1674. Minimum Moves to Make Array Complementary

Description

You are given an integer array nums of **even** length n and an integer limit. In one move, you can replace any integer from nums with another integer between 1 and limit, inclusive.

The array nums is **complementary** if for all indices i (**0-indexed**), nums[i] + nums[n - 1 - i] equals the same number. For example, the array [1,2,3,4] is complementary because for all indices i, nums[i] + nums[n - 1 - i] = 5.

Return the *minimum* number of moves required to make nums complementary.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,4,3], limit = 4
Output: 1
Explanation: In 1 move, you can change nums to [1,2,2,3] (underlined elements are changed).
nums[0] + nums[3] = 1 + 3 = 4.
nums[1] + nums[2] = 2 + 2 = 4.
nums[2] + nums[1] = 2 + 2 = 4.
nums[3] + nums[0] = 3 + 1 = 4.
Therefore, nums[i] + nums[n-1-i] = 4 for every i, so nums is complementary.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,2,1], limit = 2
Output: 2
Explanation: In 2 moves, you can change nums to [2,2,2,2]. You cannot change any number to 3 since 3 > limit.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,1,2], limit = 2
Output: 0
Explanation: nums is already complementary.
```

Constraints:

- n == nums.length
- $2 <= n <= 10^{5}$
- 1 <= nums[i] <= limit <= 10 ⁵
- n is even.