1332. Remove Palindromic Subsequences

Description

You are given a string s consisting only of letters 'a' and 'b'. In a single step you can remove one palindromic subsequence from s.

Return the minimum number of steps to make the given string empty.

A string is a **subsequence** of a given string if it is generated by deleting some characters of a given string without changing its order. Note that a subsequence does **not** necessarily need to be contiguous.

A string is called **palindrome** if is one that reads the same backward as well as forward.

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "ababa"
Output: 1
Explanation: s is already a palindrome, so its entirety can be removed in a single step.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "abb"
Output: 2
Explanation: "abb" -> "bb" -> "".
Remove palindromic subsequence "a" then "bb".
```

Example 3:

```
Input: s = "baabb"
Output: 2
Explanation: " baa b b " -> " b " -> "".
Remove palindromic subsequence "baab" then "b".
```

Constraints:

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• 1 <= s.length <= 1000
```

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• s[i] is either 'a' or 'b'.
```