3110. Score of a String

Description

You are given a string `s`. The **score** of a string is defined as the sum of the absolute difference between the **ASCII** values of adjacent characters.

Return the **score** of `s`.

Example 1:

Input: s = "hello"

Output: 13

Explanation:

The **ASCII** values of the characters in `s` are: `'h' = 104`, `'e' = 101`, `'l' = 108`, `'o' = 111`. So, the score of `s` would be `\|104 - 101\| + \|101 - 108\| + \|108 - 108\| + \|108 - 111\| = 3 + 7 + 0 + 3 = 13`.

Example 2:

Input: s = "zaz"

Output: 50

Explanation:

The **ASCII** values of the characters in `s` are: `'z' = 122`, `'a' = 97`. So, the score of `s` would be `\|122 - 97\| + \|97 - 122\| = 25 + 25 = 50`.

Constraints:

- `2 <= s.length <= 100`
- `s` consists only of lowercase English letters.