

# 852. Peak Index in a Mountain Array

## Description

An array `arr` is a **mountain** if the following properties hold:

- `arr.length >= 3`
- There exists some `i` with `0 < i < arr.length - 1` such that:
  - `arr[0] < arr[1] < ... < arr[i - 1] < arr[i]`
  - `arr[i] > arr[i + 1] > ... > arr[arr.length - 1]`

Given a mountain array `arr`, return the index `i` such that `arr[0] < arr[1] < ... < arr[i - 1] < arr[i] > arr[i + 1] > ... > arr[arr.length - 1]`.

You must solve it in `O(log(arr.length))` time complexity.

### Example 1:

Input: `arr = [0,1,0]`

Output: `1`

### Example 2:

Input: `arr = [0,2,1,0]`

Output: `1`

### Example 3:

Input: `arr = [0,10,5,2]`

Output: `1`

### Constraints:

- `3 <= arr.length <= 105`
- `0 <= arr[i] <= 106`
- `arr` is **guaranteed** to be a mountain array.

