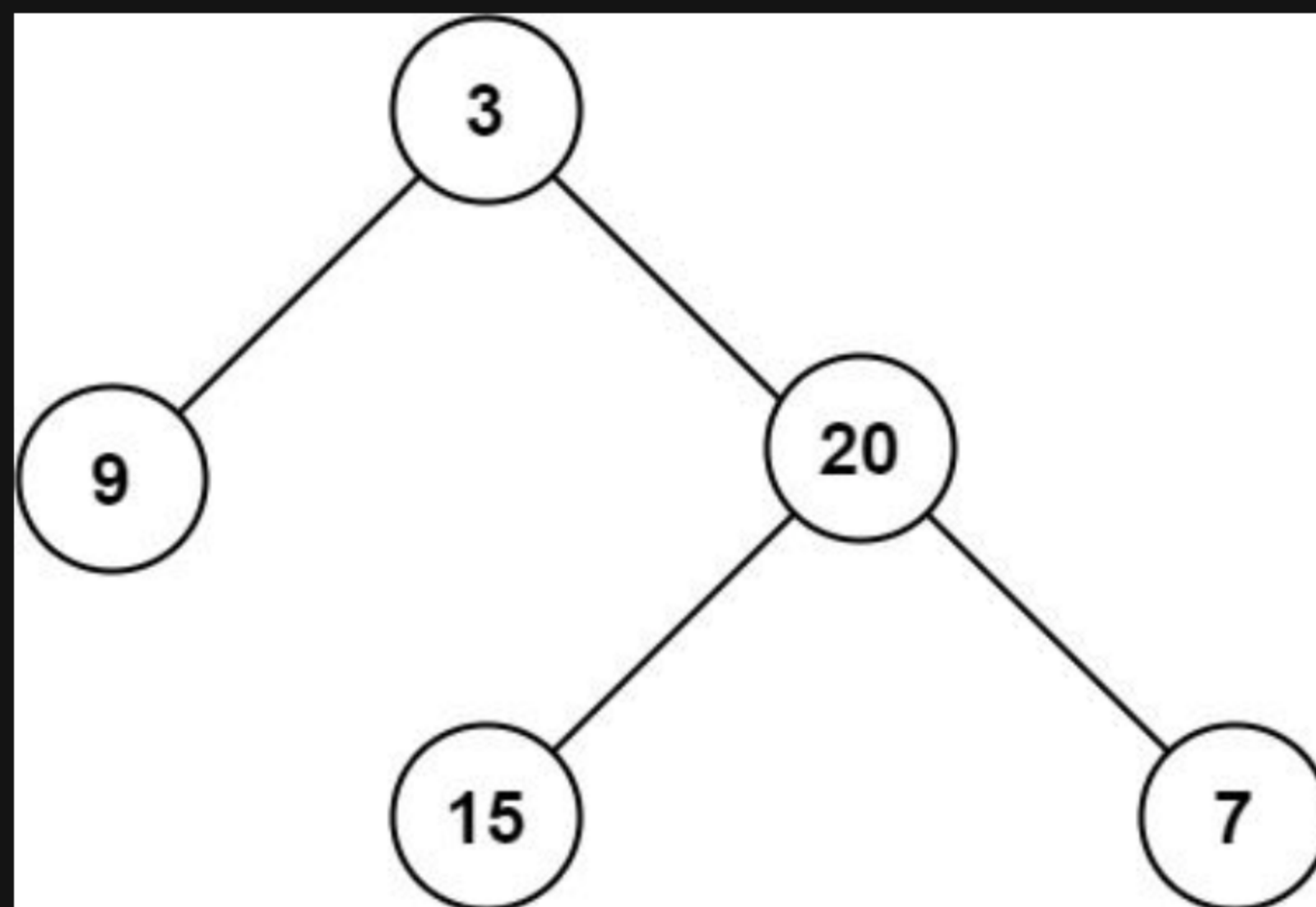# 104. Maximum Depth of Binary Tree

Description

Given the `root` of a binary tree, return *its maximum depth*.

A binary tree's **maximum depth** is the number of nodes along the longest path from the root node down to the farthest leaf node.

Example 1:


```
Input:  root = [3,9,20,null,null,15,7]
Output: 3
```

Example 2:

```
Input:  root = [1,null,2]
Output: 2
```

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range `[0, 10^4]`.
- `-100 <= Node.val <= 100`