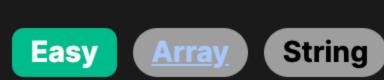
2114. Maximum Number of Words Found in Sentences



Problem Description

The problem provides us with an array of strings where each string represents a sentence. A sentence is defined to be a list of words that are separated by a single space and does not have leading or trailing spaces. Our task is to determine the maximum number of words that appear in any given sentence in the array.

Intuition

The key to solving this problem lies in understanding that within a properly spaced sentence, the number of spaces between words is exactly one less than the number of words. For instance, the sentence "I have a dream" contains three spaces but four words. Keeping this logic in mind, we can simply count the spaces in each sentence to find out how many words it has, and then add one to that count to account for the first word which precedes any spaces.

1. Iterate over each sentence in our array: Each sentence is checked individually.

Here's the step by step approach:

- 2. Count the spaces in the sentence: We go through a sentence counting every space (' ') encountered.
- 3. Since the number of spaces is always one less than the number of words, we add 1 to the count of spaces to get the number of words in the
- 4. Determine the maximum word count: Of all the word counts obtained for each sentence, we find and keep track of the largest one, which is the maximum number of words in a sentence.
- 5. Return the maximum word count: The highest number we found from the step above represents our answer.
- **Solution Approach**

The solution provided is simple and efficient. It is implemented in Python, using what's known as a list comprehension combined

sentence.

with the max function. Here's the breakdown of the steps involved in the implementation and the concepts used: List Comprehension: Instead of using a loop to iterate over each element, the solution uses a list comprehension, which is a

concise way to create lists in Python. However, to further optimize it, a generator expression is used (which is like a list

- comprehension, but without creating a list in memory). String's Count Method: The count method is called on each string (sentence) within the generator expression. This Python string method counts the number of occurrences of a substring (in this case, the space character " ") within the string.
- Adding Words: As each sentence is guaranteed to have one more word than the number of spaces, the expression s.count(' ') is increased by 1. This gives us the total word count for each sentence.

Max Function: Python's built-in max function is then applied to the generator expression. This function iterates through all

values produced by the generator expression and returns the largest one, which corresponds to the sentence with the most words.

The implementation does not explicitly use any complex data structures, algorithms, or design patterns; it is a straightforward

application of built-in Python functions and syntax to solve the problem efficiently. The key to its efficiency lies in the use of a

generator expression which ensures that only one item is processed at a time, thereby conserving memory, and the fact that max directly consumes these values to find the maximum. The complete line of code return 1 + max(s.count(' ') for s in sentences) handles the problem at hand within a single return statement, showcasing the power of Python's expressive syntax and its standard library functions.

Example Walkthrough

Suppose we have an array of strings sentences representing various sentences as follows:

second sentence.

sentences = ["Alice loves Bob", "Keep calm and code on", "Life is simple"]

Let's consider a small example to illustrate the solution approach:

total number of words. Let's walk this through step by step:

According to our solution approach, we loop through each sentence and count the spaces, then add one to that count to get the

Starting with the first sentence, "Alice loves Bob", we count the spaces within this sentence. There are two spaces, which

suggests there are three words in this sentence (2 + 1 = 3 words).

We want to find the maximum number of words found in any sentence within this array.

there are five words in this sentence (4 + 1 = 5) words). Lastly, for the third sentence "Life is simple", we count the spaces and we find two spaces, which means there are three

Moving on to the second sentence, "Keep calm and code on", we count the spaces again. We find four spaces, indicating

words in this sentence (2 + 1 = 3 words). Now, we compare the word counts from each sentence: 3, 5, 3. The maximum word count among these is 5, which is from the

return 1 + max(s.count(' ') for s in sentences) This line effectively replicates what we did above in the example, but it does so using a generator expression, s.count(' ') for

s in sentences, which counts the spaces for each sentence s and adds 1 to each. The max function is then called to return the

maximum value generated, which corresponds to the maximum number of words in any sentence.

The single line in the solution approach:

```
Therefore, when the code is run on our example array, it will return 5, which is the maximum number of words in the sentence
"Keep calm and code on".
```

Iterate through each sentence in the list.

maxWords = Math.max(maxWords, wordCount);

#include <algorithm> // Include algorithm header for count

int mostWordsFound(vector<string>& sentences) {

return Math.max(maxWordCount, wordCount);

}, 0); // Initialize the maxWordCount with 0.

Solution Implementation **Python**

class Solution: def mostWordsFound(self, sentences):

Function to determine the maximum number of words in any sentence from the list of sentences.

Count the number of spaces in the sentence to determine the number of words.

// Update maxWords with the larger value between current maxWords and wordCount.

return maxWords; // Return the maximum number of words found in any sentence.

:param sentences: List of strings where each string represents a sentence.

```
:return: The maximum number of words found in any sentence.
# We initialize the maximum word count to 0.
```

max_word_count = 0

for sentence in sentences:

```
# Since the number of words is one more than the number of spaces, we add 1.
           word count = 1 + sentence.count(' ')
            # Update the maximum word count if the current sentence has more words.
            max_word_count = max(max_word_count, word_count)
       # Return the maximum word count found.
        return max_word_count
Java
class Solution {
   public int mostWordsFound(String[] sentences) {
        int maxWords = 0; // This variable will hold the maximum number of words found.
       // Iterate over each sentence in the sentences array.
        for (String sentence : sentences) {
            int wordCount = 1; // Initialize word count to 1 because each sentence has at least one word.
           // Iterate over each character in the sentence.
            for (int i = 0; i < sentence.length(); ++i) {</pre>
               // Check for spaces, as each space indicates an additional word.
                if (sentence.charAt(i) == ' ') {
                    wordCount++; // Increment the word count.
```

```
// Iterate through each sentence in the vector of sentences
for (const auto& sentence : sentences) {
    // Count the number of spaces in the sentence, add 1 for the number of words
```

int maxWords = 0; // This will hold the maximum number of words found

// Function to find the maximum number of words in any given sentence.

```
// (assuming each word is separated by a single space and there is no trailing space)
            int wordCount = 1 + std::count(sentence.begin(), sentence.end(), ' ');
           // Update maxWords if the current sentence's word count is greater
           maxWords = std::max(maxWords, wordCount);
       // Return the maximum word count found in any sentence
       return maxWords;
};
TypeScript
// Function to find the maximum number of words in any given sentence from the array.
// It takes an array of sentences and returns the maximum number of words found.
function mostWordsFound(sentences: string[]): number {
   // Use the `reduce` function to iterate over each sentence to find the one with
   // the most words by comparing the current maximum with the number of words in each sentence.
   return sentences.reduce((maxWordCount, currentSentence) => {
       // Split the current sentence by spaces to get an array of words,
       // then count the number of words in the current sentence.
       // We add 1 because the number of spaces is one less than the number of words.
       const wordCount = currentSentence.split(' ').length;
```

Update the maximum word count if the current sentence has more words.

max_word_count = max(max_word_count, word_count)

C++

public:

#include <vector>

#include <string>

class Solution {

```
class Solution:
   def mostWordsFound(self, sentences):
        Function to determine the maximum number of words in any sentence from the list of sentences.
        :param sentences: List of strings where each string represents a sentence.
        :return: The maximum number of words found in any sentence.
       # We initialize the maximum word count to 0.
       max_word_count = 0
       # Iterate through each sentence in the list.
        for sentence in sentences:
           # Count the number of spaces in the sentence to determine the number of words.
           # Since the number of words is one more than the number of spaces, we add 1.
            word_count = 1 + sentence.count(' ')
```

// Compare and return the greater number between the current maxWordCount and the wordCount of the current sentence.

Time and Space Complexity

return max_word_count

Return the maximum word count found.

The given code snippet iterates over the list of sentences exactly once and performs the count operation for each sentence that

Time Complexity

effectively counts the number of spaces in that sentence. This count operation has a time complexity of O(n) where n is the length of the sentence. If there are m sentences and if k is the length of the longest sentence, the overall time complexity of the code will be 0(m * k) since it has to count spaces for each sentence and the maximum count operation will take 0(k) in the worst case when the sentence has the maximum length. **Space Complexity**

The space complexity of the given code is 0(1). This is because the code only uses a constant amount of additional space. The additional space is used for the accumulation of the maximum count value. The input space (the list of sentences) is not considered in the space complexity analysis as it is the input to the function and is not part of the space used by the algorithm itself.