

WebDriver and WebElements Commands

Launching Chrome Browser (Cmd)

- ✔ Open Google
 - Driver Launched and the Browser gets opened.
 - ✓ Here driver.get

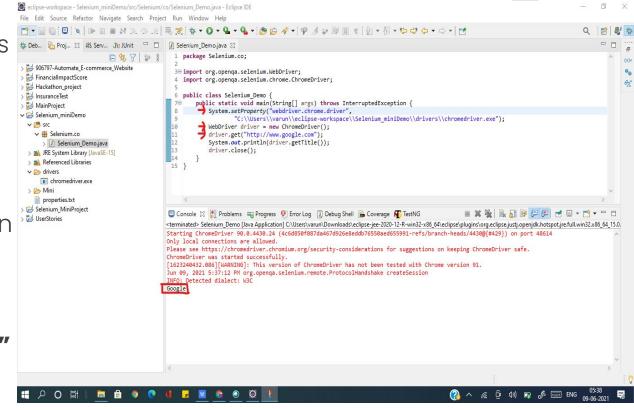
("https://www.google.com") open

the google by using the driver.

"System.out.println(driver.getTitle())"

prints the title of the website opened in

the chrome browser





Handling Browser Navigation



- ✓ WebDriver provides some basic Browser Navigation Commands that allows the browser to move backwards or forwards in the browser's history.
- Two Different kinds of browser navigation are available:
 - 1) Navigate using URL
 - 2) Navigate using commands

Navigate using URL



- Command used for navigation with the help of URL driver.navigate().to(appUrl)
- ✓ Here appUrl is a Website url that the user need to navigate.

For Example:

- The driver is present in driver.get("https://www.Google.com").
- The user need to navigate to facebook use driver.navigate().to("https://www.facebook.com");

Navigate using commands



Command used for navigation with the help of command driver.navigate().forward()-Takes you forward by one page on the browser's history.

driver.navigate().back()-Takes you back by one page on the browser's history. driver.navigate().refresh()-Takes you back the refreshed current URL in the browser.

Handling Browser Window



A window handle is a unique identifier that holds the address of all the windows. This is basically a pointer to a window, which returns the string value. This window handle function helps in getting the handles of all the windows.

- ✓ get.windowhandle(): This method helps to get the window handle of the current window
- ✓ get.windowhandles(): This method helps to get the handles of all the windows opened
- ✓ set: This method helps to set the window handles in the form of a string. set<string> set= driver.get.windowhandles()
- w switch to: This method helps to switch between the windows
- ✓ action: This method helps to perform certain actions on the windows

What is Web Element?

A Web Element represents an HTML element. We see the elements as buttons, text, links, images, etc. on a web page.

Types of Web Element

- 1) Textbox
- 2) Button
- 3) Radio button
- 4) Checkbox
- 5) Dropdown
- 6) Link
- 7)Label



List of Selenium WebElement Commands

The Few commands are listed below:

sendKeys():allows the user to type content automatically into an editable field while executing tests.

element.sendKeys("text");

isDisplayed():If the element is displayed, then the value returned is true. If not, then the value returned is a NoSuchElementFound exception.

element.isDisplayed();

isSelected():This command only works on input elements such as radio buttons, checkboxes, select options, and menu items.

element.isSelected();



List of Selenium WebElement Commands

submit():This command is handy when interacting with forms (or elements within a form) on a web page.

element.submit();

isEnabled():This WebElement in Selenium command verifies if an element is enabled on the web page.If the element is enabled, it returns a true value.

element.isEnabled();

clear():When using this WebElement in Selenium command, its value will be cleared if the element in question is a text entry.

element.clear();

click():The click() command lets the tester replicate the click action on a button, link, radio button or checkbox.

element.click();

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