Remove Nth Node From End of List

Given a linked list, remove the $n^{\rm th}$ node from the end of list and return its head. For example,

```
Given linked list: 1->2->3->4->5, and n=2. After removing the second node from the end, the linked list becomes 1->2->3->5.
```

Note:

Given n will always be valid. Try to do this in one pass.

Solution 1

A one pass solution can be done using pointers. Move one pointer **fast** --> n+1 places forward, to maintain a gap of n between the two pointers and then move both at the same speed. Finally, when the fast pointer reaches the end, the slow pointer will be n+1 places behind - just the right spot for it to be able to skip the next node.

Since the question gives that \mathbf{n} is valid, not too many checks have to be put in place. Otherwise, this would be necessary.

```
public ListNode removeNthFromEnd(ListNode head, int n) {
    ListNode start = new ListNode(0);
    ListNode slow = start, fast = start;
    slow.next = head;

    //Move fast in front so that the gap between slow and fast becomes n
    for(int i=1; i<=n+1; i++) {
        fast = fast.next;
    }
    //Move fast to the end, maintaining the gap
    while(fast != null) {
        slow = slow.next;
        fast = fast.next;
    }
    //Skip the desired node
    slow.next = slow.next.next;
    return start.next;
}</pre>
```

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```
class Solution
{
    public:
        ListNode* removeNthFromEnd(ListNode* head, int n)
        {
            ListNode** t1 = &head, *t2 = head;
            for(int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
            {
                  t2 = t2->next;
            }
            while(t2->next != NULL)
            {
                  t1 = &((*t1)->next);
                  t2 = t2->next;
            }
            *t1 = (*t1)->next;
            return head;
        }
};
```

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Solution 3

```
public ListNode RemoveNthFromEnd(ListNode head, int n) {
    ListNode h1=head, h2=head;
    while(n-->0) h2=h2.next;
    if(h2==null)return head.next; // The head need to be removed, do it.
    h2=h2.next;

    while(h2!=null){
        h1=h1.next;
        h2=h2.next;
    }
    h1.next=h1.next.next; // the one after the h1 need to be removed
    return head;
}
```

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