

Angles in all four quadrants

A LEVEL LINKS

Scheme of work: 4a. Trigonometric ratios and graphs

Key points

- The sine, cosine and tangent of some angles may be written exactly.

	0	30°	45°	60°	90°
sin	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
tan	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	

- You can use these rules to find sin, cos and tan of any positive or negative angle using the corresponding acute angle made with the x -axis, θ .

$$\sin (180^\circ - \theta) = \sin \theta$$

$$\cos (180^\circ - \theta) = -\cos \theta$$

$$\tan (180^\circ - \theta) = -\tan \theta$$

$$\sin (180^\circ + \theta) = -\sin \theta$$

$$\cos (180^\circ + \theta) = -\cos \theta$$

$$\tan (180^\circ + \theta) = \tan \theta$$

Practice questions

1 Without using a calculator, write down the values of:

- (a) $\sin 90^\circ$ (b) $\cos 270^\circ$ (c) $\tan 360^\circ$ (d) $\sin 270^\circ$

2 Express the following in terms of trigonometric ratios of acute angles:

- (a) $\sin (-200^\circ)$ (b) $\cos (-200^\circ)$ (c) $\tan (-40^\circ)$ (d) $\tan 335^\circ$

3 Express the following as trigonometric ratios of either 30° , 45° or 60° , and hence find their exact values:

- (a) $\sin (-135^\circ)$ (b) $\cos 225^\circ$ (c) $\tan (-120^\circ)$ (d) $\sin (-200^\circ)$

4.

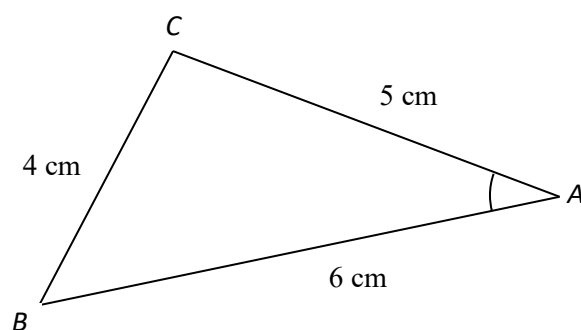


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the triangle ABC , with $AB = 6$ cm, $BC = 4$ cm and $CA = 5$ cm.

(a) Show that $\cos A = \frac{3}{4}$.

(b) Hence, or otherwise, find the exact value of $\sin A$.

Answers

- 1** (a) 1 (b) 0 (c) 0 (d) -1
- 2** (a) $\sin 20^\circ$ (b) $-\cos 20^\circ$ (c) $-\tan 40^\circ$ (d) $-\tan 25^\circ$
- 3** (a) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ (c) $\sqrt{3}$ (d) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

4 (a) $4^2 = 5^2 + 6^2 - (2 \times 5 \times 6 \cos \theta)$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{5^2 + 6^2 - 4^2}{2 \times 5 \times 6}$$

$$\left(= \frac{45}{60} \right) = \frac{3}{4}$$

(b) $\sin^2 A + \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^2 = 1$

$$\left(\sin^2 A = \frac{7}{16} \right) \quad \sin A = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{7}$$