

1800. Maximum Ascending Subarray Sum

Description

Given an array of positive integers `nums`, return the *maximum possible sum of an ascending subarray in* `nums`.

A subarray is defined as a contiguous sequence of numbers in an array.

A subarray `[numsl, numsl+1, ..., numsr-1, numsr]` is **ascending** if for all `i` where `l <= i < r`, `numsi < numsi+1`. Note that a subarray of size `1` is **ascending**.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [10,20,30,5,10,50]`

Output: `65`

Explanation: `[5,10,50]` is the ascending subarray with the maximum sum of 65.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [10,20,30,40,50]`

Output: `150`

Explanation: `[10,20,30,40,50]` is the ascending subarray with the maximum sum of 150.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [12,17,15,13,10,11,12]`

Output: `33`

Explanation: `[10,11,12]` is the ascending subarray with the maximum sum of 33.

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 100`
- `1 <= nums[i] <= 100`

