# Large-Scale Data Science in Apache Spark 2.0

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# Why Large-Scale?

More data = better models

Faster iteration = better models

Scale is the key tool of effective data science and Al



#### Two Forms of Scale

Hardware scalability

- Distribute work onto parallel hardware
- Utilize the hardware efficiently (e.g. fast, low-level code)

User scalability

Write applications quickly

Often at odds!



## What is Apache Spark?

#### Designed to tackle both challenges

- High-level APIs and libraries
- Efficient execution via parallelism and compilation

Largest open source project in big data

1000+ contributors, 300+ packages,
 3x user growth / year



## Spark for Data Science

#### Spark-specific libraries

- DataFrames, ML Pipelines, SQL, GraphFrames
- Parallelize common computations

#### Integration with existing libraries

Call arbitrary Python / R / etc libraries at scale

Both expanding in Apache Spark 2.x



#### This Talk

Structured APIs in Spark 2.0

Scaling deep learning

Parallelizing traditional data science libraries



# Original Spark API

Functional operations on collections of Java/Python objects (RDDs)

- + Expressive and concise
- Hard to automatically optimize



#### Structured APIs

New APIs for data with a table-like schema

DataFrames (untyped), Datasets (typed), and SQL

Optimized storage and computation

- Binary storage based on schema (e.g. columnar)
- Compute via SQL-like expressions that Spark can compile



## Structured API Example

```
events =
                                     SCAN logs
                                                                     while(logs.hasNext) {
 sc.read.json("/logs")
                                                                       e = logs.next
                                                                       if(e.status == "ERR") {
stats =
                                       FILTER
                                                                         u = users.get(e.uid)
 events.join(users)
                                                                         key = (u.loc, e.status)
  .groupBy("loc", "status")
                                              JOIN
                                                                         sum(key) += e.duration
  .avg("duration")
                                                                         count(key) += 1
errors = stats.where(
                                              AGG
 stats.status == "ERR")
```

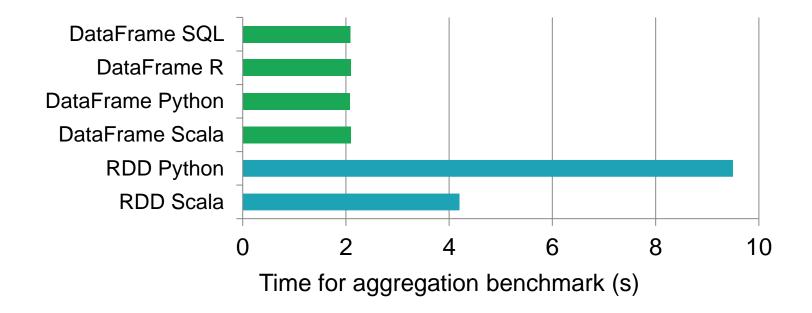
DataFrame API

Optimized Plan

Specialized Code



#### Structured API Performance



Higher-level and easier to optimize



## Structured Streaming

Incrementalize an existing DataFrame/Dataset query

Example batch job:

```
logs = ctx.read.format("json").open("hdfs://logs")
logs.groupBy("userid", "hour").avg("latency")
    .write.format("parquet")
    .save("s3://...")
```



## Structured Streaming

Incrementalize an existing DataFrame/Dataset query

```
Example as streaming:
```

```
logs = ctx.readStream.format("json").load("hdfs://logs")
logs.groupBy("userid", "hour").avg("latency")
    .writeStream.format("parquet")
    .start("s3://...")
```



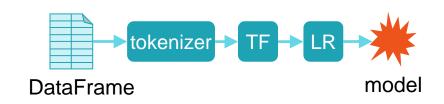
#### Structured APIs Elsewhere

#### ML Pipelines on DataFrames

- Pipeline API based on scikitlearn
- Grid search, cross-validation, etc

# GraphFrames for graph analytics

Pattern matching à la Neo4J



```
tokenizer = Tokenizer()
tf = HashingTF(numFeatures=1000)
lr = LogisticRegression()

pipe = Pipeline([tokenizer, tf, lr])
model = pipe.fit(df)
```

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# Why Deep Learning on Spark?

Scale out model application to large data

For transfer learning or model evaluation

Scale out parameter search: one model per machine

Distributed training: one model on multiple machines



# Deep Learning Libraries

databricks
TensorFrames

TensorFlow model eval on DataFrames, for serving or transfer learning



Distributed model training on CPUs



Run Caffe & TensorFlow on Spark data

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# Parallelizing Existing Libraries

Spark Python/R APIs let you scale out existing libraries

- spark-sklearn for arbitrary scikit-learn models
- SparkR <u>dapply</u>

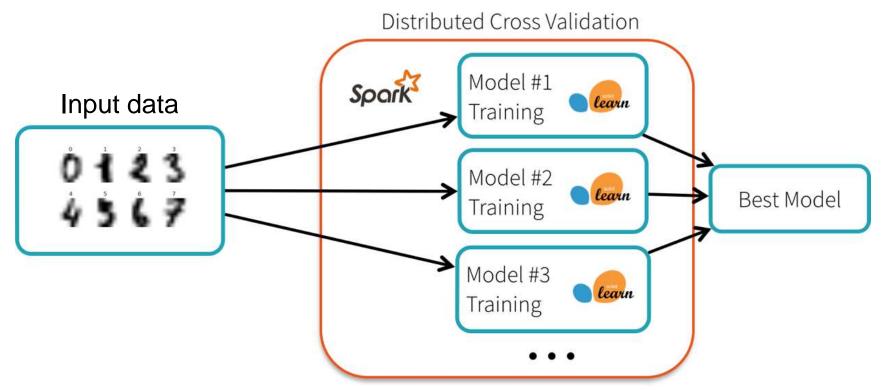
```
from sklearn import svm, datasets
from spark_sklearn import GridSearchCV

iris = datasets.load_iris()
model = svm.SVC()
params = {
    'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf'],
    'C': [1, 10]
}
gs = GridSearchCV(sc, model, params)
gs.fit(iris.data, iris.target)
```

github.com/databricks/spark-sklearn



## spark-sklearn Execution





# Coming Soon

Native APIs for zero-copy data transfer into C libraries

Streamlined installation in Python:

pip install pyspark



#### To Learn More

See hundreds of talks on use cases at Spark Summit

spark-summit.org



databricks.com/ce





