

1822. Sign of the Product of an Array

Description

There is a function `signFunc(x)` that returns:

- `1` if `x` is positive.
- `-1` if `x` is negative.
- `0` if `x` is equal to `0`.

You are given an integer array `nums`. Let `product` be the product of all values in the array `nums`.

Return `signFunc(product)`.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [-1,-2,-3,-4,3,2,1]`

Output: `1`

Explanation: The product of all values in the array is 144, and `signFunc(144) = 1`

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,5,0,2,-3]`

Output: `0`

Explanation: The product of all values in the array is 0, and `signFunc(0) = 0`

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [-1,1,-1,1,-1]`

Output: `-1`

Explanation: The product of all values in the array is -1, and `signFunc(-1) = -1`

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 1000`
- `-100 <= nums[i] <= 100`

