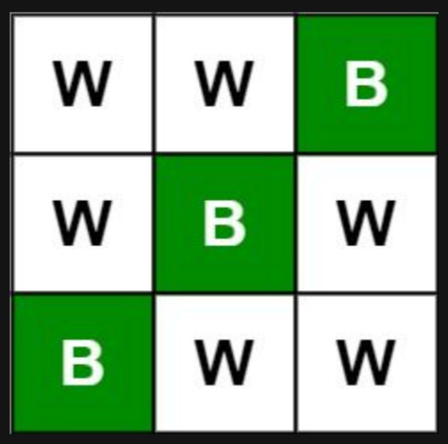
531. Lonely Pixel I

Description

Given an `m x n` `picture` consisting of black `'B'` and white `'W'` pixels, return *the number of **black** lonely pixels*.

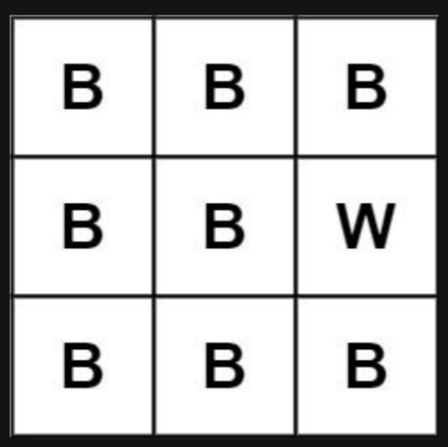
A black lonely pixel is a character `'B'` that located at a specific position where the same row and same column don't have **any other** black pixels.

Example 1:




```
Input: picture = [["W","W","B"],["W","B","W"],["B","W","W"]]
Output: 3
Explanation: All the three 'B's are black lonely pixels.
```

Example 2:




```
Input: picture = [["B","B","B"],["B","B","W"],["B","B","B"]]
Output: 0
```

Constraints:

- `m == picture.length`
- `n == picture[i].length`
- `1 <= m, n <= 500`
- `picture[i][j]` is `'W'` or `'B'`.