

2218. Maximum Value of K Coins From Piles

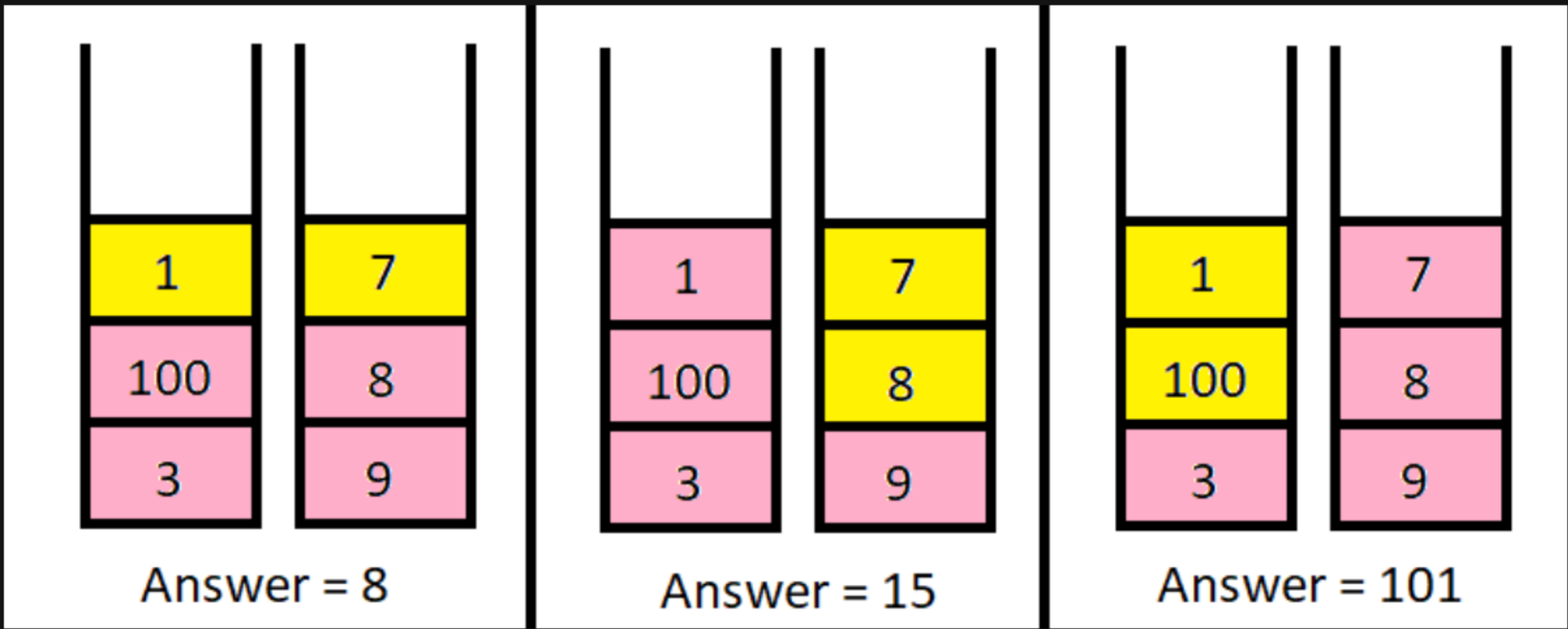
Description

There are `n` piles of coins on a table. Each pile consists of a **positive number** of coins of assorted denominations.

In one move, you can choose any coin on **top** of any pile, remove it, and add it to your wallet.

Given a list `piles`, where `piles[i]` is a list of integers denoting the composition of the `ith` pile from **top to bottom**, and a positive integer `k`, return *the **maximum total value** of coins you can have in your wallet if you choose **exactly** `k` coins optimally*.

Example 1:



Input: `piles = [[1,100,3],[7,8,9]]`, `k = 2`
Output: 101
Explanation:
The above diagram shows the different ways we can choose `k` coins.
The maximum total we can obtain is 101.

Example 2:

Input: `piles = [[100],[100],[100],[100],[100],[100],[1,1,1,1,1,1,700]]`, `k = 7`
Output: 706
Explanation:
The maximum total can be obtained if we choose all coins from the last pile.

Constraints:

- `n == piles.length`
- `1 <= n <= 1000`
- `1 <= piles[i][j] <= 105`
- `1 <= k <= sum(piles[i].length) <= 2000`

