



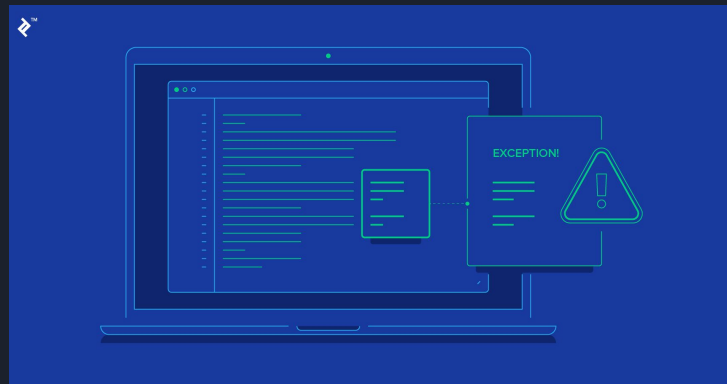
# Exception Handling Fundamentals

MODULE 5 CHAPTER 2

# Introduction

## What Are Exceptions?

- An exception is an **unexpected problem** that stops normal program flow.  
Example: wrong user input, file not found, no internet, etc.
- Exception handling helps the program **continue running without crashing**.
- It makes applications more **stable and user-friendly**.



# Why is Exception Handling Important?

- Prevents the program from stopping suddenly.
- Shows clear error messages instead of crashing.
- Helps developers find and fix problems easily.
- Makes your program reliable.



# ***Fundamentals – Terminology & Types***

## **Key Terms**

***try*** → code that may cause an error

***catch*** → code that handles the error

***finally*** → code that runs whether

there is an error or not

***throw*** → manually create an error

***throws*** → tells the method that it may cause an error

## **Types of Exceptions**

### **1. Checked Exception**

- Must be handled using try-catch.

### **2. Unchecked Exception**

- Happens at runtime.
- Example: divide by zero, null pointer.

# Handling Exceptions

## Specific vs General Exceptions

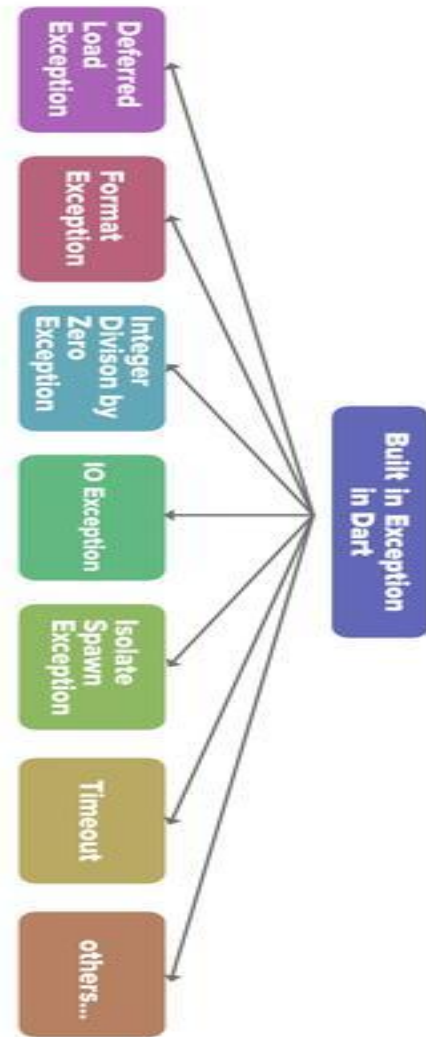
- **Specific exception:** Handles one particular known error.  
Example: catching only `FileNotFoundException`.
- **General exception:**  
Catches any type of error using `Exception`.

## Custom Exceptions

- You can create your own exception class.
- Useful when you need special error messages.

## Rethrowing Exceptions

- A caught exception can be thrown again.
- Useful when the **main part of the program** should handle it.



# Advanced Techniques

## Nested try-catch

- Putting one try-catch inside another.
- Useful when different parts of the code need different error handling.

## Chained Exceptions

- One exception contains another exception's information.
- Helps understand the **root cause** of the problem.

# Exception Handling in Multithreading

- When multiple threads run, they may try to access the same resource.
- You must use **synchronization** to avoid errors.
- Handle exceptions carefully to make threads safe.



# Exercise 1

```
PS D:\Flutter-Batch-6\Module 5 - Exception\Chapter 2\student\Rahul\exercise\student_reg_1> dart run student_reg_1
Building package executable...
Built student_reg_1:student_reg_1.
```

```
Enter the Number of Students register:
2
Enter Student 1 details:
```

```
Enter the ID:100
Enter the Name:ram
Enter the Address:kunnamkulam
Enter the Phone Number:8976545682
Enter the Father name:raaman
Enter the Mother name:seetha
```

Enter Student 2 details:

```
Enter the ID:101
Enter the Name:anu
Enter the Address:choodel
Enter the Phone Number:9544998720
Enter the Father name:krishnan
Enter the Mother name:raatha
```

-----REGISTERED STUDENTS-----

```
ID : 100
NAME : ram
ADDRESS : kunnamkulam
MOBILE NO : 8976545682
FATHER NAME: raaman
MOTHER NAME :seetha
```

```
ID : 101
NAME : anu
ADDRESS : choodel
MOBILE NO : 9544998720
FATHER NAME: krishnan
MOTHER NAME :raatha
```

```
bin > student_reg_1.dart > main
1 import 'dart:io';
2 class Student{
3   String? id;
4   String? name;
5   String? address;
6   String? phno;
7   String? fname;
8   String? mname;
9   Student(this.id,this.name,this.address,this.phno,this.fname,this.mname);
10  void stdlist(){
11    print('');
12    print('ID : $id');
13    print('NAME : $name');
14    print('ADDRESS : $address');
15    print('MOBILE NO : $phno');
16    print('FATHER NAME: $fname');
17    print('MOTHER NAME :$mname');
18    print('-----');
19  }
20 }
Run | Debug
21 void main(){
22   List<Student> student=[];
23   print('');
24   stdout.write("Enter the Number of Students register:");
25   print('');
26   String? nn=stdin.readLineSync();
27   int n = int.parse(nn!);
28
```

```
28
29
30   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
31
32     print('Enter Student ${i+1} details:');
33     print('');
34     stdout.write("Enter the ID:");
35     String? id =stdin.readLineSync();
36     stdout.write("Enter the Name:");
37     String? name =stdin.readLineSync();
38     stdout.write("Enter the Address:");
39     String? address =stdin.readLineSync();
40     stdout.write("Enter the Phone Number:");
41     String? phno =stdin.readLineSync();
42     stdout.write("Enter the Father name:");
43     String? fname =stdin.readLineSync();
44     stdout.write("Enter the Mother name:");
45     String? mname =stdin.readLineSync();
46     print('');
47
48     student.add(Student(id, name, address, phno, fname, mname));
49
50   }
51
52   print('-----REGISTERED STUDENTS-----');
53   for (var s in student){
54     s.stdlist();
55   }
56   print('-----');
57
```



-----  
OPTIONS

1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS
2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID
3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID
4. EXIT

Choose an Option : 1

-----ALL STUDENTS DETAILS-----

ID : 100

NAME : ram

ADDRESS : kunnankulam

MOBILE NO : 8976545682

FATHER NAME: raaman

MOTHER NAME :seetha

-----

ID : 101

NAME : anu

ADDRESS : choodel

MOBILE NO : 9544998720

FATHER NAME: krishnan

MOTHER NAME :raatha

-----

```
57
58 while (true){
59     print('OPTIONS');
60     print('1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS');
61     print('2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID');
62     print('3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID');
63     print('4. EXIT');
64     stdout.write('Choose an Option : ');
65     String? op = stdin.readLineSync();
66     int option = int.parse(op!);
67     switch(option){
68
69         case 1:
70             print('-----ALL STUDENTS DETAILS-----');
71             if(student.isEmpty){
72                 print("no students found");
73             }
74             else{
75                 for (var s in student){
76                     s.stdlist();
77                 }
78             }
79             print('-----');
80             break;
```

```

82 case 2:
83     stdout.write('Enter student Id : ');
84     String? stdidview = stdin.readLineSync();
85
86     if(student.isEmpty){
87         print('No students available!');
88     }
89     else{
90         try{
91             Student vstd = student.firstWhere(
92                 (s) => s.id == stdidview,
93                 );
94             print('-----STUDENT DETAILS-----');
95             vstd.stdlist();
96             print('-----');
97         }catch(e){
98             print('Incorrect ID');
99         }
100     }
101
102 break;
103

```

#### ----- OPTIONS

1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS
2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID
3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID
4. EXIT

Choose an Option : 2

Enter student Id : 101

#### -----STUDENT DETAILS-----

ID : 101

NAME : anu

ADDRESS : choodel

MOBILE NO : 9544998720

FATHER NAME: krishnan

MOTHER NAME :raatha

-----

```

104     case 3:
105         stdout.write('Enter student Id : ');
106         print('');
107         String? stdremove = stdin.readLineSync();
108         int before = student.length;
109         int rid = int.parse(stdremove!);
110         student.removeWhere(
111             (sa) => sa.id == rid.toString()
112         );
113         if (student.length < before)
114         {
115             print('Student deleted Sucessfully');
116         }
117         else{
118             print('Incorrect ID');
119         }
120
121         break;
122
123     case 4:
124         print('Exiting');
125         return;
126     default:
127         print('');
128         print('Invalid choice - Enter (1-4).');
129     }
130 }

```

```

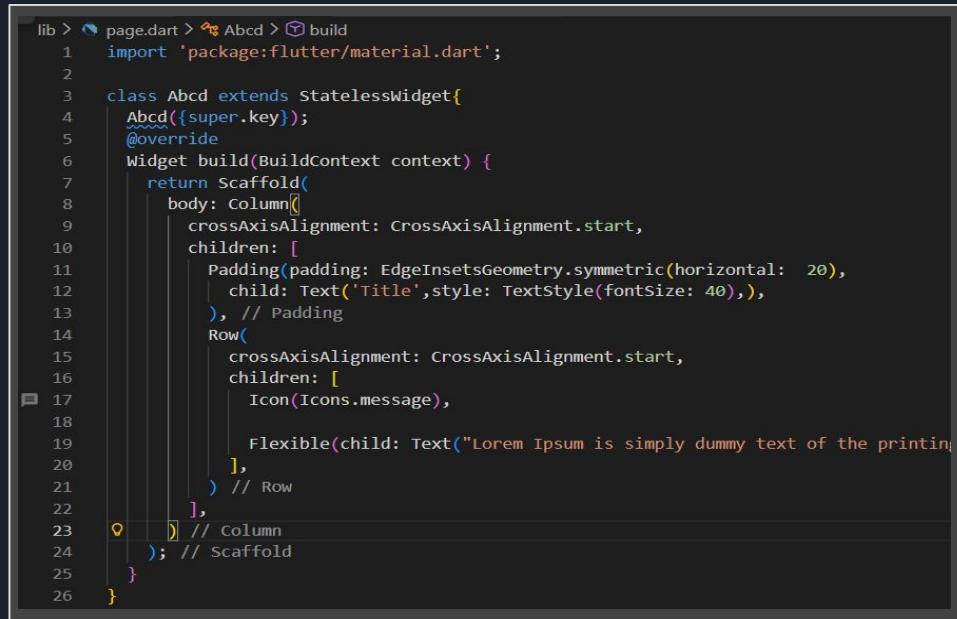
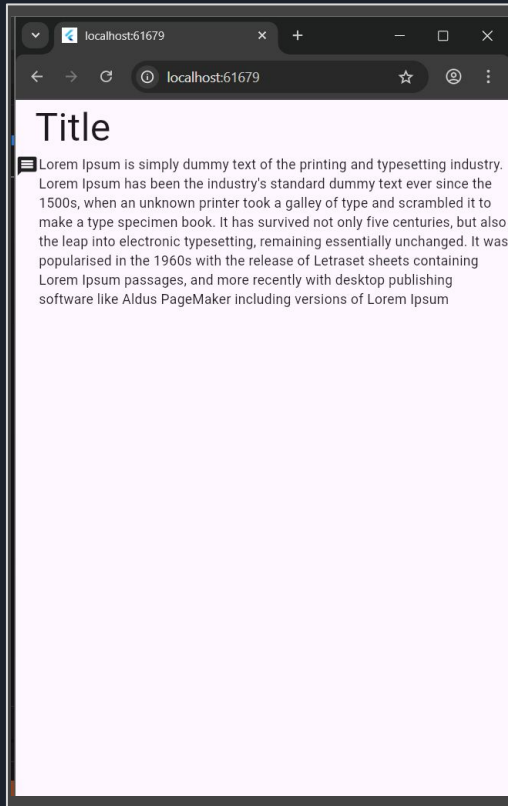
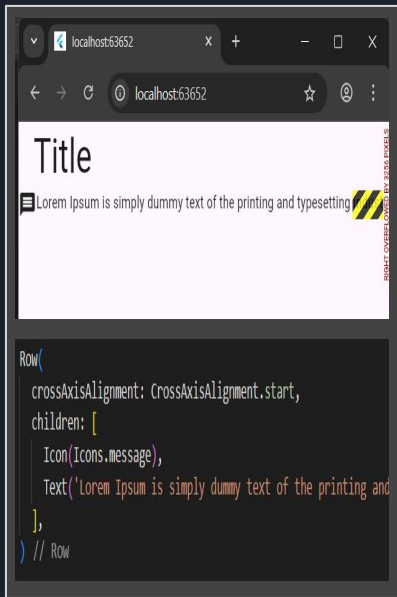
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OPTIONS
1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS
2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID
3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID
4. EXIT
Choose an Option : 3
Enter student Id :
100
Student deleted Sucessfully
OPTIONS
1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS
2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID
3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID
4. EXIT
Choose an Option : 1
-----ALL STUDENTS DETAILS-----

ID : 101
NAME : anu
ADDRESS : choodel
MOBILE NO : 9544998720
FATHER NAME: krishnan
MOTHER NAME :raatha
-----

OPTIONS
1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS
2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID
3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID
4. EXIT
Choose an Option : 4
1. VIEW ALL STUDENTS
2. VIEW STUDENT BY ID
3. DELETE STUDENT BY ID
4. EXIT
Choose an Option : 4
Exiting

```

# Exercise 2



FLEXIBLE

*THANK YOU !*