Loops / Iterations / Repetitive statements

Loops are used to repeat a block/group of statements continuously until the given condition becomes false.

Loops reduce program size and improves performance.

In loops beginning and ending points are same.

C-Language supports basically 2 types of loops.

- 1. Entry control loops.
- 2. Exit control loops.

In entry control loops, condition is tested first and it is true then only statements block is executed.

Under entry control loops we are having

- i. While loop
- ii. For loop

In exit control loop, the statements are executed first and later condition is tested.

Under exit control loop we are having

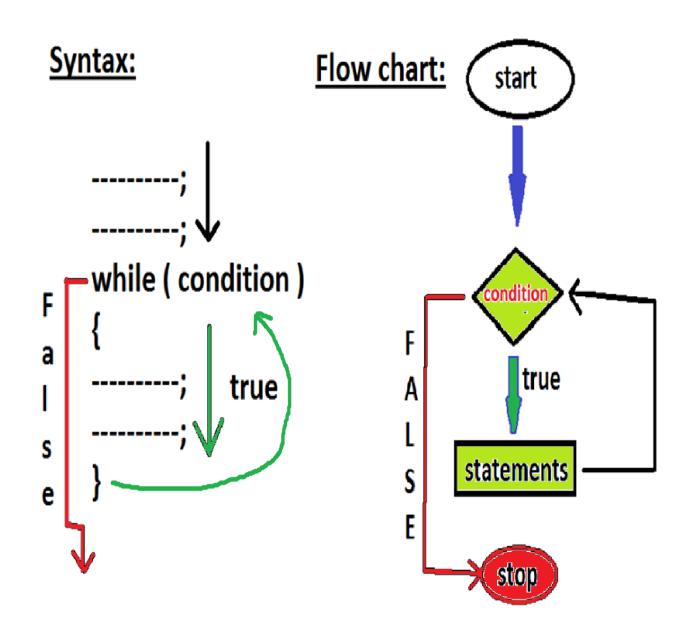
i. do while.

While loop:

- while is a keyword.
- In while loop condition is tested first and it is true then only while block statements are executed. After executing while block statements, the program execution automatically shifted/jumped to while condition at the beginning. If it is true then once again the while block

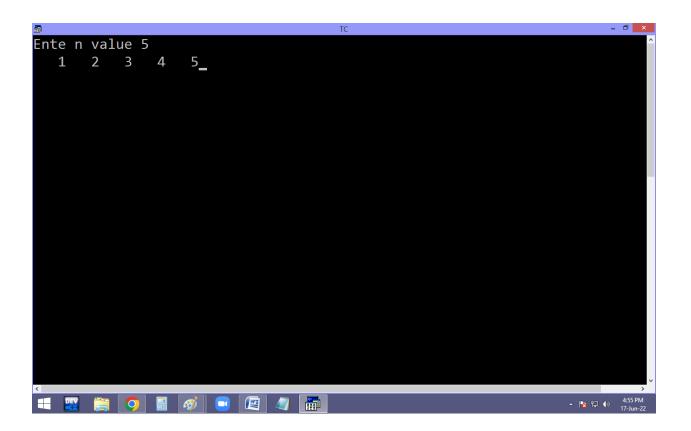
statements are repeated. Like this the process is continued until while condition becomes false.

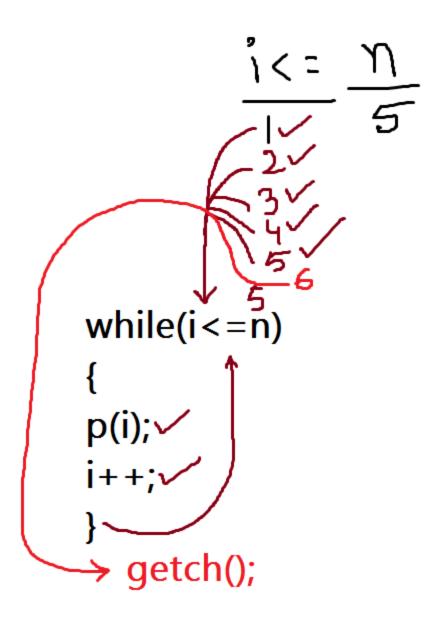
While is entry control loop.



Eg. printing 1...n numbers.

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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int i=1,n;
clrscr();
printf("Ente n value ");
scanf("%d",&n);
while(i<=n)
printf("%4d",i);
i++;
getch();
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```





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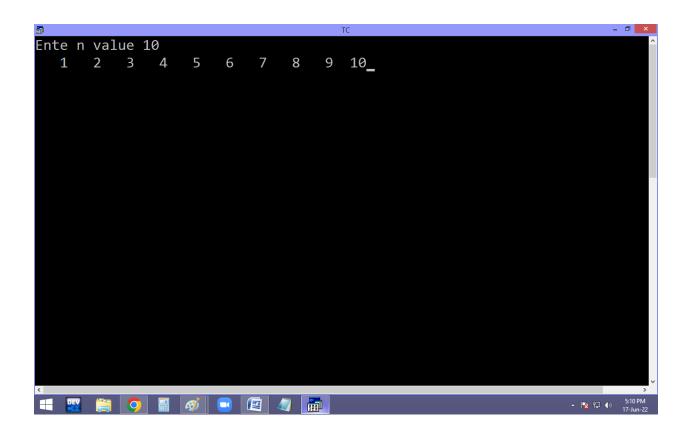
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

int i=1,n;
clrscr();
printf("Ente n value ");
scanf("%d",&n);
while(i<=n)printf("%4d",i++);
getch();
}

**Note of Management of State of
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Printing 1...n numbers in reverse order.

```
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{
int n;
clrscr();
printf("Ente n value ");
scanf("%d",&n);
while(n>=1)printf("%4d",n--);
getch();
}

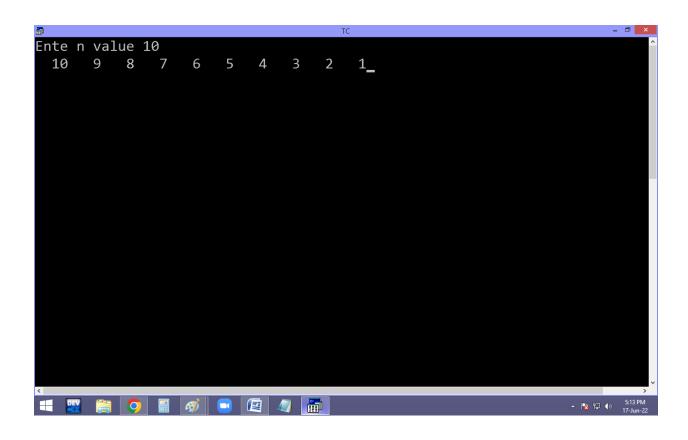
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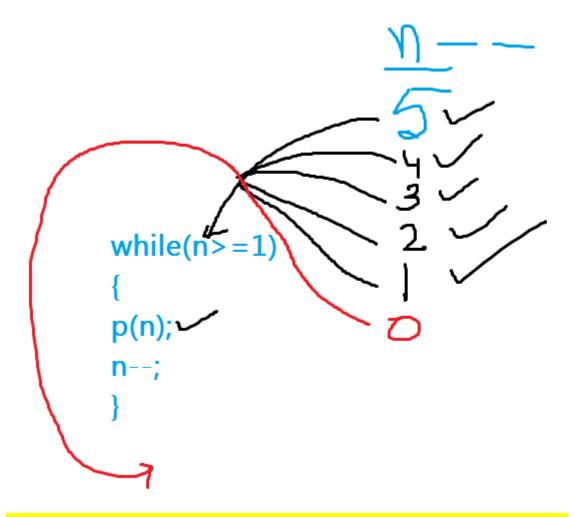
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
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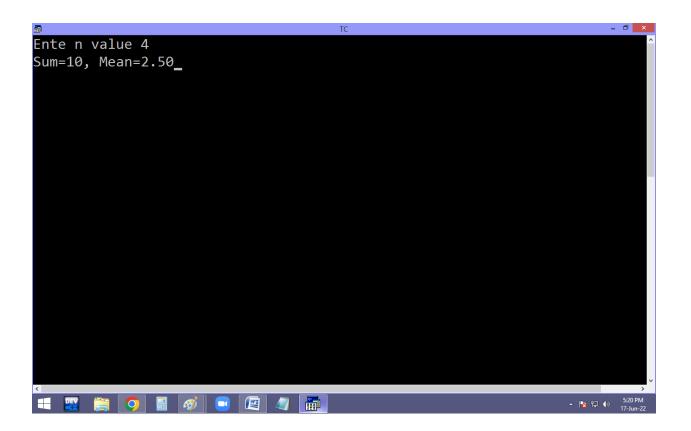
#include<stdio.h>
```

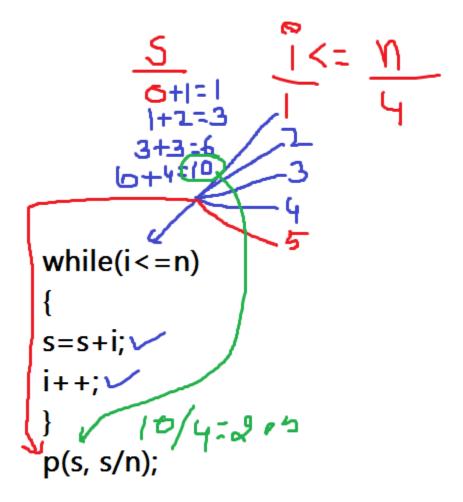




Eg. printing 1...n numbers sum and mean[avg]:

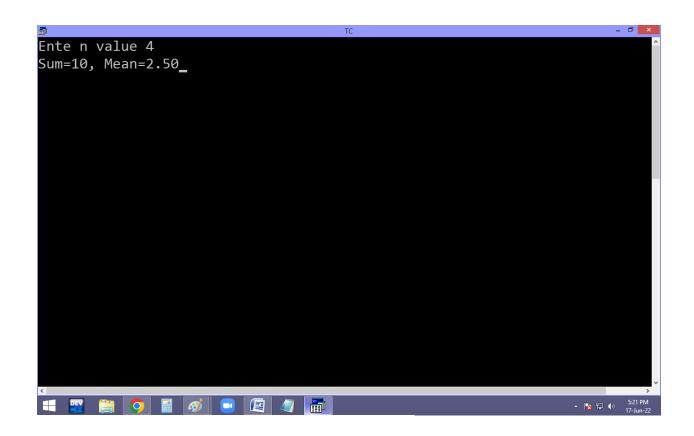
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int i=1,n,s=0;
clrscr();
printf("Ente n value ");
scanf("%d",&n);
while(i<=n)
s=s+i;
i++;
printf("Sum=%d, Mean=%.2f",s,(float)s/n);
getch();
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```





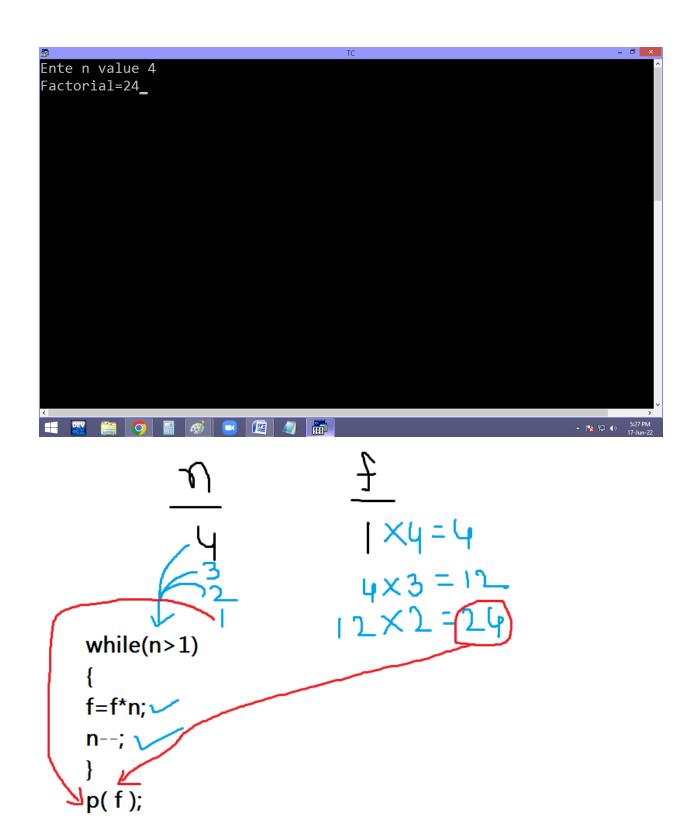
Without using loop:

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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int n,s;
clrscr();
printf("Ente n value ");
scanf("%d",&n);
s = n*(n+1)/2;_{}
printf("Sum=%d, Mean=%.2f",s,(float)s/n);
getch();
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```



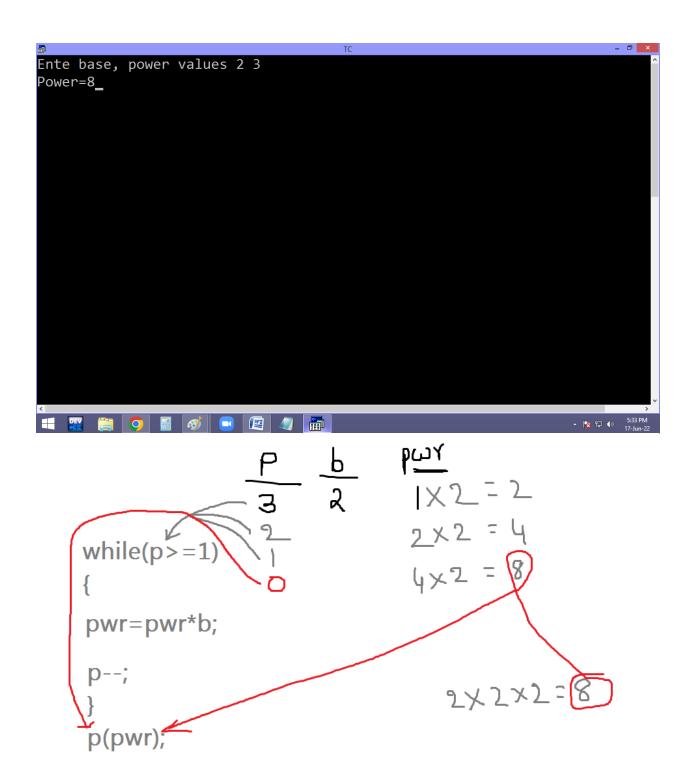
Eg. finding factorial of given no.

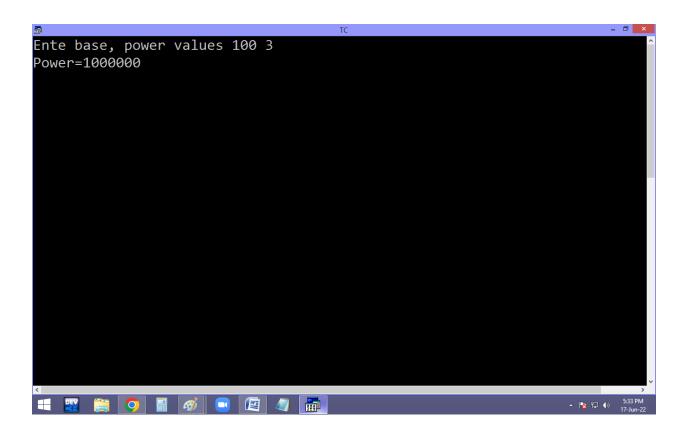
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int n; long f=1;
clrscr();
printf("Ente n value ");
scanf("%d",&n);
while(n>1)
f=f*n;
n--;
printf("Factorial=%ld",f);
getch();
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```



Finding power value using user defined program.

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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int b,p; long pwr=1;
clrscr();
printf("Ente base, power values ");scanf("%d %d",&b, &p);
while(p >= 1)
pwr=pwr*b;
p--;
printf("Power=%ld",pwr);
getch();
```

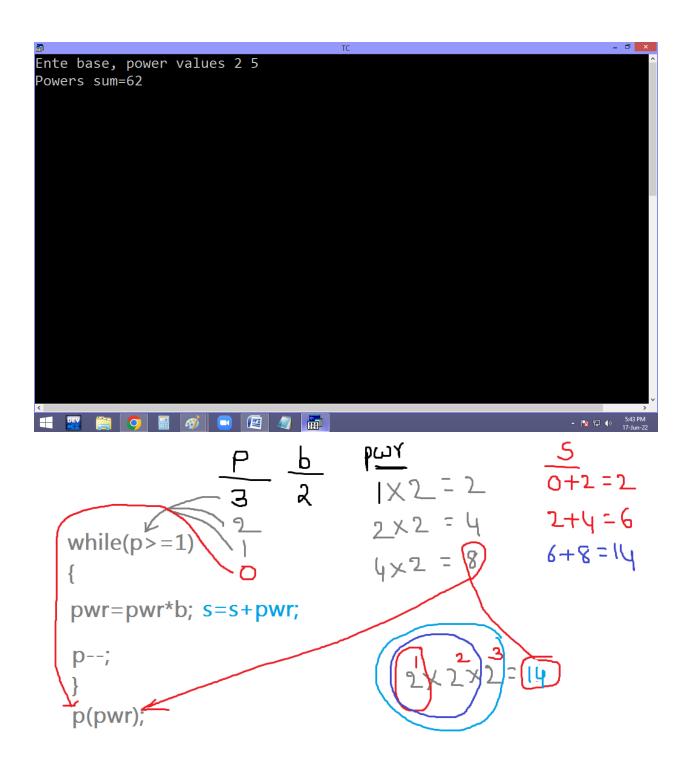




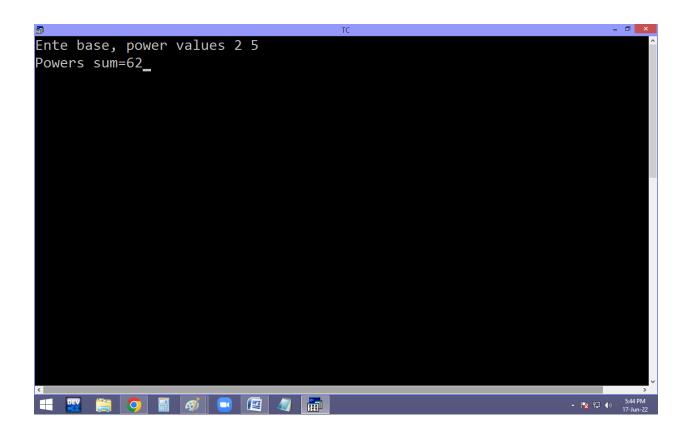
Eg. finding powers sum

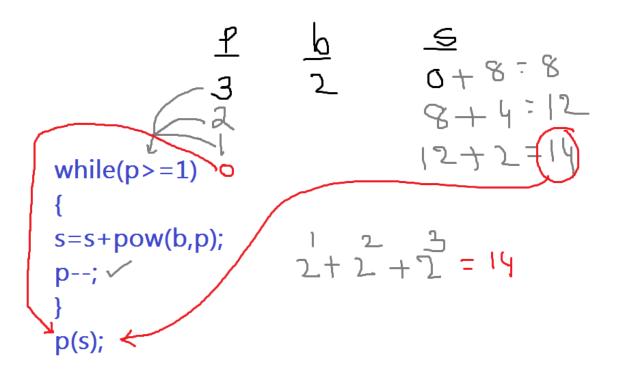
$$25 = 2^{1} + 2^{2} + 2^{3} + 2^{4} + 2^{5}$$
$$2 + 4 + 8 + 16 + 32 = 62$$

```
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#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
int b,p; long pwr=1,s=0;
clrscr();
printf("Ente base, power values ");scanf("%d %d",&b, &p);
while(p>=1)
pwr=pwr*b;s=s+pwr;
p--;
printf("Powers sum=%ld",s);
getch();
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```



```
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      Line 3
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
void main()
int b,p; long pwr=1,s=0;
clrscr();
printf("Ente base, power values ");scanf("%d %d",&b, &p);
while(p>=1)
s=s+pow(b,p);
p--;
printf("Powers sum=%ld",s);
getch();
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```





Home work:

1. Finding no of digits in given no.

For example 379 is a 3 digit no

2.Finding digits sum

For example 286 → 2+8+6=16