

2132. Stamping the Grid

Description






You are given an `m x n` binary matrix `grid` where each cell is either `0` (empty) or `1` (occupied).

You are then given stamps of size `stampHeight x stampWidth`. We want to fit the stamps such that they follow the given **restrictions** and **requirements**:

- 1. Cover all the **empty** cells.
- 2. Do not cover any of the **occupied** cells.
- 3. We can put as **many** stamps as we want.
- 4. Stamps can **overlap** with each other.
- 5. Stamps are not allowed to be **rotated**.
- 6. Stamps must stay completely **inside** the grid.





Return `true` *if it is possible to fit the stamps while following the given restrictions and requirements. Otherwise, return `false`*.

Example 1:

	1	1	1
	1 2	1 2	1 2
	1 2	1 2	1 2
	1 2	1 2	1 2
	2	2	2

Input: `grid = [[1,0,0,0],[1,0,0,0],[1,0,0,0],[1,0,0,0],[1,0,0,0]]`, `stampHeight = 4`, `stampWidth = 3`
Output: `true`
Explanation: We have two overlapping stamps (labeled 1 and 2 in the image) that are able to cover all the empty cells.

Example 2:

Input: `grid = [[1,0,0,0],[0,1,0,0],[0,0,1,0],[0,0,0,1]]`, `stampHeight = 2`, `stampWidth = 2`
Output: `false`
Explanation: There is no way to fit the stamps onto all the empty cells without the stamps going outside the grid.

Constraints:

- `m == grid.length`
- `n == grid[r].length`
- `1 <= m, n <= 105`
- `1 <= m * n <= 2 * 105`
- `grid[r][c]` is either `0` or `1`.
- `1 <= stampHeight, stampWidth <= 105`

