

1.What is priority ?

- Priority defines the order in which we should resolve a defect.
- Priority refers to the importance or urgency assigned to a task, goal, or item. It determines the order in which things should be addressed, with higher priority items being handled first.

2. What is severity ?

- severity refers to the impact or seriousness of a defect (bug) on the functionality of the application. It helps determine how critical a defect is and how it affects the overall user experience, application performance, or system functionality.

3.BUG categories are ?

- Functional bugs
- Usability bugs
- Performance bugs
- User interface (UI) bugs
- Integration bugs
- Security defects
- Migration defects

4. Advantages of Bugzilla.

- Advanced search capabilities
- Modify bugs by e-mail
- Time tracking
- Strong security
- Customization
- Localization

5.Difference between severity and priority.

Severity	Priority
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The seriousness of the defect based on its impact on functionality.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The urgency to fix the defect based on its business impact and project deadlines.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Describe how much the defect breaks or affects the software.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Describe how urgent the defect is to fix.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A critical functionality is broken (high severity), or a typo in a non-critical label (low severity).	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A bug that blocks a launch (high priority) vs. a cosmetic issue that can wait (low priority).

6.Difference between Authorization and Authentication in web testing.

Authentication	Authorization
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Identifies the user (verifies who they are).	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Determines what the user is allowed to do (permissions).
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Typically involves credentials (e.g., username/password).	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Involves access control based on roles or permissions.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Focuses on validating identity.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Focuses on validating access to resources or actions.
Example test: Can a user log in with the right credentials?	Example test: Can a user access admin settings if they're not an admin?

7.What are the problems faced in web testing ?

- Performance and Load testing
- Mobile device compatibility
- Data Dependent issues
- Third party integrations
- Cross browser compatibility

8.What is Bug Life Cycle ?

- The duration or time span between the first time defects is found and the time that it is closed successfully, Rejected, postponed or deferred is called as ‘Defect life Cycle’.
- The bug life cycle (also known as the **defect life cycle**) refers to the various stages a defect or bug goes through from its initial discovery to its final resolution. The life cycle helps track the progress of bugs, ensuring they are identified, reported, and addressed systematically.