## 1865. Finding Pairs With a Certain Sum

## Description

You are given two integer arrays nums1 and nums2. You are tasked to implement a data structure that supports queries of two types:

- 1. Add a positive integer to an element of a given index in the array nums2.
- 2. Count the number of pairs (i, j) such that [nums1[i] + nums2[j] equals a given value (0 <= i < nums1.length and 0 <= j < nums2.length ).

Implement the FindSumPairs class:

- FindSumPairs(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) Initializes the FindSumPairs object with two integer arrays nums1 and nums2.
- void add(int index, int val) Adds val to nums2[index], i.e., apply nums2[index] += val.
- int count(int tot) Returns the number of pairs (i, j) such that nums1[i] + nums2[j] == tot .

## Example 1:

```
Input
["FindSumPairs", "count", "add", "count", "add", "add", "count"]
[[[1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3], [1, 4, 5, 2, 5, 4]], [7], [3, 2], [8], [4], [0, 1], [1, 1], [7]]
Output
[null, 8, null, 2, 1, null, null, 11]

Explanation
FindSumPairs findSumPairs = new FindSumPairs([1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3], [1, 4, 5, 2, 5, 4]);
findSumPairs.count(7);  // return 8; pairs (2,2), (3,2), (4,2), (2,4), (3,4), (4,4) make 2 + 5 and pairs (5,1), (5,5) make 3 + 4
findSumPairs.add(3, 2);  // now nums2 = [1,4,5, 4],5,4]
findSumPairs.count(8);  // return 2; pairs (5,2), (5,4) make 3 + 5
findSumPairs.count(4);  // return 1; pair (5,0) makes 3 + 1
findSumPairs.add(0, 1);  // now nums2 = [ 2, 4,5,4],5,4]
findSumPairs.add(1, 1);  // now nums2 = [ 2, 5,4,5,4]
findSumPairs.add(1, 1);  // return 11; pairs (2,1), (2,2), (2,4), (3,1), (3,2), (3,4), (4,1), (4,2), (4,4) make 2 + 5 and pairs (5,3), (5,5) make 3 + 4
```

## **Constraints:**

- 1 <= nums1.length <= 1000
- 1 <= nums2.length <= 10 <sup>5</sup>
- 1 <= nums1[i] <= 10 9
- 1 <= nums2[i] <=  $10^{5}$
- 0 <= index < nums2.length
- 1 <= val <= 10 <sup>5</sup>
- 1 <= tot <= 10 9
- At most 1000 calls are made to add and count each.