Aim:

To simulate ARP and RARP Protocols in java.

Algorithm:

<u>ARP</u>:

Server:

- 1.Start the program
- 2. Accept the socket which is created by the client.
- 3. Server maintains the table in which IP and corresponding MAC addresses are stored.
- 4. Read the IP address which is send by the client.
- 5. Map the IP address with its MAC address and return the MAC address to client.

Client:

- 1. Start the program
- 2. Using socket connection is established between client and server.
- 3. Get the IP address to be converted into MAC address.
- 4. Send this IP address to server.
- 5. Server returns the MAC address to client

RARP:

Server:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Server maintains the table in which IP and corresponding MAC addresses are stored.
- 3. Read the MAC address which is send by the client.
- 4. Map the IP address with its MAC address and return the IP address to client

Client:

- 1.Start the program
- 2. using datagram sockets UDP function is established.
- 3.Get the MAC address to be converted into IP address.
- 4.Send this MAC address to server.
- 5. Server returns the IP address to client

Code:

ArpServer.java:

```
package networkslab;
import java.net.*;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class ArpServer {
        @SuppressWarnings("deprecation")
        public static void main(String args[]) {
               String ip="";
               String command="arp -a";
               String out="";
               try {
                       while(true) {
                               DatagramSocket s=new DatagramSocket(7080);
                               byte [] send=new byte[1024];
```

```
byte [] recv=new byte[1024];
DatagramPacket p=new DatagramPacket(recv,recv.length,InetAddress.getLocalHost(),7080);
                               s.receive(p);
                               ip=new String(p.getData());
                               String c_out=command+ip;
                                Process p1=Runtime.getRuntime().exec(c_out.trim());
                               System.out.println(c_out);
                               Scanner r=new Scanner(p1.getInputStream());
                               while(r.hasNext()) {
                                       out+=r.next();
                                       out+="n";
                               }
                               send=out.getBytes();
                               out="";
DatagramPacket send1=new
Datagram Packet (send, send, length, InetAddress. getLocalHost(), p. getPort());\\
                               s.send(send1);
                               s.close();
                       }
               } catch (IOException e) {
                       e.printStackTrace();
               }
       }
}
ArpClient.java:
package networkslab;
import java.net.*;
import java.net.SocketException;
import java.io.*;
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class ArpClient {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
               Scanner r=new Scanner(System.in);
               try {
                       DatagramSocket s1=new DatagramSocket();
                       byte [] send=new byte[1024];
                       byte [] recv=new byte[1024];
                       System.out.println("Enter IP Address:");
                       String ip=r.next();
                       send=ip.getBytes();
                       DatagramPacket send1=new
DatagramPacket(send,send.length,InetAddress.getLocalHost(),7080);
                       DatagramPacket recv1=new
DatagramPacket(recv,recv.length,InetAddress.getLocalHost(),7080);
                       s1.send(send1);
                       s1.receive(recv1);
                       String s=new String(recv1.getData());
                       System.out.println(s);
                       s1.close();
               } catch (Exception e) {
                       // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                       e.printStackTrace();
               }
       }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cma.exe
📝 Problems . 👁 Javadoc . 🗷 Console 🗶 🚨 Declaratio
rpServer (Java Application) CyProgram Files\Java
                                              E:\eclipse\networkslab\src\networkslab>java ArpClient.java
arp -a 255.255.255.255
                                              Enter IP Address: 255.255.255
                                              Interface:
                                              192.168.74.1
                                              0xb
                                              Internet
                                              Address
                                              Physical
                                              Address
                                              Type
                                              255.255.255.255
```

```
RarpServer.java:
package networkslab;
import java.net.DatagramPacket;
import java.net.DatagramSocket;
import java.net.InetAddress;
public class RarpServer {
        public static void main(String[]args) {
               String ip[]={"165.165.80.80","165.165.79.1"};
               String mac[]={"6A:08:AA:C2","8A:BC:E3:FA"};
               String send2="";
               int flag=0;
               try {
                       while(true) {
                               DatagramSocket s=new DatagramSocket(8090);
                               byte[] send=new byte[1024];
                               byte [] recv=new byte[1024];
```

```
DatagramPacket recv1=new
DatagramPacket(recv,recv.length,InetAddress.getLocalHost(),8090);
                                s.receive(recv1);
                                String uin=new String(recv1.getData());
                                System.out.println(uin);
                                for(int i=0;i<ip.length;i++) {</pre>
                                        if(mac[i].equalsIgnoreCase(uin.trim())) {
                                                send2=ip[i];
                                                flag=1;
                                                break;
                                        }
                                }
                                if(flag==0) {
                                        send2="Not Found";
                                }
                                send=send2.getBytes();
                                DatagramPacket send1=new
DatagramPacket(send,send.length,InetAddress.getLocalHost(),recv1.getPort());
                                System.out.println(send2);
                                s.send(send1);
                                s.close();
                       }
                }catch(Exception e) {
                        e.printStackTrace();
                }
        }
}
```

RarpClient.java:

}

```
package networkslab;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.net.*;
public class RarpClient {
       public static void main(String[]args)
       {
               System.out.println("Enter MAC ADDRESS: ");
               Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
               String ip=s.next();
               try {
                       DatagramSocket s1=new DatagramSocket();
                       byte []send=new byte[1024];
                       byte [] recv=new byte[1024];
                       send=ip.getBytes();
                       DatagramPacket p1=new
DatagramPacket(send,send.length,InetAddress.getLocalHost(),8090);
                       s1.send(p1);
                       DatagramPacket p2=new DatagramPacket(recv, recv.length,
InetAddress.getLocalHost(), 8090);
                       s1.receive(p2);
                       String out=new String(p2.getData());
                       System.out.println(out);
               } catch (Exception e) {
                       // TODO Auto-generated catch block
                       e.printStackTrace();
               }
       }
```

Output:

E:\eclipse\networkslab\src\networkslab>javac RarpClient.java

E:\eclipse\networkslab\src\networkslab>java RarpClient.java Enter MAC ADDRESS:

6A:08:AA:C2 165.165.80.80

Result:

Thus The ARP and RARP protocols were simulated in java.