

## My First App

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#### Content



- Design XML
- Click Events
- Coding JAVA
- Run on Emulator/Device

### Design the App as given below



		▼ 🛮 8:00
SimpleCalcula	ator	
Enter	first number	
Enter	second numb	ег
		70
	TextView	
ADD		SUBTRACT
DIVIDE		MULTIPLY
4	0	П
	V	



### Coding in Java File

### The following is what we get by default



```
package com.example.falcon.myapplication;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.view.View;
public class SimpleCalculator extends Activity {
  @Override
  protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity simple calculator);
```

## In java file make reference of the views, that you have used in your Layout, as shown below:

public class SimpleCalculator extends Activity { private EditText edtNumOne; private EditText edtNumTWO; private TextView tvResult; @Override protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) { super.onCreate(savedInstanceState); setContentView(R.layout.activity simple calculator); edtNumOne = findViewById(R.id.edtNumOne);
edtNumTWO = findViewById(R.id.edtNumTwo); tvResult = findViewById(R.id.tvResult);



# Adding method to handle click event

### Types of adding method:



- There are ways of adding methods:
- From XML
- 2. From Java code

### 1. Add the Click Event for button from XML:



- In your XML file add the following line:
  - android:onClick="onCLickAdd"
- Now press alt+<method name>

- It gives the above menu, select
  - Create 'onClickAdd(View)' in 'SimpleCalculator'
- It creates a method in java file

### Output:



```
public class SimpleCalculator extends Activity {
   private EditText edtNumOne;
   private EditText edtNumTWO;
   private TextView tvResult;
   @Override
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
   super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
   setContentView(R.layout.activity_simple_calculator);
      edtNumOne = findViewByld(R.id.edtNumOne);
edtNumTWO = findViewByld(R.id.edtNumTwo);
tvResult = findViewByld(R.id.tvResult);
   public void onCLickAdd(View view) {
```

### Write the following code:



- Add the highlighted line in the method:
  - public void onCLickAdd(View view) {

```
numOne = Integer.parseInt(edtNumOne.getText().toString());
numTwo = Integer.parseInt(edtNumTWO.getText().toString());
tvResult.setText(numOne+numTwo);
}
```

 This code will add two numbers given by user and show the addition of both in the TextView.

# 2. Add the Click Event for button from Java code:



- First make the reference of Button in Java file:
  - private Button btnSub;
- Now link it to the button from the XML file:
  - btnSub = findViewById(R.id.btnSub); //in onCreate()

Add the following code within onCreate method:

```
btnSub.

setOnClickListener(OnClickListener l) void

setAccessibilityClassName() CharSequence

onResolvePointerIcon(MotionEven... PointerIcon

addChildrenForAccessibility(ArrayList<... void

addExtraDataToAccessibilityNodeInfo(Ac... void

addFocusables(ArrayList<View> views. i... void
```

Select setOnClickListener(OnClickListener I) and hit enter.

• Start typing new OnClickListener in argument part of the method, it would give the following options, select View.OnClickListener{...} and hit enter:

```
btnSub.setOnClickListener(new On);

| View.OnClickListener{...} (android.view.Vie... ?)
| QuickContactBadge (android.widget)
| ActionMenuItemView (android.support.v7.view...
| Exception (java.lang)
```

- Following code will be auto generated (please do not type the following code):
  - btnSub.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
     @Override
     public void onClick(View v) {
     }
     });

- Add the highlighted code as shown below:
  - btnSub.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {

```
@Override
 public void onClick(View v) {
    tvResult.setText(numOne - numTwo);
});
```



 Similarly, you can add other methods for Division and Multiplication, as per the technique of your choice.

