# 1929. Concatenation of Array

## Description

```
Given an integer array [nums] of length [n], you want to create an array [ans] of length [2n] where [ans[i]] == [nums[i]] and [ans[i+n]] == [nums[i]] for [0 <= i < n] ( [0 <= i < n] ( [0 <= i < n] ). Specifically, [ans] is the concatenation of two [nums] arrays.
```

Return the array ans .

#### Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,2,1]
Output: [1,2,1,1,2,1]
Explanation: The array ans is formed as follows:
- ans = [nums[0],nums[1],nums[2],nums[0],nums[1],nums[2]]
- ans = [1,2,1,1,2,1]
```

#### Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [1,3,2,1]
Output: [1,3,2,1,1,3,2,1]
Explanation: The array ans is formed as follows:
- ans = [nums[0],nums[1],nums[2],nums[3],nums[0],nums[1],nums[2],nums[3]]
- ans = [1,3,2,1,1,3,2,1]
```

### **Constraints:**

- n == nums.length
- 1 <= n <= 1000
- 1 <= nums[i] <= 1000