# 1879. Minimum XOR Sum of Two Arrays

## Description

You are given two integer arrays nums1 and nums2 of length n.

The XOR sum of the two integer arrays is (nums1[0] XOR nums2[0]) + (nums1[1] XOR nums2[1]) + ... + (nums1[n - 1] XOR nums2[n - 1]) (0-indexed).

• For example, the XOR sum of [1,2,3] and [3,2,1] is equal to (1 XOR 3) + (2 XOR 2) + (3 XOR 1) = 2 + 0 + 2 = 4.

Rearrange the elements of [nums2] such that the resulting XOR sum is minimized.

Return the XOR sum after the rearrangement.

#### Example 1:

```
Input: nums1 = [1,2], nums2 = [2,3]
Output: 2
Explanation: Rearrange nums2 so that it becomes [3,2].
The XOR sum is (1 \text{ XOR } 3) + (2 \text{ XOR } 2) = 2 + 0 = 2.
```

#### Example 2:

### **Constraints:**

- n == nums1.length
- n == nums2.length
- 1 <= n <= 14
- 0 <= nums1[i], nums2[i] <= 10 <sup>7</sup>