

1837. Sum of Digits in Base K

Description

Given an integer `n` (in base `10`) and a base `k`, return *the sum of the digits of `n` after converting `n` from base `10` to base `k`*.

After converting, each digit should be interpreted as a base `10` number, and the sum should be returned in base `10`.

Example 1:

Input: `n = 34, k = 6`

Output: `9`

Explanation: 34 (base 10) expressed in base 6 is 54. $5 + 4 = 9$.

Example 2:

Input: `n = 10, k = 10`

Output: `1`

Explanation: `n` is already in base 10. $1 + 0 = 1$.

Constraints:

- `1 <= n <= 100`
- `2 <= k <= 10`

