# 2254. Design Video Sharing Platform

Leetcode Link

## **Problem Description**

You are required to design and implement a simple video sharing platform. The platform allows users to perform the following actions:

- 1. Upload videos: Each video is represented as a string of digits, where the ith digit of the string represents the content of the video at minute i. For example, the first digit represents the content at minute 0 in the video, the second digit represents the content at minute 1 in the video, and so on. When a video is uploaded, it is assigned the smallest available integer videoId starting from 0.
- 2. Delete videos: Users can delete videos by specifying the videoId. Once a video is deleted, the videoId associated with that video can be reused for another video. 3. Watch videos: Viewers can watch a part of the video by specifying the videoId, startMinute, and endMinute. The platform
- should return the content of the video for the specified duration. 4. Like and dislike videos: Viewers can like and dislike videos by specifying the videoId. The platform should keep track of the
- 5. Get statistics: The platform should be able to provide the number of views, likes, and dislikes for a given video by its videoId.
- Example

### 1. Upload a video: Let's assume a user uploads a video with content "12345". The platform assigns videoId 0 to this video.

has 1 dislike.

- 2. View a video: A viewer watches the video with videoId 0 from minute 1 to minute 3. The platform should return the content
- "234". 3. Like and dislike: The viewer likes the video with videoId 0. Now the video has 1 like. Another viewer dislikes the video. Now it
- 4. Get statistics: The platform should return the statistics for the video with videoId 0 ⇒ views: 1, likes: 1, dislikes: 1.
- 5. Delete a video: A user deletes the video with videoId 0.
- video, the platform assigns videoId 0 to this new video.

number of likes and dislikes for each video.

Approach

6. Upload another video: A user uploads a new video with content "678910". Since 0 was freed up after deleting the previous

### We can use the following data structures for this problem: 1. A priority queue usedIds to keep track of the available (deleted) videoIds in increasing order.

2. An integer currVideoId initialized as 0 to keep track of the new videoId to be assigned for the next upload.

the likes or dislikes count in the respective maps.

from collections import defaultdict

- and dislikes for each video by its videoId.
- The main idea is to use these data structures to efficiently perform the required actions like upload, delete, watch, like, dislike, and
  - increment it by 1. If not empty, get the minimum videoId from the priority queue, remove it, and assign to the video. In both cases, add the video content to the videoIdToVideo map.

3. A set of maps videoIdToVideo, videoIdToViews, videoIdToLikes, and videoIdToDislikes to store the video content, views, likes,

# 1. For video upload, first check if the usedIds priority queue is empty. If empty, assign the current currVideoId to the video and

get statistics.

Algorithm

- 2. For video delete, first check if the video with the given videoId exists in the videoIdToVideo map. If yes, add the videoId to the usedIds priority queue and remove the videoId from all the maps.
- views count in the videoIdToViewsmap, and return the video content for the specified duration. If not, return "-1". 4. For liking and disliking a video, first check if the video with the given videoId exists in the videoIdToVideo map. If yes, increment

3. For watching a video, first check if the video with the given videoId exists in the videoIdToVideo map. If yes, increment the

- 5. For getting statistics, first check if the video with the given videoId exists in the videoIdToVideo map. If yes, return the views, likes, and dislikes from the respective maps. If not, return -1.
- python from queue import PriorityQueue

## class VideoSharingPlatform:

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Solution

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def __init__(self):
             self.currVideoId = 0
             self.usedIds = PriorityQueue()
             self.videoIdToVideo = {}
             self.videoIdToViews = defaultdict(int)
             self.videoIdToLikes = defaultdict(int)
             self.videoIdToDislikes = defaultdict(int)
         def getVideoId(self):
             if self.usedIds.empty():
                 videoId = self.currVideoId
                 self.currVideoId += 1
             else:
                 videoId = self.usedIds.get()
             return videoId
         def upload(self, video: str) -> int:
             videoId = self.getVideoId()
             self.videoIdToVideo[videoId] = video
             return videoId
         def remove(self, videoId: int) -> None:
             if videoId in self.videoIdToVideo:
                 self.usedIds.put(videoId)
                 del self.videoIdToVideo[videoId]
                 del self.videoIdToViews[videoId]
                 del self.videoIdToLikes[videoId]
                 del self.videoIdToDislikes[videoId]
         def watch(self, videoId: int, startMinute: int, endMinute: int) -> str:
             if videoId not in self.videoIdToVideo:
                 return "-1"
             self.videoIdToViews[videoId] += 1
             video = self.videoIdToVideo[videoId]
             duration = min(endMinute, len(video) - 1) - startMinute + 1
             return video[startMinute:startMinute + duration]
         def like(self, videoId: int) -> None:
             if videoId in self.videoIdToVideo:
                 self.videoIdToLikes[videoId] += 1
         def dislike(self, videoId: int) -> None:
             if videoId in self.videoIdToVideo:
                 self.videoIdToDislikes[videoId] += 1
         def getLikesAndDislikes(self, videoId: int) -> list[int]:
             return [self.videoIdToLikes[videoId], self.videoIdToDislikes[videoId]] if videoId in self.videoIdToVideo else [-1]
         def getViews(self, videoId: int) -> int:
             return self.videoIdToViews[videoId] if videoId in self.videoIdToVideo else -1
Time Complexity
The time complexity for each operation in the video sharing platform is O(1) or O(logN) depending on the underlying implementation
of the priority queue and maps. Since we are using default data structures available in Python, the overall time complexity is quite
```

#### this.videoIdToViews = new Map(); 8 this.videoIdToLikes = new Map(); this.videoIdToDislikes = new Map(); 10 11 12

javascript

optimal for each operation.## JavaScript Solution

this.currVideoId = 0;

this.usedIds = new PriorityQueue();

return this.usedIds.pop();

this.videoIdToVideo = new Map();

class VideoSharingPlatform {

constructor() {

getVideoId() {

14 if (this.usedIds.isEmpty()) { 15 const videoId = this.currVideoId; 16 this.currVideoId += 1; 17 return videoId; 18 } else {

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         upload(video) {
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             const videoId = this.getVideoId();
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             this.videoIdToVideo.set(videoId, video);
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             return videoId;
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         remove(videoId) {
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             if (this.videoIdToVideo.has(videoId)) {
 31
                 this.usedIds.push(videoId);
 32
                 this.videoIdToVideo.delete(videoId);
 33
                 this.videoIdToViews.delete(videoId);
 34
                 this.videoIdToLikes.delete(videoId);
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                 this.videoIdToDislikes.delete(videoId);
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         watch(videoId, startMinute, endMinute) {
 40
             if (!this.videoIdToVideo.has(videoId)) {
 41
                 return "-1";
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 43
             this.videoIdToViews.set(videoId, (this.videoIdToViews.get(videoId) || 0) + 1);
 44
             const video = this.videoIdToVideo.get(videoId);;
             const duration = Math.min(endMinute, video.length - 1) - startMinute + 1;
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             return video.slice(startMinute, startMinute + duration);
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         like(videoId) {
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             if (this.videoIdToVideo.has(videoId)) {
                 this.videoIdToLikes.set(videoId, (this.videoIdToLikes.get(videoId) || 0) + 1);
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         unlike(videoId) {
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             if (this.videoIdToVideo.has(videoId)) {
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                 this.videoIdToDislikes.set(videoId, (this.videoIdToDislikes.get(videoId) || 0) + 1);
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         getLikesAndDislikes(videoId) {
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             if (this.videoIdToVideo.has(videoId)) {
 63
                 return [this.videoIdToLikes.get(videoId) || 0, this.videoIdToDislikes.get(videoId) || 0];
 64
             } else {
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                 return [-1];
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         getViews(videoId) {
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             return this.videoIdToViews.get(videoId) || -1;
 71
 72 }
Java Solution
     java
     import java.util.*;
     public class VideoSharingPlatform {
         private int currVideoId;
         private PriorityQueue<Integer> usedIds;
         private Map<Integer, String> videoIdToVideo;
         private Map<Integer, Integer> videoIdToViews;
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         private Map<Integer, Integer> videoIdToLikes;
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         private Map<Integer, Integer> videoIdToDislikes;
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 13
         public VideoSharingPlatform() {
             currVideoId = 0;
 14
 15
             usedIds = new PriorityQueue<>();
 16
             videoIdToVideo = new HashMap<>();
 17
             videoIdToViews = new HashMap<>();
             videoIdToLikes = new HashMap<>();
 18
 19
             videoIdToDislikes = new HashMap<>();
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 22
         public int getVideoId() {
 23
             if (usedIds.isEmpty()) {
 24
                 return currVideoId++;
 25
             } else {
 26
                 return usedIds.poll();
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#### 36 public void remove(int videoId) { 37 38 39 40

public int upload(String video) {

return videoId;

int videoId = getVideoId();

videoIdToVideo.put(videoId, video);

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if (videoIdToVideo.containsKey(videoId)) { usedIds.add(videoId); videoIdToVideo.remove(videoId); videoIdToViews.remove(videoId); videoIdToLikes.remove(videoId); videoIdToDislikes.remove(videoId); 43 44 46 public String watch(int videoId, int startMinute, int endMinute) { if (!videoIdToVideo.containsKey(videoId)) { 48 return "-1"; 49 50 videoIdToViews.put(videoId, videoIdToViews.getOrDefault(videoId, 0) + 1); String video = videoIdToVideo.get(videoId); 52 int duration = Math.min(endMinute, video.length() - 1) - startMinute + 1; 53 return video.substring(startMinute, startMinute + duration); 54 55 56 public void like(int videoId) { 57 if (videoIdToVideo.containsKey(videoId)) { videoIdToLikes.put(videoId, videoIdToLikes.getOrDefault(videoId, 0) + 1); 58 59 60 62 public void unlike(int videoId) { if (videoIdToVideo.containsKey(videoId)) { videoIdToDislikes.put(videoId, videoIdToDislikes.getOrDefault(videoId, 0) + 1); 64 65 66 68 public int[] getLikesAndDislikes(int videoId) { if (videoIdToVideo.containsKey(videoId)) { 69 int[] result = new int[2]; result[0] = videoIdToLikes.getOrDefault(videoId, 0); result[1] = videoIdToDislikes.getOrDefault(videoId, 0); return result; } else { return new int[]{-1}; public int getViews(int videoId) { return videoIdToViews.getOrDefault(videoId, -1); 82 }

## Time Complexity The time complexity for each operation in the video sharing platform is O(1) or O(logN) depending on the underlying implementation

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of the priority queue and maps. In all the solutions above (Python, JavaScript, and Java), we are using default data structures



available in these languages, so the overall time complexity is quite optimal for each operation.

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