

1464. Maximum Product of Two Elements in an Array

Description

Given the array of integers `nums`, you will choose two different indices `i` and `j` of that array. *Return the maximum value of $(\text{nums}[i]-1) * (\text{nums}[j]-1)$.*

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [3,4,5,2]`

Output: 12

Explanation: If you choose the indices `i=1` and `j=2` (indexed from 0), you will get the maximum value, that is, $(\text{nums}[1]-1) * (\text{nums}[2]-1) = (4-1) * (5-1) = 3 * 4 = 12$.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,5,4,5]`

Output: 16

Explanation: Choosing the indices `i=1` and `j=3` (indexed from 0), you will get the maximum value of $(5-1) * (5-1) = 16$.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [3,7]`

Output: 12

Constraints:

- `2 <= nums.length <= 500`
- `1 <= nums[i] <= 103`

