

2396. Strictly Palindromic Number

Description

An integer n is **strictly palindromic** if, for **every** base b between 2 and $n - 2$ (**inclusive**), the string representation of the integer n in base b is **palindromic**.

Given an integer n , return `true` *if n is strictly palindromic and* `false` *otherwise*.

A string is **palindromic** if it reads the same forward and backward.

Example 1:

Input: $n = 9$

Output: `false`

Explanation: In base 2: $9 = 1001$ (base 2), which is palindromic.

In base 3: $9 = 100$ (base 3), which is not palindromic.

Therefore, 9 is not strictly palindromic so we return false.

Note that in bases 4, 5, 6, and 7, $n = 9$ is also not palindromic.

Example 2:

Input: $n = 4$

Output: `false`

Explanation: We only consider base 2: $4 = 100$ (base 2), which is not palindromic.

Therefore, we return false.

Constraints:

- $4 \leq n \leq 10^5$

