

# 1714. Sum Of Special Evenly-Spaced Elements In Array

## Description

You are given a **0-indexed** integer array `nums` consisting of `n` non-negative integers.

You are also given an array `queries`, where `queries[i] = [xi, yi]`. The answer to the `ith` query is the sum of all `nums[j]` where `xi ≤ j < n` and `(j - xi)` is divisible by `yi`.

Return *an array* `answer` *where* `answer.length == queries.length` *and* `answer[i]` *is the answer to the* `ith` *query modulo* `109 + 7`.

### Example 1:

**Input:** `nums = [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7]`, `queries = [[0,3],[5,1],[4,2]]`

**Output:** `[9,18,10]`

**Explanation:** The answers of the queries are as follows:

- 1) The `j` indices that satisfy this query are 0, 3, and 6. `nums[0] + nums[3] + nums[6] = 9`
- 2) The `j` indices that satisfy this query are 5, 6, and 7. `nums[5] + nums[6] + nums[7] = 18`
- 3) The `j` indices that satisfy this query are 4 and 6. `nums[4] + nums[6] = 10`

### Example 2:

**Input:** `nums = [100,200,101,201,102,202,103,203]`, `queries = [[0,7]]`

**Output:** `[303]`

### Constraints:

- `n == nums.length`
- `1 ≤ n ≤ 5 * 104`
- `0 ≤ nums[i] ≤ 109`
- `1 ≤ queries.length ≤ 1.5 * 105`
- `0 ≤ xi < n`
- `1 ≤ yi ≤ 5 * 104`

