2072. The Winner University

Description

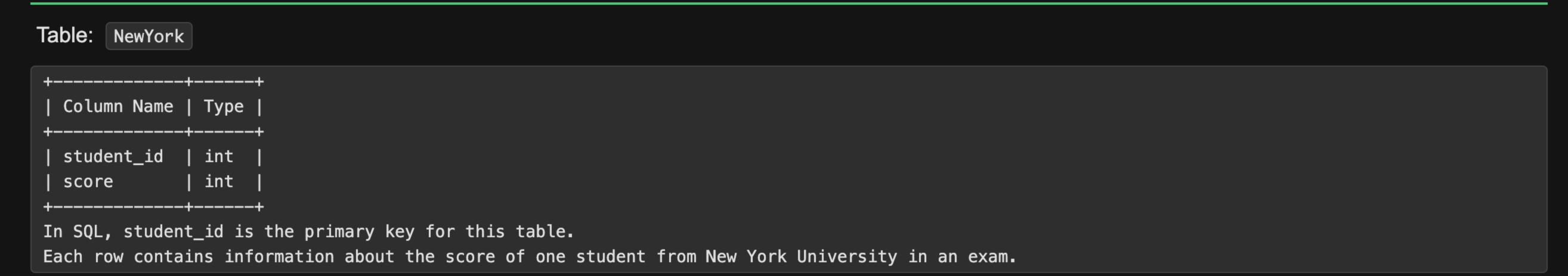


Table: California

```
+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
| student_id | int |
| score | int |
+-----+
In SQL, student_id is the primary key for this table.
Each row contains information about the score of one student from California University in an exam.
```

There is a competition between New York University and California University. The competition is held between the same number of students from both universities. The university that has more **excellent students** wins the competition. If the two universities have the same number of **excellent students**, the competition ends in a draw.

An excellent student is a student that scored 90% or more in the exam.

Return:

- "New York University" if New York University wins the competition.
- "California University" if California University wins the competition.
- "No Winner" if the competition ends in a draw.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

<pre>Input: NewYork table:</pre>	
++ student_id ++	score
1	90 87
++ California tab	ole:
student_id ++	score
•	89 88
++ Output:	
winner 	į
New York Uni	versity
Explanation: New York Unive	ersity has

Example 2:

Input: NewYork table:		
+ student_id +	score	
1 2 	89 88	
California tab	ble:	
student_id	score	
+	90 87	
Output:		
winner		
California l	University	
Explanation: New York Unive		

Example 3:

NewYork table:	
++- student_id ++-	score
1	89 90
t	· ++
++ student_id	
	87
3 ++ Output:	99 -++
++ winner	
No Winner	
Explanation: Both New York U	