Ex. No: 10a Date: 7/3/25

BEST FIT

AIM:

To implement Best Fit memory allocation technique using Python.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Input memory blocks and processes with sizes
- 2. Initialize all memory blocks as free.
- 3. Start by picking each process and find the minimum block size that can be assigned to current process
- 4. If found then assign it to the current process.
- 5. If not found then leave that process and keep checking the further processes.

PROGRAM:

```
def best fit(blocks, processes):
  allocation = [-1] * len(processes)
  for i in range(len(processes)):
    best index = -1
     for j in range(len(blocks)):
       if blocks[i] >= processes[i]:
         if best index == -1 or blocks[j] < blocks[best index]:
            best index = j
     if best index !=-1:
       allocation[i] = best index
       blocks[best index] -= processes[i]
  print("\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock No.")
  for i in range(len(processes)):
     print(f"{i + 1}\t\tprocesses[i]\t\t{allocation[i] + 1 if allocation[i] != -1 else 'Not Allocated'}")
if name == " main ":
  num_blocks = int(input("Enter number of memory blocks: "))
  blocks = list(map(int, input(f"Enter sizes of {num blocks} memory blocks (space-separated): ").split()))
  num processes = int(input("\nEnter number of processes: "))
  processes = list(map(int, input(f"Enter sizes of {num processes} processes (space-separated): ").split()))
  best fit(blocks, processes)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter number of processes: 4
% Enter sizes of 4 processes (space-separated): 212 437 312 426

Process No. Process Size Block No.
1 212 4
2 417 2
3 112 3
4 426 5
```

RESULT:

Thus, the Best Fit Memory allocation technique is implemented successfully using Python.

Ex. No: 10b Date: 7/3/25

AIM:

FIRST FIT

To write a C program for the implementation of memory allocation methods for a fixed partition using the first fit.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Define the max as 25.
- 2. Declare the variable frag[max],b[max],f[max],i,j, nb,nf, temp, highest=0, bf[max],ff[max].
- 3. Get the number of blocks, files, size of the blocks using a for loop.
- 4. In for loop check bf[j]!=1, if so temp=b[j]-f[i]
- 5. Check the highest.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 25
int main() {
  int frag[MAX], b[MAX], f[MAX], i, j, nb, nf, te
  static int bf[MAX], ff[MAX];
  // Input number of blocks
  printf("Enter the number of blocks: ");
  scanf("%d", &nb);
  // Input number of files
  printf("Enter the number of files: ");
  scanf("%d", &nf);
  // Input sizes of blocks
  printf("Enter the size of the blocks:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < nb; i++)
     printf("Block %d: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%d", &b[i]);
  // Input sizes of files
  printf("Enter the size of the files:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < nf; i++) {
     printf("File %d: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%d", &f[i]);
```

```
// First Fit Allocation
for (i = 0; i < nf; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < nb; j++) {
     if (bf[j] != 1) { // If block is not allo
        temp = b[j] - f[i];
        if (temp \ge 0) { // If block can acc
          ff[i] = j; // Allocate block j
          bf[j] = 1;
                      // Mark block as a
          frag[i] = temp; // Calculate frag
          break;
// Output allocation result
printf("\nFile No.\tFile Size\tBlock No.\tl
for (i = 0; i < nf; i++) {
  if(bf[ff[i]] == 1)
     printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\1
  else
     printf("\%d\t\t\d\t\t\Not\ Allocated\n'
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number of blocks: 5
Enter the number of files: 4
Enter the size of the blocks:
Block 1: 100
Block 3: 500
Block 3: 200
Block 3: 200
Elock 5: 600
Enter the size of the files:
File 3: 212
File 3: 212
File 3: 112
File 3: 112
File 8: 426

File No. File Size Block No. Block Size Fragment
1 212 2 500 208
2 447 5 600 185
3 112 3 200 88
4 426 Not Allocated
```

RESULT:

Thus, the First Fit allocation technique is implemented successfully using C