

336. Palindrome Pairs

Description

You are given a **0-indexed** array of **unique** strings `words`.

A **palindrome pair** is a pair of integers `(i, j)` such that:

- `0 <= i, j < words.length`,
- `i != j`, and
- `words[i] + words[j]` (the concatenation of the two strings) is a **palindrome**.

Return *an array of all the **palindrome pairs** of* `words`.

You must write an algorithm with `O(sum of words[i].length)` runtime complexity.

Example 1:

Input: `words = ["abcd","dcba","lls","s","sssll"]`
Output: `[[0,1],[1,0],[3,2],[2,4]]`
Explanation: The palindromes are `["abccddcba","dcbaabcd","slls","llssssll"]`

Example 2:

Input: `words = ["bat","tab","cat"]`
Output: `[[0,1],[1,0]]`
Explanation: The palindromes are `["battab","tabbat"]`

Example 3:

Input: `words = ["a",""]`
Output: `[[0,1],[1,0]]`
Explanation: The palindromes are `["a","a"]`

Constraints:

- `1 <= words.length <= 5000`
- `0 <= words[i].length <= 300`
- `words[i]` consists of lowercase English letters.

