

## **Assignment 2**

This should be quite easy to do. Don't forget to follow the submission guidelines. And to use sufficient (and sufficiently large) different values of  $n$ .

Develop a UF ("union-find") client that takes an integer value  $n$  from the command line to determine the number of "sites." Then generates random pairs of integers between 0 and  $n-1$ , calling *connected()* to determine if they are connected then *union()* if not. Loop until all sites are connected then print the number of connections generated. Package your program as a static method *count()* that takes  $n$  as argument and returns the number of connections; and a *main()* that takes  $n$  from the command line, calls *count()* and prints the returned value.

To what extent can you confirm the hypothesis that the number of pairs generated to accomplish this (i.e. to reduce the number of components from  $n$  to 1) is  $\sim 1/2 n \log n$  where  $\log n$  is the natural logarithm of  $n$ .

You can use any *UnionFind* implementation you like but if you need one, I have uploaded an implementation of *WeightedQuickUnion* with *PathCompression* in the class repository (called *WQUPC*). Here's a link which hopefully will work: [WQUPC.java](#)