```
import pandas as pd
In [ ]:
         df=pd.read_csv("Encoding Data.csv")
Out[2]:
             id \quad bin\_1 \quad bin\_2 \quad nom\_0 \quad ord\_2
             0
                    F
          0
                          Ν
                                Red
                                       Hot
                    F
                          Υ
                               Blue
                                     Warm
          2
             2
                    F
                          Ν
                               Blue
                                      Cold
             3
                    F
                                     Warm
          3
                          Ν
                              Green
             4
                    Т
                          Ν
                                Red
                                      Cold
             5
                    Т
                              Green
                                       Hot
                          Ν
                    F
                          Ν
                                Red
                                      Cold
             7
                    Т
                          Ν
                                Red
                                      Cold
                    F
                               Blue
             8
                          Ν
                                     Warm
                          Υ
                                Red
                                       Hot
In [ ]: from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder,OrdinalEncoder
         pm=['Hot','Warm','Cold']
         e1=OrdinalEncoder(categories=[pm])
         e1.fit_transform(df[["ord_2"]])
Out[3]: array([[0.],
                  [1.],
                 [2.],
                  [1.],
                  [2.],
                  [0.],
                 [2.],
```

[2.], [1.], [0.]])

```
In [ ]: df['bo2']=e1.fit_transform(df[["ord_2"]])
df
```

```
Out[4]:
             id bin_1 bin_2 nom_0 ord_2 bo2
                    F
              0
                           Ν
                                 Red
                                        Hot
                                              0.0
                    F
                                 Blue
              1
                           Υ
                                      Warm
                                              1.0
              2
                           Ν
                                 Blue
                                       Cold
                                              2.0
              3
                    F
                           Ν
                               Green
                                      Warm
                                              1.0
                    Т
                                 Red
                                       Cold
                                              2.0
                           Ν
                    Т
                           Ν
                               Green
                                        Hot
                                              0.0
              6
                    F
                                       Cold
                                              2.0
                           Ν
                                 Red
              7
                    Т
                                       Cold
                           Ν
                                 Red
                                              2.0
              8
                    F
                           Ν
                                 Blue
                                      Warm
                                              1.0
```

9

F

Υ

Red

```
In [ ]: le=LabelEncoder()
    dfc=df.copy()
    dfc['ord_2']=le.fit_transform(dfc['ord_2'])
    dfc
```

0.0

Hot

### Out[5]:

	id	bin_1	bin_2	nom_0	ord_2	bo2
0	0	F	N	Red	1	0.0
1	1	F	Υ	Blue	2	1.0
2	2	F	N	Blue	0	2.0
3	3	F	N	Green	2	1.0
4	4	Т	N	Red	0	2.0
5	5	Т	N	Green	1	0.0
6	6	F	N	Red	0	2.0
7	7	Т	N	Red	0	2.0
8	8	F	N	Blue	2	1.0
9	9	F	Υ	Red	1	0.0

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
    ohe = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False) # Change 'sparse' to 'sparse_output'
    df2 = df.copy()
    enc = pd.DataFrame(ohe.fit_transform(df2[['nom_0']]))
    df2 = pd.concat([df2, enc], axis=1)
    df2
```

### Out[8]:

	id	bin_1	bin_2	nom_0	ord_2	bo2	0	1	2
0	0	F	N	Red	Hot	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
1	1	F	Υ	Blue	Warm	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
2	2	F	N	Blue	Cold	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
3	3	F	N	Green	Warm	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
4	4	Т	N	Red	Cold	2.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
5	5	Т	N	Green	Hot	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
6	6	F	N	Red	Cold	2.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
7	7	Т	N	Red	Cold	2.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
8	8	F	N	Blue	Warm	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
9	9	F	Υ	Red	Hot	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0

# In [ ]: pip install --upgrade category\_encoders

```
Collecting category_encoders
```

Downloading category\_encoders-2.6.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (8.0 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.14.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
t-packages (from category\_encoders) (1.26.4)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit learny-0.20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python 3.10/dist-packages (from category\_encoders) (1.5.2)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from category\_encoders) (1.13.1)

Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1 0/dist-packages (from category\_encoders) (0.14.3)

Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from category encoders) (2.1.4)

Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from category\_encoders) (0.5.6)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /usr/local/lib/pytho n3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=1.0.5->category encoders) (2.8.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=1.0.5->category\_encoders) (2024.2)

Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di st-packages (from pandas>=1.0.5->category\_encoders) (2024.1)

Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from patsy>=0.5.1->category\_encoders) (1.16.0)

Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis t-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.20.0->category encoders) (1.4.2)

Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python 3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.20.0->category encoders) (3.5.0)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/d ist-packages (from statsmodels>=0.9.0->category\_encoders) (24.1)

Downloading category\_encoders-2.6.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (81 kB)

- 81.9/81.9 kB 2.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00

Installing collected packages: category\_encoders
Successfully installed category\_encoders-2.6.3

```
In [ ]: from category_encoders import BinaryEncoder
df=pd.read_csv("data.csv")
df
```

### Out[10]:

	id	bin_1	bin_2	City	Ord_1	Ord_2	Target
0	0	F	N	Delhi	Hot	High School	0
1	1	F	Υ	Bangalore	Warm	Masters	1
2	2	М	N	Mumbai	Very Hot	Diploma	1
3	3	М	Υ	Chennai	Cold	Bachelors	0
4	4	М	Υ	Delhi	Cold	Bachelors	1
5	5	F	N	Delhi	Very Hot	Masters	0
6	6	М	N	Chennai	Warm	PhD	1
7	7	F	N	Chennai	Hot	High School	1
8	8	М	N	Delhi	Very Hot	High School	0
9	9	F	Υ	Delhi	Warm	PhD	0

```
In [ ]: be=BinaryEncoder()
    nd=be.fit_transform(df['Ord_2'])
    dfb=pd.concat([df,nd],axis=1)
    dfb1=df.copy()
    dfb
```

# Out[11]:

	id	bin_1	bin_2	City	Ord_1	Ord_2	Target	Ord_2_0	Ord_2_1	Ord_2_2
0	0	F	N	Delhi	Hot	High School	0	0	0	1
1	1	F	Υ	Bangalore	Warm	Masters	1	0	1	0
2	2	М	N	Mumbai	Very Hot	Diploma	1	0	1	1
3	3	М	Υ	Chennai	Cold	Bachelors	0	1	0	0
4	4	М	Υ	Delhi	Cold	Bachelors	1	1	0	0
5	5	F	N	Delhi	Very Hot	Masters	0	0	1	0
6	6	М	N	Chennai	Warm	PhD	1	1	0	1
7	7	F	N	Chennai	Hot	High School	1	0	0	1
8	8	М	N	Delhi	Very Hot	High School	0	0	0	1
9	9	F	Υ	De <b>l</b> hi	Warm	PhD	0	1	0	1

```
In []: from category_encoders import TargetEncoder
    te=TargetEncoder()
    cc=df.copy()
    new=te.fit_transform(X=cc["City"],y=cc["Target"])
    cc=pd.concat([cc,new],axis=1)
    cc
```

### Out[14]:

_		id	bin_1	bin_2	City	Ord_1	Ord_2	Target	City
	0	0	F	N	Delhi	Hot	High School	0	0.445272
	1	1	F	Υ	Bangalore	Warm	Masters	1	0.565054
	2	2	М	N	Mumbai	Very Hot	Diploma	1	0.565054
	3	3	М	Υ	Chennai	Cold	Bachelors	0	0.525744
	4	4	М	Υ	Delhi	Cold	Bachelors	1	0.445272
	5	5	F	N	Delhi	Very Hot	Masters	0	0.445272
	6	6	М	N	Chennai	Warm	PhD	1	0.525744
	7	7	F	N	Chennai	Hot	High School	1	0.525744
	8	8	М	N	Delhi	Very Hot	High School	0	0.445272
	9	9	F	Υ	Delhi	Warm	PhD	0	0.445272

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
    from scipy import stats
    import numpy as np
    df=pd.read_csv("Data_to_Transform.csv")
    df
```

### Out[16]:

	Moderate Positive Skew	Highly Positive Skew	Moderate Negative Skew	Highly Negative Skew
0	0.899990	2.895074	11.180748	9.027485
1	1.113554	2.962385	10.842938	9.009762
2	1.156830	2.966378	10.817934	9.006134
3	1.264131	3.000324	10.764570	9.000125
4	1.323914	3.012109	10.753117	8.981296
9995	14.749050	16.289513	-2.980821	-3.254882
9996	14.854474	16.396252	-3.147526	-3.772332
9997	15.262103	17.102991	-3.517256	-4.717950
9998	15.269983	17.628467	-4.689833	-5.670496
9999	16.204517	18.052331	-6.335679	<b>-</b> 7.036091

10000 rows × 4 columns

# In [ ]: | np.log(df["Highly Positive Skew"])

Out[17]:		Highly Positive Skew
	0	1.063011
	1	1.085995
	2	1.087342
	3	1.098720
	4	1.102640
	9995	2.790522
	9996	2.797053
	9997	2.839253
	9998	2.869515
	9999	2.893275

10000 rows × 1 columns

dtype: float64

In [ ]: np.reciprocal(df["Moderate Positive Skew"])

# Out[18]:

	Moderate Positive Skew
0	1.111123
1	0.898026
2	0.864431
3	0.791057
4	0.755336
9995	0.067801
9996	0.067320
9997	0.065522
9998	0.065488
9999	0.061711

10000 rows × 1 columns

dtype: float64

In [ ]: np.sqrt(df["Highly Positive Skew"])

$\Delta u$	ı+1	[10]	١.
ΟU	ľ	[ TJ]	М

	Highly Positive Skew
0	1.701492
1	1.721158
2	1.722317
3	1.732144
4	1.735543
9995	4.036027
9996	4.049229
9997	4.135576
9998	4.198627
9999	4.248803

10000 rows × 1 columns

dtype: float64

In [ ]: np.square(df["Highly Positive Skew"])

# Out[20]:

	Highly Positive Skew
0	8.381452
1	8.775724
2	8.799396
3	9.001942
4	9.072800
9995	265.348230
9996	268.837091
9997	292.512290
9998	310.762852
9999	325.886637

10000 rows × 1 columns

dtype: float64

# Out[21]:

	Moderate Positive Skew	Highly Positive Skew	Moderate Negative Skew	Highly Negative Skew	Highly Positive Skew_boxcox
0	0.899990	2.895074	11.180748	9.027485	0.812909
1	1.113554	2.962385	10.842938	9.009762	0.825921
2	1.156830	2.966378	10.817934	9.006134	0.826679
3	1.264131	3.000324	10.764570	9.000125	0.833058
4	1.323914	3.012109	10.753117	8.981296	0.835247
9995	14.749050	16.289513	-2.980821	-3.254882	1.457701
9996	14.854474	16.396252	-3.147526	-3.772332	1.459189
9997	15.262103	17.102991	-3.517256	-4.717950	1.468681
9998	15.269983	17.628467	-4.689833	-5.670496	1.475357
9999	16.204517	18.052331	-6.335679	-7.036091	1.480525

10000 rows × 5 columns

In [ ]: df["Moderate Negative Skew\_yeojohnson"],parameters=stats.yeojohnson(df["Modera
df

# Out[22]:

	Moderate Positive Skew	Highly Positive Skew	Moderate Negative Skew	Highly Negative Skew	Highly Positive Skew_boxcox	Moderate Negative Skew_yeojohnson
0	0.899990	2.895074	11.180748	9.027485	0.812909	29.137807
1	1.113554	2.962385	10.842938	9.009762	0.825921	27.885274
2	1.156830	2.966378	10.817934	9.006134	0.826679	27.793303
3	1.264131	3.000324	10.764570	9.000125	0.833058	27.597362
4	1.323914	3.012109	10.753117	8.981296	0.835247	27.555370
9995	14.749050	16.289513	-2.980821	-3.254882	1.457701	-1.949345
9996	14.854474	16.396252	-3.147526	-3.772332	1.459189	-2.028952
9997	15.262103	17.102991	-3.517256	-4.717950	1.468681	-2.199693
9998	15.269983	17.628467	-4.689833	-5.670496	1.475357	-2.697151
9999	16.204517	18.052331	-6.335679	-7.036091	1.480525	-3.311401

10000 rows × 6 columns

```
df.skew()
Out[23]:
                                                      0
                        Moderate Positive Skew
                                               0.656308
                          Highly Positive Skew
                                               1.271249
                       Moderate Negative Skew
                                              -0.690244
                          Highly Negative Skew -1.201891
                   Highly Positive Skew_boxcox
                                               0.023089
            Moderate Negative Skew_yeojohnson -0.119651
           dtype: float64
           df["Highly Negative Skew_yeojohnson"],parameters=stats.yeojohnson(df["Highly N
           df.skew()
Out[24]:
                                                      0
                        Moderate Positive Skew
                                               0.656308
                          Highly Positive Skew
                                               1.271249
                       Moderate Negative Skew
                                              -0.690244
                          Highly Negative Skew -1.201891
                   Highly Positive Skew_boxcox
                                               0.023089
            Moderate Negative Skew_yeojohnson
                                              -0.119651
              Highly Negative Skew_yeojohnson -0.274676
```

dtype: float64

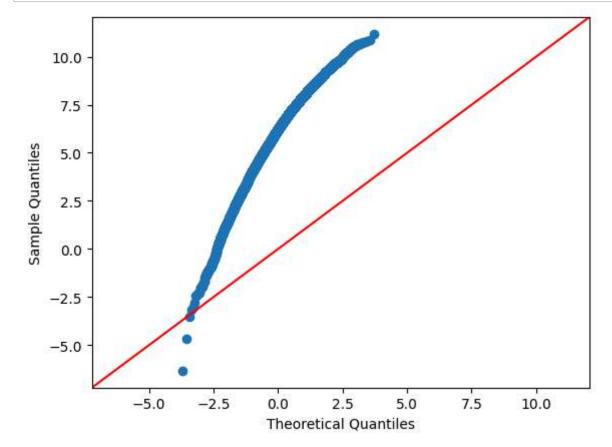
In [ ]: from sklearn.preprocessing import QuantileTransformer
 qt=QuantileTransformer(output\_distribution='normal')
 df["Moderate Negative Skew\_1"]=qt.fit\_transform(df[["Moderate Negative Skew"]]
 df

# Out[25]:

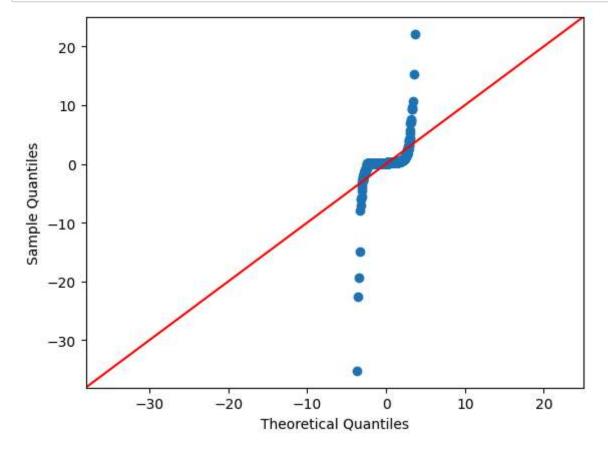
	Moderate Positive Skew	Highly Positive Skew	Moderate Negative Skew	Highly Negative Skew	Highly Positive Skew_boxcox	Moderate Negative Skew_yeojohnson	Highly Neç Skew_yeojoh
0	0.899990	2.895074	11.180748	9.027485	0.812909	29.137807	51.08
1	1.113554	2.962385	10.842938	9.009762	0.825921	27.885274	50.89
2	1.156830	2.966378	10.817934	9.006134	0.826679	27.793303	50.86
3	1.264131	3.000324	10.764570	9.000125	0.833058	27.597362	50.79
4	1.323914	3.012109	10.753117	8.981296	0.835247	27.555370	50.60
9995	14.749050	16.289513	-2.980821	-3.254882	1.457701	-1.949345	-1.40
9996	14.854474	16.396252	-3.147526	-3.772332	1.459189	-2.028952	-1.54
9997	15.262103	17.102991	-3.517256	-4.717950	1.468681	-2.199693	-1.72
9998	15.269983	17.628467	-4.689833	-5.670496	1.475357	-2.697151	-1.87
9999	16.204517	18.052331	-6.335679	-7.036091	1.480525	-3.311401	-2.0

10000 rows × 8 columns

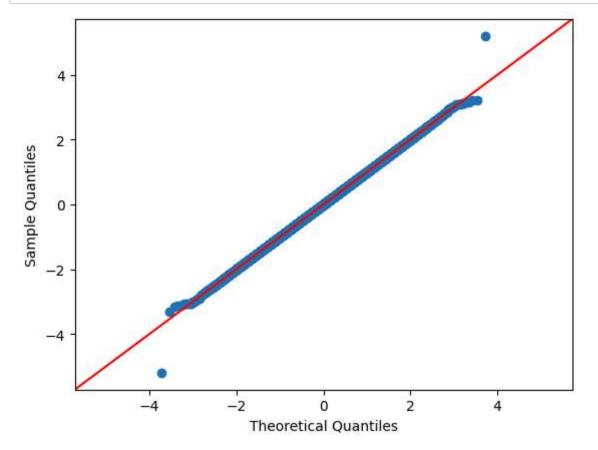
```
In [ ]: import seaborn as sns
   import statsmodels.api as sm
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   sm.qqplot(df["Moderate Negative Skew"],line="45")
   plt.show()
```



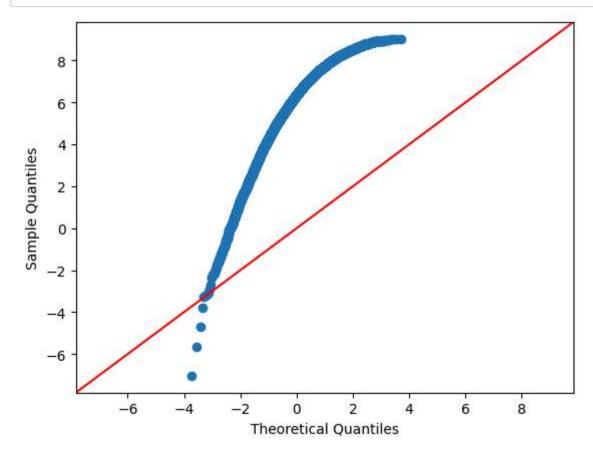
```
In [15]: import pandas as pd
    from scipy import stats
    import numpy as np
    df=pd.read_csv("Data_to_Transform.csv")
    sm.qqplot(np.reciprocal(df["Moderate Negative Skew"]),line="45")
    plt.show()
```



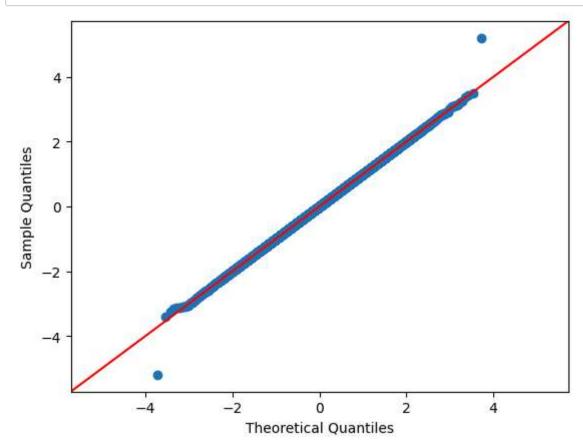
```
In [17]: from sklearn.preprocessing import QuantileTransformer
    qt=QuantileTransformer(output_distribution='normal',n_quantiles=891)
    df["Moderate Negative Skew_2"]=qt.fit_transform(df[["Moderate Negative Skew"]]
    sm.qqplot(df["Moderate Negative Skew_2"],line="45")
    plt.show()
```



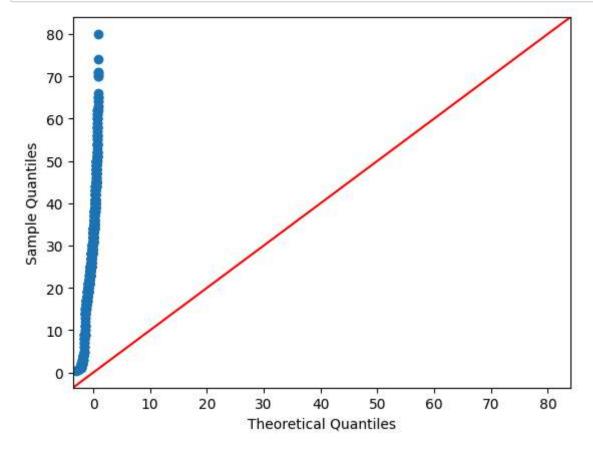
In [18]: df["Highly Negative Skew\_1"]=qt.fit\_transform(df[["Highly Negative Skew"]])
 sm.qqplot(df["Highly Negative Skew"],line="45")
 plt.show()



```
In [19]: sm.qqplot(df["Highly Negative Skew_1"],line="45")
plt.show()
```



```
In [20]: dt=pd.read_csv("titanic_dataset.csv")
    from sklearn.preprocessing import QuantileTransformer
    qt=QuantileTransformer(output_distribution='normal',n_quantiles=891)
    dt["Age_1"]=qt.fit_transform(dt[["Age"]])
    sm.qqplot(dt["Age"],line="45")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [21]: sm.qqplot(dt['Age_1'],line="45")
plt.show()
```

