2303. Calculate Amount Paid in Taxes

Description

You are given a **0-indexed** 2D integer array brackets where brackets[i] = [upper i, percent i] means that the [i th] tax bracket has an upper bound of [upper i] and is taxed at a rate of [percent i]. The brackets are **sorted** by upper bound (i.e. [upper i-1] < upper i for [0] < i < brackets.length].

Tax is calculated as follows:

- The first upper o dollars earned are taxed at a rate of percent o.
- The next upper 1 upper 0 dollars earned are taxed at a rate of percent 1.
- The next upper 2 upper 1 dollars earned are taxed at a rate of percent 2.
- And so on.

You are given an integer income representing the amount of money you earned. Return the amount of money that you have to pay in taxes. Answers within 10⁻⁵ of the actual answer will be accepted.

Example 1:

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Input: brackets = [[3,50],[7,10],[12,25]], income = 10
Output: 2.65000
Explanation:
Based on your income, you have 3 dollars in the 1 st tax bracket, 4 dollars in the 2 nd tax bracket, and 3 dollars in the 3 nd tax bracket.
The tax rate for the three tax brackets is 50%, 10%, and 25%, respectively.
In total, you pay 3 * 50% + 4 * 10% + 3 * 25% = 2.65 in taxes.
```

Example 2:

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Input: brackets = [[1,0],[4,25],[5,50]], income = 2
Output: 0.25000
Explanation:
Based on your income, you have 1 dollar in the 1 st tax bracket and 1 dollar in the 2 nd tax bracket.
The tax rate for the two tax brackets is 0% and 25%, respectively.
In total, you pay 1 * 0% + 1 * 25% = 0.25 in taxes.
```

Example 3:

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Input: brackets = [[2,50]], income = 0
Output: 0.00000
Explanation:
You have no income to tax, so you have to pay a total of 0 in taxes.
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Constraints:

- 1 <= brackets.length <= 100
- 1 <= upper i <= 1000
- $\emptyset \leftarrow 100$
- 0 <= income <= 1000
- upper i is sorted in ascending order.
- All the values of upper i are unique.
- The upper bound of the last tax bracket is greater than or equal to <code>income</code>.