

# Symphony 4

The best PHP framework



# whoami

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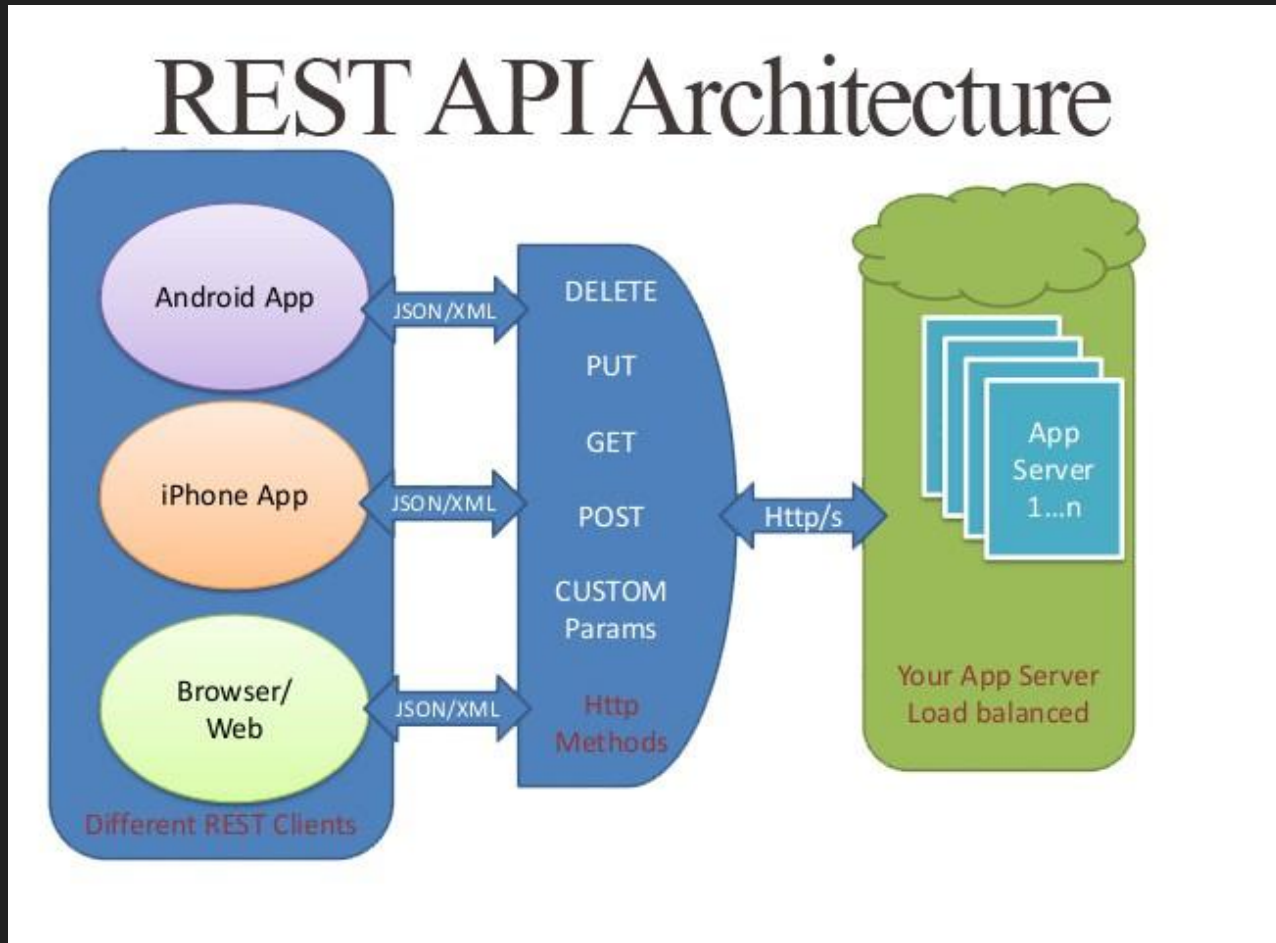
Loves clean architecture, continuous integration, performance and build robots with Raspberry Pi



# API REST (Web Service)

- **Web API** : Interface consisting of one or more publicly **exposed endpoints (URI)** to a defined **request–response** message system, typically expressed in **JSON**
- **Documentation** : To provide a web API of high quality, there needs to be a good level of documentation
- **REpresentational State Transfer** : Using a **uniform** and predefined set of **stateless** operations. Provide the ability to grow, by **re-using components** that can be managed and updated, even while it is running. The operations available are **GET, POST, PUT, DELETE**, and other predefined **CRUD HTTP** methods.

# API REST (Web Service)



# API REST Object Oriented Resources

## Endpoints based on resources

- List Users : [GET] /users
- Create User : [POST] /users
- Update User : [PUT] /users/{user\_id}
- Delete User : [DELETE] /users/{user\_id}
- List Comments from User : [GET] /users/{user\_id}/comments
- Delete Comments from User : [DELETE] /users/{user\_id}/comments/{comment\_id}

# API REST Client

REST Client doing GET, POST, PATCH, DELETE requests

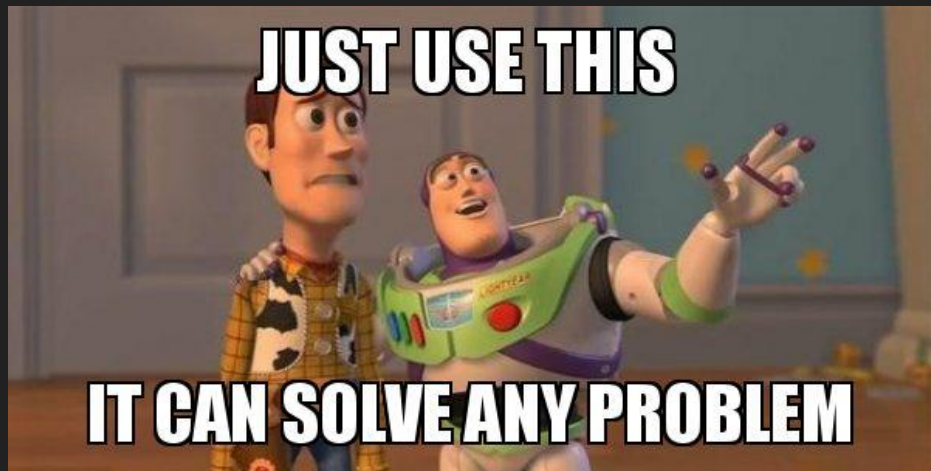
- Postman (Most Used) : <https://www.getpostman.com/>
- Insomnia : <https://insomnia.rest>
- PhpStorm self client
- Many more...

# Symfony : Build a REST API

## FOSRestBundle

Provides various **tools** to rapidly develop **RESTful API's** & applications with **Symfony** :

- A **View layer** to delegate the logic of data output
- A **custom route** loader to generate URIs following REST conventions
- **RESTful** decoding of HTTP **request body** and Accept headers
- **Exception** controller for sending appropriate HTTP status codes



# TP Install FOSRestBundle with Symfony Flex

Symfony Skeleton with FOSRestBundle : [\*https://github.com/cvilliger/api\*](https://github.com/cvilliger/api)

OR (manually install)

## composer req

- orm security monolog translator serializer validator friendsofsymfony/rest-bundle sensio/framework-extra-bundle

## composer --dev req

- profiler maker



# Symfony API REST : Guard Authentication

**Guard Auth** is one of best ways to do an **API Authentication**

- If you need to build a **traditional login form**, an **API token authentication** system or you need to integrate with some proprietary **single-sign-on system**, the **Guard component** can make it easy and fun!
- You **always** need to create a **User class** that implements **UserInterface** and **configure a user provider**. Users will be stored in the database via Doctrine, and each user has an **apiKey** property ***they use to access their account via the API***

# TP Symfony API Create User Authentication

## Using Symfony Maker to create your User

- php bin/console make:entity User

*firstname, lastname, email (unique=true), birthday, roles (type="simple\_array"),  
apiKey (unique=true);*

Implement the UserInterface :

```
/**  
 * @UniqueEntity("email")  
 * @ORM\Entity(repositoryClass="App\Repository\UserRepository")  
 */  
class User implements UserInterface
```

# TP Symfony API User Auth

## Configure your User Provider

```
# config/packages/security.yaml
```

```
security:
```

```
    providers:
```

```
        your_db_provider:
```

```
            entity:
```

```
                class: App\Entity\User
```

```
                property: apiKey
```

Instead of using the **email** as property, the **apiKey** will be your new way of authentication

# Symfony API How Authenticate User

We've just created an attribute **apiToken** : A property that users will use to **access their account**.

Your clients will send an **API-TOKEN header** on each request with their API token. Your job is to read this and **find the associated user** (if any).

- To create a custom authentication system, just create a **TokenAuthenticator** class and make it extend the **AbstractGuardAuthenticator**. This requires you to implement several methods.

# Symfony API TokenAuthenticator

```
namespace App\Security;
```

```
use App\Entity\User ;
```

```
use Doctrine\ORM\EntityManagerInterface ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Request ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\JsonResponse ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\HttpFoundation\Response ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\Security\Core\User\UserInterface ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\Security\Guard\AbstractGuardAuthenticator ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\Security\Core\Authentication\Token\TokenInterface ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\Security\Core\Exception\AuthenticationException ;
```

```
use Symfony\Component\Security\Core\User\UserProviderInterface ;
```

```
class ApiTokenAuthenticator extends AbstractGuardAuthenticator
```









# Symfony API TokenAuthenticator

```
security:
  providers:
    your_db_provider:
      entity:
        class: App\Entity\User
        property: apiKey
  firewalls:
    dev:
      pattern: ^/(_(profiler|wdt)|css|images|js)/
      security: false
  main:
    anonymous: ~
    logout: ~
    stateless: true
    provider: your db provider
    guard:
      authenticators:
        - App\Security\TokenAuthenticator
```

Let's be **stateless** and use our custom Authenticator

# TP Symfony API Create our first routes !

## Users Resources ! Create a class UserController

```
use App\Entity\User;  
use FOS\RestBundle\Controller\AbstractFOSRestController;  
use FOS\RestBundle\Controller\Annotations as Rest;
```

```
class UserController extends AbstractFOSRestController  
{
```

```
    /**  
     * @Rest\Get("/api/users/{email}")  
     */  
    public function getApiUser(User $user){}
```

```
    /**  
     * @Rest\Get("/api/users")  
     */  
    public function getApiUsers() {}
```

```
    /**  
     * @Rest\Post("/api/users")  
     */  
    public function postApiUser(User $user){}
```

```
    /**  
     * @Rest\Patch("/api/users/{email}")  
     */  
    public function patchApiUser(User $user){}
```

```
    /**  
     * @Rest\Delete("/api/users/{email}")  
     */  
    public function deleteApiUser(User $user){}
```

```
}
```

# TP Symfony API : Make your Controller “REST”

```
# config/routes.yaml
users:
    type: rest
    resource: App\Controller\UserController
```

```
# config/packages/fos_rest.yaml
fos_rest:
    param_fetcher_listener: true
    allowed_methods_listener: true
    routing_loader: true
    view:
        view_response_listener: true
    format_listener:
        rules:
            - { path: ^/api, prefer_extension: true, fallback_format: json, priorities: [ json, html ] }
}
```

# TP Symfony API : Debug your Router !

## List all your API routes

```
application@0e9ae19e3ab8:/app$ php bin/console debug:router
```

Name	Method	Scheme	Host	Path
app_user_getapiuser	GET	ANY	ANY	/api/users/{email}
app_user_getapiusers	GET	ANY	ANY	/api/users
app_user_postapiuser	POST	ANY	ANY	/api/users
app_user_patchapiuser	PATCH	ANY	ANY	/api/users
app_user_deleteapiuser	DELETE	ANY	ANY	/api/users/{email}
_twig_error_test	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_error/{code}.{_format}
_wdt	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_wdt/{token}
_profiler_home	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/
_profiler_search	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/search
_profiler_search_bar	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/search_bar
_profiler_phpinfo	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/phpinfo
_profiler_search_results	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/{token}/search/results
_profiler_open_file	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/open
_profiler	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/{token}
_profiler_router	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/{token}/router
_profiler_exception	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/{token}/exception
_profiler_exception_css	ANY	ANY	ANY	/_profiler/{token}/exception.css

# TP Symfony API Let's list all users

```
class UsersController extends FOSRestController
{
    private UserRepository;

    public function construct(UserRepository $userRepository)
    {
        $this->userRepository = $userRepository;
    }

    /**
     * @Rest\Get("/api/users")
     */
    public function getApiUsers () {
        $users = $this->userRepository->findAll ();
        return $this->view($users);
    }
}
```

# TP Symfony API List all users

GET /api/users

```
[  
  {  
    "id": 1,  
    "firstname": "Christophe",  
    "lastname": "Villegier",  
    "email": "cvillegier@fakeapple.com",  
    "birthday": "1990-09-18T00:00:00+02:00",  
    "roles": [  
      "ROLE_USER"  
    ],  
    "apiKey": "vvfc1j3h6d4ef64",  
    "password": null,  
    "salt": null,  
    "username": "cvillegier@fakeapple.com"  
  }  
]
```

Check the response headers

**Cache-Control** → no-cache, private

**Connection** → keep-alive

**Content-Type** → application/json

**Date** → Sat, 11 Jan 2019 19:25:55 GMT

**Server** → nginx/1.10.3

**Transfer-Encoding** → chunked

**X-Debug-Token** → 932e9a

**X-Debug-Token-Link** → http://localhost/\_profiler/932e9a

# Symfony API List One User

## Fetch Automatically

```
public function getApiUser(User $user)
{
    return $this->view($user);
}
```

```
GET /api/users/cvilleger@fakeapple.com
```

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "firstname": "Christophe",
  "lastname": "Villeger",
  "email": "cvilleger@fakeapple.com",
  "birthday": "1990-09-18T00:00:00+02:00",
  "roles": [
    "ROLE_USER"
  ],
  "apiKey": "vvfc1j3h6d4ef64",
  "password": null,
  "salt": null,
  "username": "cvilleger@fakeapple.com"
}
```

# Symfony API Post User

```
use App\Entity\User;  
use App\Repository\UserRepository;  
use Doctrine\ORM\EntityManagerInterface;  
use FOS\RestBundle\Controller\Annotations as Rest;  
use Sensio\Bundle\FrameworkExtraBundle\Configuration\ParamConverter;
```

```
class UsersController extends AbstractFOSRestController  
...
```

```
/**  
 * @Rest\Post("/api/users")  
 * @ParamConverter("user", converter="fos rest.request body")  
 */  
public function postApiUser(User $user)  
{  
    $this->em->persist($user);  
    $this->em->flush();  
    return $this->view($user);  
}
```



# Symfony API Post User

## Request Body Converter Listener

- The Request body converter makes it possible to **deserialize** the **request body** into an **object**

```
fos_rest:  
  body_converter:  
    enabled: true
```

# Symfony API Postman

The screenshot shows the Postman interface for a POST request to `http://localhost/api/users`. The request body is a JSON object with `email` and `apiKey` fields. The response is a JSON object with `id`, `email`, `apiKey`, `roles`, `password`, `salt`, and `username` fields.

**Request Details:**

- Method: POST
- URL: `http://localhost/api/users`
- Body Type: raw (JSON application/json)
- Body Content:

```
1 {  
2   "email": "villegger2.c@gmail.com",  
3   "apiKey": "aze2"  
4 }
```

**Response Details:**

- Status: 200 OK
- Time: 1263 ms
- Size: 431 B
- Body Type: Pretty (JSON)
- Body Content:

```
1 {  
2   "id": 3,  
3   "email": "villegger2.c@gmail.com",  
4   "apiKey": "aze2",  
5   "roles": null,  
6   "password": null,  
7   "salt": null,  
8   "username": "villegger2.c@gmail.com"  
9 }
```

# Symfony API Edit User

The **Request** contains all **attributes** that user want to **modify** :

```
public function patchApiUser(User $user, Request $request)
{
    // $request->get('firstname')
}
```

# Symfony API : Group Serializer

Define which attributes you want to serialize

```
/**
 * @Rest\View(serializerGroups={"user"})
 */
public function getUsers()
{
    $users = $this->userRepository->findAll();
    return $this->view($users);
    // "get_users"
}
```

```
/**
 * @Groups("user")
 * @ORM\Id()
 * @ORM\GeneratedValue()
 * @ORM\Column(type="integer")
 */
private $id;
```

# TP Symfony API : User CRUD & Article CRUD

- **User** CRUD and **Article** CRUD (**Article** have name, description, createdAt, *optional* User)
- **User** can edit his informations (firstname, lastname, email, apiKey)
- **User** can **CRUD** his **Article**
- **Admin** can **CRUD** all Users and all Articles