

Problem Description

In this problem, we are given a string s. The string contains some asterisks '*' and vertical bars '|'. The catches are that every two consecutive vertical bars form a pair, and we should not count any asterisks that are between each pair of vertical bars. For example, in the string "*|*|**|*", there are three pairs formed by the vertical bars: the first '|*', the second '*|', and the last two '|'. The asterisks we want to count are only those that are not between the vertical bars that form pairs. Therefore, we need to find a way to count asterisks that are not enclosed by any pairs of vertical bars in the string s.

The task is to find the total number of such asterisks in the given string.

Intuition

To solve this problem, we can iterate through the string s and maintain a boolean flag to indicate whether we are between a pair of vertical bars. We can initialize this flag to True, since we start counting asterisks from the very beginning of the string, where there are no vertical bars to enclose them. When we encounter a vertical bar, we switch the state of the flag. This is because vertical bars always come in pairs; the first one in a pair opens the enclosed section, and the second one closes it.

So when the flag is True, we know that any asterisks we see are not enclosed in vertical bars, and we should count them. And when the flag is False, we're between a pair of vertical bars, so we do not count the asterisks.

The variable ok in the given solution represents this flag, and ans is the count of asterisks that are not enclosed by the vertical bars. We use the bitwise XOR operator ^ to toggle the value of ok when we encounter a vertical bar. If ok is currently 1 (or True), it becomes 0 (or False) after the operation, and vice versa.

This solution is efficient since it only requires a single pass through the string and does not require additional data structures or complex logic.

The solution for this problem is straightforward and does not require the use of complex data structures. Instead, it effectively

Solution Approach

utilizes a simple iteration and a flag switching technique to track the state of being inside or outside the vertical bar pairs.

Here's a step-by-step approach to how the solution is implemented:

- 1. Initialize Variables: Two variables are initialized:
 - o ans: An integer initialized to 0, which will serve as the counter for the asterisks not enclosed in vertical bar pairs.
 - ok: A boolean-like flag (represented as 1 for True and 0 for False), which helps determine whether we are currently outside (able to count '*') or inside (not counting '*') the vertical bar pairs.
- 2. Iterate Through the String: We loop through each character c in the string s.
- 3. **Counting Asterisks**: If the current character c is an asterisk ('*'), we increment the ans variable by the value of ok. Since ok is used as a boolean flag, when it's 1 (indicating we are outside of any vertical bar pair), ans gets incremented. If ok is 0 (meaning we're within a pair), there's no increment.
- 4. **Toggle Flag on Vertical Bars**: If we encounter a vertical bar ('|'), we toggle the value of ok with the expression ok ^= 1. This makes use of the bitwise XOR operation which flips ok between 1 and 0. Thus, when a '|' is encountered, if ok was 1, it becomes 0, and if it was 0, it becomes 1. This signifies the start and end of the paired vertical bars.
- pairs, and this value is returned as the final answer.

5. Return the Result: Once the iteration over the string is complete, ans holds the count of all asterisks outside the vertical bar

operations for state toggling. This algorithm operates in O(n) time complexity where n is the length of string s and O(1) space complexity since no additional space is proportional to the input size is required.

The elegance of this approach lies in its simplicity and efficiency, as it only scans through the string once and uses bitwise

Let's walk through a small example using the solution approach with the string "**|*|**|**".

Example Walkthrough

1. Initialize Variables: We start by initializing ans to 0 and ok to 1.

- 2. Iterate Through the String: We proceed to iterate over each character in the given string.
- 3. Upon the first character which is **, ans is incremented by 1 as ok is 1 (outside of vertical bar pairs), giving us ans = 1.
- 5. We encounter our first vertical bar '|'. We toggle ok using ok ^= 1. As ok was 1, it now becomes 0.

The second character is also '*' and ok still equals 1, so we increment ans again to 2.

- 6. The next character is '*'. Since ok is now 0, we do not change ans.
- 7. We come across another vertical bar '|'. We toggle ok again, which changes it back to 1.

asterisks at the beginning before encountering any pairs of vertical bars.

Iterate over each character in the string

- 8. Now we have three asterisks '***', but as ok is 1, we do not count these; we're inside a pair from step 6 and 7.
- section.

 10. We then find two asterisks '**', and since ok is 0, we do not count these either.

9. The next character is a vertical bar '|', so we must toggle ok. It changes from 1 to 0, indicating the start of a new enclosed

- 11. Finally, we reach the last character which is another vertical bar '|'. We toggle ok, changing it from 0 to 1.
- 12. **Return the Result**: The iteration has ended, and the total count of asterisks outside the vertical bar pairs is 2 which is the value of ans.

Initialize a count for asterisks and a boolean flag for tracking the state

Throughout this example, we looped through the string and counted only the asterisks that are not enclosed by any pair of vertical bars by efficiently toggling our ok state upon every vertical bar encountered. The answer, in this case, is 2 since we have two

Python Solution

1 class Solution:
2 def countAsterisks(self, s: str) -> int:

asterisk_count = 0 # This will store the number of asterisks not enclosed in pairs of vertical bars is_outside_bars = True # This flag will be True if we're outside vertical bars, False otherwise 6

```
for char in s:
               if char == "*":
                   # Increment the count if we encounter an asterisk and we're outside the vertical bars
10
                   if is_outside_bars:
11
12
                       asterisk_count += 1
               elif char == "|":
13
                   # Toggle the flag when we encounter a vertical bar
14
15
                   is_outside_bars = not is_outside_bars # This will turn True to False, and False to True
16
17
           # Return the final count of asterisks outside of vertical bar pairs
           return asterisk_count
18
19
Java Solution
   class Solution {
       public int countAsterisks(String s) {
           // Initialize the answer to count asterisks not inside pair of bars
           int asteriskCount = 0;
```

// Iterate through each character in the string for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); ++i) { // Fetch the current character char ch = s.charAt(i);</pre>

boolean outsideBars = true;

```
// If the character is an asterisk and we're currently outside bars
13
               if (ch == '*' && outsideBars) {
14
                   // Increment the asterisk count
                   asteriskCount++;
               } else if (ch == '|') {
17
                   // Toggle the state between inside and outside bars
                   outsideBars = !outsideBars;
19
20
21
22
23
           // Return the total number of asterisks counted outside bars
24
           return asteriskCount;
25
26 }
27
C++ Solution
 1 class Solution {
 2 public:
       // Function to count the number of asterisks (*) that are not between any pair of vertical bars (|)
       int countAsterisks(string s) {
                             // Initialize count of asterisks to 0
           int count = 0;
           bool outsideBar = true; // Use a boolean to keep track of whether we are outside the bars (true) or inside (false)
           // Iterate through each character in the string
           for (char c : s) {
```

// ok will indicate the current state (outside the bars is 1, inside is 0)

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23 }

if (c == '*') {

count += outsideBar;

outsideBar = !outsideBar;

} else if (c == '|') {

```
22 };
Typescript Solution
 1 // Counts the number of asterisks (*) in a given string that are not inside paired pipes (|).
 2 // Paired pipes act as markers for sections that should be ignored when counting asterisks.
   // The `countAsterisks` function takes a string and returns the count of valid asterisks.
   function countAsterisks(s: string): number {
       // Variable to hold the count of asterisks
       let asteriskCount = 0;
       // Variable to track the current state;
       // 1 means we're considering asterisks,
       // 0 means we're between paired pipes.
       let shouldBeCounted = 1;
10
       // Iterate over each character in the string
       for (const char of s) {
           if (char === '*') {
               // Increment the count if the asterisk should be counted
15
               asteriskCount += shouldBeCounted;
           } else if (char === '|') {
16
               // Toggle the state when encountering a pipe
               shouldBeCounted ^= 1;
```

// If the current character is an asterisk and we're outside the bars, increment our count

// If the current character is a vertical bar, toggle the state of outsideBar

19 } 20 } 21 // Return the count of asterisks found outside of paired pipes

return asteriskCount;

and ok use a constant amount of space regardless of the input size.

Time and Space Complexity

The time complexity of the given code is O(n), where n is the length of the input string s. Each character in the string is visited

exactly once in a single pass, and constant-time operations are performed for each character.

The space complexity of the code is 0(1) because the space used does not depend on the size of the input string. The variables ans