Ex. No.: 11a)

Date: 19.04.2025

FIFO PAGE REPLACEMENT

Aim:

To find out the number of page faults that occur using First-in First-out (FIFO) page replacement technique.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int referenceString[50], page[20], frames, refLen, i, j, k, avail, pageFaults = 0, next = 0;
  printf("Enter the size of reference string: ");
  scanf("%d", &refLen);
  for (i = 0; i < refLen; i++) {
    printf("Enter [%d]: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &referenceString[i]);
  printf("Enter page frame size: ");
  scanf("%d", &frames);
  for (i = 0; i < \text{frames}; i++)
    page[i] = -1;
  for (i = 0; i < refLen; i++) {
    avail = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < \text{frames}; j++) \{
       if (page[j] == referenceString[i]) {
         avail = 1;
         break;
       }
    if (avail == 0) {
       page[next] = referenceString[i];
       next = (next + 1) \% frames;
       pageFaults++;
       for (k = 0; k < \text{frames}; k++)
         page[k] != -1 ? printf("%d ", page[k]) : printf("-");
       printf("-> Page Fault\n");
    } else {
       for (k = 0; k < frames; k++)
         page[k] != -1 ? printf("%d ", page[k]) : printf("-");
       printf("-> No Page Fault\n");
  printf("Total Page Faults: %d\n", pageFaults);
  return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the size of reference string: 10
Enter [ 1]: 7
Enter [ 2]: 0
Enter [ 3]: 1
Enter [ 4]: 0
Enter [ 5]: 2
Enter [ 6]: 4
Enter [ 7]: 0
Enter [ 8]: 6
Enter [ 9]: 2
Enter [10]: 8
Enter page frame size:
7 -> 7 - -
0 -> 7 0 -
1 -> 7 0 1
0 -> No Page Fault
2 -> 2 0 1
4 -> 2 4 1
0 -> 2 4 0
6 -> 6 4 0
2 -> 6 2 0
8 -> 6 2 8
Total Page Faults = 9
```

Result:

Thus, the program to implement FIFO Page Replacement was executed successfully and the number of page faults was determined correctly.

Ex. No.: 11b)
Date: 19.04.2025

LRU

Aim:

To write a c program to implement LRU page replacement algorithm

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int f[10], p[50], n, m, i, j, k, pos, pf = 0, lru[10], least;
  printf("Enter number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &m);
  printf("Enter reference string: ");
  for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
    scanf("%d", &p[i]);
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     f[i] = -1;
    lru[i] = 0;
  printf("\n");
  for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     int found = 0;
     for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
       if(f[j] == p[i]) {
          found = 1;
         lru[j] = i;
          break;
     if (!found) {
       if (pf \le n) {
          f[pf] = p[i];
          lru[pf] = i;
       } else {
          least = lru[0];
          pos = 0;
          for (j = 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (lru[j] \le least) {
               least = lru[j];
               pos = j;
            }
          f[pos] = p[i];
          lru[pos] = i;
```

```
}
pf++;
}

for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
    if (f[k] != -1)
        printf("%d ", f[k]);
    else
        printf("-1 ");
}
printf("\n");
}

printf("\nTotal Page Faults = %d\n", pf);
return 0;
}
</pre>
```

Output:

```
Enter number of frames: 3
Enter number of pages: 6
Enter reference string: 5 7 5 6 7 3

5 -1 -1
5 7 -1
5 7 6
5 7 6
3 7 6

Total Page Faults = 4
```

Result:

Thus, the LRU Page Replacement Algorithm was successfully implemented, and the number of page faults was calculated based on the reference string.

Ex. No.: 11c)
Date: 19.04.2025

Optimal

Aim:

To write a c program to implement Optimal page replacement.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int f[10], p[50], i, j, k, pos, pf = 0, n, m, found, farthest, index;
  printf("Enter number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &m);
  printf("Enter reference string: ");
  for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
    scanf("%d", &p[i]);
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    f[i] = -1;
  printf("\n");
  for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
    found = 0;
    for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
       if(f[j] == p[i]) {
         found = 1;
         break;
    if (!found) {
       if (pf \le n) {
         f[pf++] = p[i];
       } else {
         farthest = -1;
         index = -1;
         for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            int next = -1;
            for (k = i + 1; k < m; k++) {
              if(f[j] == p[k]) \{
                 next = k;
                 break;
              }
            if (next == -1) {
              index = j;
              break;
            } else if (next > farthest) {
```

```
farthest = next;
    index = j;
}

f[index] = p[i];
}

for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
    if (f[j]!=-1)
        printf("%d ", f[j]);
    else
        printf("-1 ");
}

printf("\n");
}

printf("\nTotal Page Faults = %d\n", pf);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Enter number of frames: 3
Enter number of pages: 9
Enter reference string: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2

7 -1 -1
7 0 -1
7 0 1
2 0 1
2 0 1
2 0 3
2 0 3
2 4 3
2 4 3
Total Page Faults = 3
```

Result:

Thus, the Optimal Page Replacement Algorithm was successfully implemented, and the number of page faults was calculated based on the reference string.