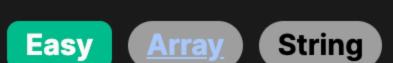
2185. Counting Words With a Given Prefix



Problem Description

The task is to count how many strings from the given array words have the string pref as their prefix. A prefix is defined as a substring that appears at the start of another string. For example, if pref is "ab", and you have a string "abcd" in words, it counts because "abcd" starts with "ab".

Intuition

The intuitive solution to this problem is straightforward. You simply iterate through each string in the array words and check if it starts with the string pref. The method startswith() in Python is perfect for this task as it does exactly what's needed—it returns True if the string object it's called on starts with the specified prefix, which in this case, is pref.

Solution Approach

The solution is implemented in Python and makes use of a list comprehension and the built-in startswith() method for strings. The elegance of the solution lies in its simplicity and efficient use of the language's features.

Here are the steps taken in the algorithm:

- Loop through each string w in the array words using a list comprehension. For each string, check if it starts with the prefix pref. This is done using the startswith() method, which is called on each w.
- The startswith() method returns a boolean value True or False. This list comprehension creates a list of boolean values corresponding to each string in words.
- The sum() function is then used to add up all the boolean values in the list. In Python, True is treated as 1 and False as 0 when summed. So, sum() essentially counts all the True values, which represent the strings that start with pref.
- The result of the sum() function gives us the total number of strings in words that contain pref as a prefix.

The code for this solution is concise and can be written as:

```
class Solution:
   def prefixCount(self, words: List[str], pref: str) -> int:
        return sum(w.startswith(pref) for w in words)
```

This code fragment is the complete implementation of the solution. It defines a class Solution with a method prefixCount, which takes an array of strings words and a string pref as arguments and returns an integer. The prefixCount method only contains the above-mentioned list comprehension wrapped in the sum() function, which calculates and returns the count directly.

The solution does not require additional data structures and is a good example of Python's expressive capability to solve problems in a very readable and succinct manner.

Example Walkthrough

Let's illustrate the solution with a small example. Suppose we have an array of strings words that contains ["apple", "appreciate", "appetite", "banana", "application"] and our prefix pref is "app".

```
As we iterate through words:
```

- The first word "apple" starts with "app". startswith() returns True.
- The second word "appreciate" also starts with "app". startswith() returns True.
- The third word "appetite" starts with "app" as well. startswith() returns True. • The fourth word "banana" does not start with "app". startswith() returns False.
- The fifth word "application" starts with "app". startswith() returns True.

from typing import List # Import List from typing module for type annotation

// Method to count how many strings in the words array have the prefix 'pref'

True].

Using the list comprehension [w.startswith(pref) for w in words], we get a list of boolean values: [True, True, True, False,

Passing this list to the sum() function adds up the True values (with each True being equivalent to 1): sum([True, True, True, False, True]) which equals 1 + 1 + 1 + 0 + 1, giving us a total of 4.

So, the total count of strings with the prefix "app" in the words array is 4. This demonstrates the simplicity and elegance of the solution using Python's built-in functions.

Solution Implementation

Python

```
class Solution:
   def prefix_count(self, words: List[str], pref: str) -> int:
       # Count the number of words that start with the given prefix
       # Args:
             words: A list of strings representing the words
             pref: A string representing the prefix to be matched
       # Returns:
             The count of words starting with the given prefix
       # Use a generator expression to iterate over 'words' list
       # The 'startswith()' method is used to check if the word starts with 'pref'
       # 'sum()' function adds up how many times True appears (i.e., where the condition is met)
       return sum(word.startswith(pref) for word in words)
Java
```

```
public int prefixCount(String[] words, String pref) {
```

class Solution {

```
int count = 0; // Initialize counter to track number of words with the prefix
       // Iterate through each word in the array
        for (String word : words) {
           // Check if the current word starts with the given prefix
           if (word.startsWith(pref)) {
               // Increment the count if the word has the prefix
                count++;
       // Return the total count of words with the prefix
       return count;
C++
#include <vector>
```

```
#include <string>
```

```
class Solution {
public:
   // Function to count the number of words in 'words' that start with the given prefix 'pref'
    int prefixCount(vector<string>& words, const string& pref) {
        int count = 0; // Initialize a variable to store the count of words with the given prefix
        for (const auto& word : words) { // Iterate over each word in the vector 'words'
            if (word.find(pref) == 0) { // Check if 'pref' is a prefix of 'word'
                count++; // Increment the count if the word starts with the given prefix
       return count; // Return the total count of words with the given prefix
};
TypeScript
// Counts the number of words in the array that start with the given prefix.
```

// @param words - An array of strings to be checked against the prefix. // @param prefix - The prefix string to match at the beginning of each word.

```
// @returns The count of words starting with the specified prefix.
  function prefixCount(words: string[], prefix: string): number {
      // Use Array.prototype.reduce to accumulate the count of words starting with the prefix.
      // - The callback function checks if the current word starts with the prefix.
      // - If it does, increment the accumulator.
      // - The initial value of the accumulator is set to 0.
      return words.reduce((accumulator, currentWord) => (
          accumulator += currentWord.startsWith(prefix) ? 1 : 0
      ), 0);
from typing import List # Import List from typing module for type annotation
class Solution:
   def prefix_count(self, words: List[str], pref: str) -> int:
       # Count the number of words that start with the given prefix
       # Args:
             words: A list of strings representing the words
             pref: A string representing the prefix to be matched
       # Returns:
             The count of words starting with the given prefix
       # Use a generator expression to iterate over 'words' list
       # The 'startswith()' method is used to check if the word starts with 'pref'
       # 'sum()' function adds up how many times True appears (i.e., where the condition is met)
        return sum(word.startswith(pref) for word in words)
```

Time and Space Complexity

the startswith method. The computation complexity analysis is as follows:

the counter in the sum function, which is a constant space requirement.

Time Complexity

The time complexity of the function is 0(n * k), where n is the number of words in the list and k is the length of the prefix pref. This is because for each of the n words, the startswith method checks up to k characters to determine if the word starts with the prefix.

The given Python function prefixCount iterates over each word in the list words and checks if it starts with the prefix pref using

Space Complexity The space complexity of the function is 0(1). The function uses a generator expression within the sum function, which calculates

the result on-the-fly and does not require additional space proportional to the input size. The only additional memory used is for