

Name: Ajay Krishna DM Id: COMETFWC037 Date: 26 August 2025

Twenty-second International Olympiad, 1981

1981/1. P is a point inside a given triangle ABC. D, E, F are the feet of the perpendiculars from P to the lines BC, CA, AB respectively. Find all P for which

 $\frac{BC}{PD} + \frac{CA}{PE} + \frac{AB}{PE}$

is least.

1981/2. Let $1 \le r \le n$ and consider all subsets of r elements of the set $\{1, 2, \ldots, n\}$. Each of these subsets has a smallest member. Let F(n, r) denote the arithmetic mean of these smallest numbers; prove that

$$F(n,r) = \frac{n+1}{r+1}.$$

- 1981/3. Determine the maximum value of $m^3 + n^3$, where m and n are integers satisfying $m, n \in \{1, 2, ..., 1981\}$ and $(n^2 mn m^2)^2 = 1$.
- 1981/4. (a) For which values of n > 2 is there a set of n consecutive positive integers such that the largest number in the set is a divisor of the least common multiple of the remaining n 1 numbers?
 - (b) For which values of n > 2 is there exactly one set having the stated property?
- 1981/5. Three congruent circles have a common point O and lie inside a given triangle. Each circle touches a pair of sides of the triangle.

Prove that the incenter and the circumcenter of the triangle and the point ${\cal O}$ are collinear.

1981/6. The function f(x, y) satisfies

- $(1) \ f(0,y) = y + 1,$
- (2) f(x+1,0) = f(x,1),
- (3) f(x+1, y+1) = f(x, f(x+1, y)),

for all non-negative integers x, y. Determine f(4, 1981).