pandas.DataFrame

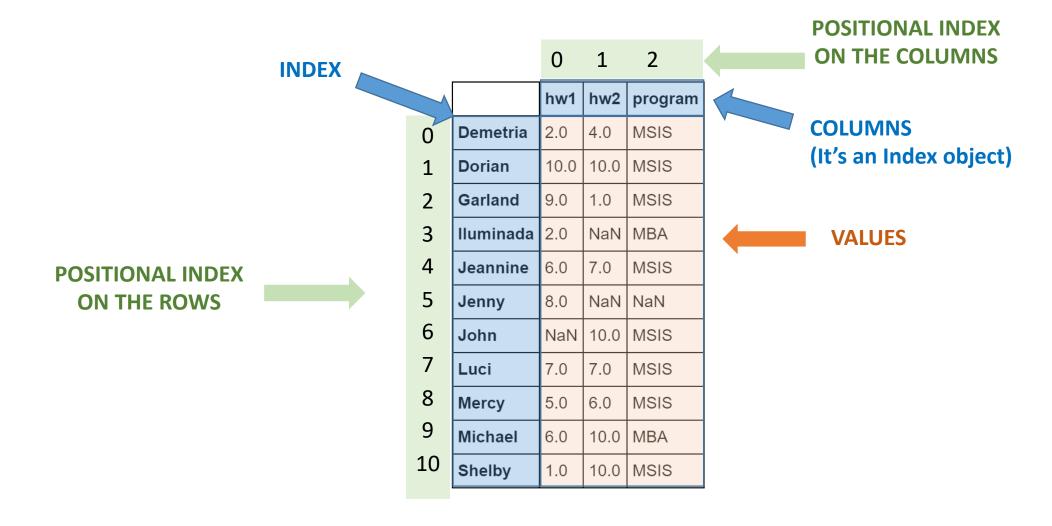
module 4

Announcements

- Codecademy due 4/22
- Form groups of 3 for project:
 - Detect interesting and somewhat unexpected finding in a real-world data set of your choice – more details later

DataFrame

DataFrame = Table



Index, columns, values

Return the index (as an index object), the columns (as index object) and the values (as 2-dimensional ndarray)

Example:

POS. INDEX df.index **ON ROWS** Index([u'Demetria', u'Dorian', u'Garland', u'Iluminada', u'Jeannine', u'Jenny', u'John', u'Luci', u'Mercy', u'Michael', u'Shelby'], dtype='object') df.values array([[2.0, 4.0, 'MSIS'], df.columns [10.0, 10.0, 'MSIS'], [9.0, 1.0, 'MSIS'], Index([u'hw1', u'hw2', u'program'], dtype='object') [2.0, nan, 'MBA'], [6.0, 7.0, 'MSIS'], [8.0, nan, nan], [nan, 10.0, 'MSIS'], [7.0, 7.0, 'MSIS'], [5.0, 6.0, 'MSIS'], [6.0, 10.0, 'MBA'], [1.0, 10.0, 'MSIS']], dtype=object)

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

VALUES

hw1 | hw2 | program | COLUMNS 2.0 Demetria 4.0 MSIS 10.0 10.0 MSIS Dorian 9.0 Garland 1.0 MSIS Iluminada 2.0 NaN MBA Jeannine 6.0 7.0 MSIS Jenny 8.0 NaN NaN 6 John 10.0 MSIS NaN Luci 7.0 7.0 MSIS Mercy 5.0 6.0 MSIS Michael 6.0 10.0 MBA 10 Shelby 1.0 10.0 MSIS

df.iloc[x,y]

Access using the **positional index**..

•x is the information needed to select the rows: positional index or range of integers

•y (optional) is the information needed to select the columns: positional index or range of integers

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

VALUES

COLUMNS

	4.		0	1	2
•	INDEX		hw1	hw2	program
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS
POS. INDEX ON ROWS	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
ON NOVIS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS

df.iloc[x,y] – one row

```
df.iloc[2,:]
```

df.iloc[2]

RESULT:

hw1 9
hw2 1
program MSIS
Name: Garland, dtype: object

A Series!

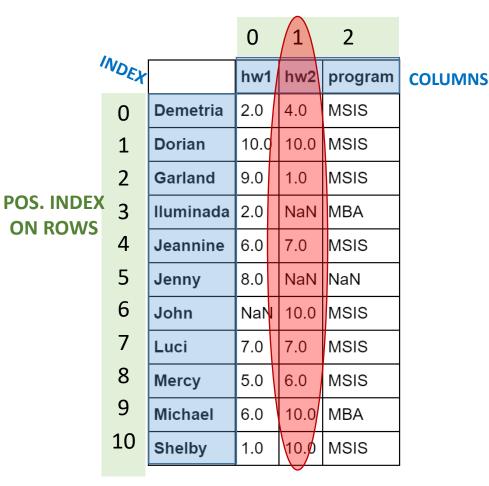
			0	1	2	
4	INDEX		hw1	hw2	program	COLUMNS
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	
POS. INDEX ON ROWS	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA	
ON ROWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	

df.iloc[x,y] - one column

```
df.iloc[:,1]
```

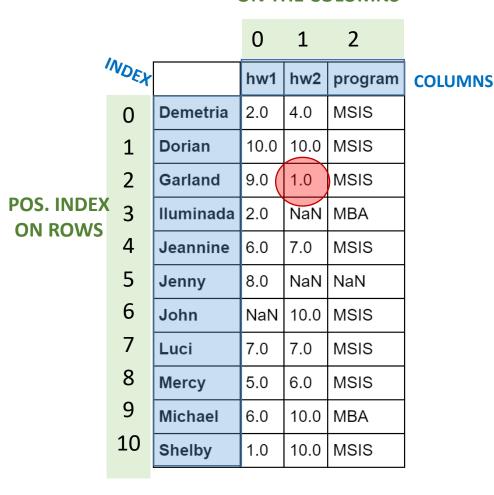
RESULT:

Demetria	4.0		
Dorian	10.0		
Garland	1.0		
Iluminada	NaN		
Jeannine	7.0		
Jenny	NaN		
John	10.0		
Luci	7.0		
Mercy	rcy 6.0		
Michael	10.0		
Shelby	lby 10.0		
Name: hw2,	dtype:	float64	



df.iloc[x,y] – one specific value

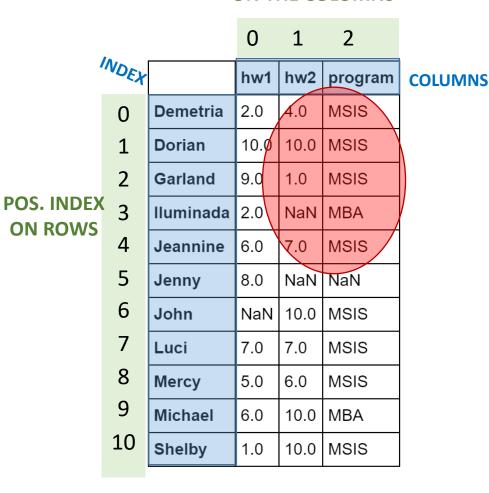
```
df.iloc[2,1]
1.0
```



df.iloc[x,y] – a subset of rows/columns

df.iloc[:5,-2:]

	hw2	program
Demetria	4.0	MSIS
Dorian	10.0	MSIS
Garland	1.0	MSIS
lluminada	NaN	MBA
Jeannine	7.0	MSIS



df.loc[x,y]

Access using the index labels.

•x s the information needed to select the rows: label index, range of index labels, or **boolean masks**

•y (optional) is the information needed to select the columns: label index, range of index labels, or boolean masks

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

0	1	2

COLUMNS

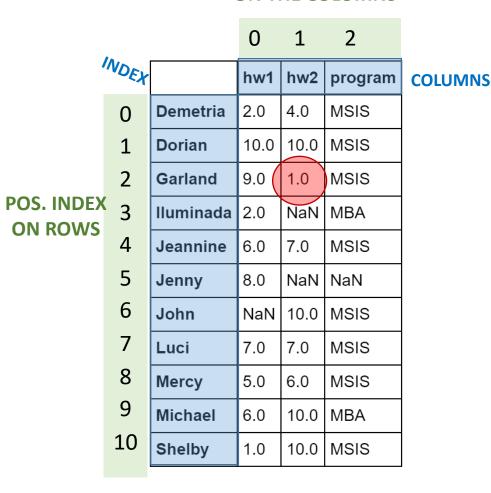
INDEX hw1 hw2 program 2.0 Demetria 4.0 MSIS Dorian 10.0 10.0 MSIS 9.0 Garland MSIS 1.0 Iluminada 2.0 NaN MBA Jeannine 6.0 7.0 MSIS Jenny 8.0 NaN NaN 6 John 10.0 MSIS NaN 7.0 Luci 7.0 MSIS Mercy 5.0 6.0 MSIS Michael 6.0 10.0 MBA 10 Shelby 1.0 10.0 MSIS

VALUES

POS. INDEX 3

df.loc[x,y] – one specific value

```
df.loc['Garland','hw2']
1.0
```



df.loc[x,y] – one row

```
df.loc['Garland',:]
```

```
df.loc['Garland']
```

RESULT:

hw1 9
hw2 1
program MSIS
Name: Garland, dtype: object

			0	1	2	
•	NDEX		hw1	hw2	program	COLUMNS
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	
POS. INDEX ON ROWS	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA	
ON NOWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	
						•

df.loc[x,y] - one column

```
df.loc[:,'hw1']
```

```
df['hw1']
df.hw1
```

RESULT:

Name		
Demetria	2.0	
Dorian	10.0	
Garland	9.0	
Iluminada	2.0	
Jeannine	6.0	
Jenny	8.0	
John	NaN	
Luci	7.0	
Mercy	5.0	
Michael	6.0	
Shelby	1.0	
Name: hw1,	dtype:	float64

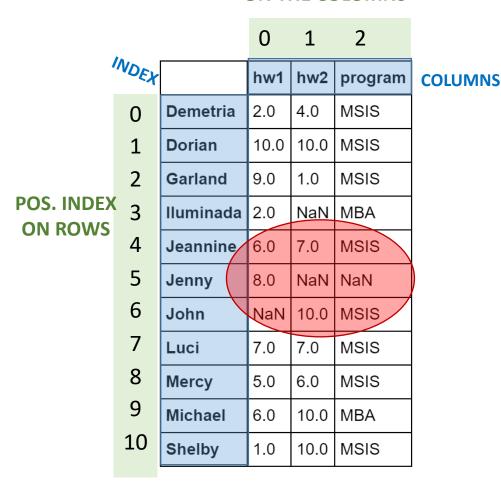
			0	1	2	
INDEX			hw1	hw2	program	COLUMNS
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	
POS. INDEX ON ROWS	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA	
ON KOWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	
	10	Shelby	0.0	10.0	MSIS	

df.loc[x,y] – using Boolean masks

Select those students whose name starts with 'J'

```
mask = (df.index >= 'J') & (df.index < 'K')
df.loc[mask,:]</pre>
```

hw1	hw2	program
6.0	7.0	MSIS
8.0	NaN	NaN
NaN	10.0	MSIS
	6.0	6.0 7.0 8.0 NaN



Problems

- 1. Retrieve Shelby's hw1 grade
- 2. Retrieve Shelby's information
- 3. Who obtained the highest grade in hw2? Note that there are ties
- 4. Find those students who obtained the same score in hw1 and in hw2.
- 5. Find the average hw1 score of those students who got a hw2 score greater than 5.

sort_values

Sort the rows based on the value of a column

df.sort_values(by='hw1',ascending=False)

	hw1	hw2	program
Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS
Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS
Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN
Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS
Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS
Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA
Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS
Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS
lluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS
John	NaN	10.0	MSIS

df.sort_values(by=['hw1','hw2'],ascending=[False, True])

	hw1	hw2	program
Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS
Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS
Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN
Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS
Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS
Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA
Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS
Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS
lluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS
John	NaN	10.0	MSIS

ON THE COLUMNS

POSITIONAL INDEX

COLUMNS

		4.		0	1	2
		NDEX		hw1	hw2	program
True])		0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS
		1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS
		2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS
POS. I		3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
ONK	ON ROWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS
		5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN
		6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS
		7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS
		8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS
		9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA
		10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS
I						

sort_index

Sort by the index labels

df.sort_index()

	hw1	hw2	program
Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS
Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS
Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS
lluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS
Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN
John	NaN	10.0	MSIS
Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS
Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS
Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA
Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

COLUMNS

			0	1	2	
4	INDEX		hw1	hw2	program	
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	
POS. INDEX ON ROWS	3	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
ON KOWS		Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	
		Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	

head and tail

Return the first or last rows

df.head(4)

	hw1	hw2	program
Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS
Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS
Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS
lluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA

df.tail(3)

	hw1	hw2	program
Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS
Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA
Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

COLUMNS

	A.						
	INDEX		hw1	hw2	program		
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS		
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS		
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS		
POS. INDEX	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA		
ON ROWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS		
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN		
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS		
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS		

5.0

6.0

1.0

6.0

MSIS

10.0 MBA

10.0 MSIS

Mercy

10

Michael

Shelby

Problems

- 1. Sort the MSIS students by hw2 descending.
- 2. Show **only** the field *hw1* of the four students with the largest hw2 grade (do not use nlargest on the dataframe... it has bugs)

mean, max, min, etc

Aggregate functions will be broadcasted to all columns (axis = 0, default) or rows

df.mean()

hw1 5.600000 hw2 7.222222 dtype: float64

df.mean(axis=1)						
Demetria	3.0					
Dorian	10.0					
Garland	5.0					
Iluminada	2.0					
Jeannine	6.5					
Jenny	8.0					
John	10.0					
Luci	7.0					
Mercy	5.5					
Michael	8.0					
Shelby	5.5					
dtype: floa	t64					

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

COLUMNS

			0	1	2	
INDE			hw1	hw2	program	
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	
POS. INDEX ON ROWS	3	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA
ON KOWS		Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	
		Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	

Problems

- 1. Compute the spread (i.e., highest minus lowest hw grade) of each student. Consider only the students who submitted both homeworks
- 2. Who has the largest spread?

Adding rows

A new student has joined. His name is Oliver and he is the MSIS program; his hw1 is missing and his hw2 score is 8.

```
df2 = df.copy()

import numpy as np
df2.loc['Oliver'] = [np.nan,8,'MSIS']
df2
```

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

2 **COLUMNS** INDEX hw1 hw2 program Name Demetria 2.0 4.0 MSIS 10.0 MSIS Dorian 10.0 Garland 9.0 MSIS 1.0 **POS. INDEX** Iluminada 2.0 NaN MBA **ON ROWS** 6.0 Jeannine 7.0 MSIS 5 NaN NaN Jenny 8.0 6 10.0 MSIS John NaN 7.0 Luci 7.0 MSIS Mercy 6.0 5.0 MSIS Michael 10.0 MBA 6.0 Shelby 1.0 10.0 MSIS 11 Oliver NaN 8.0 MSIS

Adding rows

A new student has joined. Her name is Caroline and she got 4 in hw2. She is not in any program yet.

```
df2.loc['Caroline','hw2'] = 4
df2
```

			0	1	2	COLUMNS
•	NDEX		hw1	hw2	program	
		Name				
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	
POS. INDEX	3	Iluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA	
ON ROWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	
	11	Oliver	NaN	8.0	MSIS	
	12	Caroline	NaN	4.0	NaN	

Adding columns

Add an "empty" column hw3

```
df2 = df.copy()
```

```
df2['hw3'] = np.nan
df2
```

	*-		0	1	2	COL	UMN	IS
•	NDEX		hw1	hw2	program	hw3		
		Name	_					ı
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	NaN		
	3	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	NaN		
		Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	NaN		
POS. INDEX		lluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA	NaN		
ON ROWS	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	NaN		
	5	Jenny	8.0	NaN	NaN	NaN		
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	NaN		
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	NaN		
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	NaN		
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	NaN		
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	NaN		

Adding calculated columns

Let's add a column with the final grade. It is computed as 0.2*hw1 + 0.8*hw2.

POSITIONAL INDEX ON THE COLUMNS

<pre>df2 = df.copy()</pre>	
----------------------------	--

```
df2['finalGrade'] = 0.2 * df2['hw1'] + 0.8 * df2['hw2']
df2
```

POS. INDEX ON ROWS

			0	1	2	COLUMNS
INDEX			hw1	hw2	program	finalGrade
		Name				
	0	Demetria	2.0	4.0	MSIS	3.6
	1	Dorian	10.0	10.0	MSIS	10.0
	2	Garland	9.0	1.0	MSIS	2.6
X	3	lluminada	2.0	NaN	MBA	NaN
,	4	Jeannine	6.0	7.0	MSIS	6.8
	5	Jenny	8.0 NaN NaN		NaN	NaN
	6	John	NaN	10.0	MSIS	NaN
	7	Luci	7.0	7.0	MSIS	7.0
	8	Mercy	5.0	6.0	MSIS	5.8
	9	Michael	6.0	10.0	MBA	9.2
	10	Shelby	1.0	10.0	MSIS	8.2