

# 3037. Find Pattern in Infinite Stream II

## Description

You are given a binary array `pattern` and an object `stream` of class `InfiniteStream` representing a **0-indexed** infinite stream of bits.

The class `InfiniteStream` contains the following function:

- `int next()` : Reads a **single** bit (which is either `0` or `1`) from the stream and returns it.

Return *the first starting index where the pattern matches the bits read from the stream*. For example, if the pattern is `[1, 0]`, the first match is the highlighted part in the stream `[0, 1, 0, 1, ...]`.

### Example 1:

**Input:** `stream = [1,1,1,0,1,1,1,...]`, `pattern = [0,1]`  
**Output:** `3`  
**Explanation:** The first occurrence of the pattern `[0,1]` is highlighted in the stream `[1,1,1, 0,1 ,...]`, which starts at index 3.

### Example 2:

**Input:** `stream = [0,0,0,0,...]`, `pattern = [0]`  
**Output:** `0`  
**Explanation:** The first occurrence of the pattern `[0]` is highlighted in the stream `[ 0 ,...]`, which starts at index 0.

### Example 3:

**Input:** `stream = [1,0,1,1,0,1,1,0,1,...]`, `pattern = [1,1,0,1]`  
**Output:** `2`  
**Explanation:** The first occurrence of the pattern `[1,1,0,1]` is highlighted in the stream `[1,0, 1,1,0,1 ,...]`, which starts at index 2.

### Constraints:

- `1 <= pattern.length <= 104`
- `pattern` consists only of `0` and `1`.
- `stream` consists only of `0` and `1`.
- The input is generated such that the pattern's start index exists in the first `105` bits of the stream.

