

# AAC

## Chapter 1

- 1) Define  $O/\Omega/\Theta$  notation. Is  $3n^2 + 2 = O(n^2)$  Justify.
- 2) Order the following functions in ascending order of their growth rates justify  $n^2 \log n, n \log n, 10n^2, \log n, 2^n, n^3 \log n$
- 3) Order the following functions in ascending order of their growth rates justify  $n^2 \log n, n \log n, 30n^2, \log n, 2^n$
- 4) Define theta notation show that  $4n^2 + 3n$  is  $\Theta(n^2)$
- 5) Write an algorithm for Tower of Hanoi problem.
- 6) What is TOH problem? Give its computing time in terms of recurrence relation.
- 7) Give different asymptotic notation in DAA. What properties satisfied by these notations?
- 8) What do you mean by time and space complexity.
- 9) Discuss time complexity of heap sort in best and worst case?
- 10) Show how count sort sorts sequence of numbers 4,0,2,0,2,0. What is its time complexity?
- 11) Explain Count sort algorithm. What is its time complexity?
- 12) Justify  $4n^2 + 3n + 2 = O(n^2)$ .

## Chapter 2

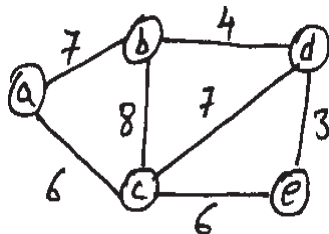
- 1) Explain the three variations of decrease and conquer approach and explain one algorithm for each approach.
  - 2) Give DFS Spanning tree for following graph.  
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  - 3) Find topological sort of following graph. What is its time complexity?  
...
  - 4) Write an algorithm for Topological sort. Give its time complexity.
  - 5) What is variable size decrease and conquer? Explain with example.
  - 6) Define tree edge, cross edge, back edge and forward in DFS spanning tree.
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- 1) How Strassen's approach different from ordinary matrix multiplication algorithm? Give time complexity required by Strassen's algorithm.
  - 2) Define Control Abstraction. Give control abstraction for divide and conquer strategy.
  - 3) What do you mean by control abstraction? Write control abstraction for subset paradigm of greedy method.
  - 4) How many multiplications and additions of reduced size are used in Strassen's matrix

- multiplication problem?
- 5) Sort the following array of elements by merge sort 19, 7, 14, 10, 8, 7, 9, 16, 15.
  - 6) Show that the time complexity of Strassen's algorithm is  $O(n^{2.81})$ .
  - 7) What is stable and in-place sorting? Is quick sort stable?
  - 8) Use strassen's matrix multiplication algorithm to multiply the matrices

2	3	1	2
4	5	2	3

### Chapter 3

- 1) Huffman code is fixed length code justify.
- 2) Explain optimal storage on Tapes.
- 3) Give two similarities and two differences between Prim's and Kruskals' algorithm.
- 4) Find an optimal solution to the knapsack problem instance  
 $n = 3, m = 22, w = (15, 20, 21), p = (15, 22, 20)$ .
- 5) Find minimum spanning tree using prim's algorithms for following fig.



- 6) Find minimum spanning tree using kruskal's algorithms for above graph.
- 7) What is an optimal Huffman code for the following set of frequencies based on the first 8 Fibonacci numbers? a:1 b:1 c:2 d:3 e:5 f:8 g:13 h:21
- 8) What is optimal merge pattern problem? Find optimal merge pattern for 7 files whose length are 5, 84, 53, 91, 35, 3, 11.

- 1) Give dynamic formulation of the longest common subsequence problem
- 2) Give the time complexity and space complexity of traveling salesperson problem
- 3) What is negative weight cycle? How it affects shortest path calculation?

- 4) Find Length of LCS for strings aabaabaaa, aabbbbaabb
- 5) Explain purging rule/dominance rule with example.
- 6) Find an optimal solution for 0/1 knap sack problem instance  $n=4, m=15, w=(2,4,6,9)$  and  $p=(10,10,12,18)$  using merge and purge method.
- 7) Give the recurrence relation the matrix chain multiplication problem for the value of optimal solution when problem is solved using dynamic programming. Compute the values for the chain  $A_1 A_2 A_3 A_4$  where  $A_1= 10 \times 10, A_2= 10 \times 20, A_3= 20 \times 5$  and  $A_4=5 \times 10$
- 8) Consider the knapsack instance  $n = 4, m = 19$   
 $(W_1, W_2, W_3, W_4) = (10, 15, 6, 9)$   
 $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4) = (2, 5, 8, 1)$   
 Find optimal solution of 0/1 knapsack problem using merge and purge method.

## Chapter 4

- 1) Give the formulation of 8 queens problem using back tracking approach.
- 2) Give implicit and explicit constraints in case of Graph Coloring problem with  $n$  vertices and  $m$  colors.
- 3) Draw the State Space Tree for  $m$ -coloring when  $n=3$  and  $m=3$ .
- 4) What is Hamiltonian cycle? Find out all possible Hamiltonian cycle for the following graph.
- 5) What is  $n$ -queens problem? Show that there is no solution for 3 queen's problem.

- 1) What are the three Branch and bound approaches?
- 2) What do you mean by branch and bound? Define LIFO and FIFO search.
- 3) Why bounding functions are useful in the context of branch and bound?
- 4) Consider the travelling salesman instance defined by the following cost matrix. Obtain the reduced cost matrix. Which node will be next selected in LCBB approach? Also Draw state space tree.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \infty & 20 & \infty & 10 \\ 15 & \infty & 16 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & \infty & 2 \\ \infty & 6 & 18 & \infty \end{pmatrix}$$

#### Chapter 4

- 1) Define P and NP class. State cook's theorem and explain its significance
- 2) What are NP-hard and NP-complete problems.
- 3) Give relation between P, NP and NP Hard problem using diagram.
- 4) State cook's theorem.