

# 1986. Minimum Number of Work Sessions to Finish the Tasks

## Description

There are `n` tasks assigned to you. The task times are represented as an integer array `tasks` of length `n`, where the `ith` task takes `tasks[i]` hours to finish. A **work session** is when you work for **at most** `sessionTime` consecutive hours and then take a break.

You should finish the given tasks in a way that satisfies the following conditions:

- If you start a task in a work session, you must complete it in the **same** work session.
- You can start a new task **immediately** after finishing the previous one.
- You may complete the tasks in **any order**.

Given `tasks` and `sessionTime`, return *the minimum number of work sessions needed to finish all the tasks following the conditions above*.

The tests are generated such that `sessionTime` is **greater** than or **equal** to the **maximum** element in `tasks[i]`.

### Example 1:

**Input:** `tasks = [1,2,3]`, `sessionTime = 3`

**Output:** `2`

**Explanation:** You can finish the tasks in two work sessions.

- First work session: finish the first and the second tasks in  $1 + 2 = 3$  hours.
- Second work session: finish the third task in 3 hours.

### Example 2:

**Input:** `tasks = [3,1,3,1,1]`, `sessionTime = 8`

**Output:** `2`

**Explanation:** You can finish the tasks in two work sessions.

- First work session: finish all the tasks except the last one in  $3 + 1 + 3 + 1 = 8$  hours.
- Second work session: finish the last task in 1 hour.

### Example 3:

**Input:** `tasks = [1,2,3,4,5]`, `sessionTime = 15`

**Output:** `1`

**Explanation:** You can finish all the tasks in one work session.

### Constraints:

- `n == tasks.length`
- `1 <= n <= 14`
- `1 <= tasks[i] <= 10`
- `max(tasks[i]) <= sessionTime <= 15`

