Description

Table: Employees

+-----+
| Column Name | Type |
+-----+
emp_id	int
emp_name	varchar
dep_id	int
position	varchar
+-----+
emp_id is column of unique values for this table.
This table contains emp_id, emp_name, dep_id, and position.

Write a solution to find the **name** of the **manager** from the **largest department**. There may be multiple largest departments when the number of employees in those departments is the same.

Return the result table sorted by dep_id in ascending order.

The result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Employees table: emp_id | emp_name | dep_id | position 156 Michael | 107 Manager 112 | 107 Consultant Lucas 8 Isabella | 101 Manager 160 | 100 Manager Joseph 80 Aiden | 100 Engineer 190 Skylar | 100 Freelancer 196 Stella Coordinator 101 167 | 100 Consultant Audrey 97 | 101 Supervisor Nathan 128 Ian | 101 Administrator Administrator 81 | 107 Ethan

Output

manager_name 	dep_id	İ
Joseph Isabella 	100 101	 -

Explanation

Departments with IDs 100 and 101 each has a total of 4 employees, while department 107 has 3 employees. Since both departments 100 and 101 have an equal number of employees, their respective managers will be included.
 Output table is ordered by dep_id in ascending order.