5,90°	-15,7°	-13,9°	-12,0°	-10,0°	0,4°	-18,1°
	Latitude:	52,63°						
Norwich	Longitude	1,28°	-11,9°	-9,8°	-7,6°	-5,4°	5,8°	-14,6°
	Latitude:	50,38°				-		
Plymouth	Longitude	-4,15°	-16,7°	-14,6°	-12,4°	10,2°	1,9°	-19,5°
■ Italy	3.00.00	,				- /-		
- italy	Latitude:	43,62°						
Ancona	Longitude.	43,62°	-4,3°	-1,0°	2,1°	5,2°	19,3°	-8,1°
	Latitude:	41,10°						
Bari	Longitude	16,87°	-0,8°	2,7°	6,1°	9,4°	23,7°	-5,1°
	Latitude:	44,50°						
Bologna	Longitude	11,33°	-6,3°	-3,2°	-0,2°	2,9°	17,0°	-10°
	Latitude:	46,50°						
Bozen	Longitude	11,33°	-5,9°	-3,0°	-0,2°	2,7°	15,9°	-9,3°



Satellite			ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°
■ Italy (continued)								
Cagliari	Latitude:	39,25°	-10,2°	-6,5°	-2,9°	0,7°	17,9°	-14,5°
Cagnan	Longitude	9,10°	,_	0,0	_,	0 1.	,0	, 0
Catania	Latitude:	37,52°	-3,3°	0,7°	4,6°	8,4°	24,8°	-8,1°
	Longitude	15,07°						
Cosenza	Latitude:	39,28° 16,23°	-1,7°	2,1°	5,7°	9,3°	24,5°	-6,2°
	Longitude:	43,78°						
Florenz	Longitude	11,25°	-6,5°	-3,4°	-0,3°	2,8°	17,3°	-10,3°
	Latitude:	41,47°						
Foggia	Longitude	15,52°	-2,3°	1,1°	4,5°	7,8°	22,4°	-6,5°
Conuc	Latitude:	44,40°	0.70	E G0	2.69	0.40	1E 00	10.00
Genua	Longitude	8,93°	-8,7°	-5,6°	-2,6°	0,4°	15,0°	-12,3°
Mailand	Latitude:	45,47°	-8,1°	-5,2°	-2,3°	0,7°	14,7°	-11,6°
Manara	Longitude	9,17°	0,1	0,2	2,0		1.172	11,0
Neapel	Latitude:	40,83°	-3,8°	-0,3°	3,2°	6,6°	21,8°	-8,1°
•	Longitude	14,28°	·	·		•		·
Palermo	Latitude:	38,13°	-5,4°	-1,5°	2,3°	6,1°	22,8°	-10°
	Longitude:	13,33° 42,47°						
Pescara	Longitude	14,22°	-3,7°	-0,3°	2,9°	6,2°	20,6°	-7,7°
	Latitude:	44,05°		0.00				0.00
Rimini	Longitude	12,55°	-5,2°	-2,0°	1,1°	4,1°	18,3°	-8,9°
Dom	Latitude:	41,90°	F C0	2.20	4.40	4.40	40.50	0.70
Rom	Longitude	12,50°	-5,6°	-2,2°	1,1°	4,4°	19,5°	-9,7°
Sassari	Latitude:	40,73°	-10,2°	-6,8°	-3,4°	0,1°	16,5°	-14,3°
	Longitude	8,55°	10,2	0,0	5,7	0,1	10,5	17,5
Taranto	Latitude:	40,50°	-0,5°	3,1°	6,6°	9,9°	24,4°	-4,8°
	Longitude	17,18°				•		·
Turin	Latitude:	45,07°	-9,7°	-6,7°	-3,8°	-0,8°	13,5°	-13,2°
	Longitude:	7,67° 45,65°						
Trieste	Longitude.	43,03 13,75°	-3,7°	-0,7°	2,2°	5,1°	18,3°	-7,3°
	Latitude:	45,45°						
Venedig	Longitude	12,33°	-5,1°	-2,1°	0,8°	3,7°	17,3°	-8,7°
Verene	Latitude:	45,45°	0.40	0.40	0.50	2.40	40.00	100
Verona	Longitude	11,00°	-6,4°	-3,4°	-0,5°	2,4°	16,2°	-10°
■ Spain								
	Latitude:	39,00°	21.00	10 00	1E Cº	12 20	E 70	05.00
Albacete	Longitude	-1,83°	-21,8°	-18,8°	-15,6°	-12,3°	5,7°	-25,3°
	Latitude:	36,15°	-27,2°	-24,3°	-21,3°	-18,0°	1,4°	-31,5°
900.1.40	Longitude	-5,47°	21,2	2-1,0	21,0	10,0	1,-7	01,0
Alicante	Latitude:	38,38°	-20,9°	-17,8°	-14,5°	-11,1°	7,5°	-25°
Allcante	Longitude	-0,50°	,	,	,	,		



Satellite		ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°
■ Spain (continued)		'	'				
Almeria	Latitude: 36,		-20,8°	-17,5°	-14,0°	5,3°	-28,1°
7 IIII OTIG	Longitude -2,	15°	20,0	17,0	11,0	0,0	,
Avila	Latitude: 40,		-20,5°	-17,7°	-14,7°	2,1°	-26,9°
		72°	,-	,-		_,.	,-
Badajoz	Latitude: 38,		-23,8°	-21,0°	-18,0°	-0,6°	-30,3°
	Longitude -6,	98°		,	.,		
Barcelona	Latitude: 41,	-16 5°	-13,5°	-10,3°	7,1°	9,6°	-29,3°
		17°	-,-	-,-	,	-,-	- ,-
Burgos	Latitude: 42,	—— -21 2°	-18,5°	-15,8°	-12,9°	3,1°	-24,7°
	Longitude -3,	68°			,	-,	,
Cadiz	Latitude: 36,		-24,9°	-21,9°	-18,7°	0,2°	-31,9°
	Longitude -6,	33°	·	,	·	·	·
Cartagena	Latitude: 37,		-18,7°	-15,4°	-11,9°	7,1°	-26,1°
	Longitude -0,	98°		,	•	,	
Cordoba	Latitude: 37,	-75 3°	-22,5°	-19,5°	-16,3°	2,1°	-29,4°
	Longitude -4,	33°	·	,	,	·	,
Gijon	Latitude: 43,		-19,5°	-17,0°	-14,3°	0,8°	-25,4°
	Longitude -5,	70°	· ·	·		·	
Granada	Latitude: 37	<u>-24</u> /°	-21,7°	-18,6°	-15,2°	3,8°	-28,9°
		58°	·	·	·		
Ibiza	Latitude: 38,	—— -18 /°	-15,4°	-12,1°	-8,6°	9,6°	-22,7°
	-	13°	·	· ·	·		-
La Coruna	Latitude: 43,	<u>-94</u> 9°	-21,9°	-19,4°	-16,8°	-2,0°	-27,6°
	Longitude -8,	12°	·	·			·
Madrid	Latitude: 40,	-22 5°	-19,8°	-16,9°	-13,8°	3,2°	-26,3°
	•	75° 22,0					
Malaga	Latitude: 36,	-25 8°	-22,8°	-19,7°	-16,4°	2,8°	-30°
	Longitude -4,				-,		
Palma de Mallorca	Latitude: 39,	— -17 0°	-13,8°	-10,4°	-7,0°	10,8°	-21,1°
	0	65° 17,0					
Salamanca	Latitude: 40,	-23 /°	-21,1°	-18,4°	-15,5°	1,0°	-27,4°
		65					
San Sebastian	Latitude: 43,		-16,5°	-13,7°	-10,8°	4,8°	-22,6°
	-	97° 10,2					
Santa Cruz del Retamar	Latitude: 41,	-77.30	-19,6°	-16,8°	-13,9°	2,6°	-26°
netamai		23° 22,5					
Santander	Latitude: 43,	-20.6°	-18,0°	-15,4°	-12,6°	2,8°	-24°
		35° 20,0					
Sevilla	Latitude: 37, Longitude -6,	-26 /	-23,9°	-21,0°	-17,8°	0,7°	-30,8°
Valencia		-20,1°	-17,0°	-13,9°	-10,5°	7,3°	-24,1°
	Longitude -0, Latitude: 41,						
Valladolid		-22 5°	-19,9°	-17,1°	-14,2°	2,0°	-26,1°
ranadona	Longitude -4,	72°					



Satellite			ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°
■ Spain (continued)								
Vigo	Latitude:	42,20°	-25,2°	-22,8°	-20,4°	-17,7°	-2,4°	-28,7°
<u> </u>	Longitude	-8,68°	•	•	,	,	·	,
Zaragoza	Latitude: Longitude	41,65° -0,88°	-19,2°	-16,3°	-13,4°	-10,3°	6,2°	-22,9°
■ Portugal	Longitude	-0,00						
= 1 Ortugui	Latitude:	38,03°						-31,8°
Beja	Longitude	-7,88°	-27,7°	-25,1°	-22,4°	-19,4°	-1,8°	
	Latitude:	41,80°						
Braganca	Longitude	-6,83°	-24,1°	-21,6°	-19,0°	-16,2°	-0,4°	-27,7°
	Latitude:	40,25°						
Coimbra	Longitude	-8,45°	-26,5°	-24,0°	-21,4°	-18,6°	-2,3°	-30,2°
	Latitude:	37,03°						
Faro	Longitude.	-7,92°	-28,6°	-25,9°	-23,1°	-20,1°	-1,9°	-32,8°
	Latitude:	38,70°						
Lissabon			-28,2°	-25,7°	-23,1°	-20,3°	-3,3°	-32,2°
	Longitude	-9,17° 41,13°						
Porto	Latitude:		-26,0°	-23,6°	-21,0°	-18,3°	-2,5°	-29,6°
	Longitude	-8,67°						
Slovenia								
Bled	Latitude:	46,40°	-3,3°	0.40	2,5°	5,3°	18,1°	-6,8°
bieu	Longitude	14,10°	-3,3	-0,4°	2,5	5,3	10,1	-0,0
Ljubljana	Latitude:	46,10°	2.00	0.00	2.00	F 70	18,6°	-6,5°
	Longitude	14,50°	-3,0°	0,0°	2,9°	5,7°	18,6	-0,5
Maribar	Latitude:	46,60°	1.00	1.00	2.00	C C0	10.29	Г 40
Maribor	Longitude	15,60°	-1,9°	1,0°	3,8°	6,6°	19,2°	-5,4°
■ Croatia								
	Latitude:	42,60°					00.00	0.50
Dubrovnik	Longitude	18,10°	0,5°	3,9°	7,1°	10,2°	23,6°	-3,5°
	Latitude:	45,50°				5,0°		
Koper	Longitude	13,70°	-3,8°	-0,8°	2,1°		18,4°	-7,4°
	Latitude:	45,50°						
Osijek	Longitude	18,70°	1,1°	4,1°	7,0°	9,8°	22,1°	-2,6°
	Latitude:	44,80°						
Pula	Longitude	13,80°	-3,8°	-0,7°	2,3°	5,3°	18,9°	-7,5°
	Latitude:	14,40°						
Rijeka	Longitude	13,80°	-3,1°	-0,1°	2,8°	5,8°	19,0°	-6,8°
	Latitude:	43,50°						
Split	Longitude	16,40°	-1,3°	2,0°	5,1°	8,2°	21,7°	-5,2°
	Latitude:	44,10°						
Zadar	Longitude	15,20°	-2,5°	0,7°	3,8°	6,8°	20,4°	-6,3°
	Latitude:	45,80°						
Zagreb	Longitude	45,80 16,00°	-1,5°	1,4°	4,3°	7,2°	19,9°	-5,1°
■ Serbia	Longitude	10,00	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
■ Scinia	Latituda	11 000						
Belgrad	Latitude:	44,80°	2,9°	6,0°	8,9°	11,7°	23,8°	-0,8°
	Longitude	20,50°						
Novisad	Latitude:	45,20°	2,2°	5,2°	8,1°	10,9°	23,1°	-1,5°
l	Longitude	19,80°						



Satellite			ASTRA/ Eutelsat W2 19,2°/16,0°	Eutelsat W2/Hotbird 16°/13°	Hotbird/ Eutelsat W2A 13°/10°	Eutelsat W2A/W3A 10°/7°	Atlantik Bird 3/2 -5,0°/-8,0°	ASTRA/ ASTRA 23,5°/19,2°		
■ Montenegro							<u> </u>			
Podgorica	Latitude:	42,40°	1,8°	5,2°	8,4°	11,5°	24,7°	-2,2°		
Tougorica	Longitude	19,30°	1,0	5,2	0,4	11,5	24,7	-2,2		
Macedonia										
Skopje	Latitude:	42,00°	4,4°	7,7°	10,9°	13,9°	26,6°	-0,3°		
эпорје	Longitude	21,60°	דייד	7,7	10,0	10,0	20,0	0,5		
■ Bosnia-Herzegovina										
Sarajevo	Latitude:	43,80°	0,8°	4,0°	7,1°	10,1°	23,0°	-3°		
Sarajevo	Longitude	18,40°	0,0	7,0	7,1	10,1	20,0	J		
Hungary										
Budapest	Latitude:	47,50°	1,4°	4,2°	6,8°	9,5°	21,1°	-2°		
_ ### P000	Longitude	19,10°	1,-1	7,2	0,0	3,0	21,1			
Debrecen	Latitude:	47,50°	3,6°	6,4°	9,0°	11,6°	22,7°	+0,2°		
	Longitude	21,60°	-,-	-,-	-,-	,-	,-	- ,-		
Pecs	Latitude:	46,10°	0,6°	3,5°	6,4°	9,1°	21,4°	-3°		
	Longitude	18,20° 47,70°								
Györ	Latitude: Longitude	47,70 17,60°	0,0°	2,8°	5,5°	8,1°	19,9°	-3,4°		
	Latitude:	46,20°								
Szeged	Longitude	20,10°	2,4°	5,3°	8,1°	10,8°	22,6°	-1,2°		
	Latitude: 47.10	47,10°								
Szekesfehevar	Longitude	18,40°	0,7°	3,6°	6,3°	9,0°	20,8°	-2,7°		
Czech Republic	1						1			
_	Latitude:	49,10°		1.00	4.40	2.22	10 40	1.10		
Brno	Longitude	16,60°	-0,9°	1,8°	4,4°	6,9°	18,4°	-4,1°		
Pudwoio	Latitude:	49,00°	-2,7°	0.00	2,6°	5,1°	17,0°	F 00		
Budweis	Longitude	14,50°	-2,7	0,0°			17,0	-5,9°		
Cheb	Latitude:	50,10°	-4,3°	-1,7°	0,7°	3,2°	14,9°	-7,4°		
Gilob	Longitude	12,40°	4,0	1,7	0,7	0,2	14,0	7,		
Karlsbad	Latitude:	50,20°	-3,9°	-1,3°	1,2°	3,6°	15,2°	-6,9°		
	Longitude	12,90°	·	·		·	·			
Ostrau	Latitude:	49,80°	0,6°	3,2°	5,7°	8,1°	19,1°	-2,6°		
	Longitude	18,30° 49,80°								
Pilzen	Latitude: Longitude	13,40°	-3,5°	-0,9°	1,6°	4,1°	15,8°	-6,6°		
	Latitude:	50,10°								
Prag	Longitude	14,40°	-2,7°	-0,1°	2,4°	4,9°	16,3°	-5,7°		
■ Slovakia										
	Latitude:	48,20°						-3,8°		
Pressburg	Longitude	17,00°	-0,5°	2,2°	4,9°	7,5°	19,2°			
Wasiaa	Latitude:	48,70°	2.00	F 00	0.40	10.00	04.70	00		
Kosice	Longitude	21,30°	3,2°	5,9°	8,4°	10,9°	21,7°	0°		
-	- Č							•		



Multi-feed Application 6° Orbital Spacing

Satellite		ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ Germany					
Bad Reichenhall	Latitude: 47,72° Longitude 12,90°	-6,1°	-2,9°	-0,1°	2,6°
Berlin	Latitude: 52,50° Longitude 13,42°	-4,8°	-2,0°	0,3°	2,6°
Bremen	Latitude: 53,07° Longitude 8,83°	-8,0°	-5,4°	-3,1°	-0,9°
Cottbus	Latitude: 51,75° Longitude 14,33°	-4,2°	-1,4°	1,0°	3,4°
Dortmund	Latitude: 51,50° Longitude 7,47°	-9,5°	-6,7°	-4,3°	-2,0°
Dresden	Latitude: 51,05° Longitude 13,73°	-4,8°	-1,9°	0,6°	3,0°
Emden	Latitude: 53,35° Longitude 7,20°	-9,1°	-6,5°	-4,3°	-2,1°
Erfurt	Latitude: 50,97° Longitude 11,03°	-6,9°	-4,1°	-1,6°	0,8°
Flensburg	Latitude: 54,78° Longitude 9,45°	-7,1°	-4,6°	-2,5°	-0,4°
Frankfurt/Main	Latitude: 50,12° Longitude 8,68°	-9,0°	-6,1°	-3,6°	-1,1°
Freiburg/Brsg.	Latitude: 48,00° Longitude 7,83°	-10,4°	-7,3°	-4,6°	-1,9°
Greifswald	Latitude: 54,08° Longitude 13,38°	-4,6°	-2,0°	0,3°	2,4°
Hamburg	Latitude: 53,55° Longitude 9,98°	-7,1°	-4,5°	-2,2°	0,0°
Hannover	Latitude: 52,37° Longitude 9,77°	-7,5°	-4,8°	-2,5°	-0,2°
Kassel	Latitude: 51,30° Longitude 9,43°	-8,1°	-5,3°	-2,8°	-0,5°
Kiel	Latitude: 54,32° Longitude 10,13°	-6,8°	-4,2°	-2,0°	0,1°
Koblenz	Latitude: 50,33° Longitude 7,50°	-9,9°	-7,0°	-4,5°	-2,1°
Leipzig	Latitude: 51,30° Longitude 12,37°	-5,8°	-3,0°	-0,5°	1,9°
Magdeburg	Latitude: 52,12° Longitude 11,63°	-6,2°	-3,4°	-1,1°	1,3°
Mönchengladbach	Latitude: 51,18° Longitude 6,45°	-10,4°	-7,6°	-5,2°	-2,8°
München	Latitude: 48,13° Longitude 11,57°	-7,2°	-4,0°	-1,3°	1,4°
Neubrandenburg	Latitude: 53,55° Longitude 13,25°	-4,7°	-2,1°	0,2°	2,4°
Nürnberg	Latitude: 49,45° Longitude 11,05°	-7,3°	-4,3°	-1,7°	0,9°
Osnabrück	Latitude: 52,28° Longitude 8,05°	-8,8°	-6,1°	-3,8°	-1,5°



Satellite		ASTRA/Eutelsat W2	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ Germany (continu	ed)	23,5°/16,0°		10 / 10	
	Latitude: 48,57°				
Passau	Longitude 13,47°	-5,5°	-2,3°	0,4°	3,0°
D'	Latitude: 49,20°	40.00	7.00	4.00	0.40
Pirmasens	Longitude 7,60°	-10,2°	-7,2°	-4,6°	-2,1°
Plauen	Latitude: 50,50°	-6,2°	-3,2°	-0,7°	1,7°
ridueii	Longitude 12,13°	-0,2	-3,2	-0,7	1,7
Ravensburg	Latitude: 47,77°	-9,0°	-5,8°	-3,1°	-0,4°
navensburg	Longitude 9,60°	0,0	3,0	5,1	0,4
Regensburg	Latitude: 49,02°	-6,5°	-3,4°	-0,8°	1,8°
	Longitude 12,10°		0,1	0,0	1,0
Rostock	Latitude: 54,08°	-5,4°	-2,8°	-0,6°	1,5°
	Longitude 12,13°	-,	_,-	-,-	,,,
Stuttgart	Latitude: 48,80°	-9,0°	-6,0°	-3,3°	-0,7°
	Longitude 9,18°	·	·	,	
Trier	Latitude: 49,75°	-10,8°	-7,9°	-5,3°	-2,8°
	Longitude 6,63°	.,.	,		
Ulm	Latitude: 48,38°	-8,5°	-5,4°	-2,7°	0,0°
	Longitude 9,97°				
Austria					
Bregenz	Latitude: 47,50°	-9,0°	-5,7°	-3,0°	-0,2°
	Longitude 9,75°				
Graz	Latitude: 47,07°	-4,0°	-0,6°	2,3°	5,0°
	Longitude 15,45°				
Innsbruck	Latitude: 47,27° Longitude 11,38°	-7,6°	-4,3°	-1,5°	1,3°
	Latitude: 46,63°				
Klagenfurt	Longitude 14,33°	-5,1°	-1,7°	1,2°	4,0°
	Latitude: 46,83°				
Lienz	Longitude 12,77°	-6,4°	-3,1°	-0,2°	2,6°
	Latitude: 48,30°				
Linz	Longitude 14,30°	-4,8°	-1,6°	1,1°	3,8°
	Latitude: 47,80°				
Salzburg	Longitude 13,03°	-6,0°	-2,8°	0,0°	2,7°
W	Latitude: 48,20°	2.22	2.22	2.22	5.00
Wien	Longitude 16,37°	-3,0°	0,2°	3,0°	5,6°
Switzerland					
_	Latitude: 46,95°				2.22
Bern	Longitude 7,47°	-11,1°	-7,9°	-5,1°	-2,3°
Comf	Latitude: 46,20°	40.50	0.00		0.70
Genf	Longitude 6,15°	-12,5°	-9,3°	-6,5°	-3,7°
Lecoune	Latitude: 46,17°	10.00	0.00	4.00	1.00
Locarno	Longitude 8,78°	-10,2°	-6,9°	-4,0°	-1,2°
7ürich	Latitude: 47,37°	10.00	6.00	A 10	120
Zürich	Longitude 8,53°	-10,0°	-6,9°	-4,1°	-1,3°



Satellite			ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ Benelux countries						
Brügge (B)	Latitude: Longitude	51,22° 3,22°	-12,7°	-10,0°	-7,7°	-5,4°
Brüssel (B)	Latitude: Longitude	50,85° 4,35°	-12,0°	-9,3°	-6,9°	-4,5°
Den Haag (NL)	Latitude: Longitude	52,12° 4,28°	-11,6°	-9,0°	-6,7°	-4,4°
Eindhoven (NL)	Latitude: Longitude	51,43° 5,47°	-11,0°	-8,3°	-5,9°	-3,6°
Enschede (NL)	Latitude: Longitude	52,22° 6,88°	-9,7°	-7,0°	-4,7°	-2,4°
Groningen (NL)	Latitude: Longitude	53,25° 6,58°	-9,6°	-7,0°	-4,7°	-2,5°
Luxemburg (L)	Latitude: Longitude	49,62° 6,15°	-11,2°	-8,3°	-5,7°	-3,2°
Maastricht (NL)	Latitude: Longitude	50,83° 5,67°	-11,1°	-8,3°	-5,9°	-3,5°
■ France						
Bastia	Latitude: Longitude	42,67° 9,50°	-10,8°	-7,0°	-3,8°	-0,5°
Bayonne	Latitude: Longitude	43,50° -1,47°	-20,4°	-17,3°	-14,5°	-11,7°
Bordeaux	Latitude: Longitude	44,83° -0,60°	-18,9°	-15,9°	-13,1°	-10,4°
Brest	Latitude: Longitude	48,40° -4,52°	-19,6°	-17,0°	-14,7°	-12,4°
Calais	Latitude: Longitude	50,95° 1,93°	-13,7°	-11,1°	-8,8°	-6,4°
Clermont-Ferrand	Latitude: Longitude	45,77° 3,07°	-15,4°	-12,2°	-9,4°	-6,6°
Dijon	Latitude: Longitude	47,33° 5,05°	-13,0°	-9,9°	-7,2°	-4,5°
Le Havre	Latitude: Longitude	49,50° 0,08°	-15,8°	-13,1°	-10,7°	-8,3°
Limoges	Latitude: Longitude	45,83° 1,25°	-16,8°	-13,8°	-11,1°	-8,3°
Lyon	Latitude: Longitude	45,77° 4,83°	-13,9°	-10,7°	-7,8°	-5,0°
Marseille	Latitude: Longitude	43,30° 5,38°	-14,5°	-11,0°	-7,9°	-4,8°
Metz	Latitude: Longitude	49,13° 6,17°	-11,3°	-8,4°	-5,8°	-3,3°
Nantes	Latitude: Longitude	47,20° -1,55°	-18,2°	-15,4°	-12,9°	-10,4°



Satellite		ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ France (continue	d)	20,0 7 10,0			
Nizza	Latitude: 43,70°	12.00	0.19	C 00	2.09
IVIZZa	Longitude 7,23°	-12,6°	-9,1°	-6,0°	-2,9°
Orleans	Latitude: 47,90°	-15,3°	-12,4°	-9,8°	-7,2°
	Longitude 1,87°	10,0	12, 1	0,0	7,2
Paris	Latitude: 48,83	-14,5°	-11,6°	-9,1°	-6,6°
	Longitude 2,33	,	, ,	-,	.,.
Reims	Latitude: 49,25°	-13,0°	-10,1°	-7,6°	-5,1°
	Longitude 4,02°	-,-	-,	, ,	-,
Rennes	Latitude: 48,12°	-17,8°	-15,1°	-12,6°	-10,2°
	Longitude -1,68°	.,,0	10,1	12,0	10,2
Toulouse	Latitude: 43,62°	-17,9°	-14,6°	-11,7°	-8,8°
	Longitude 1,45°	17,0	11,0	11,7	0,0
Tours	Latitude: 47,37°	-16,5°	-13,6°	-11,0°	-8,4°
10013	Longitude 0,67°	-10,5	-15,0	-11,0	-0,4
Unigted Kingdom	of Great Britain a	nd Northern Irelan	d		
Abardaan	Latitude: 57,15°	-13,3°	-11,3°	-9,4°	-7,6°
Aberdeen	Longitude -2,10°				
Delfest	Latitude: 54,58°	-16,8°	-14,7°	-12,8°	10.00
Belfast	Longitude -5,93°				-10,9°
Diversionals and	Latitude: 52,50°	1F C0	-13,2°	-11,0°	-8,9°
Birmingham	Longitude -1,92°	-15,6°			
Duintel	Latitude: 51,43°	40.00	-14,1°	44.00	-9,7°
Bristol	Longitude -2,58°	-16,6°		-11,9°	
01	Latitude: 55,87°		-13,1°	-11,2°	0.40
Glasgow	Longitude -4,23°	-15,1°			-9,4°
L d	Latitude: 51,50°	44.00	12.20	40.40	-7,8°
London	Longitude -0,08°	-14,9°	-12,3°	-10,1°	-/,8°
NA	Latitude: 53,50°	45.00	-12,9°	40.00	-8,8°
Manchester	Longitude -2,25°	-15,2°		-10,9°	
Managarda	Latitude: 54,22°	47.00	44.00	40.00	44.00
Newcastle	Longitude -5,90°	-17,0°	-14,9°	-13,0°	-11,0°
Mamadah	Latitude: 52,63°	40.40	-10,9°	0.70	0.50
Norwich	Longitude 1,28°	-13,4°		-8,7°	-6,5°
pl	Latitude: 50,38°	10.00	45.70	40.50	44.00
Plymouth	Longitude -4,15°	-18,2°	-15,7°	-13,5°	-11,3°
■ Italy	<u>'</u>		1	1	1
-	Latitude: 43,62°				
Ancona	Longitude 13,50°	-6,5°	-2,7°	0,5°	3,6°
	Latitude: 41,10°			4,4°	
Bari	Longitude 16,87°	-3,3°	0,9°		7,7°
	Latitude: 44,50°			-1,7°	
Bologna	Longitude 11,33°	-8,4°	-4,8°		1,3°
	Latitude: 46,50°			-1,6°	
Bozen	Longitude 11,33°	-7,8°	-4,5°		1,3°
	Longitude 11,55				



Satellite		ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ Italy (continued)					
Conlinui	Latitude: 39,25°	12.00	0.49	4.70	4.40
Cagliari	Longitude 9,10°	-12,6°	-8,4°	-4,7°	-1,1°
Catania	Latitude: 37,52°	-6,0°	-1,3°	2,7°	6,5°
	Longitude 15,07°	-0,0	-1,3	2,7	0,3
Cosenza	Latitude: 39,28°	-4,3°	0,2°	3,9°	7,5°
	Longitude 16,23°	.,,0	5,2	5,0	.,,
Florenz	Latitude: 43,78°	-8,7°	-5,0°	-1,8°	1,3°
	Longitude 11,25°	,	,	·	,
Foggia	Latitude: 41,47°	-4,7°	-0,7°	2,8°	6,2°
	Longitude 15,52°				
Genua	Latitude: 44,40°	-10,7°	-7,2°	-4,1°	-1,1°
	Longitude 8,93° Latitude: 45,47°				
Mailand	Longitude 9,17°	-10,1°	-6,7°	-3,7°	-0,8°
	Latitude: 40,83°				
Neapel	Longitude 14,28°	-6,2°	-2,1°	1,5°	4,9°
	Latitude: 38,13°	-8,0°	-3,5°	0,4°	4,2°
Palermo	Longitude 13,33°				
Decease	Latitude: 42,47°	-6,0°	-2,0°	1.20	4.00
Pescara	Longitude 14,22°			1,3°	4,6°
Rimini	Latitude: 44,05°	-7,3°	-3,6°	-0,5°	2,6°
	Longitude 12,55°			0,0	
Rom	Latitude: 41,90°	-7,9°	-4,0°	-0,6°	2,8°
	Longitude 12,50°	-,-		-,-	
Sassari	Latitude: 40,73°	-12,6°	-8,6°	-5,1°	-1,7°
	Longitude 8,55°				
Taranto	Latitude: 40,50°	-3,0°	1,3°	4,8°	8,3°
	Longitude 17,18° Latitude: 45,07°				
Turin	Longitude 7,67°	-11,7°	-8,2°	-5,3°	-2,3°
	Latitude: 45,65°				
Trieste	Longitude 13,75°	-5,8°	-2,3°	0,7°	3,6°
	Latitude: 45,45°			-0,7°	
Venedig	Longitude 12,33°	-7,2°	-3,7°		2,3°
Managara	Latitude: 45,45°		5.00	2.00	4.00
Verona	Longitude 11,00°	-8,4°	-5,0°	-2,0°	1,0°
■ Spain					
	Latitude: 39,00°	20.70	20.40	47.00	14.00
Albacete	Longitude -1,83°	-23,7°	-20,4°	-17,2°	-14,0°
Algerias	Latitude: 36,15°	-29,1°	25 Q°	22.00	-19,6°
Algeciras	Longitude -5,47°	-23,1	-25,9°	-22,8°	-13,0
Alicante	Latitude: 38,38°	-23,0°	-19,4°	-0,7°	-12,8°
Allcalite	Longitude -0,50°	25,0	10,1	0,7	12,0



Satellite			ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ Spain (continued)			20,0 7 10,0			
Almeria	Latitude:	36,87°	-25,9°	-22,4°	-19,2°	-15,8°
Aillicita	Longitude	-2,45°	-25,5	-22,4	-10,2	-10,0
Avila	Latitude:	40,65°	-25,0°	-21,9°	-19,1°	-16,2°
	Longitude	-4,72°		21,0	10,1	10,2
Badajoz		38,83°	-28,1°	-25,2°	-22,4°	-19,5°
	Longitude	-6,98°	-,		,	- , -
Barcelona	_	41,35°	-18,6°	-15,1°	-11,9°	-8,7°
	Longitude	2,17°	·	,	,	,
Burgos		42,35°	-22,9°	-19,9°	-17,2°	-14,3°
	Longitude	-3,68°	·	,	,	,
Cadiz		36,50°	-29,5°	-26,4°	-23,4°	-20,4°
	Longitude	-6,33°				
Cartagena		37,63°	-24,0°	-20,4°	-17,1°	-13,7°
	Longitude	-0,98°	·			
Cordoba		37,83°	-27,2°	-24,0°	-21,0°	-17,9°
	Longitude	-4,83°				
Gijon		43,53°	-23,7°	-20,9°	-18,3°	-15,6°
•	Longitude	-5,70°		·		
Granada	Latitude:	37,17°	-26,6°	-23,3°	-20,2°	-16,9°
	Longitude	-3,58°				
Ibiza		38,90°	-20,8°	-17,1°	-13,8°	-10,4°
	Longitude	1,43°				
La Coruna	_	43,33°	-25,7°	-23,1°	-20,7°	-18,2°
	Longitude	-8,42°				
Madrid		40,42°	-24,4°	-21,2°	-18,3°	-15,4°
	Longitude	-3,75° 36,72°				
Malaga		-4,38°	-27,7°	-24,4°	-21,3°	-18,1°
	Longitude:	39,58°				
Palma de Mallorca	Longitude	2,65°	-19,2°	-15,5°	-12,1°	-8,7°
		40,97°				
Salamanca	Longitude	-5,65	-25,5°	-22,5°	-19,8°	-17,0°
		43,28°				
San Sebastian	Longitude	-1,97°	-21,0°	-17,9°	-15,1°	-12,3°
Santa Cruz del	Latitude:	41,33°				
Retamar	Longitude	-4,23°	-24,1°	-21,1°	-18,3°	-15,4°
	_	43,45°				
Santander	Longitude	-3,85°	-22,3°	-19,4°	-16,7°	-14,0°
Sevilla	_	37,38°				
	Longitude	-6,00°	-28,5°	-25,4°	22,5°	-19,4°
		39,45°	00.15			40
Valencia	Longitude	-0,38°	-22,1°	-18,7°	-15,5°	-12,2°
	Latitude:	41,63°		04.55	40	45
Valladolid	Longitude	-4,72°	-24,3°	-21,3°	-18,5°	-15,7°



Satellite			ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
■ Spain (continued)						
Vigo	Latitude: Longitude	42,20° -8,68°	-26,7°	-24,1°	-21,6°	-19,1°
Zaragoza	Latitude: Longitude	41,65° -0,88°	-21,1°	-17,8°	-14,9°	-11,8°
■ Portugal		Į.				
Beja	Latitude: Longitude	38,03° -7,88°	-29,4°	-26,5°	-23,8°	-20,9°
Braganca	Latitude: Longitude	41,80° -6,83°	-25,7°	-22,9°	-20,3°	-17,6°
Coimbra	Latitude: Longitude	40,25° -8,45°	-28,1°	-25,3°	-22,7°	-20,1°
Faro	Latitude:	37,03° -7,92°	-30,3°	-27,3°	-24,6°	-21,7°
Lissabon	Latitude: Longitude	38,70° -9,17°	-29,8°	-27,1°	-24,5°	-21,7°
Porto	Latitude: Longitude	41,13° -8,67°	-27,6°	-24,8°	-22,3°	-19,7°
Slovenia						
Bled	Latitude: Longitude	46,40° 14,10°	-5,3°	-1,9°	1,0°	3,9°
Ljubljana	Latitude: Longitude	46,10° 14,50°	-5,0°	-1,5°	1,4°	4,3°
Maribor	Latitude: Longitude	46,60° 15,60°	-3,9°	-0,5°	2,4°	5,2°
Croatia						
Dubrovnik	Latitude: Longitude	42,60° 18,10°	-1,8°	2,2°	5,5°	8,6°
Koper	Latitude: Longitude	45,50° 13,70°	-5,9°	-2,3°	0,7°	3,6°
Osijek	Latitude: Longitude	45,50° 18,70°	-1,0°	2,5°	5,5°	8,4°
Pula	Latitude: Longitude	44,80° 13,80°	-5,9°	-2,3°	0,8°	3,8°
Rijeka	Latitude: Longitude	45,30° 14,40°	-5,2°	-1,7°	1,4°	4,3°
Split	Latitude: Longitude	43,50° 16,40°	-3,5°	0,3°	3,6°	6,6°
Zadar	Latitude: Longitude	44,10° 15,20°	-4,6°	-0,9°	2,3°	5,3°
Zagreb	Latitude: Longitude	45,80° 16,00°	-3,6°	-0,1°	2,9°	5,8°
■ Serbia						
Belgrad	Latitude: Longitude	44,80° 20,50°	0,8°	4,4°	7,4°	10,3°
Novisad	Latitude: Longitude	45,20° 19,80°	0,0°	3,6°	6,6°	9,5°



Satellite			ASTRA/Eutelsat W2 23,5°/16,0°	ASTRA/Hotbird 19,2°/13°	Eutelsat W2/ Eutelsat W2A 16°/10°	Hotbird/Eutelsat W3A 13°/7°
Montenegro						
Podgorica	Latitude: Longitude	42,40° 19,30°	-0,5°	3,5°	6,8°	9,9°
■ Macedonia		'				
Skopje	Latitude: Longitude	42,00° 21,60°	2,0°	6,0°	9,3°	12,4°
■ Bosnia-Herzegovin		I.				
Sarajevo	Latitude: Longitude	43,80° 18,40°	-1,4°	2,4°	5,6°	8,6°
■ Hungary						
Budapest	Latitude: Longitude	47,50° 19,10°	-0,6°	2,7°	5,5°	8,2°
Debrecen	Latitude: Longitude	47,50° 21,60°	1,7°	5,0°	7,7°	10,3°
Pecs	Latitude: Longitude	46,10° 18,20°	-1,5°	2,0°	4,9°	7,7°
Györ	Latitude: Longitude	47,70° 17,60°	-1,9°	1,4°	4,1°	6,8°
Szeged	Latitude: Longitude	46,20° 20,10°	0,3°	3,8°	6,7°	9,4°
Szekesfehevar	Latitude: Longitude	47,10° 18,40°	-1,2°	2,1°	5,0°	7,7°
Czech Republic						
Brno	Latitude: Longitude	49,10° 16,60°	-2,7°	0,4°	3,1°	5,6°
Budweis	Latitude: Longitude	49,00° 14,50°	-4,5°	-1,4°	1,3°	3,9°
Cheb	Latitude: Longitude	50,10° 12,40°	-6,1°	-3,1°	-0,5°	2,0°
Karlsbad	Latitude: Longitude	50,20° 12,90°	-5,6°	-2,6°	-0,1°	2,4°
Ostrau	Latitude: Longitude	49,80° 18,30°	-1,2°	1,8°	4,4°	6,9°
Pilzen	Latitude: Longitude	49,80° 13,40°	-5,3°	-2,3°	0,3°	2,8°
Prag	Latitude: Longitude	50,10° 14,40°	-4,4°	-1,4°	1,2°	3,6°
■ Slovakia						
Pressburg	Latitude: Longitude	48,20° 17,00°	-2,4°	0,8°	3,5°	6,2°
Kosice	Latitude: Longitude	48,70° 21,30°	1,4°	4,5°	7,2°	9,7°