

1594. Maximum Non Negative Product in a Matrix

Description

You are given a `m x n` matrix `grid`. Initially, you are located at the top-left corner `(0, 0)`, and in each step, you can only **move right or down** in the matrix.

Among all possible paths starting from the top-left corner `(0, 0)` and ending in the bottom-right corner `(m - 1, n - 1)`, find the path with the **maximum non-negative product**. The product of a path is the product of all integers in the grid cells visited along the path.

Return the *maximum non-negative product modulo* `109 + 7`. *If the maximum product is negative, return* `-1`.

Notice that the modulo is performed after getting the maximum product.

Example 1:

-1	-2	-3
-2	-3	-3
-3	-3	-2

Input: `grid = [[-1,-2,-3],[-2,-3,-3],[-3,-3,-2]]`
Output: `-1`
Explanation: It is not possible to get non-negative product in the path from `(0, 0)` to `(2, 2)`, so return `-1`.

Example 2:

1	-2	1
1	-2	1
3	-4	1

Input: `grid = [[1,-2,1],[1,-2,1],[3,-4,1]]`
Output: `8`
Explanation: Maximum non-negative product is shown `(1 * 1 * -2 * -4 * 1 = 8)`.

Example 3:

1	3
0	-4

Input: `grid = [[1,3],[0,-4]]`
Output: `0`
Explanation: Maximum non-negative product is shown `(1 * 0 * -4 = 0)`.

Constraints:

- `m == grid.length`
- `n == grid[i].length`
- `1 <= m, n <= 15`
- `-4 <= grid[i][j] <= 4`

