

1175. Prime Arrangements

Description

Return the number of permutations of 1 to n so that prime numbers are at prime indices (1-indexed.)

(Recall that an integer is prime if and only if it is greater than 1, and cannot be written as a product of two positive integers both smaller than it.)

Since the answer may be large, return the answer modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Example 1:

Input: $n = 5$

Output: 12

Explanation: For example [1,2,5,4,3] is a valid permutation, but [5,2,3,4,1] is not because the prime number 5 is at index 1.

Example 2:

Input: $n = 100$

Output: 682289015

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 100$

