1545. Find Kth Bit in Nth Binary String

Description

Given two positive integers n and k, the binary string S n is formed as follows:

- S₁ = "0"
- $S_i = S_{i-1} + "1" + reverse(invert(S_{i-1}))$ for [i > 1]

Where + denotes the concatenation operation, reverse(x) returns the reversed string x, and invert(x) inverts all the bits in x (0 changes to 1 and 1 changes to 0).

For example, the first four strings in the above sequence are:

- S₁ = "0"
- $S_2 = "011"$
- $S_3 = "011\ 1001"$
- S₄ = "0111001 10110001"

Return the k th bit in S n . It is guaranteed that k is valid for the given n .

Example 1:

```
Input: n = 3, k = 1
Output: "0"
Explanation: S<sub>3</sub> is " 0 111001".
The 1 st bit is "0".
```

Example 2:

```
Input: n = 4, k = 11
Output: "1"
Explanation: S<sub>4</sub> is "0111001101 <u>1</u> 0001".
The 11 <sup>th</sup> bit is "1".
```

Constraints:

- 1 <= n <= 20
- 1 <= k <= 2 ⁿ 1