Azure DevOps Assignment week 8

1. Configure Dashboard and Queries for Work Items

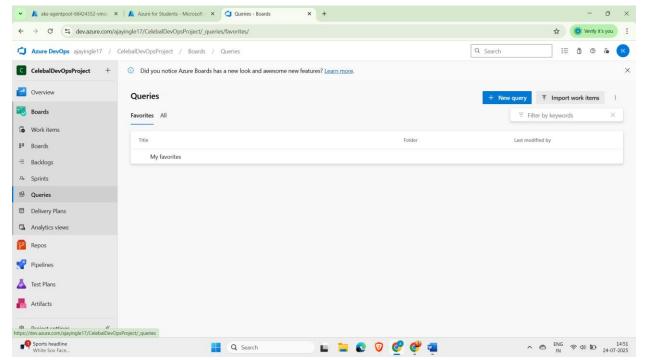
Objective: To track and visualize work items effectively using Azure Boards, dashboards, and query configurations.

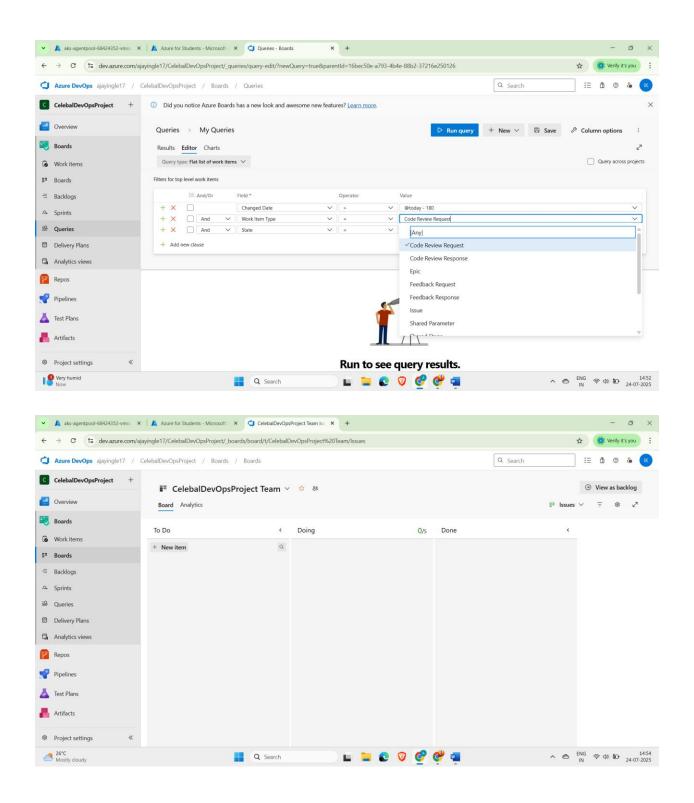
Theoretical Description: Azure DevOps allows you to manage work using Boards. You can create queries to filter work items and then visualize them using Dashboards with charts and widgets.

Steps:

- 1. Go to Azure DevOps Project > Boards > Queries.
- 2. Click "New Query" and define conditions (e.g., Assigned To, State).
- 3. Save the query in Shared Queries.
- 4. Navigate to Dashboards > Click on "New Dashboard".
- 5. Add widgets like Charts, Query Tile, Sprint Overview, etc.
- 6. Configure each widget to point to your saved queries.

- Using Queries in Azure Boards
- YouTube Video: Watch Here





2. Use Pipeline Variables while Configuring Pipelines

Objective: To make pipelines dynamic and reusable using variables.

Theoretical Description: Pipeline variables store values used across pipelines. They allow dynamic configuration of values like environment name, version, etc.

Steps:

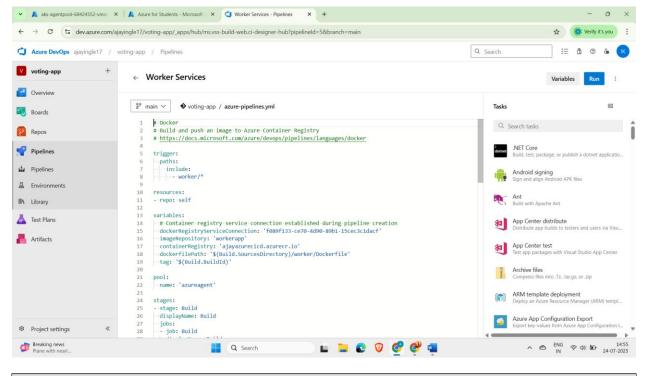
- 1. Go to Pipelines > Select/Edit your YAML pipeline.
- 2. Declare variables:

```
variables:
   environment: 'dev'
   version: '1.0.0'
```

3. Use them in tasks:

```
script: echo Deploying version $(version) to $(environment)
```

- Pipeline Variables Documentation
- YouTube Video: Watch Here



3. Use Variable and Task Groups in Pipelines and Set Scopes

Objective: To manage common variables/tasks across pipelines and apply scoped values to different stages.

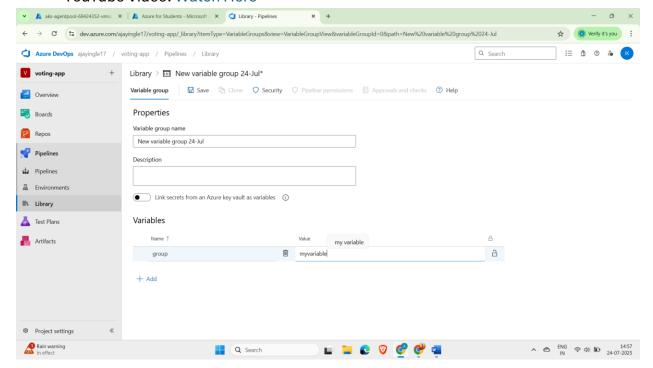
Theoretical Description: Variable groups store shared variables across pipelines. Task groups are reusable sets of tasks. Scopes can control when and where variables apply.

Steps:

- 1. Navigate to Pipelines > Library > Variable groups.
- 2. Click "Add" and define variables.
- 3. Link to pipeline YAML using variableGroup.
- 4. To scope:

```
variables:
    - group: MyVariables
stages:
    - stage: Build
    variables:
          - name: env
          value: 'dev'
```

- Variable Groups
- YouTube Video: Watch Here



4. Create a Service Connection

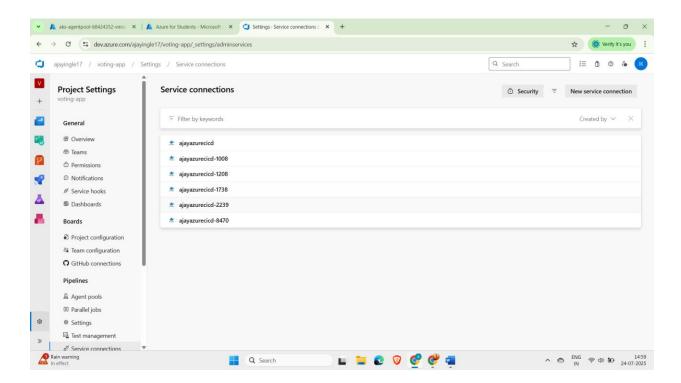
Objective: To connect Azure DevOps to external services like Azure, Docker, GitHub, etc.

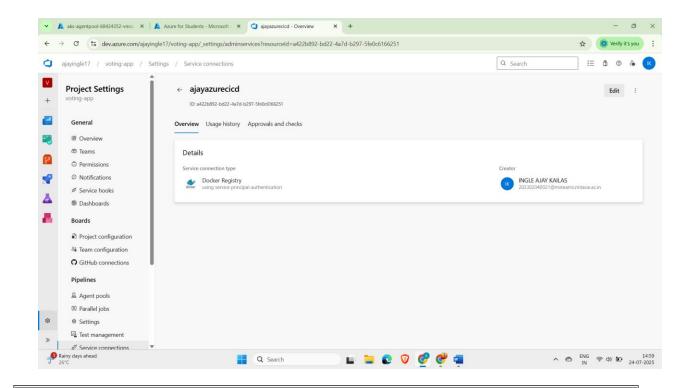
Theoretical Description: Service connections provide credentials for external systems, allowing tasks like deployment and artifact push.

Steps:

- 1. Navigate to Project Settings > Service Connections.
- 2. Click "New Service Connection" > Select Azure Resource Manager.
- 3. Authenticate via Service Principal or Azure CLI.
- 4. Give connection a name and verify.

- Service Connections
- YouTube Video: Watch Here





5. Create a Linux/Windows Self-Hosted Agent

Objective: To create custom agent machines to execute pipelines.

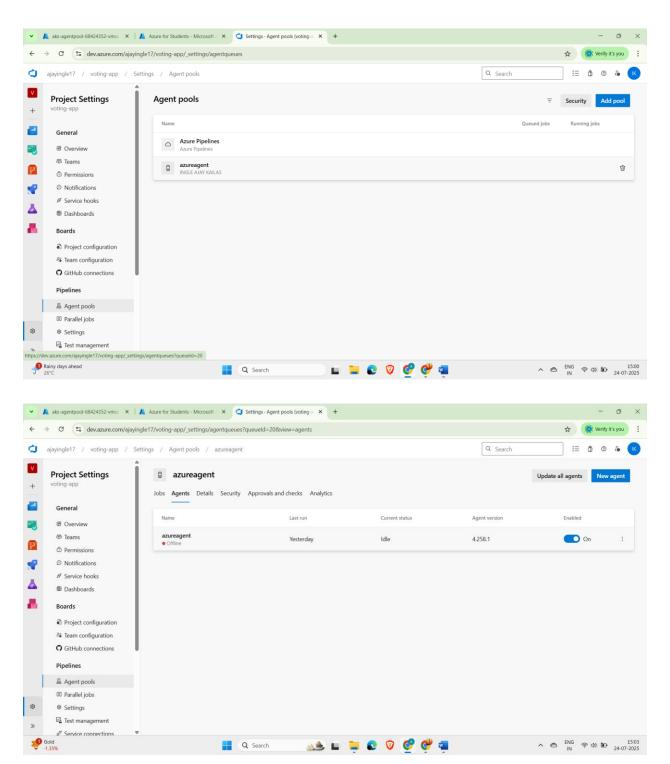
Theoretical Description: Self-hosted agents allow more control over the environment and installed tools.

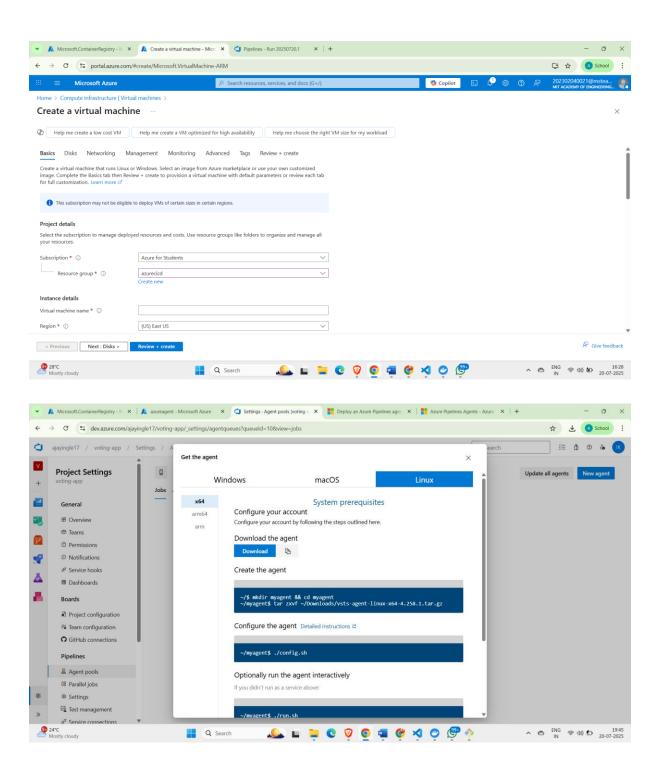
Steps:

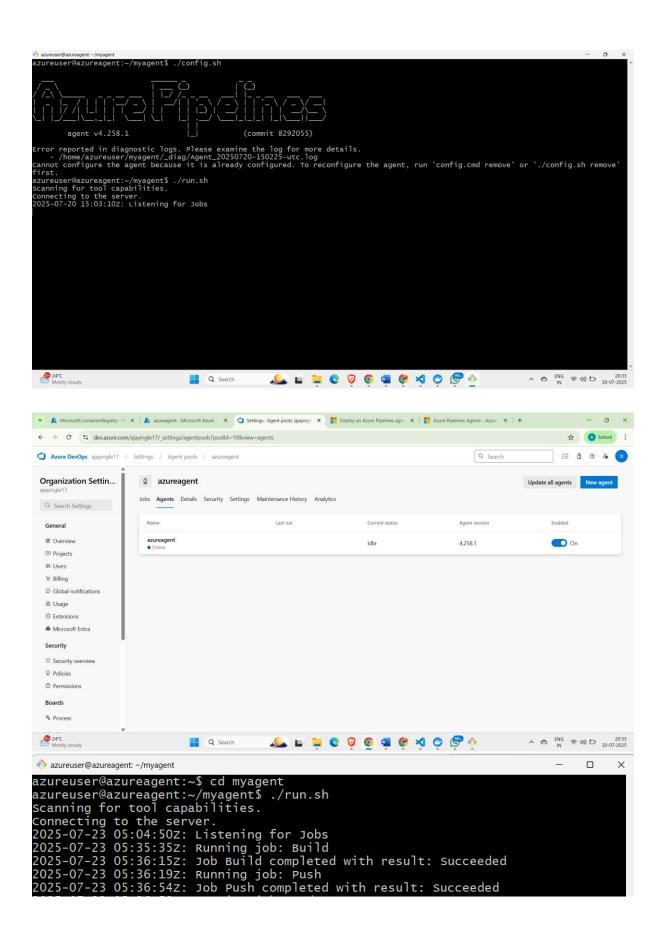
- 1. Navigate to Project Settings > Agent Pools.
- 2. Add a new pool or use default.
- 3. Click "New agent" and choose OS.
- 4. Download agent package and configure using command-line:

```
./config.sh --unattended --url https://dev.azure.com/ORG --auth PAT
./svc.sh install
./svc.sh start
```

- Linux Agent Guide
- YouTube Video: Watch Here







6. Apply Pre and Post-Deployment Approvers in Release Pipeline

Objective: To control deployment flow and enforce approvals.

Theoretical Description: Approvers can review and approve deployments before or after stages.

Steps:

- 1. Go to Pipelines > Releases > Edit pipeline.
- 2. Select stage > Click on pre/post-deployment conditions.
- 3. Add users/groups as approvers.
- 4. Enable timeout, rejections, and comments.

Resources:

- Approvals Documentation
- YouTube Video: Watch Here

7. CI/CD Pipeline to Build and Push Docker Image to ACR and Deploy to AKS

Objective: Automate containerization and deployment to Kubernetes (AKS).

Steps:

- 1. Configure ACR and AKS service connections.
- 2. YAML Example:

```
trigger:
    branches:
        include: [main]

variables:
    imageName: 'myapp'

pool:
    vmImage: 'ubuntu-latest'

steps:
    - task: Docker@2
    inputs:
        command: buildAndPush
        repository: $(imageName)
        dockerfile: '**/Dockerfile'
        containerRegistry: 'ACR-SC'
```

- task: Kubernetes@1
inputs:

connectionType: 'Azure Resource Manager'

kubernetesServiceEndpoint: 'AKS-SC'

command: apply

useConfigurationFile: true

configuration: 'manifests/deployment.yaml'

- CI/CD to AKS
- YouTube Video: Watch Here

