2003. Smallest Missing Genetic Value in Each Subtree

Description

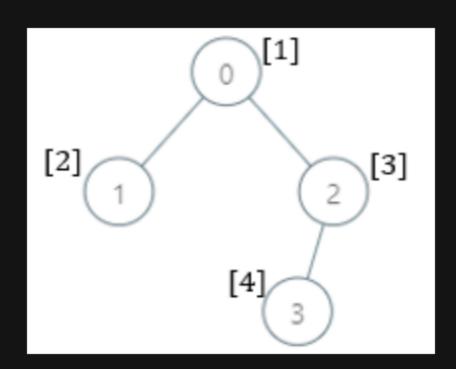
There is a **family tree** rooted at 0 consisting of n nodes numbered 0 to n - 1. You are given a **0-indexed** integer array parents, where parents[i] is the parent for node i. Since node 0 is the **root**, parents[0] == -1.

There are 10 5 genetic values, each represented by an integer in the **inclusive** range [1, 10 5]. You are given a **0-indexed** integer array nums, where nums[i] is a **distinct** genetic value for node i.

Return an array ans of length n where ans[i] is the smallest genetic value that is missing from the subtree rooted at node i.

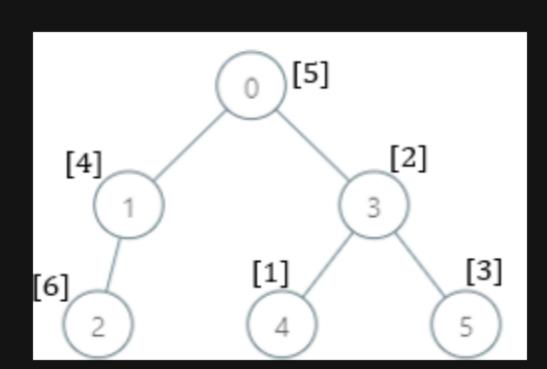
The **subtree** rooted at a node x contains node x and all of its **descendant** nodes.

Example 1:



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Input: parents = [-1,0,0,2], nums = [1,2,3,4]
Output: [5,1,1,1]
Explanation: The answer for each subtree is calculated as follows:
- 0: The subtree contains nodes [0,1,2,3] with values [1,2,3,4]. 5 is the smallest missing value.
- 1: The subtree contains only node 1 with value 2. 1 is the smallest missing value.
- 2: The subtree contains nodes [2,3] with values [3,4]. 1 is the smallest missing value.
- 3: The subtree contains only node 3 with value 4. 1 is the smallest missing value.
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Example 2:



```
Input: parents = [-1,0,1,0,3,3], nums = [5,4,6,2,1,3]
Output: [7,1,1,4,2,1]
Explanation: The answer for each subtree is calculated as follows:
- 0: The subtree contains nodes [0,1,2,3,4,5] with values [5,4,6,2,1,3]. 7 is the smallest missing value.
- 1: The subtree contains nodes [1,2] with values [4,6]. 1 is the smallest missing value.
- 2: The subtree contains only node 2 with value 6. 1 is the smallest missing value.
- 3: The subtree contains nodes [3,4,5] with values [2,1,3]. 4 is the smallest missing value.
- 4: The subtree contains only node 4 with value 1. 2 is the smallest missing value.
- 5: The subtree contains only node 5 with value 3. 1 is the smallest missing value.
```

Example 3:

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Input: parents = [-1,2,3,0,2,4,1], nums = [2,3,4,5,6,7,8]
Output: [1,1,1,1,1,1]
Explanation: The value 1 is missing from all the subtrees.
```

Constraints:

- n == parents.length == nums.length
- $2 <= n <= 10^5$
- 0 <= parents[i] <= n 1 for i != 0
- parents[0] == -1
- parents represents a valid tree.
- 1 <= nums[i] <= 10 ⁵
- Each nums[i] is distinct.