

# 2014. Longest Subsequence Repeated k Times

## Description

You are given a string `s` of length `n`, and an integer `k`. You are tasked to find the **longest subsequence repeated** `k` times in string `s`.

A **subsequence** is a string that can be derived from another string by deleting some or no characters without changing the order of the remaining characters.

A subsequence `seq` is **repeated** `k` times in the string `s` if `seq * k` is a subsequence of `s`, where `seq * k` represents a string constructed by concatenating `seq` `k` times.

- For example, `"bba"` is repeated `2` times in the string `"bababcba"`, because the string `"bbabba"`, constructed by concatenating `"bba"` `2` times, is a subsequence of the string `" b a bab c ba "`.

Return *the longest subsequence repeated* `k` *times in string* `s`. *If multiple such subsequences are found, return the lexicographically largest one. If there is no such subsequence, return an empty string.*

### Example 1:

l	e	t	s	l	e	e	t	c	o	d	e
l	e	t	s	l	e	e	t	c	o	d	e

**Input:** `s = "letsleetcde", k = 2`  
**Output:** `"let"`  
**Explanation:** There are two longest subsequences repeated 2 times: `"let"` and `"ete"`. `"let"` is the lexicographically largest one.

### Example 2:

**Input:** `s = "bb", k = 2`  
**Output:** `"b"`  
**Explanation:** The longest subsequence repeated 2 times is `"b"`.

### Example 3:

**Input:** `s = "ab", k = 2`  
**Output:** `""`  
**Explanation:** There is no subsequence repeated 2 times. Empty string is returned.

### Constraints:

- `n == s.length`
- `2 <= n, k <= 2000`
- `2 <= n < k * 8`
- `s` consists of lowercase English letters.

