# Spatial Audio & Music Manager Research

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### What is Spatial Audio?

- Spatial audio gives the illusion that sounds are coming directly from an object in a 3 dimensional space

- When you hear something as if you would in real life, in an application, that is spatial audio



# Game approach

- Only some games implement real spatial audio

- We rely on audio to tell us where we should be looking

 Highly improves immersion and the player experience



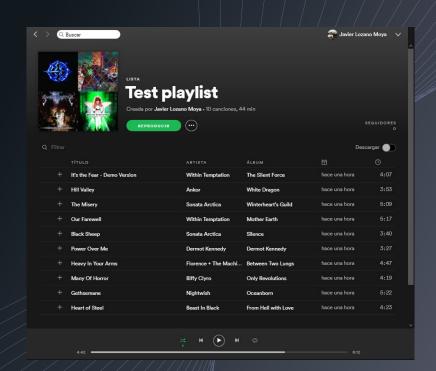
In the first minute of the video linked, we can really appreciate the difference when it comes to implement spatial audio to our games.



# Music Manager

Handle, load and erase all audio files at will.

Chain a playlist with fading



# My approach and implementation

Core SDL\_Mixer:

- Mix\_Chunk
- Mix\_Music
- Channel
- Mix\_SetPositioning()
- Mix\_PlayChannel()

### **Audio Class**

```
unsigned int LoadMusic(const char* path);
   bool PlayMusic(unsigned int id, float fade time = DEFAULT MUSIC FADE TIME);
   void PauseMusic(float fade time = DEFAULT MUSIC FADE TIME);
   unsigned int LoadFx(const char* path);
   bool PlayFx(unsigned int id, int repeat = 0);
   bool UnLoadFx(uint id);
   bool PlaySpatialFx(uint id, uint channel angle = 1, uint distance = 1, int repeat = 0);
   uint GetAngle(iPoint player pos, iPoint enemy pos);
   uint GetDistance(iPoint player_pos, iPoint enemy_pos);
private:
   std::list<Mix Music*> music;
   std::list<Mix_Chunk*> fx;
```

### **Scene Class**

```
uint opening_music = 0u;
uint battle_music = 0u;
```

# **Enemy Class**

```
public:

uint level_up_fx = 0u;

uint trade_fx = 0u;
```

### **Exercises - TODOs**

#### TODO 1

- First of all we need to allocate those channels that we will be using later on

 Given a channel, an angle and a distance we need to set the new channel that we are going to use.

```
// TODO 2 Set a channel in a position given a channel, an angle and a distance, There is SDL_Mixer function already explained
// Play the channel that we already placed with Mix_SetPosition()
Mix_SetPosition(channel_angle, channel_angle, distance); // Set a channel in a position given a channel, an angle and a distance
Mix_PlayChannel(channel_angle, chunk, repeat); // Play the channel that we already placed with Mix_SetPosition()
```

 Calculate the distance between the emitter and the player, we will use an enemy as the emitter of the fx

```
// TODO 3 Calculate the distance between the player and the enemy passed by reference using pythagoras
uint distance = sqrt(pow(player_pos.x - enemy_pos.x, 2) + pow(player_pos.y - enemy_pos.y, 2)); // Calculate the distance with Pythagoras
```

 Play the convenient Fx after pressing the debug key using the function PlaySpatialFx()

```
// TODO 4 Once the key is pressed play the fx using PlaySpatialFx()
if ((App->input->GetKey(SDL_SCANCODE_A) == KEY_DOWN ) && this->type == ENEMY1)
    App->audio->PlaySpatialFx(level_up_fx, App->audio->GetAngle(App->entities->GetPlayer()->position, this->position),
        App->audio->GetDistance(App->entities->GetPlayer()->position, this->position));

if ((App->input->GetKey(SDL_SCANCODE_W) == KEY_DOWN ) && this->type == ENEMY2)
    App->audio->PlaySpatialFx(trade_fx, App->audio->GetAngle(App->entities->GetPlayer()->position, this->position),
        App->audio->GetDistance(App->entities->GetPlayer()->position, this->position));
```

- Given a path passed by reference, load it into a Mix\_Music variable.

```
//TODO 5 load the audio path given into a Mix_Music variable
Mix Music* music chunk = Mix LoadMUS(path);
if (music_chunk == NULL)
    LOG("Cannot load wav %s. Mix_GetError(): %s", path, Mix_GetError());
else
    //TODO 5.1 Add the previous audio into the list
    music.push back(music chunk);
    ret = music.size();
return ret;
```

- Iterate the audios previously loaded into the list

#### **TODO 7**

 Given an specific fade time fade out and face in the music when changing between them

```
if (id > 0 && id <= music.size())
   //TODO 6 Iterate all the music audios stored in the list
   std::list <Mix Music*>::const iterator it;
   it = std::next(music.begin(), id - 1);
   //TODO 7 Given the fade time implement a fade in and fade out using Mix Fade(Out/In)Music
   if (*it != NULL)
       if (fade time > 0.0f)
           Mix FadeOutMusic(int(fade time * 1000.0f));
       else
           Mix_HaltMusic();
   if (fade time > 0.0f)
       Mix FadeInMusic(*it, -1, (int)(fade time * 1000.0f));
```

### Thank you for your attention!

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