

Department of Computer Engineering

Experiment No. 4

Experiment on Hadoop Map-Reduce

Date of Performance: 07/09/2023

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Aim: To write a program to implement a word count program using MapReduce.

Theory:

WordCount is a simple program which counts the number of occurrences of each word in a given text input data set. WordCount fits very well with the MapReduce programming model making it a great example to understand the Hadoop Map/Reduce programming style. The implementation consists of three main parts:

- 1. Mapper
- 2. Reducer
- 3. Driver

Step-1. Write a Mapper

A Mapper overrides the —map \parallel function from the Class "org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper" which provides <key, value> pairs as the input. A Mapper implementation may output <key,value> pairs using the provided Context .

Input value of the WordCount Map task will be a line of text from the input data file and the key would be the line number line_number, line_of_text>. Map task outputs <word, one> for each word in the line of text.

Pseudo-code

```
void Map (key,value){
for each word x in
value:
output.collect(x,1);
}
```

Step-2. Write a Reducer



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A Reducer collects the intermediate <key,value> output from multiple map tasks and assemble a single result. Here, the WordCount program will sum up the occurrence of each word to pairs as <word, occurrence>.

```
Pseudo-code
void Reduce (keyword, <list of value>){
for each x in < list of value>:
    sum+=x;
    final output.collect(keyword, sum);
}
Code:
    import
    java.io.IOException;
    import
    java.util.StringTokenizer;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.io.IntWritable;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.io.LongWritable;
    import org.apache.hadoop.io.Text;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Mapper;
    import
    org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Reducer;
    import
```



```
org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.Job;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.TextInputFormat;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.TextOutputFormat;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import
org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
public class WordCount
public static class Map extends
Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, IntWritable> { public void
map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context) throws
IOException, Interrupted Exception {
String line = value.toString();
StringTokenizer tokenizer = new
StringTokenizer(line); while
(tokenizer.hasMoreTokens()) {
value.set(tokenizer.nextToken());
context.write(value, new IntWritable(1));
```



```
public static class Reduce extends
Reducer<Text,IntWritable,Text,IntWritable> { public void reduce(Text
key, Iterable<IntWritable> values,Context context) throws
IOException,InterruptedException {
int sum=0;
for(IntWritable x:
values)
sum+=x.get();
context.write(key, new IntWritable(sum));
public static void main(String[] args) throws
Exception { Configuration conf= new
Configuration();
Job job = new Job(conf,"My Word Count
Program"); job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
job.setMapperClass(Map.class);
```



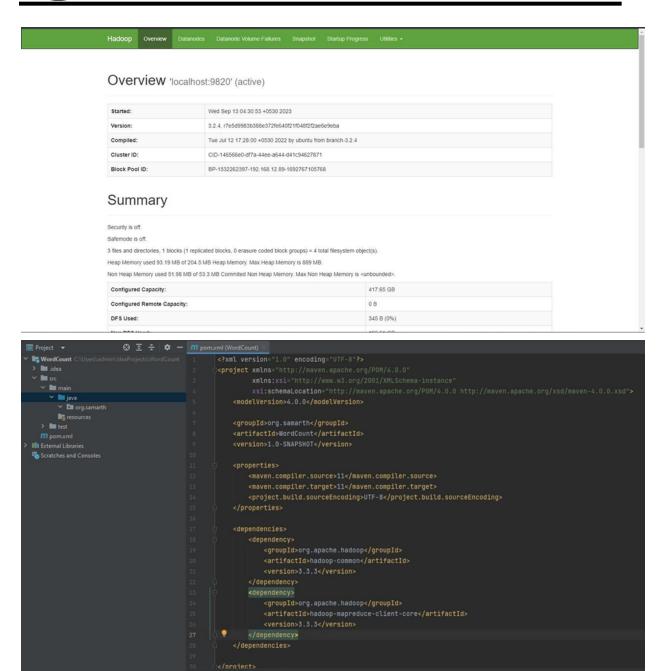
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```
job.setReducerClass(Reduce.class);
job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
job.setInputFormatClass(TextInputFormat.class);
job.setOutputFormatClass(TextOutputFormat.cla
ss); Path outputPath = new Path(args[1]);
//Configuring the input/output path from the filesystem into the job
FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
//deleting the output path automatically from hdfs so that we don't have
to delete it explicitly
outputPath.getFileSystem(conf).delete(outputPath);
//exiting the job only if the flag value becomes false
System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true)? 0:1);
```

Output:

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```
| Project | Proj
```



```
    □ Command Prompt
    □ X

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22000.2295]
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C:\Users\admin>cd Desktop

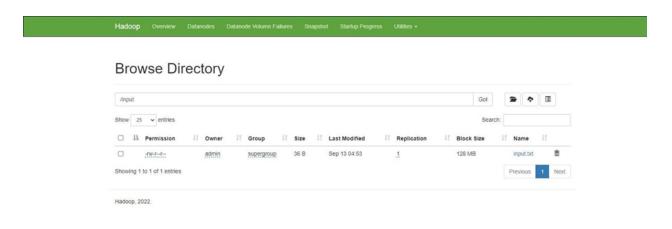
C:\Users\admin\Desktop>hadoop fs -mkdir /input

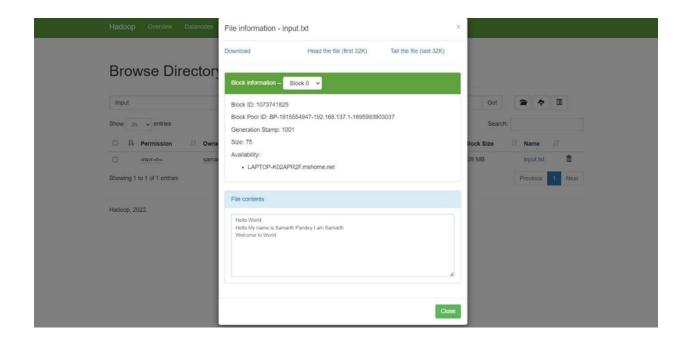
C:\Users\admin\Desktop>hadoop fs -put input.txt /input

C:\Users\admin\Desktop>

C:\Users\admin\Desktop>
```









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```
C. Ubera \samear\Desktopshadoop fs -middir /input

C. Ubera \samear\Desktopshadoop fs -middir /input

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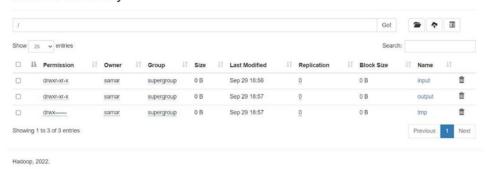
C. Ubera \samear\Desktopshadoop fs -put input.txt /input

C. Ubera \samear\Desktopshadoop fs -put input

C. Ubera \samear\Desktopshad
```

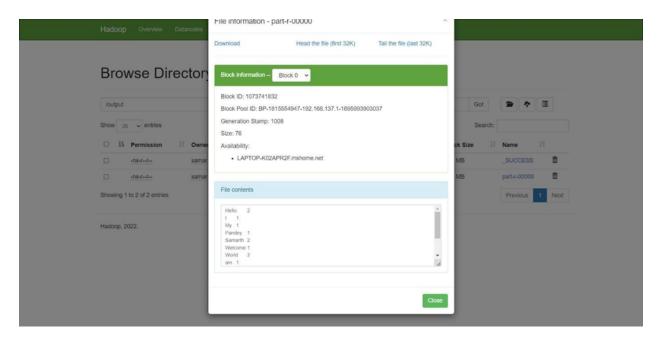


Browse Directory





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Conclusion:

This exercise demonstrated a basic illustration of Hadoop's data processing capabilities by developing a Word Count program utilizing the MapReduce paradigm. The Mapper, Reducer, and Driver are the three main parts of the Word Count application. After processing input data, the Mapper separates it into words and outputs <word, 1> pairs. To get the final count for each word, the Reducer adds up and totals these pairings. Through the configuration of input/output pathways and task execution, the Driver manages the MapReduce job.