

1081. Smallest Subsequence of Distinct Characters

Description

Given a string `s`, return *the lexicographically smallest subsequence of `s` that contains all the distinct characters of `s` exactly once.*

Example 1:

Input: `s = "bcabc"`

Output: `"abc"`

Example 2:

Input: `s = "cbacdcbc"`

Output: `"acdb"`

Constraints:

- `1 <= s.length <= 1000`
- `s` consists of lowercase English letters.

Note: This question is the same as 316: <https://leetcode.com/problems/remove-duplicate-letters/>

