## 155. Min Stack

## Description

Design a stack that supports push, pop, top, and retrieving the minimum element in constant time.

Implement the MinStack class:

- MinStack() initializes the stack object.
- void push(int val) pushes the element val onto the stack.
- void pop() removes the element on the top of the stack.
- int top() gets the top element of the stack.
- int getMin() retrieves the minimum element in the stack.

You must implement a solution with 0(1) time complexity for each function.

## Example 1:

```
Input
["MinStack","push","push","getMin","pop","top","getMin"]
[[],[-2],[0],[-3],[],[],[]]

Output
[null,null,null,null,-3,null,0,-2]

Explanation
MinStack minStack = new MinStack();
minStack.push(-2);
minStack.push(0);
minStack.push(-3);
minStack.push(-3);
minStack.pop();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
minStack.opo();
// return -2
```

## **Constraints:**

- -2 <sup>31</sup> <= val <= 2 <sup>31</sup> 1
- Methods pop, top and getMin operations will always be called on non-empty stacks.
- At most 3 \* 10 4 calls will be made to push, pop, top, and getMin.