

2670. Find the Distinct Difference Array

Description

You are given a **0-indexed** array `nums` of length `n`.

The **distinct difference** array of `nums` is an array `diff` of length `n` such that `diff[i]` is equal to the number of distinct elements in the suffix `nums[i + 1, ..., n - 1]` **subtracted from** the number of distinct elements in the prefix `nums[0, ..., i]`.

Return *the distinct difference array of* `nums`.

Note that `nums[i, ..., j]` denotes the subarray of `nums` starting at index `i` and ending at index `j` inclusive. Particularly, if `i > j` then `nums[i, ..., j]` denotes an empty subarray.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,4,5]`

Output: `[-3,-1,1,3,5]`

Explanation: For index `i = 0`, there is 1 element in the prefix and 4 distinct elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[0] = 1 - 4 = -3`.

For index `i = 1`, there are 2 distinct elements in the prefix and 3 distinct elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[1] = 2 - 3 = -1`.

For index `i = 2`, there are 3 distinct elements in the prefix and 2 distinct elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[2] = 3 - 2 = 1`.

For index `i = 3`, there are 4 distinct elements in the prefix and 1 distinct element in the suffix. Thus, `diff[3] = 4 - 1 = 3`.

For index `i = 4`, there are 5 distinct elements in the prefix and no elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[4] = 5 - 0 = 5`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [3,2,3,4,2]`

Output: `[-2,-1,0,2,3]`

Explanation: For index `i = 0`, there is 1 element in the prefix and 3 distinct elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[0] = 1 - 3 = -2`.

For index `i = 1`, there are 2 distinct elements in the prefix and 3 distinct elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[1] = 2 - 3 = -1`.

For index `i = 2`, there are 2 distinct elements in the prefix and 2 distinct elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[2] = 2 - 2 = 0`.

For index `i = 3`, there are 3 distinct elements in the prefix and 1 distinct element in the suffix. Thus, `diff[3] = 3 - 1 = 2`.

For index `i = 4`, there are 3 distinct elements in the prefix and no elements in the suffix. Thus, `diff[4] = 3 - 0 = 3`.

Constraints:

- `1 <= n == nums.length <= 50`
- `1 <= nums[i] <= 50`

