Pizza Sales analysis using SQL query in MySQL





DESCRIPTION:--

This project focuses on analyzing pizza sales data using SQL queries within the MySQL database. I utilized SQL to:

- → Identify total revenue generated from pizza and quantity sold, identify top selling pizzas, their size and category using various functions and group by.
 →Obtain distribution of orders placed by hour of the day, average number of
- → Identify top selling pizza based on revenue for each pizza category and percentage contribution on revenue by each category of pizza using some calculations and functions.

pizza orders per day using table joins and sub-queries.

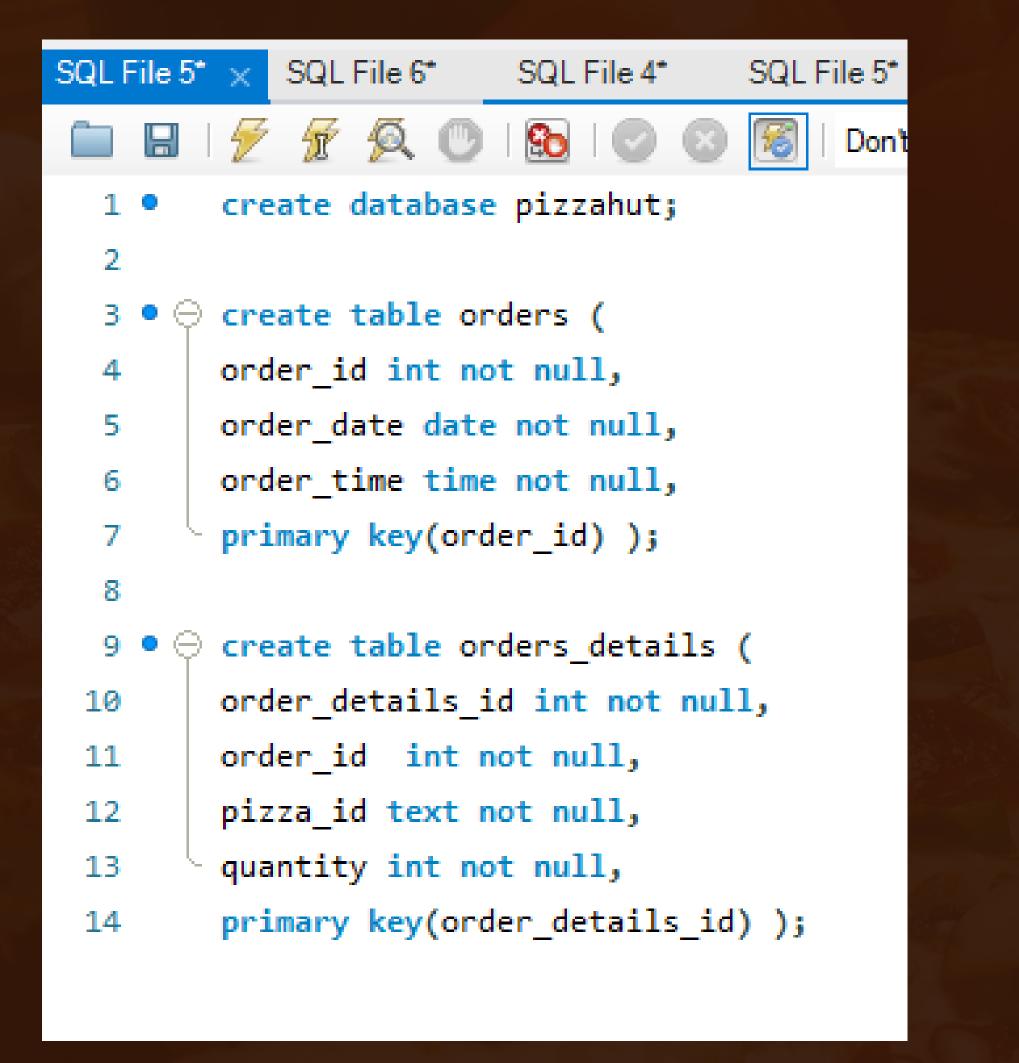
→ Also, calculate the cummulative revenue generated over time using the window functions.



PROBLEM STATEMENT:--

- 1. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- 2. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- 3. Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- 4. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- 5. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
- 6 Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- 7. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- 8. Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- 9 . Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- 10. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
- 11. Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza category to total revenue.
- 12. Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- 13 . Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.





1 -- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
2
3 • select count(order_id) as total_orders from orders;

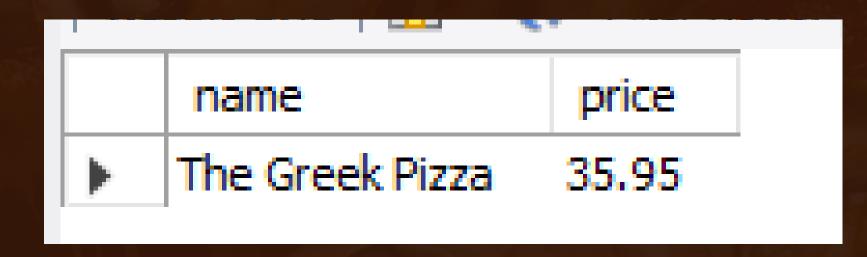
total_orders

≥ 21350



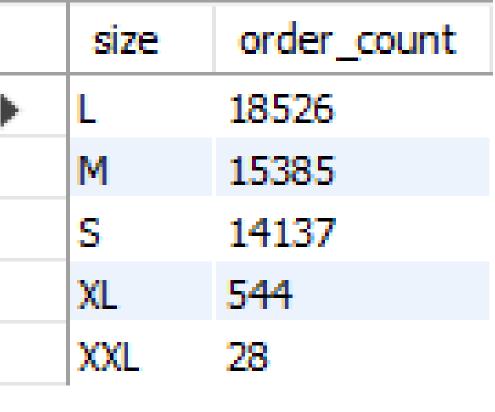


```
-- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
 2
       SELECT
           pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
 5
       FROM
           pizza_types
 6
               JOIN
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
       ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
       LIMIT 1;
10
```



```
1  -- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
2
3     SELECT
4     P.size, (COUNT(O.quantity)) AS order_count
5     FROM
6     pizzas AS P
7         JOIN
8     orders_details AS O ON P.pizza_id = O.pizza_id
9     GROUP BY P.size
```

ORDER BY order_count DESC;





10

```
-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types
      -- along with their quantities.
      select pizza types.name,
      sum(orders details.quantity) as quantity
      from pizza types join pizzas
      on pizza types.pizza type id=pizzas.pizza type id
      join orders details
      on orders details.pizza id=pizzas.pizza id
8
```





```
-- Join the necessary tables
 1
       -- to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
 2
       SELECT
 3
           pizza_types.category,
           SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
 5
       FROM
 6
           pizza_types
               JOIN
 8
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
10
               JOIN
           orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11
12
       GROUP BY pizza_types.category
```

| | category | quantity |
|---|----------|----------|
| • | Classic | 14888 |
| | Supreme | 11987 |
| | Veggie | 11649 |
| | Chicken | 11050 |



13

ORDER BY quantity DESC;

```
1  -- Determine the distribution of ORDERS
2  -- by hour of the day.
3    SELECT
4    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
5    FROM
6    orders
7    GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

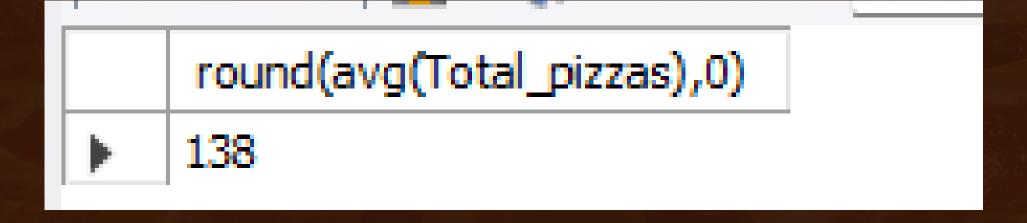
| T | | 1 |
|-----|---------|-------------|
| | hour | order_count |
| • | 11 | 1231 |
| | 12 | 2520 |
| | 13 | 2455 |
| | 14 | 1472 |
| | 15 | 1468 |
| | 16 | 1920 |
| | 17 | 2336 |
| | 18 | 2399 |
| | 19 | 2009 |
| Res | ult 2 x | |

```
-- Join relevant tables to find
-- the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

SELECT
pizza_types.category, COUNT(pizza_type_id)
FROM
pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

| | category | count(pizza_type_id) |
|-------------|----------|----------------------|
| > | Chicken | 6 |
| | Classic | 8 |
| | Supreme | 9 |
| | Veggie | 9 |
| | | |

```
1  -- Group the orders by date and
2  -- calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
3
4   select round(avg(Total_pizzas),0) from
5   (select orders.order_date, (sum(orders_details.quantity)) as Total_pizzas
6   from orders join orders_details
7   on orders.order_id= orders_details.order_id
8   group by orders.order_date) as totalpizza;
```





```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types
       -- based on revenue(quantity*price).
3 •
       SELECT
           pizza_types.name,
           SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
       FROM
           pizza_types
               JOIN
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
               JOIN
10
11
           orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
12
       GROUP BY pizza_types.name
13
       ORDER BY revenue DESC
14
       LIMIT 3;
```

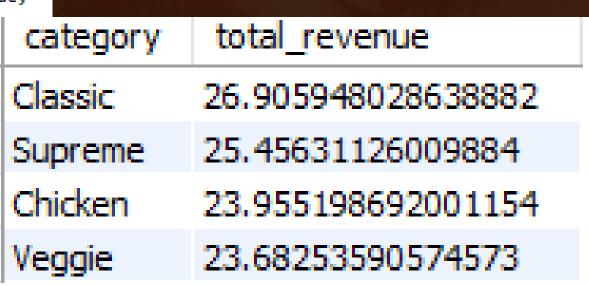
| • | The Thai Chicken Pizza | 43434.25 |
|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 42768 |
| | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5 |



```
-- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza category to total revenue.
2 ● ⊖ with cat_rev as(SELECT
3
           pizza_types.category,
           ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
4
5

 AS rev

6
       FROM
7
           pizza_types
8
               JOIN
           pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9
10
           order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11
       GROUP BY category),
12
       revenue as(SELECT
13
           ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
14
                   0) AS totalrev
15
16
       FROM
17
           order_details
18
               JOIN
19
           pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id)
       select cat_rev.category , (cat_rev.rev/revenue.totalrev)*100 from cat_rev,revenue;
20
```









```
-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time..
       -- Date ko basis ma cummulative value chaiyo.
 3
       select order_date,
       sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
       from
     (select orders.order_date,
       sum(orders_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
 8
       from orders_details join pizzas
 9
       on orders_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
10
       join orders
11
       on orders.order_id=orders_details.order_id
12
       group by orders.order_date) as sales;
13
```

| | order_date | cum_revenue |
|-----|------------|--------------------|
| • | 2015-01-01 | 2713.8500000000004 |
| | 2015-01-02 | 5445.75 |
| | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15 |
| | 2015-01-04 | 9863.6 |
| | 2015-01-05 | 11929.55 |
| | 2015-01-06 | 14358.5 |
| | 2015-01-07 | 16560.7 |
| | 2015-01-08 | 19399.05 |
| | 2015-01-09 | 21526.4 |
| Res | ult 1 × | |



```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types
       -- based on revenue for each pizza category.
 3
       select name, revenue, rn from
    rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
 6
      from
 7
      (select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
 8
       sum((orders_details.quantity)* pizzas.price) as revenue
 9
      from pizza_types join pizzas
10
       on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id
11
      join orders_details
12
13
       on orders_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
14
       group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
       where rn<=3;
15
```

| | name | revenue | rn |
|-----|------------------------------|----------|----|
| • | The Thai Chicken Pizza | 43434.25 | 1 |
| | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 42768 | 2 |
| | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5 | 3 |
| | The Classic Deluxe Pizza | 38180.5 | 1 |
| | The Hawaiian Pizza | 32273.25 | 2 |
| | The Pepperoni Pizza | 30161.75 | 3 |
| | The Spicy Italian Pizza | 34831.25 | 1 |
| | The Italian Supreme Pizza | 33476.75 | 2 |
| | The Sicilian Pizza | 30940.5 | 3 |
| Res | ult 1 × | | |

THANKYOU FORATTENTION

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