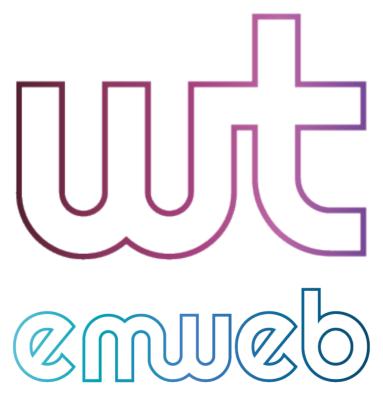
Migrating a C++03 library to C++11 case study: Wt 4





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What is Wt?

- First released in 2006
- Widget-based web framework:
 - Inspired by desktop GUI frameworks
 - Abstracts away underlying web technologies (HTML, JavaScript, Ajax, WebSockets,...), graceful degradation depending on available technologies
 - Qt in particular
 - Use: embedded and as frontend for C++-based applications

Wt (3) application

```
#include <Wt/WApplication>
#include <Wt/WContainerWidget>
#include <Wt/WServer>
Wt::WApplication *createApplication(const Wt::WEnvironment &env)
  auto app = new Wt::WApplication(env);
  Wt::WContainerWidget *root = app->root();
 // ...
  return app;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  return Wt::WRun(argc, argv, &createApplication);
```

C++

```
Wt::WContainerWidget *root = app->root();
Wt::WPushButton *button =
                                                    button
                                                                     text
    new Wt::WPushButton("Click me!");
root->addWidget(button);
Wt::WText *text =
                                                          HTML
    new Wt::WText("Button not clicked yet!");
root->addWidget(text);
                                              <div ...>
button->clicked().connect(std::bind([text]{
                                                  text->setText("Button clicked!");
                                                    Click me!
}));
                                                  </button>
                                                  <span ...>
                                                    Button not clicked yet!
     Click me!
             Button not clicked yet!
                                                  </span>
                                              </div>
             Button clicked!
     Click me!
```

root

Wt 4 goals

- Make using Wt fun!
 - More clear and safe (especially memory model)
 - Faster compilation
 - Familiar: aligned with modern C++ practices
- Fix problems in API
- But:
 - Keep it consistent
 - Breaking changes should break at compile time

Problem #1: non-obvious memory model

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/46251809/how-does-wt-c-call-delete-for-allocated-objects

"How does Wt C++ call delete for allocated objects"

"When looking at any given Wt C++ example, there are a lot of new calls but how do these even get deleted? [...]"

Wt 3: creation and adding of a new widget

Method 1: construct, and explicit addWidget call: Wt::WContainerWidget *container = ... Wt::WPushButton *button = new Wt::WPushButton("Click me!"); // button may leak, not exception safe container->addWidget(button); // ownership transferred: not obvious! Method 2: passing container to constructor Wt::WContainerWidget *container = ... Wt::WPushButton *button = new Wt::WPushButton("Click me: , sontainer); // need to be careful in wt implementation. // Effective C++ icem #9: Never call virtual runstions during construction

or destruction!

No transfer of ownership?

```
Wt::WContainerWidget *container = ...
auto button = std::make_unique<Wt::WPushButton>("Click me!");
container->addWidget(button.get());
// save button until it is no longer needed
```

Pros

- exception: doesn't leak
 what if but
- clear

- what if button is deleted?
 - Remove from widget tree: button disappears!
 - Let pointer dangle: undefined behaviour

Cons

- cumbersome
- Wt 3 code: compiles but leaks!

shared_ptr?

```
Wt::WContainerWidget *container = ...
auto button = std::make_shared<Wt::WPushButton>("Click me!");
container->addWidget(button);
button->clicked().connect([button]{
   button->setText("I was clicked!");
});
```

Pros

exception: doesn't leak

Cons

- * ownership less clear
- watch out for memory leaks
- thread safety unnecessary

Wt 4: same ownership, with unique_ptr

```
Wt::WContainerWidget *container = ...
auto button = std::make unique<Wt::WPushButton>("Click me!");
container->addWidget(std::move(button));
// button == nullptr
auto text = std::make unique<Wt::WText>("Button not clicked yet!");
container->addWidget(std::move(text));
// text == nullptr
button->clicked().connect([t=text.get()]{
  t->setText("Button clicked!");
```

Pros

- exception: doesn't leak
- clear

Cons

- * a bit more verbose
- widget is null after move

Catching use-after-move

run-clang-tidy.py -checks=-*,misc-use-after-move

addWidget returning Widget*

```
virtual void addWidget(std::unique_ptr<Wt::WWidget> widget);

template<typename Widget>
   Widget *addWidget(std::unique_ptr<Widget> widget)
{
   Widget *result = widget.get();
   addWidget(std::unique_ptr<Wt::WWidget>(std::move(widget)));
   return result;
}
```

addWidget returning Widget*

observing_ptr

- What if the widget emitting the signal outlives widgets used in the slot?
- Wt::Core::observing_ptr
- Every widget is observable (Wt::Core::observable)
- Simple std::vector<Wt::Core::observing_ptr*> implementation
- Optional: usually unnecessary

Replacing boost

- A lot is now part of the STL
- Boost headers slowed compilation
- On Windows: using Boost in public API required distributing binary builds with Boost.

Replacing boost

Wt 3	Wt 4
Boost.Signals2	Own implementation*
Boost.Any	Wt::cpp17::any (included implementation: github.com/thelink2012/any, std::any or std::experimental::any)
Boost.Thread	Mostly STL <thread></thread>
Boost.Regex (Perl-compatible!)	STL <regex> (ECMAScript!)</regex>
Boost.Random	STL <random></random>
Boost.Asio	Boost.Asio <i>or</i> standalone
Boost.Date_Time	STL <chrono> + Howard Hinnant's date library</chrono>

^{*}based on https://testbit.eu/cpp11-signal-system-performance/, but heavily modified

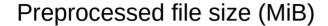
Wt 3: Boost.Signals2 stack trace

```
std:: Bind<main(int, char**)::<lambda(const Wt::WEnvironment&)>::<lambda()>()>::operator()<Wt::WMouseEvent, void> ...
    boost::detail::function::void function obj invoker1<std:: Bind<main(int, char**)::<lambda(const Wt::WEnvironment&)>:: ...
    0x00007ffff6bb5215 in boost::function1void. Wt::WMouseEvent>::operator() (this=0x7fffd400e748, a0=...) at ...
    0x00007ffff6bb4708 in boost::signals2::detail::call with tuple args<boost::signals2::detail::void type>::m invoke ...
    0x00007ffff6bb34f0 in boost::signals2::detail::call_with_tuple_args<boost::signals2::detail::void_type>::operator() ...
    0x00007ffff6bbla8b in boost::signals2::detail::variadic slot invoker<boost::signals2::detail::void type, ...
    0x00007ffff6baf6ac in boost::signals2::detail::slot call iterator t<boost::signals2::detail::variadic slot invoker ...
    0x00007ffff6badb4c in boost::iterators::iterator core access::dereference<boost::signals2::detail:: ...
    0x00007ffff6bac472 in boost::iterators::detail::iterator facade base<boost::signals2::detail::slot call iterator t ...
    0x00007ffff6baaaa5 in boost::signals2::optional last value<void>::operator()<boost::signals2::detail:: ...</pre>
#10 0x00007ffff6ba8c7c in boost::signals2::detail::combiner invoker<void>::operator()<boost::signals2:: ...
#11 0x00007ffff6ba6fd1 in boost::signals2::detail::signal impl<void (Wt::WMouseEvent), boost::signals2:: ...
\star #12 0x00007ffff6f0d0bc in boost::signals2::signal<void (\overline{
m WT}::WMouseEvent), boost::signals2::optional last value<void>, ...
#13 0x00007ffff6f0b80d in Wt::EventSignal<Wt::WMouseEvent>::processDynamic (this=0x7fffd400d2f0, jse=...) at ...
#14 0x00007ffff72376b2 in Wt::WebSession::processSignal (this=0x7fffd4000940, s=0x7fffd400d2f0, se="", request=..., ...
#15 0x00007ffff72373bf in Wt::WebSession::notifySignal (this=0x7fffd4000940, e=...) at ../../src/web/WebSession.C:3011
#16 0x00007ffff7231ce5 in Wt::WebSession::notify (this=0x7fffd4000940.event=...) at ../../src/web/WebSession.C:2559
#17 0x00007ffff6ab3332 in Wt::WApplication::notify (this=0x7fffd4005460, e=...) at ../../src/Wt/WApplication.C:1510
#18 0x00007ffff7229f79 in Wt::WebSession::handleRequest (this=0x7fffd4000940, handler=...) at ...
#19 0x00007ffff72097ff in Wt::WebController::handleRequest (this=0x660810, request=0x7fffcc001ba0) at ...
```

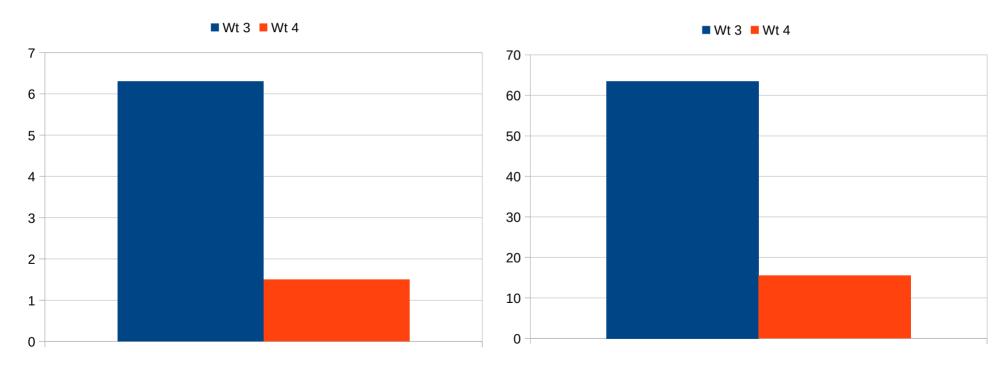
Wt 4 stack trace

```
#0 <lambda(const Wt::WEnvironment&)>::<lambda()>::operator()(void) const (__closure=0x7fffcc008330) at ...
#1 0x000000000040dca5 in std::_Function_handler<void(), main(int, char**)::<lambda(const Wt::WEnvironment&)>:: ...
#2 0x000000000040fc0a in std::function<void ()>::operator()() const (this=0x7fffcc008330) ...
#3 0x000000000040f961 in Wt::Signals::Impl::ConnectHelper<0, Wt::WMouseEvent>::connect(Wt::Signals::Signal ...
#4 0x0000000000410lee in std::_Function_handler<void (Wt::WMouseEvent), Wt::Signals::Impl::ConnectHelper<0, ...
#5 0x00007ffff75dbec1 in std::function<void (Wt::WMouseEvent)>::operator()(Wt::WMouseEvent) const ...
#6 0x00007ffff75dc67c in Wt::Signals::Impl::ProtoSignal<Wt::WMouseEvent>::emit (this=<optimized out>, args#0=...) ...
#7 0x00007ffff796dff in Wt::WebSession::processSignal (this=this@entry=0x7fffdc008f80, jse=...) ...
#8 0x00007ffff796dff in Wt::WebSession::notify (this=0x7fffdc001bf0, event=...) at ../../src/web/WebSession.C:2543
#11 0x00007ffff7578cca in Wt::WApplication::notify (this=<optimized out>, e=...) at ../../src/wt/WApplication.C:1480
#12 0x00007ffff796f728 in Wt::WebSession::handleRequest (this=0x7fffdc001bf0, handler=...) at ../../src/web/WebSession.C:1692
#13 0x00007ffff795c71f in Wt::WebController::handleRequest (this=0x663fd0, request=<optimized out>) at ...
```

Eliminating Boost includes

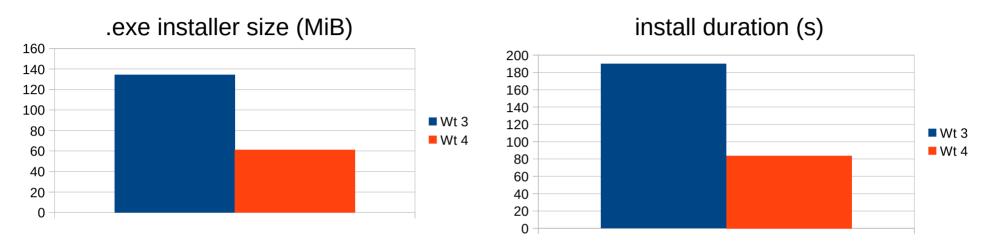


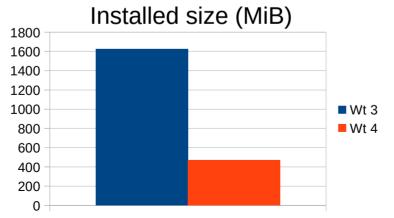
Compilation time (ms, hot cache)



GCC 5.4.0, average of 1000 compiles, -O3 -std=c++14, without linking on running example

Windows installer size reduction





Conclusions

- Explicit ownership is nice, not straightforward to adapt our ownership model to it
- Additions to STL are a great opportunity to shed some (compilation) weight
- Wt 4 released last week: verdict still out on user response

Get Wt 4 at https://www.webtoolkit.eu

Questions?