操作系统第二次作业

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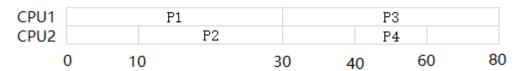
第一题

题目:假定有四个进程 (P1-P4),到达时刻分别是 0、10、20 和 40,优先级分别是 1、2、3 和 4,执行时间分别是 30、20、50 和 20 毫秒, 这些进程在一个双 CPU 机器上被调度执行,系统中只有一个就绪队列(ready queue),假定上下文切换的开销为 0。当分别采用以下可抢占调度算法时,画出按每种调度算法调度的甘特图,并计算其平均等待时间和平均周转时间。

(i) 优先级(Priority)调度; (ii) 轮转(Round Robin)调度,时间片为 20ms; (iii) 最短作业优先 (Shortest Job First)。

解答:由于是双 CPU 所以同时可以运行两个进程

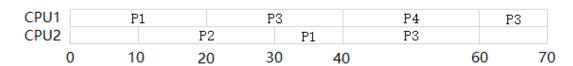
(1)优先级调度



 $T_{wait}=(0+0+10+0)/4=2.5$ ms

 T_{round} =(30+20+60+20)/4=**32.5** ms

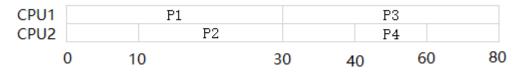
(2)轮转调度



 $T_{\text{wait}} = (10+0+0+0)/4 = 2.5 \text{ ms}$

 $T_{round} = (40 + 20 + 50 + 20)/4 = 32.5 \text{ ms}$

(3)最短作业优先调度



 $T_{wait}=(0+0+10+0)/4=2.5$ ms

 $T_{round} = (30+20+60+20)/4 = 32.5 \text{ ms}$

第二题

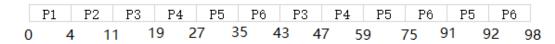
题目: Consider a multi-level feedback queue in a single-CPU system. The first level (queue 0) is given a quantum of 8 ms, the second one a quantum of 16 ms, the third is scheduled FCFS. Assume jobs arrive all at time zero with the following job times (in

ms): 4, 7, 12, 20, 25 and 30, respectively. Assume the context switch overhead is zero unless otherwise stated.

- (a) Show the Gantt chart for this system.
- (b) Compute the average waiting and turnaround time.
- (c) Suppose the context switch overhead is 1 ms. Compute the average turnaround time.

解答:

(a)



(b)

 T_{wait} =(0+4+11+24+19+20+27+24+16+35+32+1)/6= **35.5**ms

 $T_{round} = (4+11+47+59+92+98)/6 = 51.8 \text{ ms}$

(c)

 $T_{round} = (4+12+53+66+102+109)/6 = 57.7 \text{ ms}$