

Python Programming

Day-4

1) PERFECT NUMBER -

```
def is_perfect_number(n):  
    if n < 1:  
        return False  
  
    divisors_sum = 0  
    for i in range(1, n):  
        if n % i == 0:  
            divisors_sum += i  
  
    return divisors_sum == n  
  
number = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
if is_perfect_number(number):  
    print(f"{number} is a perfect number.")  
else:  
    print(f"{number} is not a perfect number.")
```

2) TRANSPOSAL MATRIX-

```
def print_matrix(matrix):  
    for row in matrix:  
        print(" ".join(map(str, row)))
```

```
def transpose_matrix(matrix):  
    rows = len(matrix)  
    cols = len(matrix[0])  
    transposed = [[0 for _ in range(rows)] for _ in range(cols)]  
  
    for i in range(rows):  
        for j in range(cols):  
            transposed[j][i] = matrix[i][j]  
  
    return transposed
```

```
matrix = [  
    [1, 2, 3],  
    [4, 5, 6],  
    [7, 8, 9]
```

```
]
```

```
print("Original Matrix:")
```

```
print_matrix(matrix)
```

```
transposed_matrix = transpose_matrix(matrix)
```

```
print("\nTransposed Matrix:")
```

```
print_matrix(transposed_matrix)
```

3) ROW AND COLUMN -

```
def print_matrix(matrix):
```

```
    for row in matrix:
```

```
        print(" ".join(map(str, row)))
```

```
def row_sums(matrix):
```

```
    return [sum(row) for row in matrix]
```

```
def column_sums(matrix):
```

```
num_cols = len(matrix[0])
```

```
return [sum(matrix[row][col] for row in range(len(matrix))) for col in  
range(num_cols)]
```

```
def diagonal_sums(matrix):
```

```
    primary_diagonal = sum(matrix[i][i] for i in range(len(matrix)))
```

```
    secondary_diagonal = sum(matrix[i][len(matrix) - i - 1] for i in  
range(len(matrix)))
```

```
    return primary_diagonal, secondary_diagonal
```

```
matrix = [
```

```
    [1, 2, 3],
```

```
    [4, 5, 6],
```

```
    [7, 8, 9]
```

```
]
```

```
print("Matrix:")
```

```
print_matrix(matrix)
```

```
row_sums_result = row_sums(matrix)
```

```
column_sums_result = column_sums(matrix)
```

```
primary_diagonal_sum, secondary_diagonal_sum = diagonal_sums(matrix)
```

```
print("\nRow sums:", row_sums_result)

print("Column sums:", column_sums_result)

print("Primary diagonal sum:", primary_diagonal_sum)

print("Secondary diagonal sum:", secondary_diagonal_sum)
```

4) BOUNDARY ELEMENT OF THE MATRIX -

```
def print_matrix(matrix):

    for row in matrix:

        print(" ".join(map(str, row)))


def boundary_sum(matrix):

    if not matrix or not matrix[0]:

        return 0


    rows = len(matrix)

    cols = len(matrix[0])

    total_sum = 0
```

```
for col in range(cols):
```

```
    total_sum += matrix[0][col]
```

```
if rows > 1:
```

```
    for col in range(cols):
```

```
        total_sum += matrix[rows - 1][col]
```

```
for row in range(1, rows - 1):
```

```
    total_sum += matrix[row][0] # Left column
```

```
    if cols > 1:
```

```
        total_sum += matrix[row][cols - 1] # Right column
```

```
return total_sum
```

```
matrix = [
```

```
    [1, 2, 3],
```

```
    [4, 5, 6],
```

```
    [7, 8, 9]
```

```
]
```

```
print("Matrix:")

print_matrix(matrix)

boundary_sum_result = boundary_sum(matrix)

print("\nSum of boundary elements:", boundary_sum_result)
```

5. SPIRAL ORDER -

```
def spiral_order(matrix):

    if not matrix:

        return []

    result = []

    top, bottom = 0, len(matrix) - 1

    left, right = 0, len(matrix[0]) - 1

    while top <= bottom and left <= right:

        for i in range(left, right + 1):

            result.append(matrix[top][i])
```

```
top += 1
```

```
for i in range(top, bottom + 1):
```

```
    result.append(matrix[i][right])
```

```
right -= 1
```

```
if top <= bottom:
```

```
    for i in range(right, left - 1, -1):
```

```
        result.append(matrix[bottom][i])
```

```
bottom -= 1
```

```
if left <= right:
```

```
    for i in range(bottom, top - 1, -1):
```

```
        result.append(matrix[i][left])
```

```
left += 1
```

```
return result
```

```
matrix = [
```



```
[1, 2, 3, 4],  
[5, 6, 7, 8],  
[9, 10, 11, 12],  
[13, 14, 15, 16]  
]
```

```
print("Matrix:")  
  
for row in matrix:  
    print(" ".join(map(str, row)))  
  
spiral_order_result = spiral_order(matrix)  
  
print("\nMatrix in spiral order:")  
print(" ".join(map(str, spiral_order_result)))
```

6. SUM OF THE N NUMBERS -

```
def sum_of_n_numbers():  
    n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))  
  
    total_sum = 0
```

```

for i in range(n):

    num = float(input(f"Enter number {i+1}: "))

    total_sum += num


print(f"The sum of the {n} numbers is: {total_sum}")

```

```

sum_of_n_numbers()

```

7. SUM OF THR FACTORIAL-

```

def factorial(num):

    """Function to calculate the factorial of a number."""

    if num == 0 or num == 1:

        return 1

    else:

        return num * factorial(num - 1)


def sum_of_factorials(n):

    """Function to calculate the sum of factorials from 1! to n!."""

    total_sum = 0

    for i in range(1, n + 1):

```

```

        total_sum += factorial(i)

    return total_sum

n = int(input("Enter a number: "))

result = sum_of_factorials(n)

print(f"The sum of factorials from 1! to {n}! is: {result}")

```

8. SUM OF THE SQUARE ROOTS-

```

def sum_of_squares(n):

    """Function to calculate the sum of squares from 1^2 to n^2."""

    total_sum = sum(i**2 for i in range(1, n + 1))

    return total_sum

n = int(input("Enter a number: "))

result = sum_of_squares(n)

print(f"The sum of squares from 1^2 to {n}^2 is: {result}")

```

9) MEAN MEDIUM AND MODE OF THE ELEMENT -

```

from statistics import mean, median, mode, StatisticsError

```

```
def calculate_statistics(numbers):  
    """Function to calculate mean, median, and mode of a list of numbers."""  
  
    try:  
        mean_value = mean(numbers)  
  
    except StatisticsError:  
        mean_value = None  
  
    try:  
        median_value = median(numbers)  
  
    except StatisticsError:  
        median_value = None  
  
    try:  
        mode_value = mode(numbers)  
  
    except StatisticsError:  
        mode_value = None  
  
    return mean_value, median_value, mode_value  
  
numbers = [1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
mean_value, median_value, mode_value = calculate_statistics(numbers)
```

```
print(f"Mean: {mean_value}")
```

```
print(f"Median: {median_value}")
```

```
print(f"Mode: {mode_value}")
```

10) nth LARGEST NUMBER-

```
def nth_largest(numbers, n):
```

```
    """Function to find the nth largest number in a list."""
```

```
    if n > len(numbers):
```

```
        return None
```

```
    sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers, reverse=True)
```

```
    return sorted_numbers[n - 1]
```

```
numbers = [4, 2, 5, 1, 3, 7, 6]
```

```
n = int(input("Enter the value of n: "))
```

```
result = nth_largest(numbers, n)
```

if result is not None:

```
    print(f"The {n}th largest number is: {result}")
```

else:

```
    print(f"The list does not have {n} elements.")
```