1151. Minimum Swaps to Group All 1's Together

Description

Given a binary array data, return the minimum number of swaps required to group all 1 's present in the array together in any place in the array.

Example 1:

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Input: data = [1,0,1,0,1]
Output: 1
Explanation: There are 3 ways to group all 1's together:
[1,1,1,0,0] using 1 swap.
[0,1,1,1,0] using 2 swaps.
[0,0,1,1,1] using 1 swap.
The minimum is 1.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: data = [0,0,0,1,0]
Output: 0
Explanation: Since there is only one 1 in the array, no swaps are needed.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: data = [1,0,1,0,1,0,0,1,1,0,1]
Output: 3
Explanation: One possible solution that uses 3 swaps is [0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,1].
```

Constraints:

- 1 <= data.length <= 10 ⁵
- data[i] is either 0 or 1.