

2539. Count the Number of Good Subsequences

Description

A **subsequence** of a string is good if it is not empty and the frequency of each one of its characters is the same.

Given a string `s`, return *the number of good subsequences of* `s`. Since the answer may be too large, return it modulo $10^9 + 7$.

A **subsequence** is a string that can be derived from another string by deleting some or no characters without changing the order of the remaining characters.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "aabb"`

Output: 11

Explanation: The total number of subsequences is 2^4 . There are five subsequences which are not good: " aab b", "a abb ", " a a bb ", " aa b b ", and the empty subsequence. Hence, the number of good subsequences is $2^4 - 5 = 11$.

Example 2:

Input: `s = "leet"`

Output: 12

Explanation: There are four subsequences which are not good: " l ee t", "l eet ", " leet ", and the empty subsequence. Hence, the number of good subsequences is $2^4 - 4 = 12$.

Example 3:

Input: `s = "abcd"`

Output: 15

Explanation: All of the non-empty subsequences are good subsequences. Hence, the number of good subsequences is $2^4 - 1 = 15$.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq s.length \leq 10^4$
- `s` consists of only lowercase English letters.

