

# Crash analysis with BitBlaze

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# Agenda

- The problem with fuzzing
- The BitBlaze platform
- Adobe Reader case study
- 4 real life examples of its usage
- Conclusions

# Backstory



# The problem

- In 2009, at Syscan Ben Nagy gives a talk titled “Finding Microsoft Vulnerabilities by Fuzzing Binary Files with Ruby - A New Fuzzing Framework”
- Fuzzes Microsoft Word
- Finds 200,000 crashes in 61 bins
- Too many to examine by hand
  - Turns out 4 are exploitable security vulns
  - Turns to MS for help in triaging the crashes

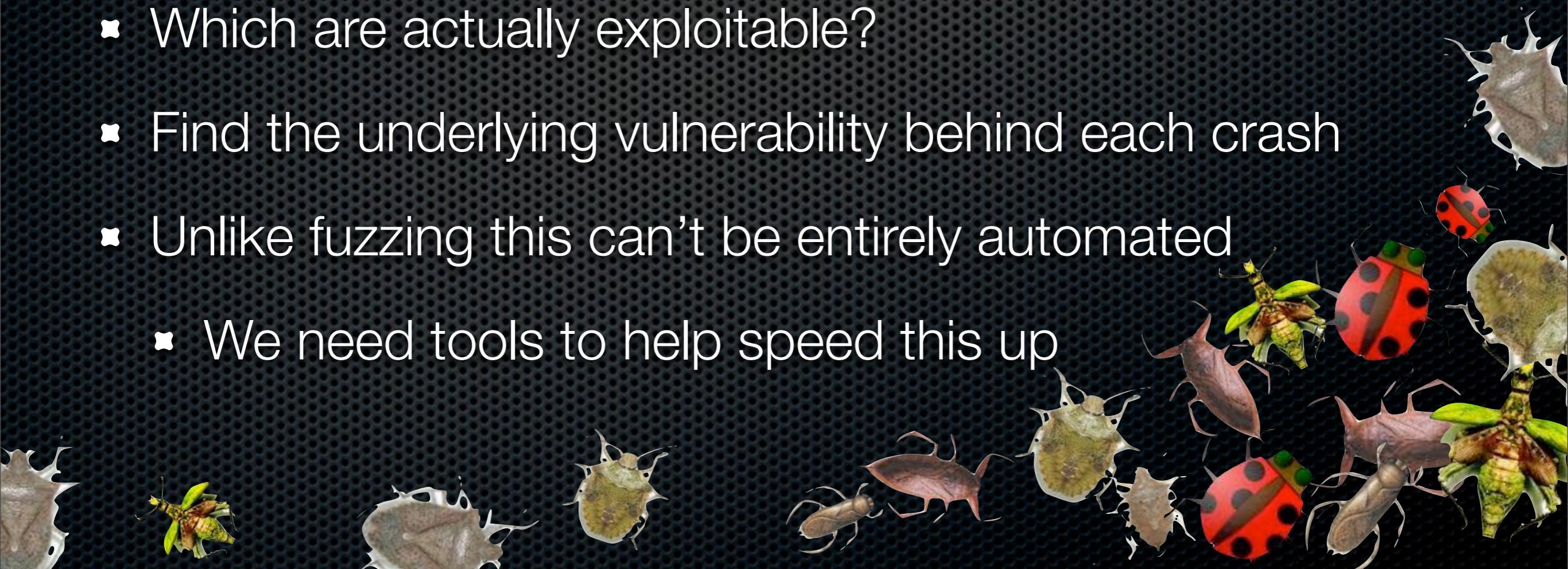


# Now its my problem

- At CanSecWest, I present some fuzzing runs in my talk “Babysitting an Army of Monkeys”
- In Preview I find crashes at 1373 EIPs, 220-280 are unique, 60+ “exploitable”
- In Adobe Reader I find 30-40 unique crashes
- In Open Office, 70 distinct crashes

# Finding bugs isn't the problem

- Figuring out what to do next is the problem
- Prioritize the crashes
- Which are actually exploitable?
- Find the underlying vulnerability behind each crash
- Unlike fuzzing this can't be entirely automated
  - We need tools to help speed this up



# BitBlaze: Binary Analysis Infrastructure

# BitBlaze Research Foci

- Automatically extracting security-related properties from binary code
1. Build a unified binary analysis platform for security
    - Static analysis + Dynamic analysis + Symbolic Analysis
    - Leverages recent advances in program analysis, formal methods, binary instrumentation...
  2. Solve security problems via binary analysis
    - More than a dozen different security applications
    - Over 25 research publications

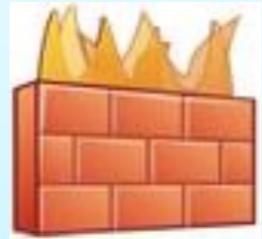
# BitBlaze Overview

- Unified binary analysis platform for security
- Enables a wide-range of security applications

Detecting  
Vulnerabilities



Generating  
Filters



Dissecting  
Malware



**BitBlaze** Binary Analysis Infrastructure

# BitBlaze Overview: Challenges

- Important to handle binary-only setting
  - Malware and COTS
- Complexity
  - IA-32 manuals weigh over 11 pounds!!
- Lack higher-level semantics
  - No functions, no variables, no types
- Require whole-system view
  - Interactions with kernel and other processes
- Malicious code may obfuscate
  - Code packing, encryption
  - Dynamically generated code

# BitBlaze Overview: Design Goals

- Accuracy
  - Enable precise analysis, e.g., symbolic execution
- Extensibility
  - Build your own tools that use the functionality!
- Fusion of static & dynamic analysis
  - Static analysis
    - Pros: more complete results
    - Cons: pointer aliasing, indirect jumps, code obfuscation
  - Dynamic analysis
    - Pros: easier
    - Cons: limited coverage
  - Solution: combining both

# Some Security Applications

- Vulnerability detection and analysis
  - Vulnerabilities in malware: Zbot, MegaD, Gheg, Cutwail
- Model extraction
  - Content-sniffing XSS attacks (Wikipedia/IE7)
- Protocol reverse engineering
  - MegaD C&C protocol revealed!
- Patch-based exploit generation
  - GDI Integer Overflow (MS07-046)
- Detecting privacy breaches
  - Google Desktop
- In-depth malware analysis
  - Universal unpacker

# BitBlaze Overview: Infrastructure

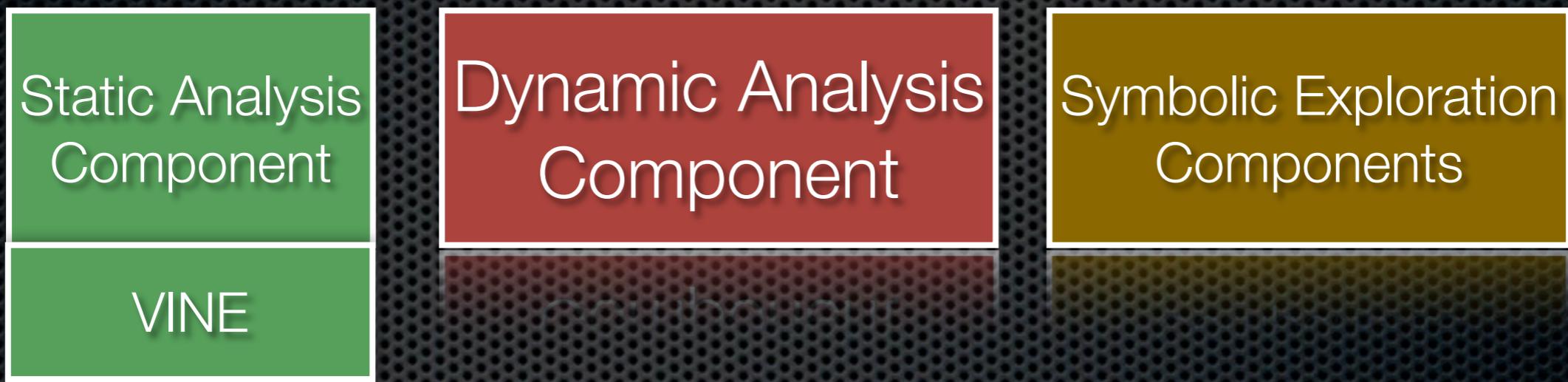
Static Analysis  
Component

Dynamic Analysis  
Component

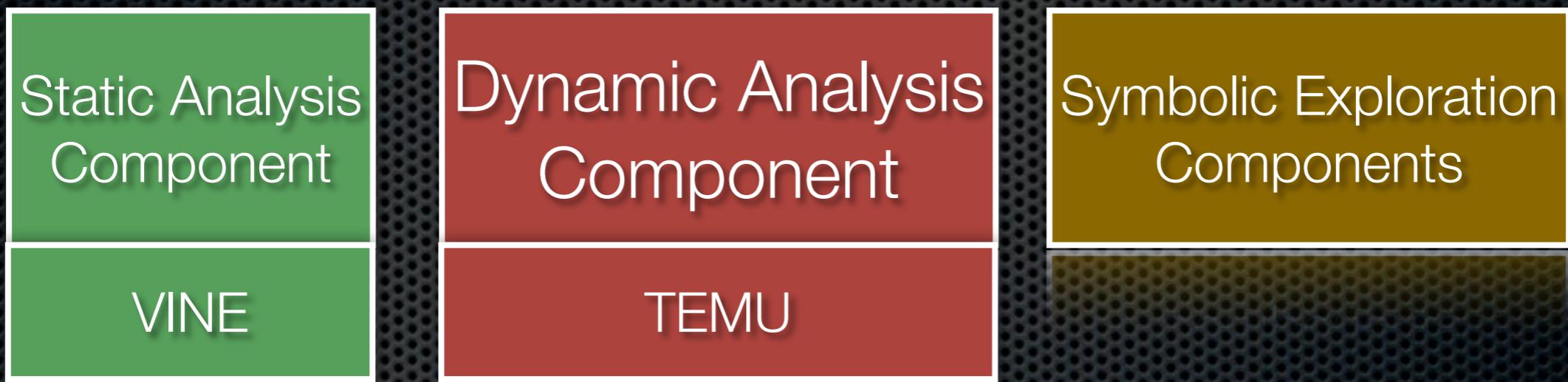
Symbolic Exploration  
Components

Core Infrastructure

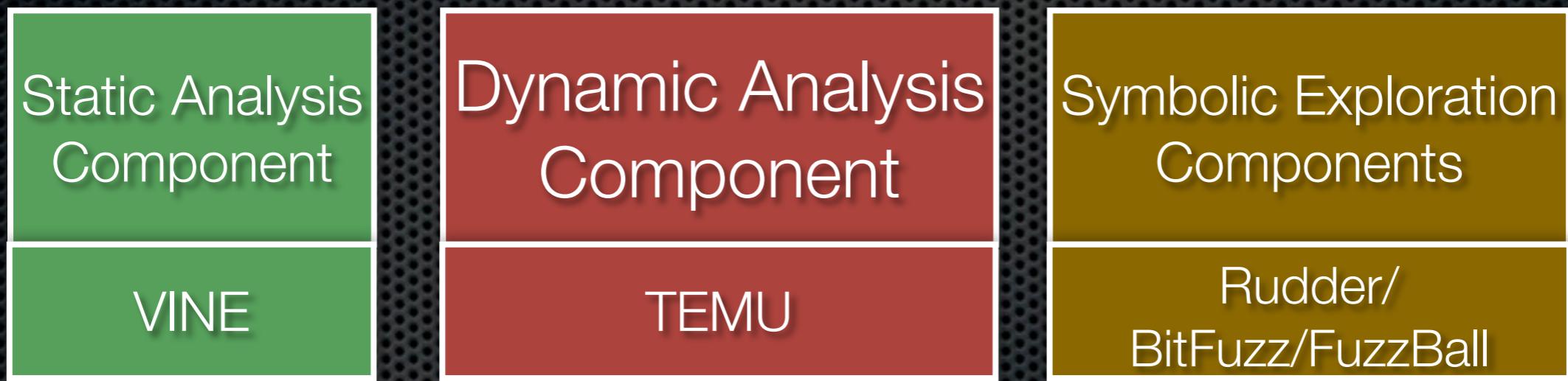
# BitBlaze Overview: Infrastructure



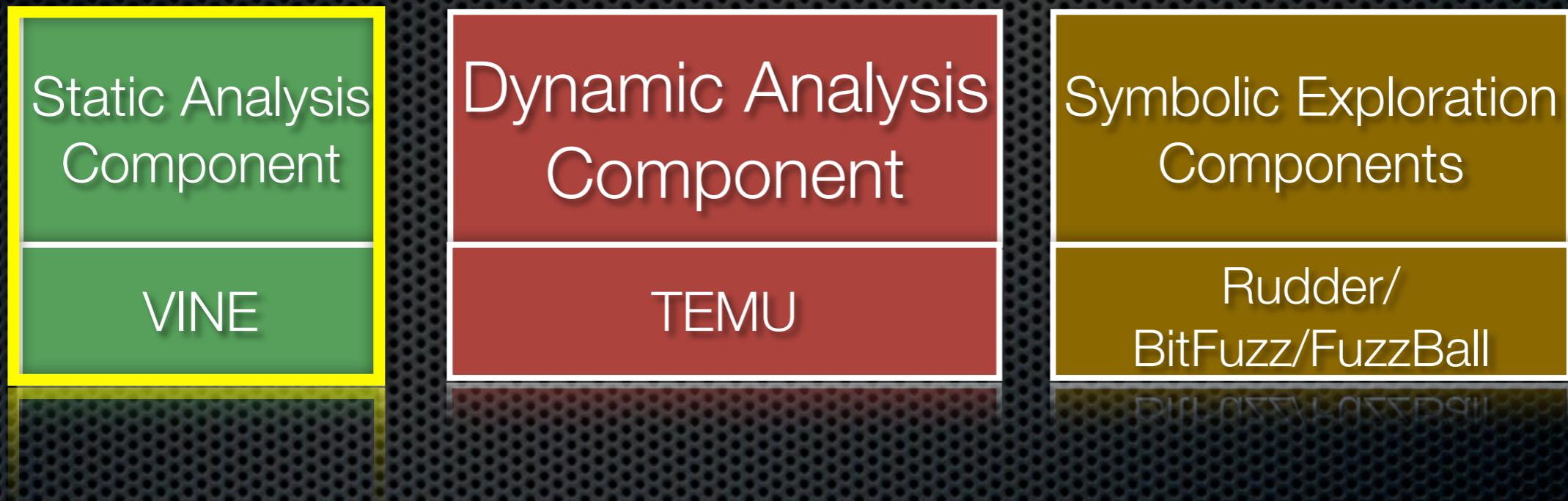
# BitBlaze Overview: Infrastructure



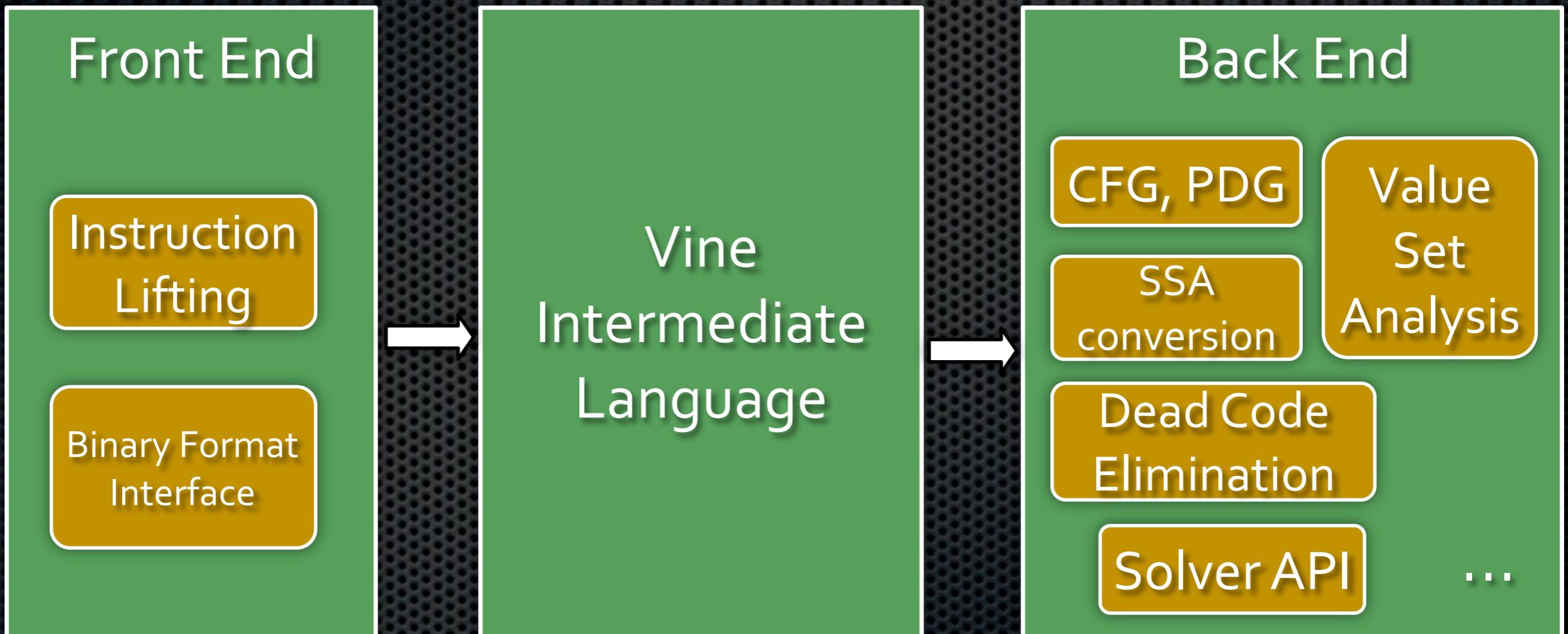
# BitBlaze Overview: Infrastructure



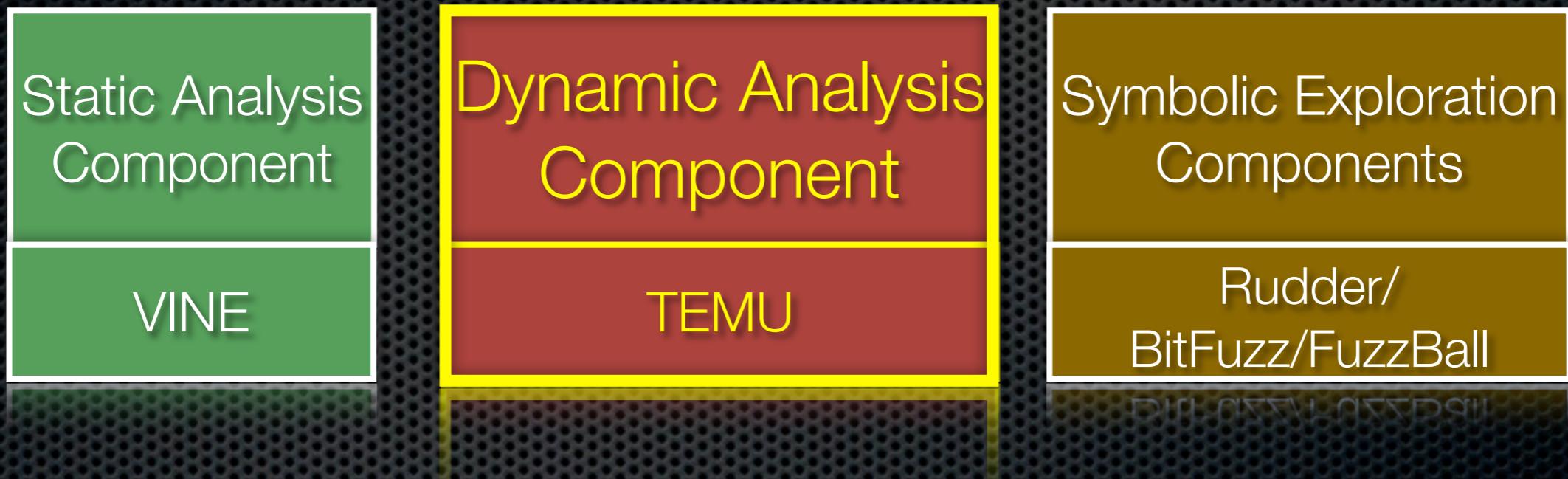
# BitBlaze Overview: Infrastructure



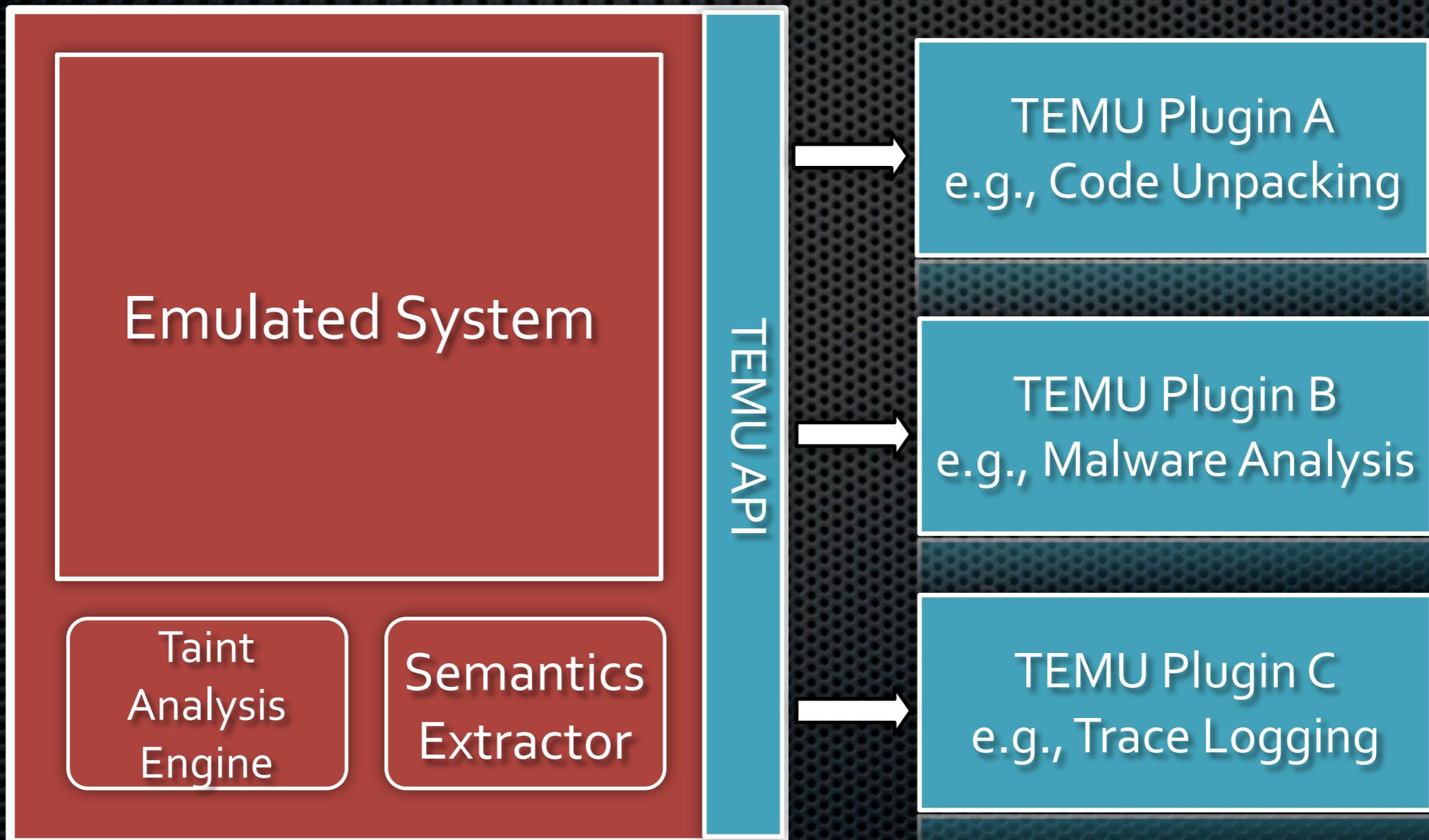
# BitBlaze Overview: Vine



# BitBlaze Overview: Temu



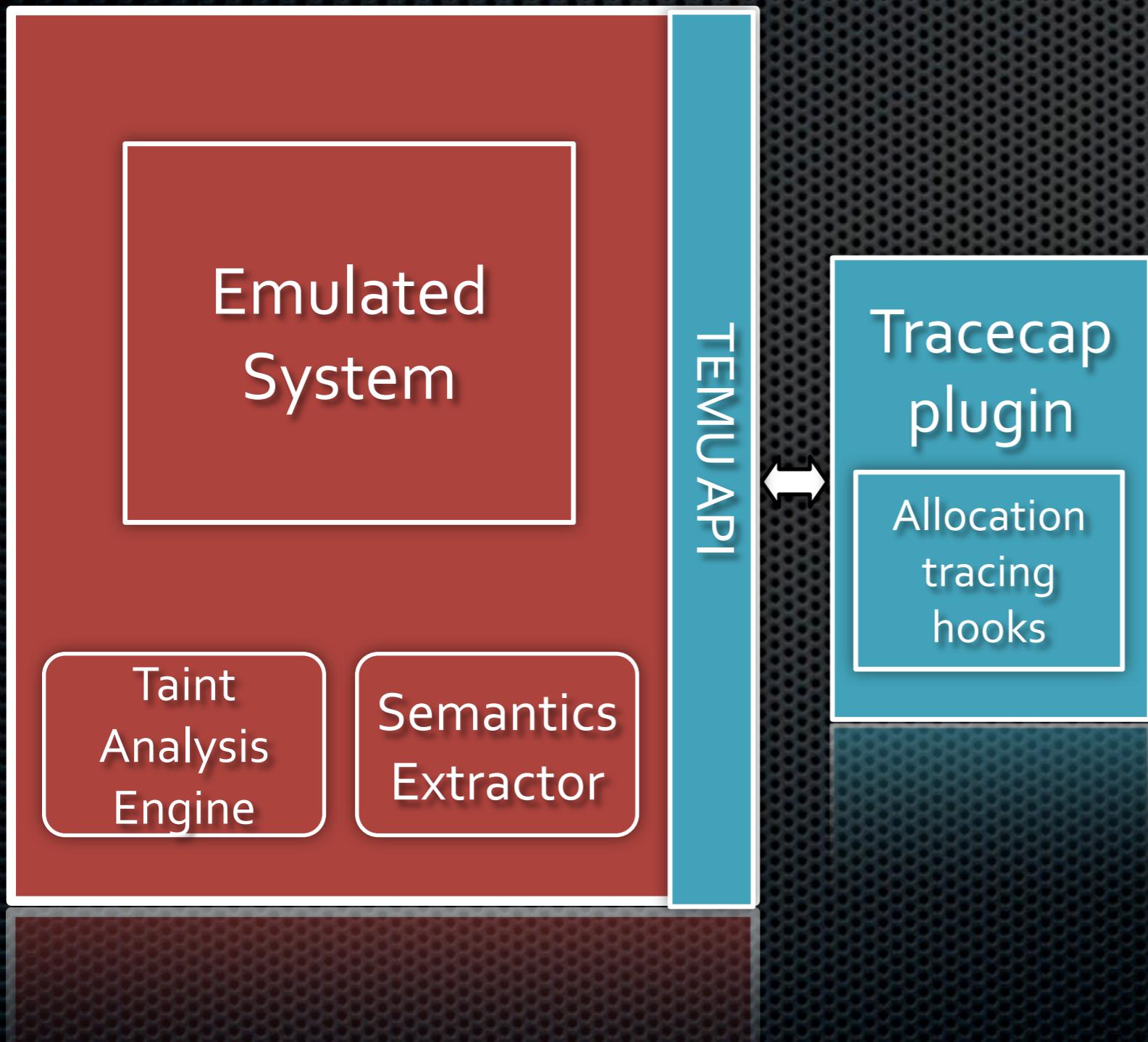
# BitBlaze Overview: Temu



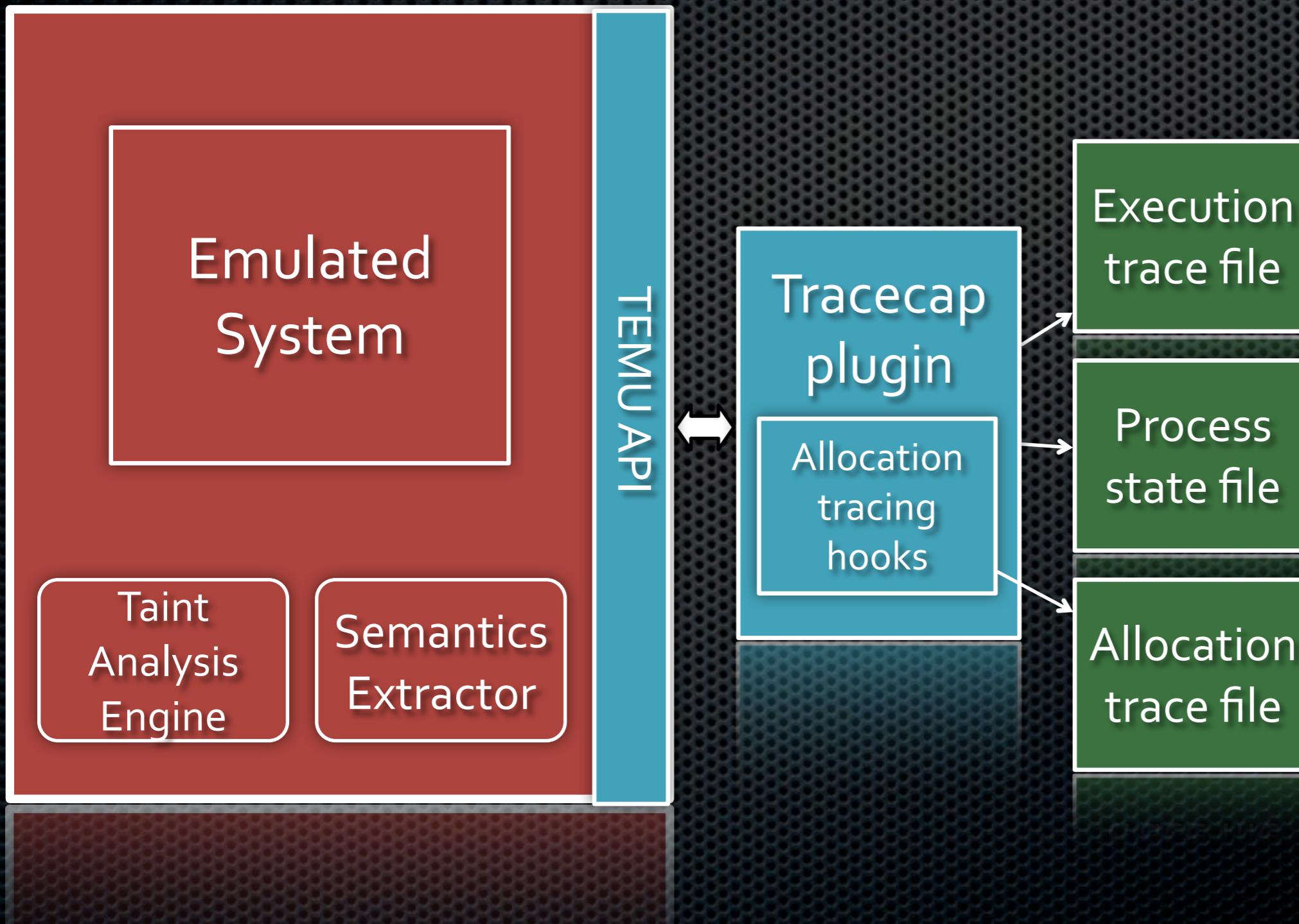
# BitBlaze Overview: Taint Analysis

- Mark inputs, follow them in execution
- Taint sources
  - Network, Keyboard, Memory, Disk, Function outputs
- Taint propagation: a data flow technique
  - Shadow memory
  - Whole-system
    - Across register/memory/disk/swapping
- Taint sinks
  - Where to check the taint
  - Application dependent

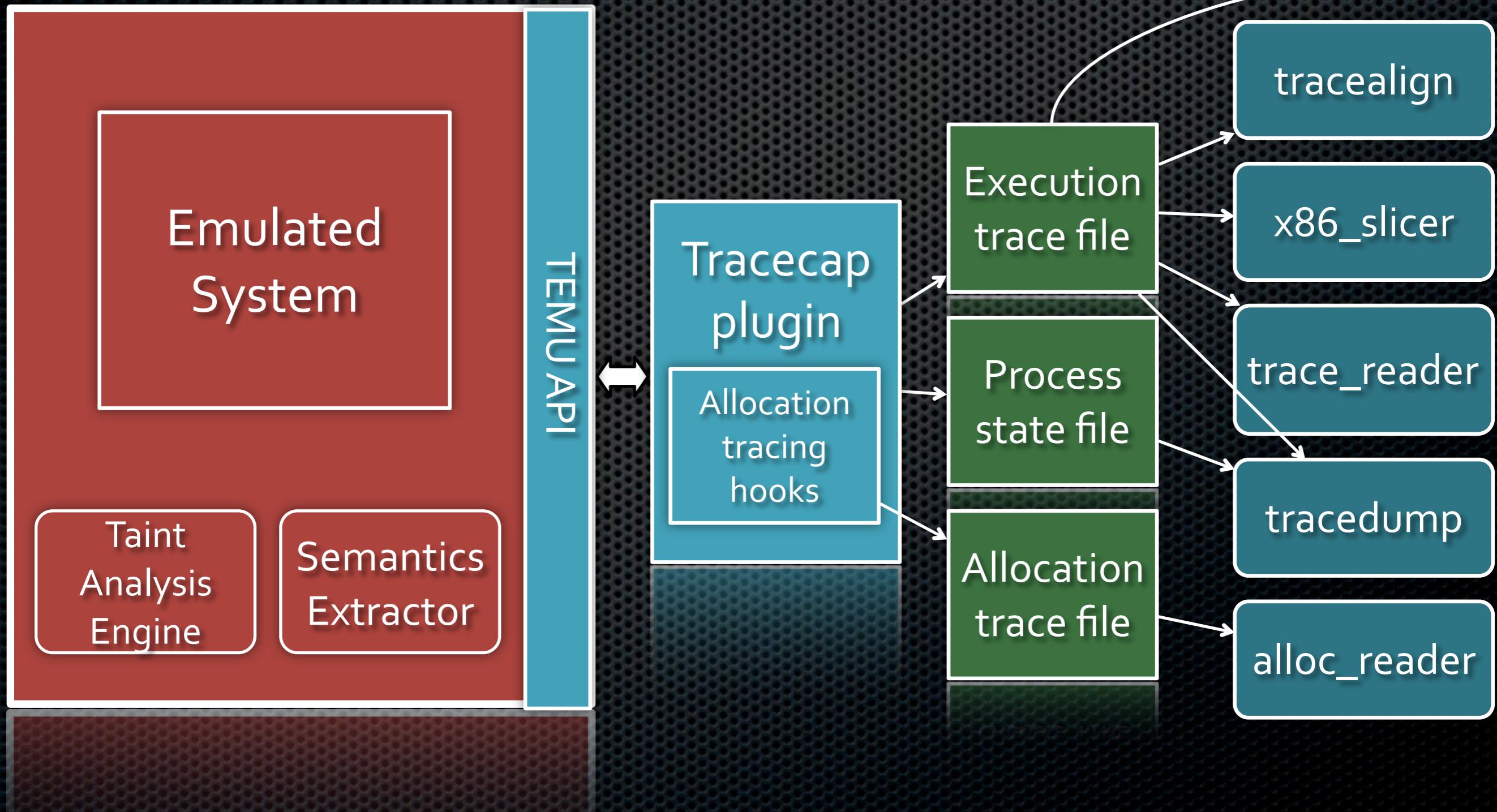
# Tools for Crash Analysis



# Tools for Crash Analysis



# Tools for Crash Analysis



# Trace Reading



```
$ trace_reader -intel -trace x.trace -first 993850 -v
```

```
(00993850)7814507a: rep movs DWORD PTR es: [edi] ,DWORD PTR ds: [esi] M@0x0267ae7c [0xed012800]
[4] (CR) T1 {12 ()(1111, 5) (1111, 5) } R@ecx[0x0000007f3] [4] (RCW) T0 M@0x0267f0e0
[0x0cc00b2f] [4] (CW) T1 {15 (1111, 5) (1111, 5) (1111, 5) (1111, 5) } ESP: NUM_OP: 5
TID: 1756
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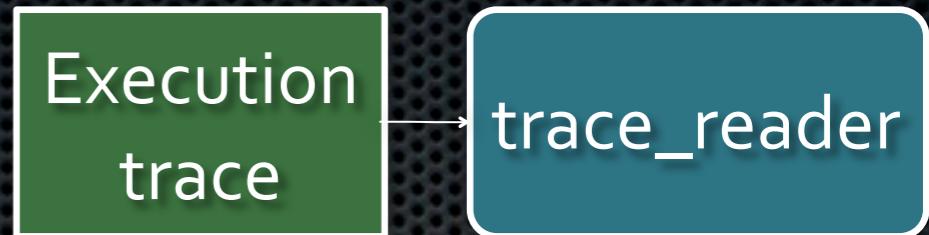


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sequential

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instruction

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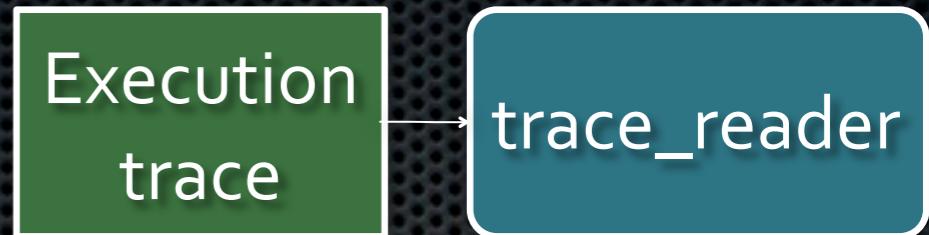


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```

four-byte memory operand

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```

taint information

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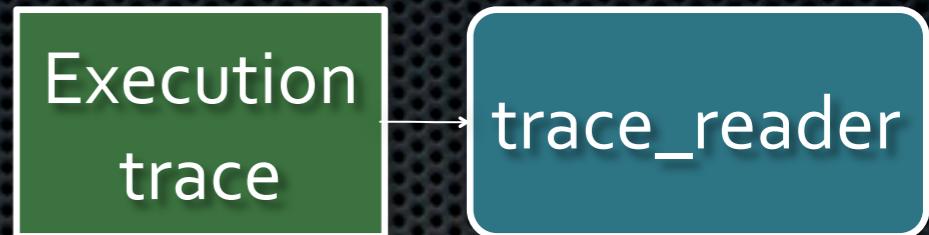


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```

thread ID

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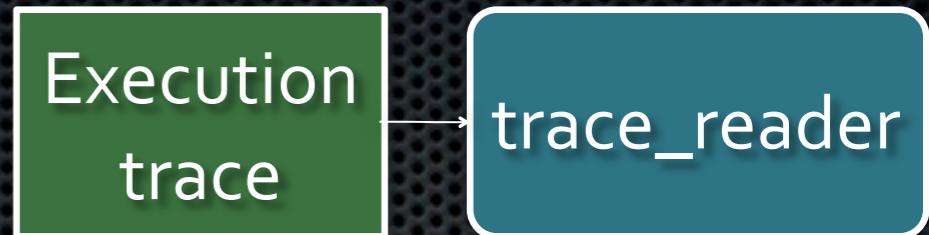


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TTD: 1756
TP: TPSrc EFLAGS: 0x00000202 CC_OP: 0x00000010 DF: 0x00000001 RAW: 0xf3a5 MEMREGS:
R@edi[0x0267f0e0] [4] (R) T0 R@esi [0x0267ae7c] [4] (R) T0
```

taint propagation

# Trace Reading



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```

Condition code flags

# Trace Reading



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```

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instruction bytes

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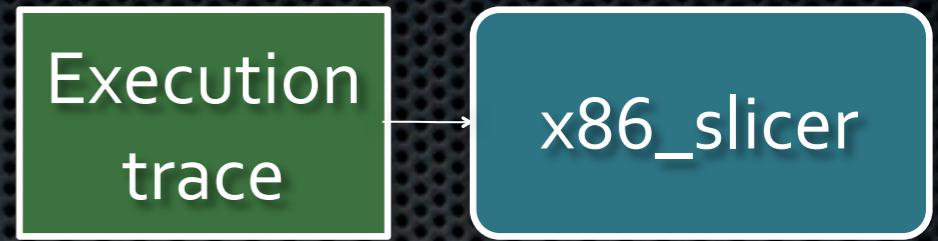
# Trace Slicing



```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 209160387 -regloc ax
```

```
7c90e4f0:    mov    edx, esp      R@esp[0x087ffe90][4](R) T0  
R@edx[0x7ffe0300][4](w) T0  
5730805b:    push   edx      R@edx[0x0000ff6c][4](R) T1 {3 (1111, 3)  
(1111, 3) ()()} M@0x014ad95c[0x014ad754][4](w) T0  
57307f2b:    mov    ax, BYTE PTR [ebp+0x8]  M@0x014ad95c[0x0000ff6c][2](R) T1  
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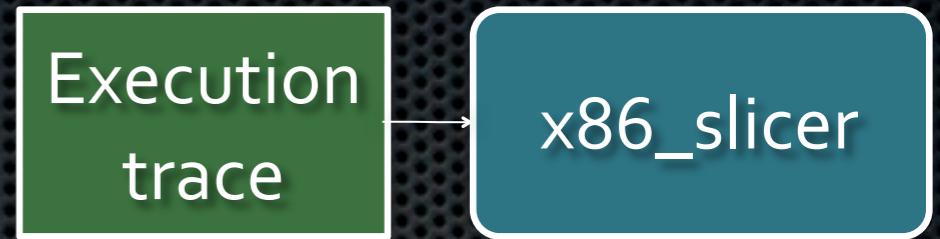


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{3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) ()()} R@ax[0x0000ffa8][2](w) T1 {3 (1111, 3)  
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```

slicing target

# Trace Slicing

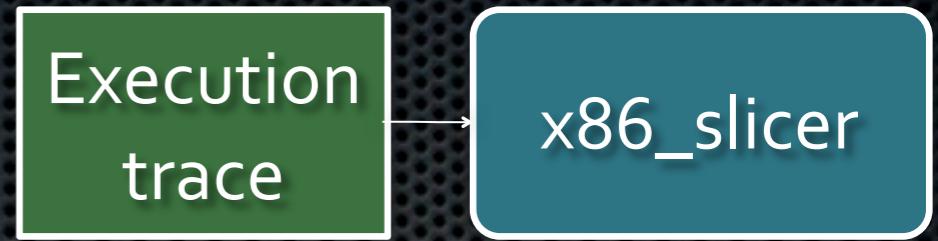


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```

ax loaded from this address

# Trace Slicing

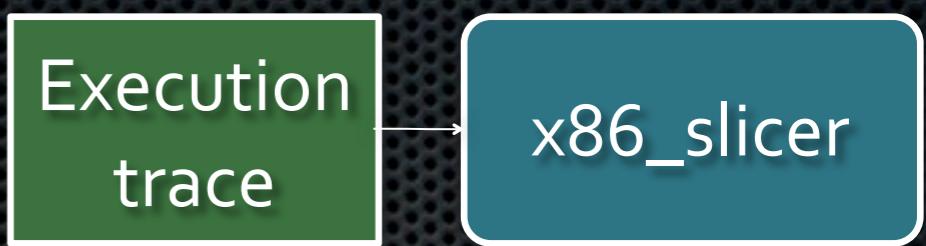


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```

target value written by this instruction

# Trace Slicing



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```

edx set by this instruction

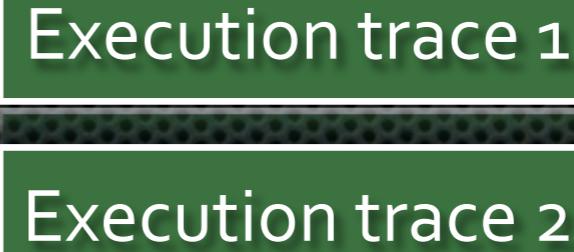
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```

# Trace Alignment

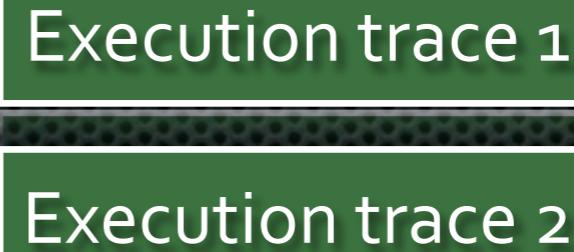


```
$ align crash.trace noncrash.trace
```

ALIGNMENT RESULTS:

```
ALIGNED @ 0:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts) ~ 1:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00001363-00001683 (00000321 insts) T0 ~ 1:#00001363-00001643 (00000281 insts) T0
ALIGNED @ 0:#00001684-00002503 (00000820 insts) ~ 1:#00001644-00002463 (00000820 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00002504-00003487 (00000984 insts) T1 ~ 1:#00002464-00003344 (00000881 insts) T1
...
```

# Trace Alignment



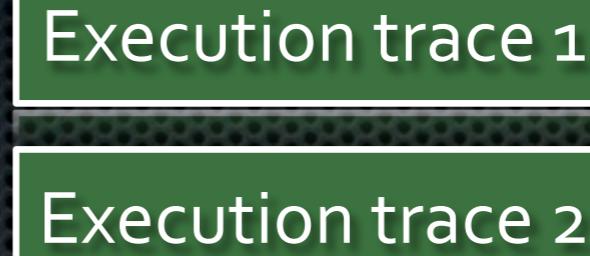
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ALIGNMENT RESULTS:

```
ALIGNED @ 0:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts) ~ 1:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00001363-00001683 (00000321 insts) T0 ~ 1:#00001363-00001643 (00000281 insts) T0
ALIGNED @ 0:#00001684-00002503 (00000820 insts) ~ 1:#00001644-00002463 (00000820 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00002504-00003487 (00000984 insts) T1 ~ 1:#00002464-00003344 (00000881 insts) T1
...
```

aligned region

# Trace Alignment



```
$ align crash.trace noncrash.trace
```

ALIGNMENT RESULTS:

```
ALIGNED @ 0:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts) ~ 1:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00001363-00001683 (00000321 insts) T0 ~ 1:#00001363-00001643 (00000281 insts) T0
ALIGNED @ 0:#00001684-00002503 (00000820 insts) ~ 1:#00001644-00002463 (00000820 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00002504-00003487 (00000984 insts) T1 ~ 1:#00002464-00003344 (00000881 insts) T1
...
```

divergence point

# Trace Alignment

Execution trace 1

Execution trace 2

tracealign

```
$ align crash.trace noncrash.trace
```

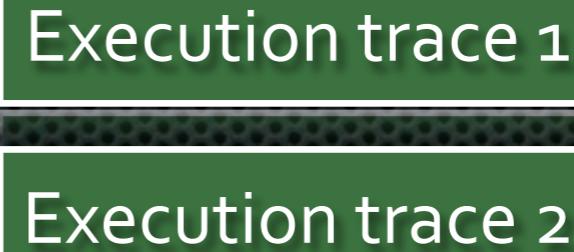
ALIGNMENT RESULTS:

ALIGNED @ 0:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts)	~ 1:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00001363-00001683 (00000321 insts) T0	~ 1:#00001363-00001643 (00000281 insts) T0
ALIGNED @ 0:#00001684-00002503 (00000820 insts)	~ 1:#00001644-00002463 (00000820 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00002504-00003487 (00000984 insts) T1	~ 1:#00002464-00003344 (00000881 insts) T1

...

(caused by tainted input)

# Trace Alignment



```
$ align crash.trace noncrash.trace
```

ALIGNMENT RESULTS:

```
ALIGNED @ 0:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts) ~ 1:#00000001-00001362 (00001362 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00001363-00001683 (00000321 insts) T0 ~ 1:#00001363-00001643 (00000281 insts) T0
ALIGNED @ 0:#00001684-00002503 (00000820 insts) ~ 1:#00001644-00002463 (00000820 insts)
DISALIGNED @ 0:#00002504-00003487 (00000984 insts) T1 ~ 1:#00002464-00003344 (00000881 insts) T1
...
```

# Taint-Enhanced Crash Dumps

```
$ tracedump -trace z.trace -state z.trace.state
```

Dump at EIP=208063fb,  
Process: AcroRd32.exe

mov edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]  
PID: 364 TID: 368 CTR: 423441674

EAX: 02085ed4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
->				
-12 0207de80	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
-08 000002ec	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-04 02085eb8	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+00 011dd2d4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 020596c4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+08 01f0380c	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+12 00000001	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
EBX: 00000010	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-> N/A				
....				

Execution trace

Execution state file

tracedump

# Taint-Enhanced Crash Dumps

```
$ tracedump -trace z.trace -state z.trace.state
```

Dump at EIP=208063fb, Process: AcroRd32.exe				
	mov edx, DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]			
Dump at EIP=208063fb, Process: AcroRd32.exe		PID: 364	TID: 368	CTR: 423441674
EAX: 02085ed4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
->				
-12 0207de80	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
-08 000002ec	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-04 02085eb8	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+00 011dd2d4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 020596c4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+08 01f0380c	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+12 00000001	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
EBX: 00000010	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-> N/A				
....				
current instruction				

Execution trace

Execution state file

tracedump

# Taint-Enhanced Crash Dumps

```
$ tracedump -trace z.trace -state z.trace.state
```

Dump at EIP=208063fb,  
Process: AcroRd32.exe

mov edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]  
PID: 364 TID: 368 CTR: 423441674

EAX: 02085ed4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
->				
-12 0207de80	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
-08 000002ec	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-04 02085eb8	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+00 011dd2d4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 020596c4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+08 01f0380c	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+12 00000001	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
EBX: 00000010	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-> N/A				
....				

memory near [EAX]

Execution trace

Execution state file

tracedump

# Taint-Enhanced Crash Dumps

```
$ tracedump -trace z.trace -state z.trace.state
```

Dump at EIP=208063fb,  
Process: AcroRd32.exe

mov edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]  
PID: 364 TID: 368 CTR: 423441674

EAX: 02085ed4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
->				
-12 0207de80	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
-08 000002ec	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-04 02085eb8	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+00 011dd2d4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 020596c4	(NO TATNT)	(NO TATNT)	(NO TATNT)	(NO TATNT)
+08 01f0380c	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+12 00000001	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
EBX: 00000010	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-> N/A				
....				

tainted memory

Execution trace

Execution state file

tracedump

# Taint-Enhanced Crash Dumps

```
$ tracedump -trace z.trace -state z.trace.state
```

Dump at EIP=208063fb,  
Process: AcroRd32.exe

mov edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]  
PID: 364 TID: 368 CTR: 423441674

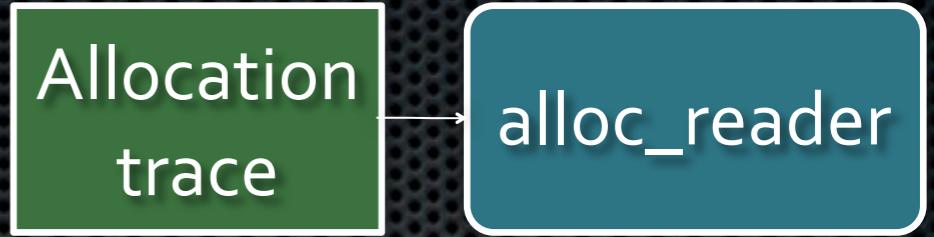
EAX: 02085ed4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
->				
-12 0207de80	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
-08 000002ec	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-04 02085eb8	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+00 011dd2d4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 020596c4	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+08 01f0380c	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+12 00000001	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
EBX: 00000010	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-> N/A				
....				

Execution trace

Execution state file

tracedump

# Allocation Tracing



```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179 -addr 0x07260020
```

```
Found 1 buffers  
[141406597,end] 0x07260020 (523808)
```

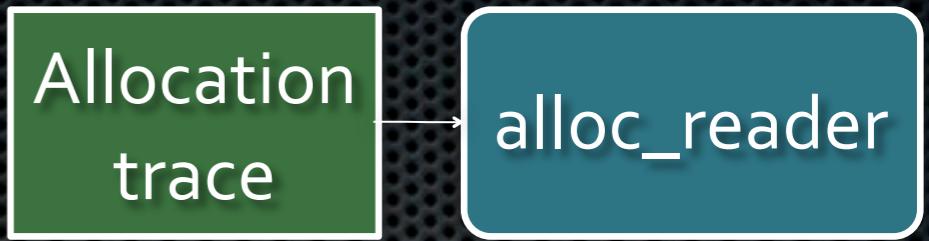
```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179
```

```
Found 8273 buffers  
[00000000,00115090] 0x025d3710 (4)  
[00000000,00175927] 0x025d3200 (4)  
...  
[00010676,00179862] 0x025d36f0 (4)  
[00011853,00012729] 0x025d31e0 (4)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -dfrees
```

```
Double Frees:  
00000000 DFREES [00000000,end] 0x01e009d0 (12)  
00188196 DFREES [00080542,00188160] 0x025d3160 (4)
```

# Allocation Tracing



```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179 -addr 0x07260020
```

```
Found 1 buffers  
[141406597, end] 0x07260020 (523808)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179
```

```
Found 8273 buffers  
[00000000, 00115090] 0x025d3710 (4)  
[00000000, 00175927] 0x025d3200 (4)  
...  
[00010676, 00179862] 0x025d36f0 (4)  
[00011853, 00012729] 0x025d31e0 (4)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -dfrees
```

```
Double Frees:  
00000000 DFREES [00000000, end] 0x01e009d0 (12)  
00188196 DFREES [00080542, 00188160] 0x025d3160 (4)
```

allocation containing desired address

# Allocation Tracing



```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179 -addr 0x07260020
```

```
Found 1 buffers  
[141406597,end] 0x07260020 (523808)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179
```

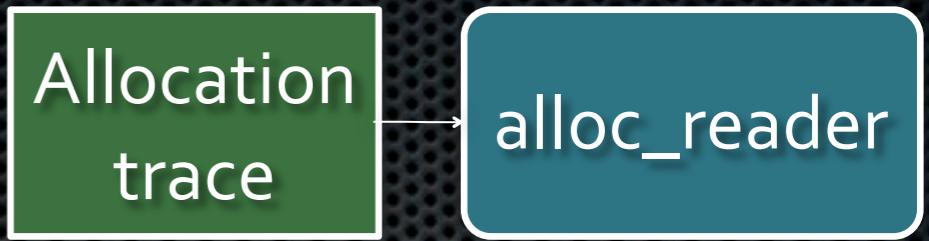
```
Found 8273 buffers  
[00000000,00115090] 0x025d3710 (4)  
[00000000,00175927] 0x025d3200 (4)  
...  
[00010676,00179862] 0x025d36f0 (4)  
[00011853,00012729] 0x025d31e0 (4)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -dfrees
```

```
Double Frees:  
00000000 DFREES [00000000,end] 0x01e009d0 (12)  
00188196 DFREES [00080542,00188160] 0x025d3160 (4)
```

live buffers at given instruction count

# Allocation Tracing



```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179 -addr 0x07260020
```

```
Found 1 buffers  
[141406597,end] 0x07260020 (523808)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179
```

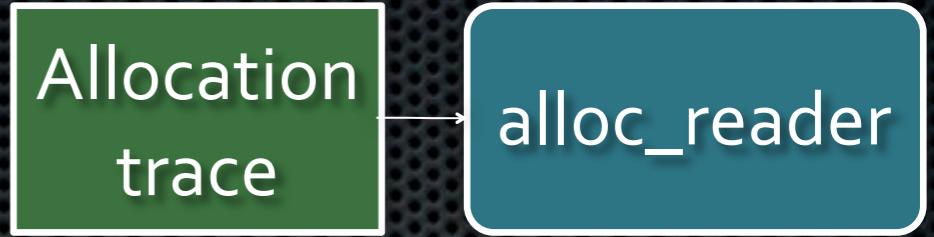
```
Found 8273 buffers  
[00000000,00115090] 0x025d3710 (4)  
[00000000,00175927] 0x025d3200 (4)  
...  
[00010676,00179862] 0x025d36f0 (4)  
[00011853,00012729] 0x025d31e0 (4)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -dfrees
```

```
Double Frees:  
00000000 DFREES [00000000,end] 0x01e009d0 (12)  
00188196 DFREES [00080542,00188160] 0x025d3160 (4)
```

detected double frees

# Allocation Tracing



```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179 -addr 0x07260020
```

```
Found 1 buffers  
[141406597,end] 0x07260020 (523808)
```

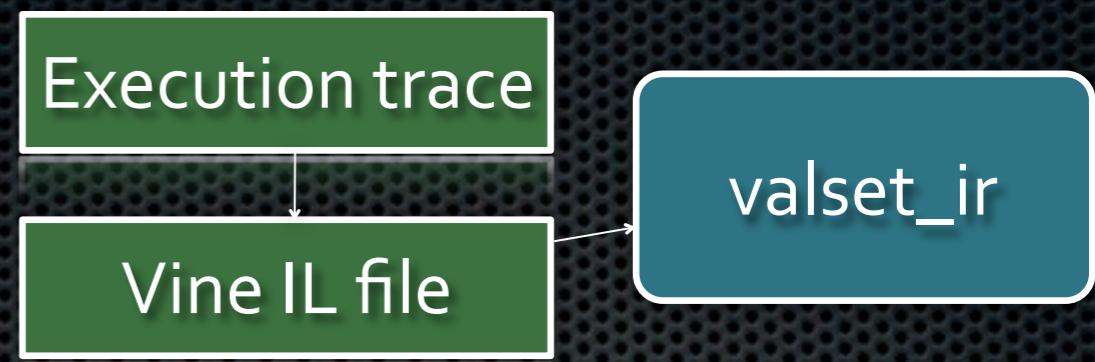
```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179
```

```
Found 8273 buffers  
[00000000,00115090] 0x025d3710 (4)  
[00000000,00175927] 0x025d3200 (4)  
...  
[00010676,00179862] 0x025d36f0 (4)  
[00011853,00012729] 0x025d31e0 (4)
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -dfrees
```

```
Double Frees:  
00000000 DFREES [00000000,end] 0x01e009d0 (12)  
00188196 DFREES [00080542,00188160] 0x025d3160 (4)
```

# Measuring influence and value sets



```
$ valset_ir -ir-in x-sliced.il -tmp-name R_EDI_3 -  
get-val-bounds true -sample-pts 2000
```

**Summary:**

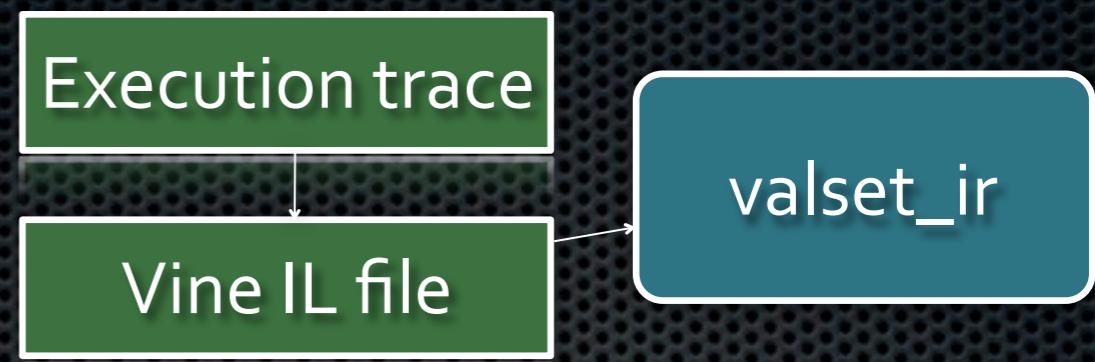
Lowest and highest possible values: 0x72f0000 to 0x7370018

Influence bounds after establishing value bounds: 3.321928 to 18.999981

Influence bounds after asking for counterexamples: 6.209453 to 18.999981

Probable influence: 15.954538 (242 hits of 2000 samples in population  
524207)

# Measuring influence and value sets



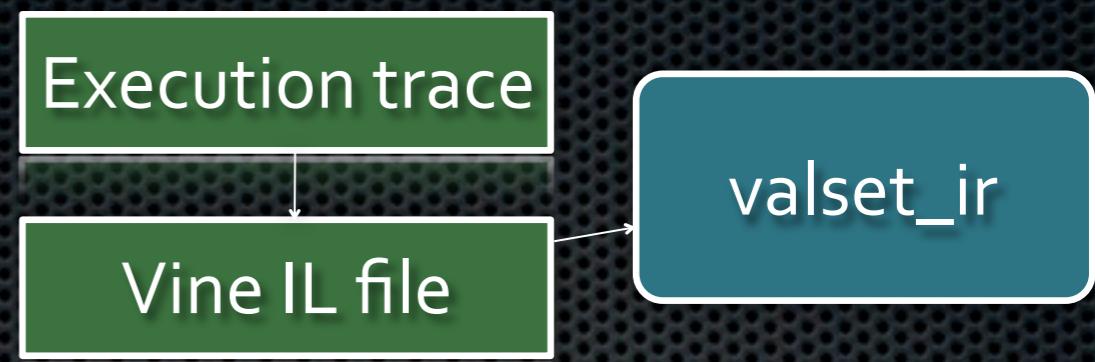
```
$ valset_ir -ir-in x-sliced.il -tmp-name R_EDI_3 -  
get-val-bounds true -sample-pts 2000
```

## Summary:

Lowest and highest possible values: 0x72f0000 to 0x7370018  
Influence bounds after establishing value bounds: 3.321928 to 18.999981  
Influence bounds after asking for counterexamples: 6.209453 to 18.999981  
Probable influence: 15.954538 (242 hits of 2000 samples in population  
524207)

value set of EAX

# Measuring influence and value sets



```
$ valset_ir -ir-in x-sliced.il -tmp-name R_EDI_3 -  
get-val-bounds true -sample-pts 2000
```

Summary:

Lowest and highest possible values: 0x72f0000 to 0x7370018

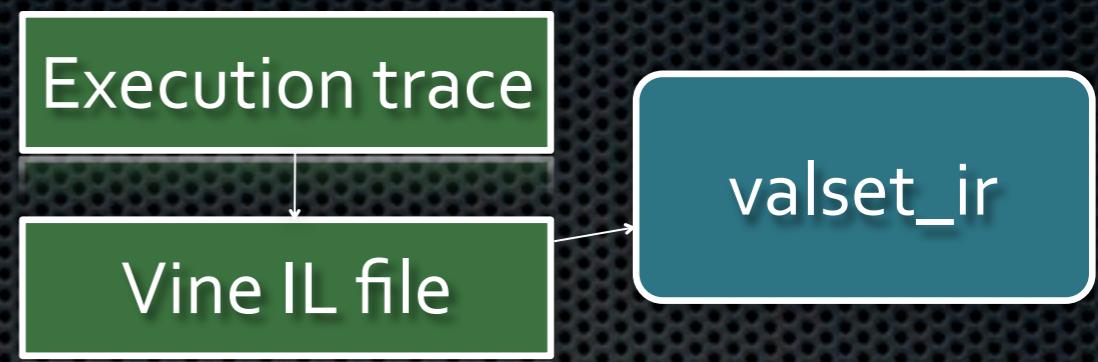
Influence bounds after establishing value bounds: 3.321928 to 18.999981

Influence bounds after asking for counterexamples: 6.209453 to 18.999981

Probable influence: 15.954538 (242 hits of 2000 samples in population  
524207)

quantitative influence

# Measuring influence and value sets



```
$ valset_ir -ir-in x-sliced.il -tmp-name R_EDI_3 -  
get-val-bounds true -sample-pts 2000
```

Summary:

Lowest and highest possible values: 0x72f0000 to 0x7370018

Influence bounds after establishing value bounds: 3.321928 to 18.999981

Influence bounds after asking for counterexamples: 6.209453 to 18.999981

Probable influence: 15.954538 (242 hits of 2000 samples in population  
524207)

More information about these tools is available  
at: <http://bitblaze.cs.berkeley.edu>

INVESTIGATOR'S RECEIPT: Tear along perforated line  
Case Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Sealed: \_\_\_\_\_

Evidence Bag Sealed by: \_\_\_\_\_

Description of Enclosed Evidence: \_\_\_\_\_

Glue Line

Glue Line

CONTROL NO: M 10015141

# — EVIDENCE —

(TO BE OPENED BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY)

- NOTE \_\_\_\_\_  
Do not use this bag for any evidence that has wet/damp body fluids on it.  
A) Do not use this bag for any evidence that has wet/damp body fluids on it.  
B) To seal bag, peel off blue release liner, then seal bag by pressing down on  
red glue line.

*Adobe Reader*

Case Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Description of Enclosed Evidence: \_\_\_\_\_

Submitting Agency: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Evidence Recovered By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(PRINT NAME)

Victim's Full Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Suspect's Full Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Evidence Bag Sealed By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(PRINT NAME)

Date Sealed: \_\_\_\_\_ Time Sealed: \_\_\_\_\_ AM  
\_\_\_\_\_ PM

## CHAIN OF CUSTODY

FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

*Charlie Noah 2/26/10*

FOR CRIME LAB PERSONNEL ONLY  
CONDITION OF EVIDENCE BAG UPON RECEIPT AT LAB:

SEALED  OTHER

(DESCRIBE)

CRIME LAB CASE NO: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTES: \_\_\_\_\_

↑ CHECK BORDER PATTERN FOR EVIDENCE OF SEAM TAMPERING ↑

↓ CHECK BORDER PATTERN FOR EVIDENCE OF SEAM TAMPERING ↓

# Dumb fuzzing of Reader

- 3 weeks, 1515 seed files, 3 million test cases
- Crashes at 100 different EIP's
- Approx 33 unique crashes
- 4 Exploitable, 8 Probably Exploitable, 17 Unknown, 4 Probably Not Exploitable



# !exploitable vs BitBlaze

- !exploitable assumes everything is tainted and only analyzes the basic block the crash occurs in
- BitBlaze has access to full taint information and can slice back to the time the test case was input
- However, BitBlaze is waaaaay slower
  - Trace can take many hours
  - Slices can take from 10 sec to 90 min

# BitBlaze strengths/weakness

- Very good at eliminating Null-ptr derefs
  - 6 of the 17 Unknowns quickly found to be not exploitable
- Gives crash reports with taint information
- Not so good at invalid reads
  - Cannot tell what would happen next

Dump at EIP=20a2fd72,  
Process: AcroRd32.exe

mov (%eax), %eax  
PID: 1908 TID: 1192 CTR: 132684549

Backtrace:

(132684549)	unknown	0x20a2fd72	sub_20A2FD6E(?)	+4
(132684547)	unknown	0x20889825	sub_2088980F(?)	+22
(132684534)	unknown	0x2088b1d5	sub_2088B1BC(?)	+25
(132684519)	unknown	0x2088c3cf	sub_2088C3C8(?)	+7
(132684515)	unknown	0x208f4535	sub_208F4525(?)	+16
(132684506)	unknown	0x208f5a5d	sub_208F5A42(?)	+27
(132684478)	unknown	0x208f7087	sub_208F6FD4(?)	+179
(132668130)	unknown	0x208ca772	sub_208CA547(?)	+555
(96842557)	unknown	0x208774bb	sub_208773B3(?)	+264
(96833560)	AcroRd32.dll	0x009f3480	sub_9F3414(?)	+108

...

EAX: 00000000

-> N/A

EBX: 00000001

-> N/A

ECX: 0268e354

->

-12 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-08 02085ed4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
-04 00000001	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+00 7439574f	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 02057238	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+08 00000003	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+12 32526963	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 76455349	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)

EDX: 01e3c0c0 (NO TAINT) (NO TAINT) (NO TAINT) (NO TAINT)

->

-12 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-08 00e9008d	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
-04 00e90031	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+00 001620c8	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+04 ffffffff	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
+08 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+12 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)

...

Dump at EIP=08036f88, mov 0x8(%edx),%ah  
Process: AcroRd32.exe PID: 316 TID: 324 CTR: 358264925

EAX:	00000000				
	-> N/A				
EBX:	00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	-> N/A				
ECX:	00000827	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	-> N/A				
EDX:	0aaef90ef	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	-> N/A				
ESI:	0aaef90fb				
	-> N/A				
EDI:	00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	-> N/A				
EBP:	0012d158	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	->				
	-12 0012d798	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	-08 08181bc8	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	-04 00000002	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+00 0012d158	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+04 0005760b	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+08 02823aa4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
	+12 0012d824	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+16 02823bd4	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
ESP:	0012ce04				
	->				
	-12 397875ab	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
	-08 ac8b0000	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
	-04 20140000	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)	( 1111,43991)
	+00 0012ce0c	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+04 0012ce28	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+08 c0000005	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+12 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)
	+16 00000000	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)	(NO TAINT)

# An unknown crash

```
208063f8 c20400      ret     4
208063fb 8b5104      mov     edx,dword ptr [ecx+4] ds:0023:00000014=???????
208063fe 85d2        test    edx,edx
20806400 7503        jne    AcroForm!PlugInMain+0x4203 (20806405)

Command
ModLoad: 77120000 771ab000  C:\WINDOWS\system32\OLEAUT32.dll
(16c.3e4): Access violation - code c0000005 (!!! second chance !!!)
eax=024e9a24 ebx=00000010 ecx=00000010 edx=00000000 esi=00000000 edi=000000d4
eip=208063fb esp=0012e434 ebp=0012e4c4 iopl=0 nv up ei pl nz na po nc
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b gs=0000 efl=00000202
*** WARNING: Unable to verify checksum for C:\Program Files\Adobe\Reader 9.0\Reader\plug_ins\Acro
*** ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program Files\Adob
AcroForm!PlugInMain+0x41f9:
208063fb 8b5104      mov     edx,dword ptr [ecx+4] ds:0023:00000014=???????
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.
*** ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program Files\Adob
*** WARNING: Unable to verify checksum for C:\Program Files\Adobe\Reader 9.0\Reader\plug_ins\Anno
*** ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program Files\Adob
0:000> !exploitable
Exploitability Classification: UNKNOWN
Recommended Bug Title: Data from Faulting Address controls Branch Selection starting at AcroForm!
The data from the faulting address is later used to determine whether or not a branch is taken.
```

It's safe to say the faulting address is just used to determine whether or not a branch is taken.  
Remember, the address is just used to determine whether or not a branch is taken.

Looks like a null-ptr dereference.

But what if the 0x10 came from a wild read,  
uninitialized variable, or from our input?

# BitBlaze to the rescue

```
$ trace_reader -trace z.trace -header | grep Number
Number of instructions: 272998
$ trace_reader_intel -v -trace z.trace -first 272998
208063fb:    mov    edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]    M@0x00000014[0x00000000][4] (R)
                  T0  R@edx[0x00000000][4] (W)    T0  ESP:  NUM_OP: 4  TID: 1712  TP: TPNone  EFLAGS:
0x00000083  CC_OP: 0x00000008  DF: 0x00000001  RAW: 0x8b5104  MEMREGS:  R@ecx[0x00000010]
[4] (R) T0
```

Note: **ecx** is not tainted

# Slice on ecx

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 272998 -regloc ecx > /dev/null
$ trace_reader_intel -trace ECX_0.trace
208f46df: xor    esi,esi    R@esi[0xc0000000] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0xc0000000] [4]
(RW)   T0
208f4bbf: mov    eax,esi    R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x00000b12] [4] (W) T0
208f5c6b: mov    ebx,eax    R@eax[0x00000000] [4] (R) T0  R@ebx[0x025cdf3c] [4] (W) T0
208f5c91: mov    eax,ebx    R@ebx[0x00000000] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
208f63f8: mov    esi,eax    R@eax[0x00000000] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0xc0000000] [4] (W) T0
208f648f: mov    ecx,esi    R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (R) T0  R@ecx[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
2088c9a2: mov    esi,ecx    R@ecx[0x00000000] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
2088c9a4: lea    ebx,[esi+0x10] A@0x00000010[0x00000000] [4] (R)   T0  R@ebx
[0xc0000000] [4] (W)   T0
2088c9a7: mov    ecx,ebx    R@ebx[0x00000010] [4] (R) T0  R@ecx[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
```

ecx did not come from memory.  
This is not exploitable!

(Note: push/pop pairs removed for clarity)

# Good vs evil file

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -first 272998 -last 272998  
208063fb: mov    edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]      M@0x00000014[0x00000000] [4] (R)  
          T0  R@edx[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
```

```
$ aligned.pl y_z.aligned.txt T1:272998  
<T0:271645> ~ T1:272998  
(T0:00271451-00271645 ~ T1:00272804-00272998)
```

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace y.trace -first 271645 -last 271645  
208063fb: mov    edx,DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]      M@0x0202c5fc[0x025d91f8] [4] (R)  
          T0  R@edx[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
```



# The good value get set

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace y.trace -ctr 271645 -regloc ecx > /dev/null
$ trace_reader_intel -trace ECX_0.trace
94433a:    mov    eax, DWORD PTR [ecx+0x4]      M@0x0039b57c[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R)    T0
             R@eax[0x00000014] [4] (W) T0
944341:    mov    esi, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x0039b2d0] [4] (W) T0
944407:    mov    eax, esi    R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
20803c44:    mov    esi, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
20803c59:    mov    eax, esi    R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (W) T0
20804cee:    mov    esi, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
20804d01:    mov    eax, esi    R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (W) T0
208f4a48:    mov    ecx, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@ecx[0x00000001] [4] (W) T0
208f35f7:    mov    esi, ecx    R@ecx[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
208f3610:    mov    eax, esi    R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (W) T0
208f4ad9:    mov    esi, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
208f4bbf:    mov    eax, esi    R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x20d6db64] [4] (W) T0
208f5c6b:    mov    ebx, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@ebx[0x025cdf0c] [4] (W) T0
208f5c91:    mov    eax, ebx    R@ebx[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@eax[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
208f63f8:    mov    esi, eax    R@eax[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0xc0000000] [4] (W) T0
208f648f:    mov    ecx, esi    R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@ecx[0x00000000] [4] (W) T0
2088c9a2:    mov    esi, ecx    R@ecx[0x0202c5e8] [4] (R) T0  R@esi[0x0202c5e8] [4] (W) T0
2088c9a4:    lea    ebx, [esi+0x10]  A@0x0202c5f8[0x00000000] [4] (R)    T0  R@ebx
[0xc0000000] [4] (W)    T0
2088c9a7:    mov    ecx, ebx    R@ebx[0x0202c5f8] [4] (R) T0  R@ecx[0x0202c5e8] [4] (W) T0
```

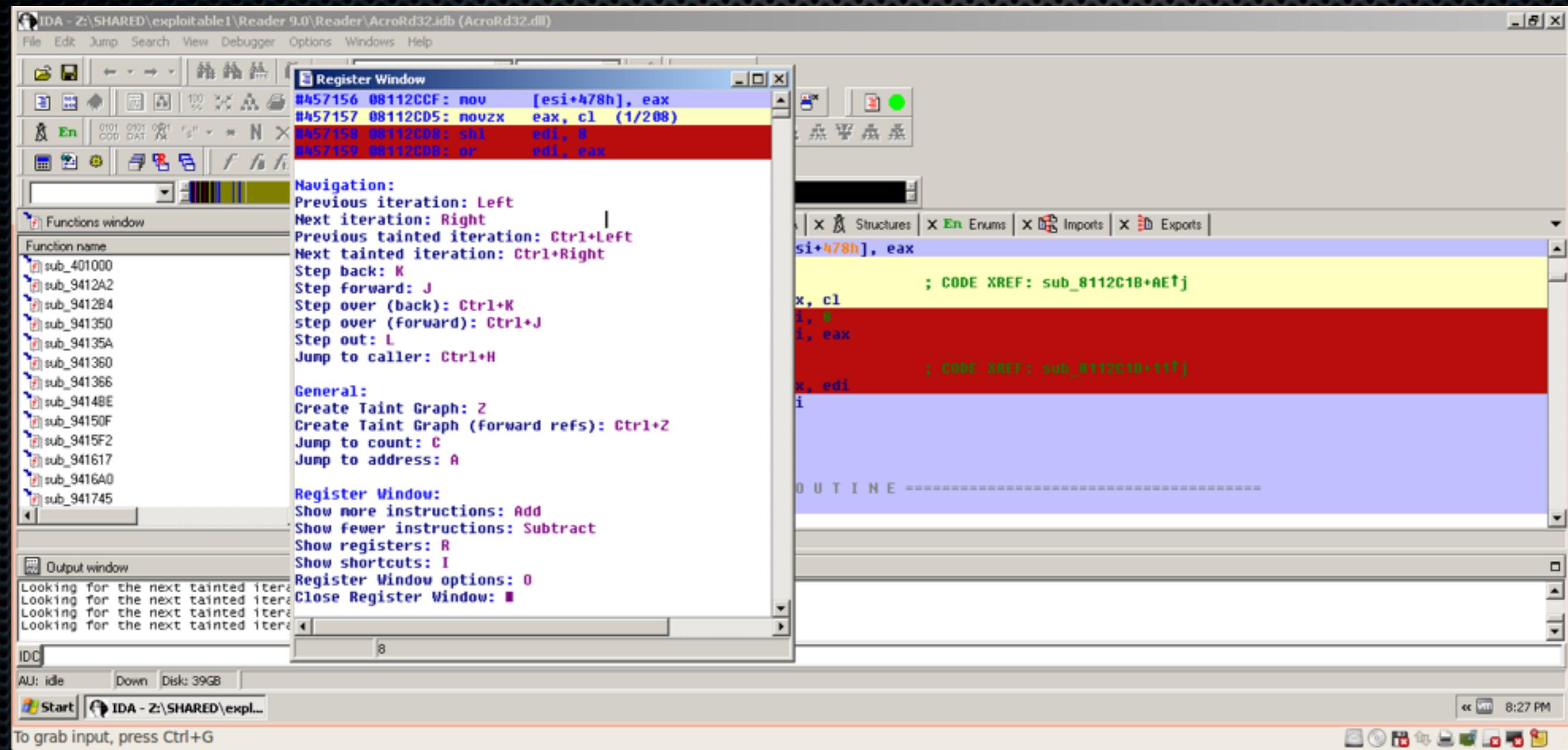
Filled in at 0x208f35f7 (instruction counter 266161)

# Alignment

```
$ tail -6 y_z.aligned.txt
ALIGNED @ T0:#00234897-00265964 (00031068 insts) ~ T1:#00241546-00272613 (00031068 insts)
DISALIGNED @ T0:#00265965-00271264 (00005300 insts) ~ T1:#00272614-00272619 (00000006 insts)
ALIGNED @ T0:#00271265-00271448 (00000184 insts) ~ T1:#00272620-00272803 (00000184 insts)
DISALIGNED @ T0:#00271449-00271450 (00000002 insts) ~
ALIGNED @ T0:#00271451-00271645 (00000195 insts) ~ T1:#00272804-00272998 (00000195 insts)
DISALIGNED @ T0:#00271646-00354492 (00082847 insts) ~
```

The correct value is set in this second  
to last unaligned region

# Demo (Visualization tool)



# “exploitable” Reader crash

```
ModLoad: 77920000 77a13000 C:\WINDOWS\system32\SETUPAPI.dll
ModLoad: 02400000 026c5000 C:\WINDOWS\system32\xpsp2res.dll
ModLoad: 22100000 225aa000 C:\Program Files\Adobe\Reader 9.0\Reader\plug_ins\Annots.api
ModLoad: 76fd0000 7704f000 C:\WINDOWS\system32\CLBCATQ.DLL
ModLoad: 77050000 77115000 C:\WINDOWS\system32\COMRes.dll
ModLoad: 77120000 771ab000 C:\WINDOWS\system32\OLEAUT32.dll
(e90.458): Access violation - code c0000005 (!!! second chance !!!)
eax=00000000 ebx=02b69e40 ecx=036bf6cc edx=e1140d83 esi=06003eaf edi=00000000
eip=e1140d83 esp=036bf68c ebp=02b69e00 iopl=0 nv up ei pl zr na pe nc
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b gs=0000 efl=00000246
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.
e1140d83 ?? ?????
*** ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program Files\Adob
0:006> !exploitable
Exploitability Classification: EXPLOITABLE
Recommended Bug Title: Exploitable - Data Execution Prevention Violation starting at Unknown Symb
User mode DEP access violations are exploitable.
```

# What is the problem?

```
$ trace_reader -trace z.trace -header | grep Number
Number of instructions: 1816519

$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -count -first 1816519
(01816519) 603e598: call    edx    R@edx[0xe1140d83] [4] (R) T0 M@0x02ecf68c
[0x02699024] [4] (W)   T0

$ aligned.pl y_z.aligned.txt T1:01816518
<T0:2616698> ~ T1:01816518
(T0:02615515-02616698 ~ T1:01815335-01816518)

$ trace_reader_intel -trace y.trace -count -first 2616698 -last 2616698
(02616698) 603e598: call    edx    R@edx[0x08046e5d] [4] (R) T0 M@0x02e5f68c
[0x0269900c] [4] (W)   T1 {15 (1111, 5) (1111, 5) (1111, 5) (1111, 5) }
```

edx is not tainted, but is clearly not valid  
in the bad execution trace

# Slice edx

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 1816519 -regloc edx > /dev/null  
$ trace_reader_intel -trace EDX_0.trace  
603e58f: mov edx, DWORD PTR [esi+0x48] M@0x06003ef7 [0xe1140d83]  
[4] (R) T0 R@edx[0x0269904c] [4] (W) T0
```

edx came from \*0x6003ef7 but slice stops there

Value at that address is either set before we traced or  
is uninitialized

# Slice esi from there

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 01816515 -regloc esi > /dev/null
$ trace_reader_intel -trace ESI_0.trace
6003eaa: call    0x000000006066d7e  J@0x00000000[0x00062ed4] [4] (R)      T0  M@0x02ecf738
[0x0652e260] [4] (W)  T0
6066d88:  pop     ecx    M@0x02ecf738[0x06003eaf] [4] (R)      T0  R@ecx[0x02ecf7e0] [4] (W) T0
6066d90:  push     ecx    R@ecx[0x06003eaf] [4] (R) T0  M@0x02ecf75c[0x02ecf7ec] [4] (W)      T0
6064bab:  mov     eax,DWORD PTR [edi+0x4]    M@0x02ecf75c[0x06003eaf] [4] (R)      T0  R@eax
[0x02ecf7b4] [4] (W)  T0
6064bae:  mov     DWORD PTR [esi+0x4],eax   R@eax[0x06003eaf] [4] (R) T0  M@0x02ecf7b8
[0x00000000] [4] (W)  T0
603e583:  mov     esi,DWORD PTR [esi+0x4]    M@0x02ecf7b8[0x06003eaf] [4] (R)      T0  R@esi
[0x02ecf7b4] [4] (W)  T0
```

esi comes from a value pushed onto the stack during a function call, i.e. is an uninitialized stack value.

# “exploitable” OpenOffice

Disassembly

Offset: @\$scopeip

78544626 fc	cld
78544627 8975f8	mov dword ptr [ebp-8],esi
7854462a 8b750c	mov esi,dword ptr [ebp+0Ch]
7854462d 8b7d08	mov edi,dword ptr [ebp+8]
78544630 8b4d10	mov ecx,dword ptr [ebp+10h]
78544633 c1e907	shr ecx,7
78544636 eb06	jmp MSVCR90!_wcwild+0xe2 (7854463e)
78544638 8d9b00000000	lea ebx,[ebx]
7854463e 660f6f06	movdqa xmm0,xmavord ptr [esi]
78544642 660f6f4e10	movdqa xmm1,xmavord ptr [esi+10h]
78544647 660f6f5620	movdqa xmm2,xmavord ptr [esi+20h]
7854464c 660f6f5e30	movdqa xmm3,xmavord ptr [esi+30h]
78544651 660f7f07	movdqa xmmword ptr [edi].xmm0 ds:0023:195301e0=???????????????
78544655 660f7f4f10	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+10h].xmm1
7854465a 660f7f5720	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+20h].xmm2
7854465f 660f7f5f30	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+30h].xmm3
78544664 660f6f6640	movdqa xmm4,xmavord ptr [esi+40h]
78544669 660f6f6e50	movdqa xmm5,xmavord ptr [esi+50h]
7854466e 660f6f7660	movdqa xmm6,xmavord ptr [esi+60h]
78544673 660f6f7e70	movdqa xmm7,xmavord ptr [esi+70h]
78544678 660f7f6740	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+40h].xmm4
7854467d 660f7f6f50	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+50h].xmm5
78544682 660f7f7760	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+60h].xmm6
78544687 660f7f7f70	movdqa xmavord ptr [edi+70h].xmm7

(f34.b20): C++ EH exception - code e06d7363 (first chance)  
(f34.b20): C++ EH exception - code e06d7363 (first chance)  
(f34.b20): C++ EH exception - code e06d7363 (first chance)  
(f34.b20): Access violation - code c0000005 (first chance)  
First chance exceptions are reported before any exception handling.  
This exception may be expected and handled.

eax=195301e0 ebx=193b01e0 ecx=00000ffc edx=00000000 esi=193b01e0 edi=195301e0  
eip=78544651 esp=014ad698 ebp=014ad6a0 iopl=0 nv up ei pl nz ac pe nc  
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b gs=0000 ef1=00010216  
MSVCR90!\_wcwild+0xf5:  
78544651 660f7f07 movdqa xmmword ptr [edi].xmm0 ds:0023:195301e0=???????????????

Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.  
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.  
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.

0:000> !exploitable

\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program  
\*\*\* ERROR: Module load completed but symbols could not be loaded for soffice.exe  
Exploitability Classification: EXPLOITABLE  
Recommended Bug Title: Exploitable - User Mode Write AV starting at MSVCR90!\_wcwild+  
User mode write access violations that are not near NULL are exploitable.

This is probably OpenOffice



# The crash

```
$ trace_reader -trace z.trace -header | grep Number
Number of instructions: 209430179
$ trace_reader_intel -v -trace z.trace -first 209430179
7855ab1a: rep movs DWORD PTR es:[edi],DWORD PTR ds:[esi] M@0x072602c0[0x00001bcf] [4]
(CR)    T0 R@ecx [0x0001fee0] [4] (RCW)  T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111,
3) } M@0x07360000[0x00000000] [4] (CW)    T0 ESP: NUM_OP: 5 TID: 1380 TP: TPSrc
EFLAGS: 0x00000083 CC_OP: 0x00000010 DF: 0x00000001 RAW: 0xf3a5 MEMREGS: R@edi
[0x07360000] [4] (R)  T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) } R@esi
0x072602c0] [4] (R)  T0
```



Crash in memcpy. Length is tainted.  
Destination address is tainted.

# Valset analysis on destination

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 209430179 -regloc edi > /dev/null
$ cp EDI_0.trace z-sliced.trace
$ dynslicer -concall -nomemconstraints -ir z-sliced.trace
$ valset_ir -ir-in z-sliced.ir.concall -tmp-name R_NEUTRAL_3 -get-val-bounds true -sample-pts 2000
...
Summary:
Lowest and highest possible values: 0x72e0020 to 0x7360018
Influence bounds after establishing value bounds: 3.321928 to 18.999981
Influence bounds after asking for counterexamples: 6.209453 to 18.999981
Probable influence: 16.012888 (252 hits of 2000 samples in population 524207)
```

Attacker has influence on approximately 2 bytes  
of the destination address

# “Backtrace”

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -last 209430179 -count | grep -v ")78" | tail  
  
(209429976)57308071:    mov     eax,DWORD PTR [ebp+0xc]      M@0x014ad988[0x0000fffc4][4](R)      T1  
{3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () } R@eax[0x072eff6c][4](W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }  
  
(209429977)57308074:    shl     eax,0x3    I@0x00000000[0x00000003][1](R)      T0  R@eax  
[0x0000fffc4][4](RW) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }  
  
(209429978)57308077:    push    eax    R@eax[0x0007fe20][4](R) T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3)  
(1111, 3) (1111, 3) } M@0x014ad960[0x00000001][4](W)      T0  
  
(209429979)57308078:    mov     eax,DWORD PTR [esi] M@0x08a34718[0x072e0020][4](R)      T0  R@eax  
[0x0007fe20][4](W) T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) }  
  
(209429980)5730807a:    push    DWORD PTR [edi]  M@0x08a348c8[0x07260020][4](R)      T0  
M@0x014ad95c[0x0000ff6c][4](W)      T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }  
  
(209429981)5730807c:    movzx   ebx,bx R@bx[0x0000ffa8][2](R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3)  
() } R@ebx[0x0000ffa8][4](W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }  
  
(209429982)5730807f:    lea     eax,[eax+ebx*8]  A@0x0735fd60[0x00000000][4](R)      T0  R@eax  
[0x072e0020][4](W) T0  
  
(209429983)57308082:    push    eax    R@eax[0x0735fd60][4](R) T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3)  
(1111, 3) (1111, 3) } M@0x014ad958[0x57308066][4](W)      T0  
  
(209429984)57308083:    call    0x0000000057349d30  J@0x00000000[0x00041cad][4](R)      T0  
M@0x014ad954[0x014ad97c][4](W)      T0  
(209429985)57349d30:    jmp     DWORD PTR ds:0x573511d4    M@0x573511d4[0x7855aac0][4](R)      T0
```

# The memcpy source

```
memcpy(0x0735fd60, 0x07260020, 0x0007fe20);
```

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209430179 -addr 0x07260020 -closest 1
Found 1 buffers
[141406597, end] 0x07260020 (523808)
```

Memcpy source is 0x7260020  
Allocated with size 523808 (0x7fe20)  
Allocated at instruction counter 141406597

# The memcpy destination

```
$ alloc_reader -alloc z.trace.alloc -ctr 209429984 -addr 0x0735fd60 -closest 1  
Found 0 buffers. Closest are:  
[209160625, end] 0x072e0020 (523104) Dist: 481
```

Hmm...dest is already past the end of a buffer



# Destination origin

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -first 209429982 -last 209429982 -count -v  
(209429982)5730807f:    lea    eax, [eax+ebx*8]  A@0x0735fd60[0x00000000][4](R)    T0  
    R@eax[0x072e0020][4](W) T0  ESP:  NUM_OP: 5 TID: 1380 TP: TPSrc EFLAGS: 0x00000202  
CC_OP: 0x00000024 DF: 0x00000001 RAW: 0x8d04d8 MEMREGS:  R@eax[0x072e0020][4](R) T0  
    R@ebx[0x0000ffa8][4](R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
```

Destination is 0x72e0020 (which has size 0x7fb60)  
plus 8\*0xffa8

Either the allocation size or offset is bad (or both)

# Allocation size origin

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -last 209160625 -count | grep -v ")7c" | grep -v ")78" | tail -6

(209160387)57307f43:    movzx   edi,axR@ax[0x0000ff6c] [2] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3)
() () } R@edi[0x0000ffa8] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

(209160388)57307f46:    mov     ebx,edi  R@edi[0x0000ff6c] [4] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111,
3) () () } R@ebx[0x0000ffa8] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

(209160389)57307f48:    shl    ebx,0x3  I@0x00000000[0x00000003] [1] (R)      T0 R@ebx
[0x0000ff6c] [4] (RW) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

(209160390)57307f4b:    push   ebx   R@ebx[0x0007fb60] [4] (R) T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3)
(1111, 3) (1111, 3) } M@0x014ad940[0x0000ffd0] [4] (W)      T0

(209160391)57307f4c:    call    0x0000000057349d2a  J@0x00000000[0x00041dde] [4] (R)
T0 M@0x014ad93c[0x089a6000] [4] (W)      T0

(209160392)57349d2a:    jmp    DWORD PTR ds:0x573511d8    M@0x573511d8[0x78583bb3] [4]
(R) T0
```

Allocation size is 8\*ax

# Slice ax

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 209160387 -regloc ax > /dev/null
$ trace_reader_intel -trace EAX_0.trace | tail -6

5730803a: mov    ecx, DWORD PTR [ebp+0xc]    M@0x014ad988[0x0000fffc4] [4] (R)    T1 {3 (1111,
3) (1111, 3) () () } R@ecx[0x08a34718] [4] (W) T0

57308043: movzx  eax, WORD PTR [esi+0x8]  M@0x08a34720[0x0000ffa8] [2] (R)    T1 {3 (1111,
3) (1111, 3) () () } R@eax[0x0000ffc4] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

57308047: lea    edx, [eax+ecx*1] A@0x0001ff6c[0x00000000] [4] (R)    T0 R@edx[0x00000000]
[4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

5730804e: movzx  edx, dx R@dx[0x0000ff6c] [2] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () } R@edx
[0x0001ff6c] [4] (W) T1 {15 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) (1111, 3) }

5730805b: push    edx    R@edx[0x0000ff6c] [4] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
M@0x014ad95c[0x014ad754] [4] (W)    T0

57307f2b: mov    ax, WORD PTR [ebp+0x8]  M@0x014ad95c[0x0000ff6c] [2] (R)    T1 {3 (1111,
3) (1111, 3) () () } R@ax[0x0000ffa8] [2] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
```

ax comes from addition of two (tainted) words 0xffc4 and 0xffa8. This is an (short) integer overflow

# Now the offset

```
$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 209429982 -regloc ebx > /dev/null
$ trace_reader_intel -trace EBX_0.trace | tail -5

57308043: movzx  eax,WORD PTR [esi+0x8] M@0x08a34720[0x0000ffa8] [2] (R) T1 {3
(1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () } R@eax[0x0000fffc4] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

5730805e: movzx  ebx,ax R@ax[0x0000ffa8] [2] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
R@ebx[0x0000ffa8] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }

57307f3c: push    ebx   R@ebx[0x0000ffa8] [4] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
M@0x014ad948[0x08a34718] [4] (W) T0

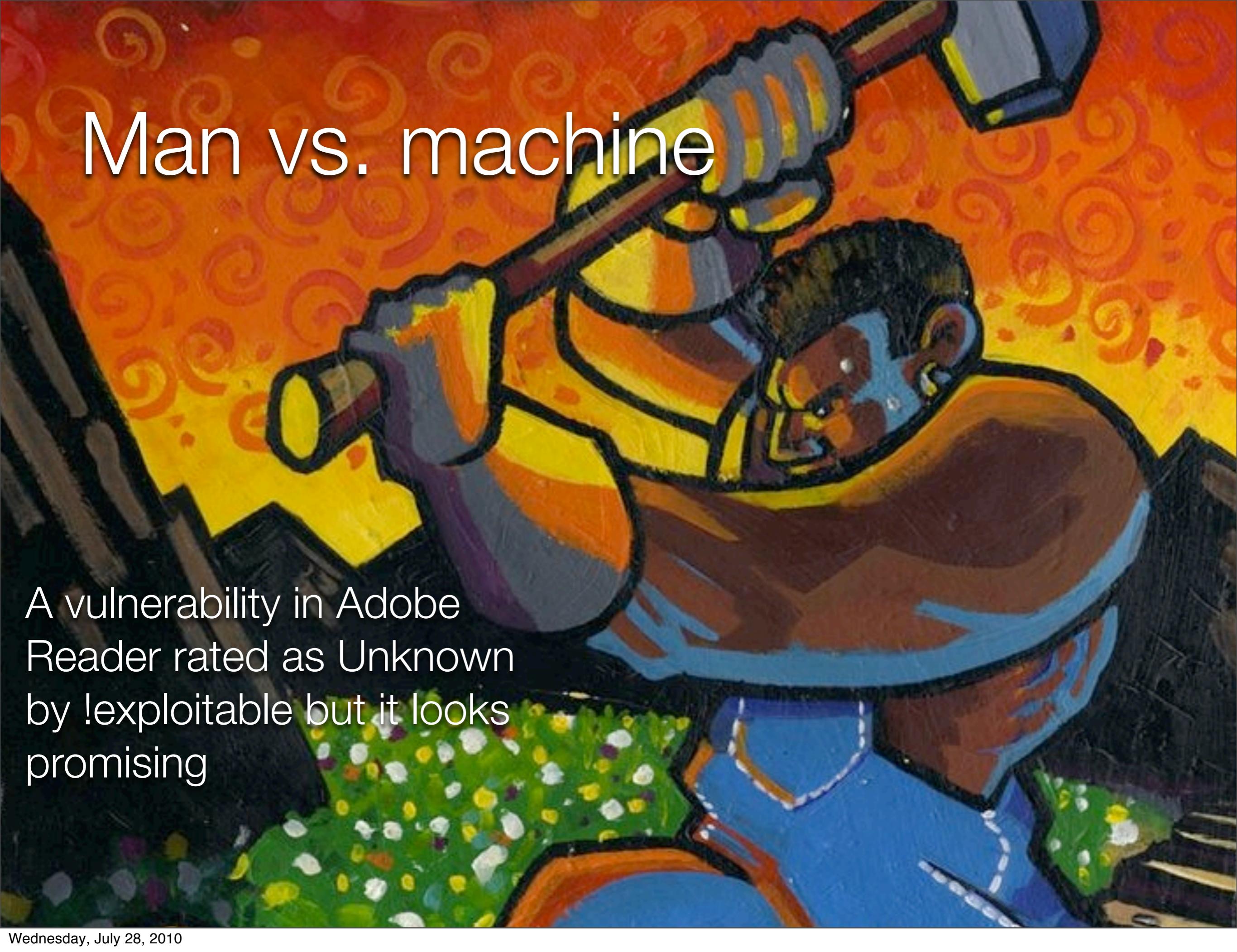
5730802a: pop     ebx   M@0x014ad948[0x0000ffa8] [4] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111,
3) () () } R@ebx[0x089b5fd8] [4] (W) T0

5730807c: movzx  ebx,bx R@bx[0x0000ffa8] [2] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
R@ebx[0x0000ffa8] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 3) (1111, 3) () () }
```

The offset is one of the summands used for the allocation

# Man vs. machine

A vulnerability in Adobe  
Reader rated as Unknown  
by !exploitable but it looks  
promising

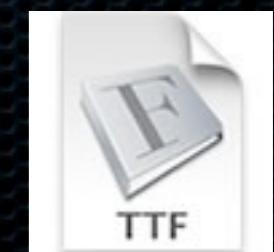
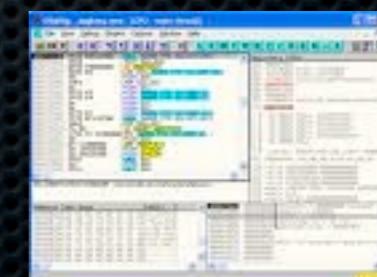


# The match-up

BITMASTER



VS



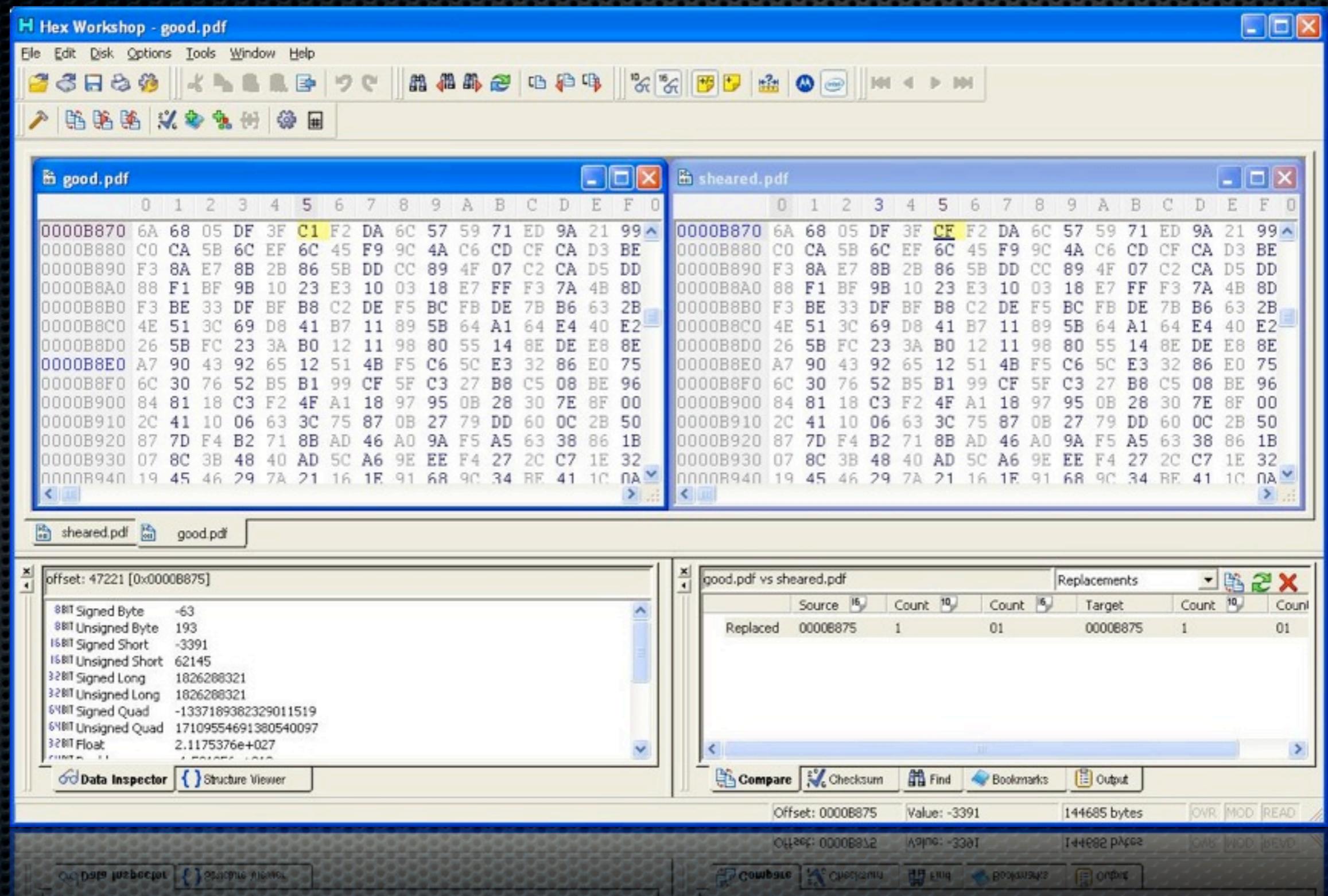
# The crash

```
08074fc6 8b09          mov    ecx,dword ptr [ecx]
08074fc8 66397104      cmp    word ptr [ecx+4],si      ds:0023:07471c70=????  
08074fcc 7cf2          jl     CoolType!CTInit+0x2e9a3 (08074fc0)
08074fce 8b4804          mov    ecx,dword ptr [eax+4]
08074fd1 eb08          jmp    CoolType!CTInit+0x2e9be (08074fdb)
08074fd3 8bf8          mov    edi,eax
08074fd5 2bfa          sub    edi,edx
08074fd7 0139          add    dword ptr [ecx],edi
08074fd9 8b09          mov    ecx,dword ptr [ecx]
08074fdb 66397104      cmp    word ptr [ecx+4],si  
  
moultdu. 10000000 10020000  C:\Program Files\Adobe\Reader 7.0\Reader\pdffit3.dll  
(f8c.f34): Access violation - code c0000005 (!!! second chance !!!)  
eax=03a38e2c ebx=03a38e2c ecx=07471c6c edx=00000000 esi=00007fff edi=03a38e58  
eip=08074fc8 esp=022fedd0 ebp=022fedf4 iopl=0 nv up ei pl nz na po nc  
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b gs=0000 efl=00000202  
*** ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Program Files\Adobe  
CoolType!CTInit+0x2e9ab:  
08074fc8 66397104      cmp    word ptr [ecx+4],si      ds:0023:07471c70=????  
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.  
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.  
Missing image name, possible paged-out or corrupt data.  
0:002> !exploitable  
Exploitability Classification: UNKNOWN  
Recommended Bug Title: Data from Faulting Address controls Branch Selection starting at CoolType!
```

The data from the faulting address is later used to determine whether or not a branch is taken.

Left after the faulting address is later used to determine whether or not a branch is taken.  
Memory dump title: Data from Faulting Address controls Branch Selection starting at CoolType!  
Address: 0023:07471c70  
Data: 00007fff  
Length: 00000001  
Format: Hex  
Value: 00007fff  
Description: This is the value of the memory location at address 0023:07471c70.

# The good and bad file



# Go!

- Bitmaster taints 0xcf, gets traces for good and bad file, differential taint analysis, slices on ecx, etc.
- Dion fires up IDA, gets file crashing in a debugger, etc

# The Bitmaster knows

```
$ trace_reader -trace z.trace -header | grep Number
Number of instructions: 243897288
$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -first 243897288 -v
8074fc8: cmp WORD PTR [ecx+0x4], si R@si[0x00007fff] [2] (R) T0 M@0x06fb1c70
[0x00000000] [2] (R) T0 ESP: NUM_OP: 4 TID: 1660 TP: TPNone EFLAGS: 0x00000083 CC_OP:
0x00000008 DF: 0x00000001 RAW: 0x66397104 MEMREGS: R@ecx [0x06fb1c6c] [4] (R) T0

$ x86_slicer -in-trace z.trace -ctr 243897288 -regloc ecx > /dev/null
$ trace_reader_intel -trace ECX_0.trace | tail -2
8074fad: add DWORD PTR [eax], ecx R@ecx [0x037d8e2c] [4] (R) T0 M@0x037d8e2c [0x037d8e40]
[4] (RW) T0
8074faf: mov ecx, DWORD PTR [eax] M@0x037d8e2c [0x06fb1c6c] [4] (R) T0 R@ecx
[0x037d8e2c] [4] (W) T0
```

The bad value of ecx is the result of adding two  
heap pointers together.  
This address is reachable by heap spray.  
Looks exploitable to me

# The score

BITMASTER

VS



1

0

# 0xcf is worse than 0xc1

- The crash occurred in CoolType.dll
- Lets see when tainted data enters this DLL

```
$ trace_reader -trace z.trace -header | grep CoolType
Module: CoolType.dll @ 0x08000000 Size: 2486272

$ trace_reader -trace z.trace -taintedonly -count | grep ")80" | head
(01519331)808b015: push    ecx    R@ecx[0x01e7546c] [4] (R) T0  M@0x0012e950[0xe49b0000] [4]
(W) T1 {8 ()()()1111, 4) }
(01738319)8048170: push    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4] M@0x0012d99c[0x08083305] [4] (R)      T0
      M@0x0012d97c[0xe49b0000] [4] (W)      T1 {8 ()()()1111, 4) }
(01754161)8015367: movzx   eax,BYTE PTR [esi+0xb] M@0x0012d4ef[0x000000e4] [1] (R)      T1 {1
(1111, 4) ()()() }    R@eax[0x0000009b] [4] (W) T0
...
```

# The good counterpart of e4

```
(01754161) 8015367: movzx eax,BYTE PTR [esi+0xb] M@0x0012d4ef[0x000000e4] [1]
(R) T1 {1 (1111, 4) () () } R@eax[0x0000009b] [4] (W) T0
```

```
$ ./aligned.pl y_z_aligned.txt T1:01754161
<T0:1753039> ~ T1:01754161
(T0:01750116-01753248 ~ T1:01751238-01754370)
```

```
(01753039) 8015367: movzx eax,BYTE PTR [esi+0xb] M@0x0012d4ef[0x000000d4] [1]
(R) T1 {1 (1111, 4) () () () } R@eax[0x0000009b] [4] (W) T1 {1 (1111, 4) () () () }
```

How did e4/d4 come from cf/c1?

# Right before the DLL

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace z.trace -first 01753161 -last 01754161 -taintedonly -v -count

(01753389)7814507a: rep movs DWORD PTR es:[edi],DWORD PTR ds:[esi] M@0x02e21a78[0xe49b0000]
[4] (CR) T1 {8 ()() (1111, 4)} R@ecx[0x00000057] [4] (RCW) T0 M@0x0293860c[0xe49b0000] [4]
(CW) T1 {8 ()() (1111, 4)} ESP: NUM_OP: 5 TID: 1660 TP: TPSrc EFLAGS: 0x00000202 CC_OP:
0x00000010 DF: 0x00000001 RAW: 0xf3a5 MEMREGS: R@edi[0x0293860c] [4] (R) T0 R@esi
[0x02e21a78] [4] (R) T0

(01754027)7814507a: rep movs DWORD PTR es:[edi],DWORD PTR ds:[esi] M@0x0293860c[0xe49b0000]
[4] (CR) T1 {8 ()() (1111, 4)} R@ecx[0x0000000e] [4] (RCW) T0 M@0x0012d4ec[0xffc95f62] [4]
(CW) T0 ESP: NUM_OP: 5 TID: 1660 TP: TPSrc EFLAGS: 0x00000202 CC_OP: 0x00000010 DF:
0x00000001 RAW: 0xf3a5 MEMREGS: R@edi[0x0012d4ec] [4] (R) T0 R@esi [0x0293860c] [4] (R) T0

(01754161)8015367: movzx eax, BYTE PTR [esi+0xb] M@0x0012d4ef[0x000000e4] [1] (R) T1 {1
(1111, 4) ()()} R@eax[0x0000009b] [4] (W) T0 ESP: NUM_OP: 4 TID: 1660 TP: TPSrc EFLAGS:
0x00000203 CC_OP: 0x00000008 DF: 0x00000001 RAW: 0x0fb6460b MEMREGS: R@esi[0x0012d4e4] [4]
(R) T0
```

# Nearby bytes

```
$ state_reader -in-state z.trace.state -in-state-range 0x02e21a60:0x02e21a8f -out-
raw z.state.dump.raw
$ hexdump -C z.state.dump.raw
00000000  6c 6f 63 61 01 99 84 e2  00 00 79 e8 00 00 1a 2c  |loca.....y....,|
00000010  6d 61 78 70 0d 84 01 93  00 00 9b e4 00 00 00 20  |maxp.....|
00000020  6e 61 6d 65 8c 9d 3d 42  00 00 95 f8 00 00 05 dc  |name..=B.....|
```

```
$ state_reader -in-state z.trace.state -in-state-range 0x02e21a60:0x02e21a8f -out-
text z.state.dump.txt
$ grep -v "Taint: none" z.state.dump.txt
0x02e21a7b (0xe4) Taint: (4444, 1111, 4)
```

Only one tainted byte, surrounded by things from a  
TrueTypeFont. This is the uncompressed stream

# Meanwhile...

1. Decompress good PDF
2. Examine good decompressed font
3. Look for strings from good decompressed font in  
heap of Reader when bad file crashes it
4. Extract decompressed bad font from memory
5. Compare good/bad decompressed font
6. These fonts differ in e4 (bad) d4 (good)



# The score

# BITMASTER

VS



1

1

# Round 3

That byte is in the maxp directory entry  
Offset from beginning of sfnt is 0x9be**4**/0x9bd**4**

Results in different maxp tables being used

Instead of `maxSizeOfInstruction = 0xffff` (good)  
you get `maxComponentPoints = 0xffff` (bad)

Create new PDF with uncompressed font with 0xffff as  
maxComponentPoints in maxp table  
Same crash, easier to analyze



# The score

BITMASTER

VS



1

2

# Thanks, human

- Take simplified PDF, taint the 0xfffff  
maxComponentPoints word, get BitBlaze traces

# 0xffff goes to CoolType

```
$ trace_reader_intel -trace x.trace -taintedonly -count | grep ")80" | head -20
(79500371)80112f3: mov    dh,BYTE PTR [eax+0xa]  M@0x0267ae86[0x000000ff] [1] (R)  T1
{1 (1111, 6) ()()()} R@dh[0x00000000] [1] (W) T0
(79500372)80112f6: mov    dl,BYTE PTR [eax+0xb]  M@0x0267ae87[0x000000ff] [1] (R)  T1
{1 (1111, 7) ()()()} R@dl[0x00000000] [1] (W) T0
(79500373)80112f9: mov    WORD PTR [ecx+0xa],dx  R@dx[0x0000ffff] [2] (R)  T1 {3 (1111,
7) (1111, 6) ()()()} M@0x01e7592e[0x00000000] [2] (W) T0
(79500374)80112fd: xor    edx,edx   R@edx[0x0000ffff] [4] (R) T1 {3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6)
()()()} R@edx[0x0000ffff] [4] (RW) T1 {3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6) ()()()}
(79501343)80053e7: movzx  edx,WORD PTR [ebx+0xa]  M@0x01e7592e[0x0000ffff] [2] (R)  T1
{3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6) ()()()} R@edx[0x000027fc] [4] (W) T0
(79501344)80053eb: cmp    ax,dx   R@dx[0x0000ffff] [2] (R)  T1 {3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6) ()
() } R@ax[0x000000f2] [2] (R) T0
(79501347)80053f3: movzx  eax,dx R@dx[0x0000ffff] [2] (R)  T1 {3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6) ()
() } R@eax[0x000000f2] [4] (W) T0
(79501350)80053fa: lea    edx,[ebp+0xc]   A@0x0012d618[0x00000000] [4] (R)  T0 R@edx
[0x0000ffff] [4] (W) T1 {3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6) ()()}
(79501355)8005403: add    eax,0x8  I@0x00000000[0x00000008] [1] (R)  T0 R@eax
[0x0000ffff] [4] (RW) T1 {3 (1111, 7) (1111, 6) ()()}
(79501356)8005406: push   eax  R@eax[0x00010007] [4] (R) T1 {15 (1111, 7) (1111, 7)
(1111, 7) (1111, 7) } M@0x0012d5ec[0x01e759c0] [4] (W) T0
(79501360)8004745: mov    eax,DWORD PTR [ebp+0x14]  M@0x0012d5f8[0x0012d618] [4]
(R) T0 R@eax[0x00010007] [4] (W) T1 {15 (1111, 7) (1111, 7) (1111, 7) (1111, 7) }
(79501365)8004751: movzx  esi,WORD PTR [ebp+0x8]  M@0x0012d5ec[0x00000007] [2] (R)  T1
{3 (1111, 7) (1111, 7) ()() } R@esi[0x01e75968] [4] (W) T0
...
...
```

# The score

BITMASTER

VS



2

2

# The rest of the story

- 0xffff has 8 added to it and then is used as a word
- This word is multiplied by 4 to get a buffer size (0x1c)
- 11 buffers are allocated of this size
- The routines that operate on these buffers assume they are quite large ( $(0\text{xffff}+8)*4 = 0\text{x4001c}$ )
- The data in these buffers stomp all over each other

# Sudden death overtime

BITMASTER

VS



2

2

# Sudden death overtime

BITMASTER

vs



2

2

Writes a POC exploit

# Sudden death overtime

BITMASTER

vs



2

2

Writes a POC exploit

# Sudden death overtime

BITMASTER

vs



2

~~2~~ 3

Writes a POC exploit

# Sudden death overtime

BITMASTER

VS



2

~~2~~ 3

Writes a POC exploit

# Tradeoffs

- BitBlaze is not fast
  - Traces can take hours to collect (think overnight runs)
  - Slices can take a few minutes (normally) to a couple of hours (rarely)
- Memory constraints
  - Sometimes BitBlaze cannot handle runs with full taint
- Disk space hog
  - Traces are sometimes many GB in size
- Not necessarily faster in wall clock time, but faster in brain cycles (modulo latency)

# Conclusions

- BitBlaze can perform many tasks which might help you in security research
- Crash analysis is hard, but some of BitBlaze's tools can help reduce the time and frustration needed to analyze crashes
- Whitepaper and code is available, check it out for yourself



bitblaze.cs.berkeley.edu



# Links

- Get the code
  - <http://bitblaze.cs.berkeley.edu/release/blackhat-2010.html>
- Get the slides and whitepaper for this talk
  - <http://securityevaluators.com/files/papers/CrashAnalysisSlides.pdf>
  - <http://securityevaluators.com/files/papers/CrashAnalysis.pdf>

# Questions?

- [cmiller@securityevaluators.com](mailto:cmiller@securityevaluators.com)
  - Some usage questions
  - Questions on examples
- [bitblaze@gmail.com](mailto:bitblaze@gmail.com)
  - Everything else