

# Experiment 9

## Installation + Configuration (Nexus)

Nexus Repository is an **OpenSource repository** which supports various artifact formats, including Docker, Java and npm. With the help of Nexus, pipelines can be published and retrieved and their dependencies can be managed by using central repositories that are accessible from other environments.

## Installing Nexus in Linux

### Pre-Requisites

- 1) Java installed
- 2) Our machine configured with a non-root sudo user.

### Installing Java8

- 1) First update the package indexes using the command,  
`sudo apt update`
- 2) Install java using the following commands,  
`sudo apt-get install default-jre`  
`sudo apt-get install default-jdk`

*In case we have multiple versions of Java installed we can configure them using the command*  
`sudo update-alternatives --config java`

### Installing Jenkins

- 1) We need to download the Nexus repository in our device which can be downloaded using the following commands,  
`cd /opt`  
`sudo wget https://sonatype-download.global.ssl.fastly.net/repository/repositoryManager/3/nexus-3.16.1-02-unix.tar.gz`  
`sudo tar -zxvf nexus-3.16.1-02-unix.tar.gz`  
`sudo mv /opt/nexus-3.16.1-02 /opt/nexus`
- 2) It is not a good practice to run the Nexus services as a root user so we will use create a user named Nexus for the same purpose and will grant it sudo access.,  
`sudo echo "nexus ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL" >> visudo`
- 3) Set the password for the nexus user to be null using the command,  
`sudo apt update`
- 4) Change the owner and the file settings,  
`sudo chown -R nexus:nexus /opt/nexus`  
`sudo chown -R nexus:nexus /opt/sonatype-work`
- 5) Add nexus services to run at boot time,  
`sudo echo 'run_as_user="nexus"' > /opt/nexus/bin/nexus.rc`  
`sudo ln -s /opt/nexus/bin/nexus /etc/init.d/nexus`

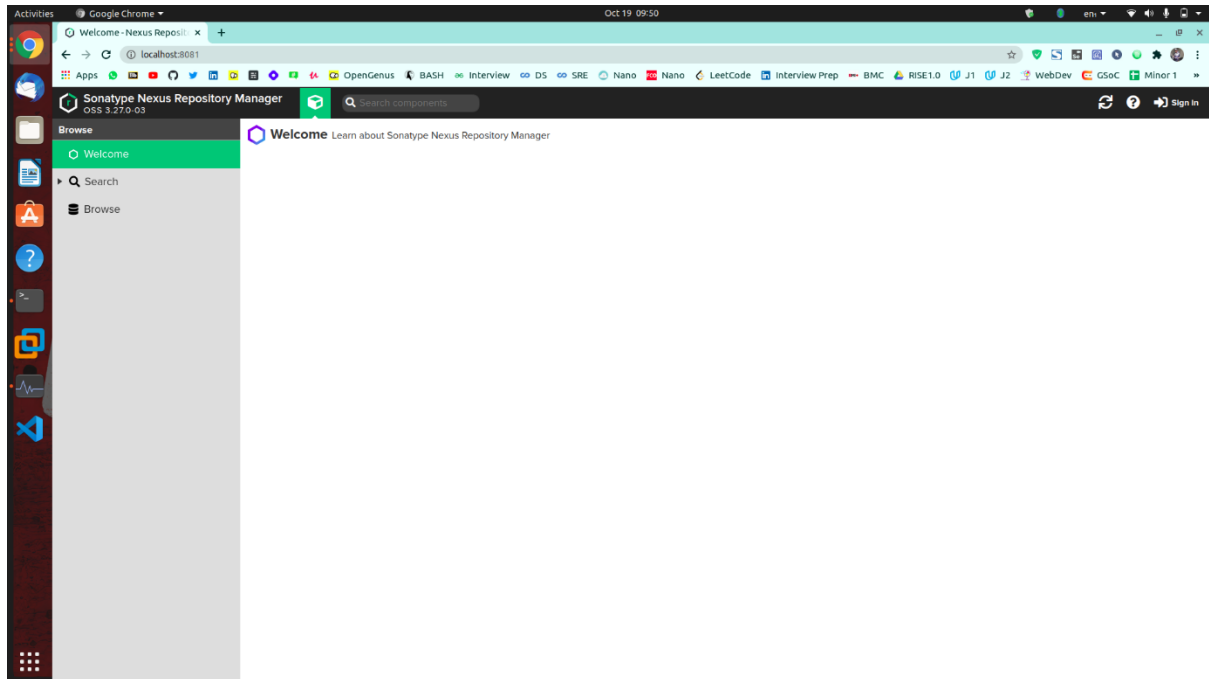
- 6) Login as nexus user and start the services,

```
su - nexus
```

```
/etc/init.d/nexus start
```

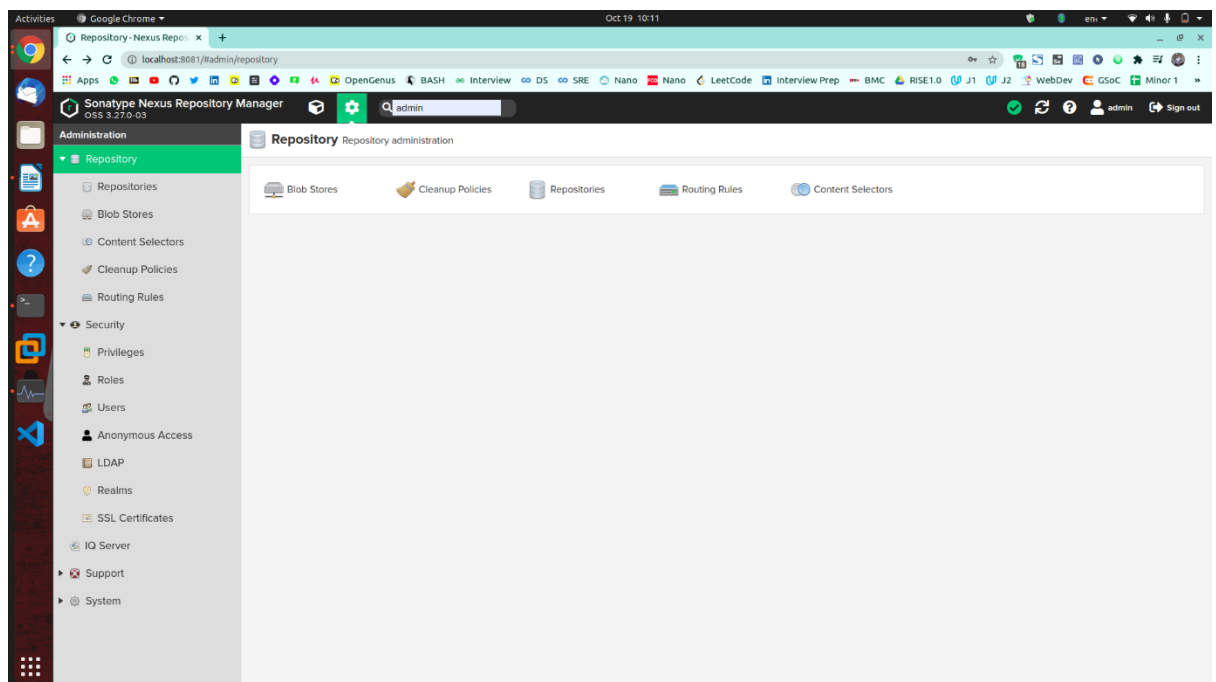
*For local devices the IP used will be 127.0.0.1:8081*

*The nexus services will be available on 8081 port on our IP*

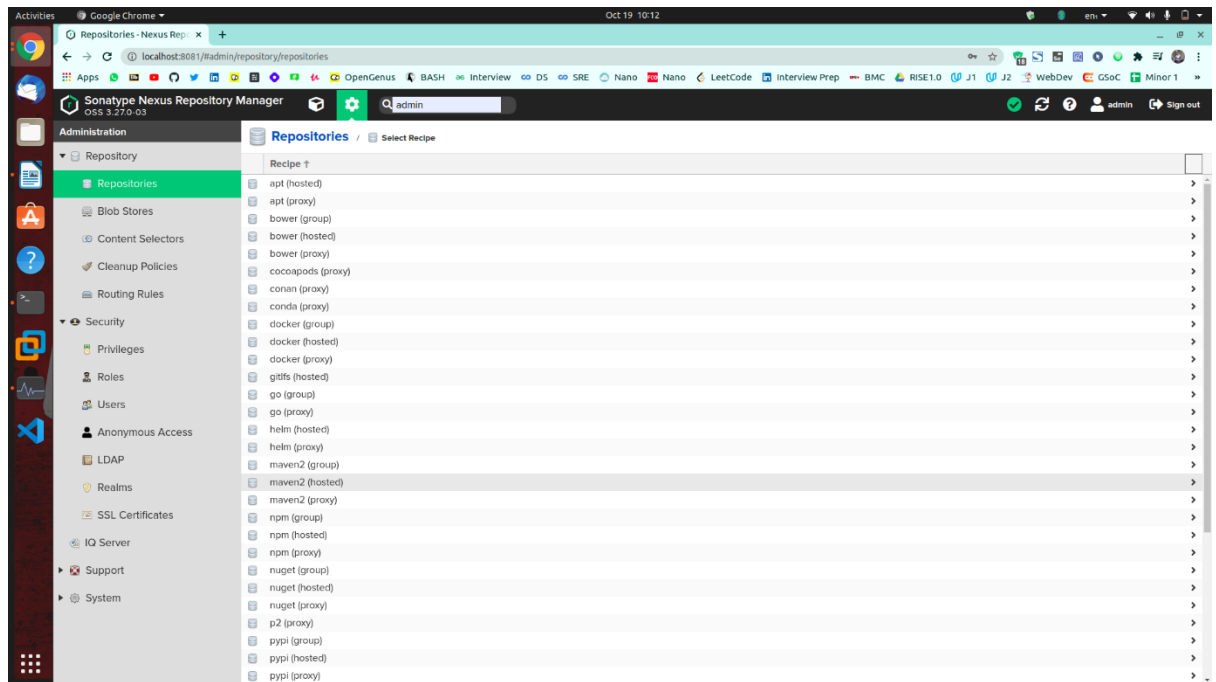


## Creating first Nexus Project

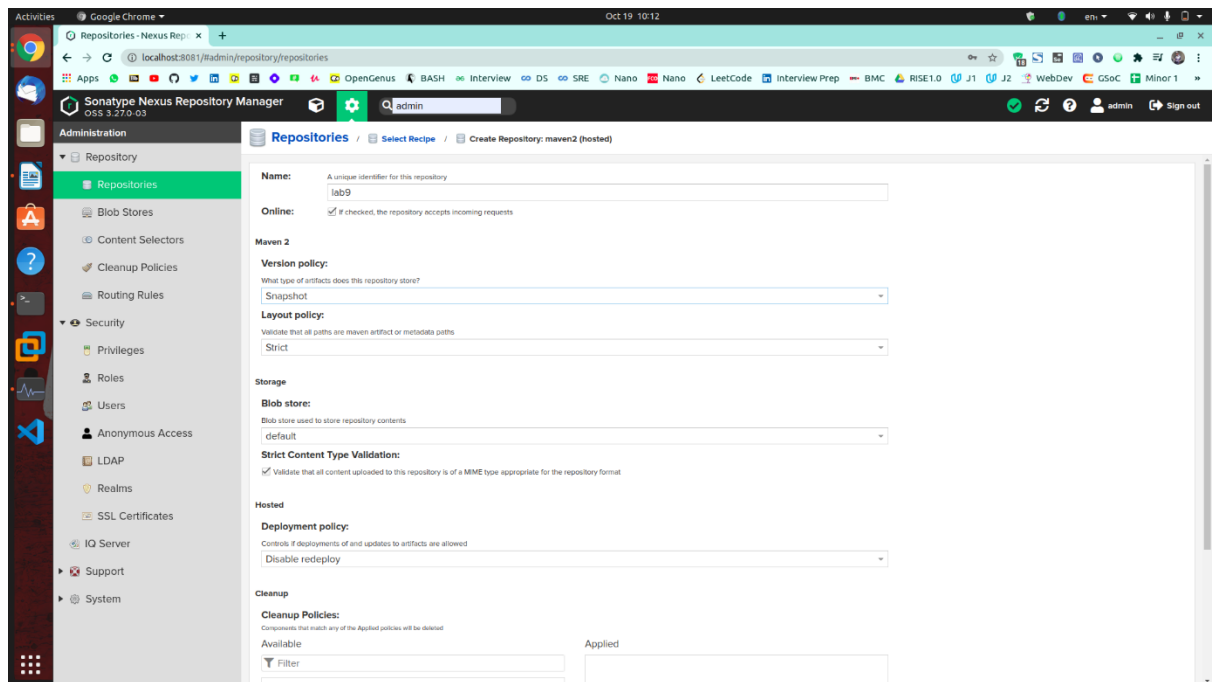
- 1) Login and set password for Nexus repository.



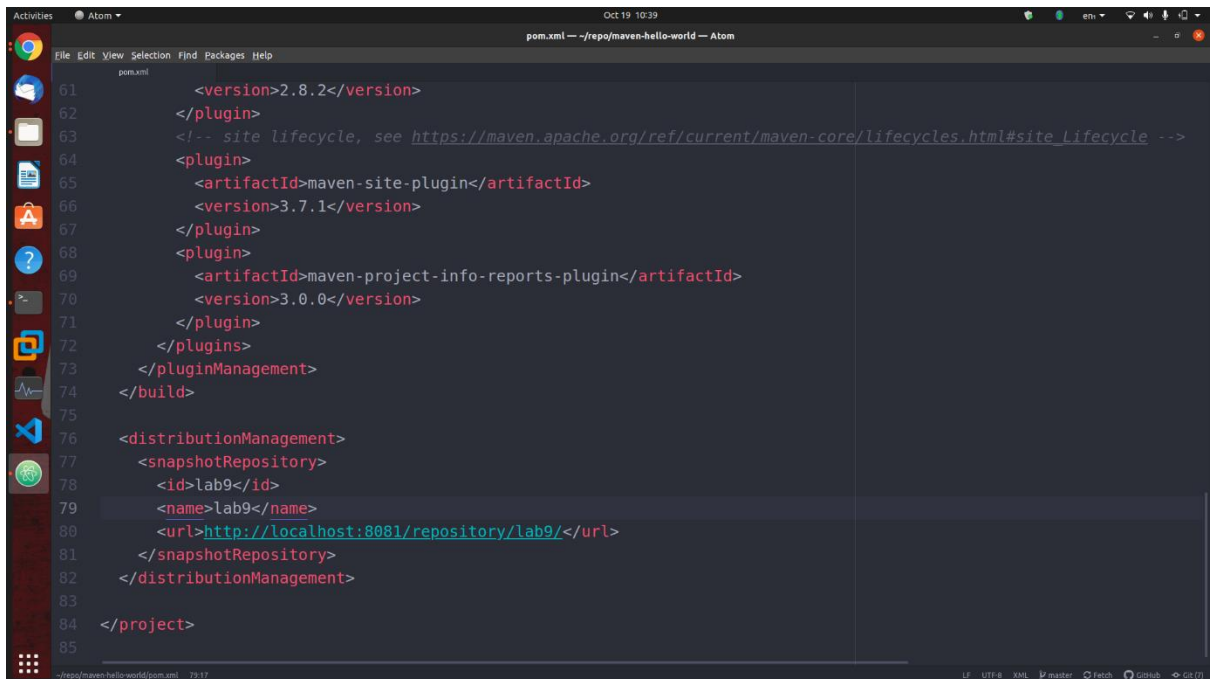
2) Create a *maven2 (hosted)* repository.



3) Define the settings for the maven hosted repository.

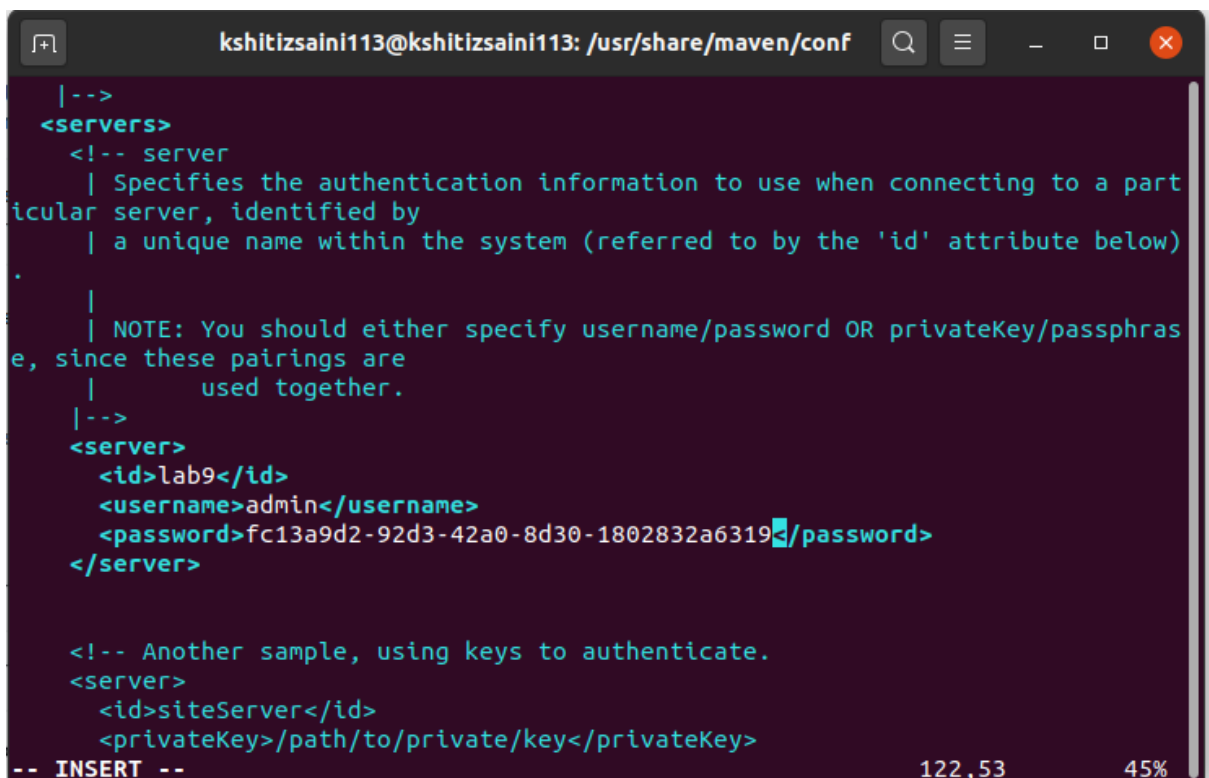


- 4) Add the settings to pom.xml of the project.



```
61     <version>2.8.2</version>
62   </plugin>
63   <!-- site lifecycle, see https://maven.apache.org/ref/current/maven-core/lifecycles.html#site_Lifecycle -->
64   <plugin>
65     <artifactId>maven-site-plugin</artifactId>
66     <version>3.7.1</version>
67   </plugin>
68   <plugin>
69     <artifactId>maven-project-info-reports-plugin</artifactId>
70     <version>3.0.0</version>
71   </plugin>
72 </plugins>
73 </pluginManagement>
74 </build>
75
76 <distributionManagement>
77   <snapshotRepository>
78     <id>lab9</id>
79     <name>lab9</name>
80     <url>http://localhost:8081/repository/lab9/</url>
81   </snapshotRepository>
82 </distributionManagement>
83
84 </project>
85
```

- 5) Add the configuration for the maven repository on the maven configuration file.



```
kshitzsaini113@kshitzsaini113: /usr/share/maven/conf
|-->
<!-->
<!-- server
  | Specifies the authentication information to use when connecting to a part
  |icular server, identified by
  | a unique name within the system (referred to by the 'id' attribute below)
  |
  | NOTE: You should either specify username/password OR privateKey/passphras
  |e, since these pairings are
  |   used together.
  |-->
<server>
  <id>lab9</id>
  <username>admin</username>
  <password>fc13a9d2-92d3-42a0-8d30-1802832a6319</password>
</server>

<!-- Another sample, using keys to authenticate.
<server>
  <id>siteServer</id>
  <privateKey>/path/to/private/key</privateKey>
-- INSERT --
```

- 6) Run the mvn deploy goal and the artifact will be available on the maven repository.

