Program-3: Write a function power() which raise a number m to a power n. The function takes double value of m and integer value of n and returns the result. Use the default value of n as 2.

Code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
double power(double,int=2);
int main()
       int p;
       double n,r;
       cout << "Enter number : ";</pre>
       cin >> n;
       cout << "Enter exponent : ";</pre>
       cin >> p;
       r = power(n,p);
       cout << "Result is " << r;</pre>
       r = power(n);
       cout << "\nResult without passing exponent is " << r;</pre>
       return 0;
}
double power(double a, int b)
{
       double x = 1;
       for(int i = 1; i <= b; i++)
               x = x * a;
       return x;
```

OUTPUT:

Enter number: 5

Enter exponent: 4

Result is 625

Result without passing exponent is 25