

Bitwise AND of Numbers Range

Given a range $[m, n]$ where $0 \leq m \leq n \leq 2^{31} - 1$

For example, given the range $[5, 7]$, you should return 4.

Credits:

Special thanks to [@amrsaqr](#) for adding this problem and creating all test cases.

Solution 1

The idea is very simple:

1. last bit of (odd number & even number) is 0.
2. when $m \neq n$, There is at least an odd number and an even number, so the last bit position result is 0.
3. Move m and n right a position.

Keep doing step 1,2,3 until m equal to n , use a factor to record the iteration time.

```
public class Solution {  
    public int rangeBitwiseAnd(int m, int n) {  
        if(m == 0){  
            return 0;  
        }  
        int moveFactor = 1;  
        while(m != n){  
            m >>= 1;  
            n >>= 1;  
            moveFactor <<= 1;  
        }  
        return m * moveFactor;  
    }  
}
```

written by [zwangbo](#) original link [here](#)

Solution 2

Consider the bits from low to high. if $n > m$, the lowest bit will be 0, and then we could transfer the problem to sub-problem: `rangeBitwiseAnd(m>>1, n>>1)`.

```
int rangeBitwiseAnd(int m, int n) {  
    return (n > m) ? (rangeBitwiseAnd(m/2, n/2) << 1) : m;  
}
```

written by [applewolf](#) original link [here](#)

Solution 3

The idea is to use a mask to find the leftmost common digits of m and n. Example: m=1110001, n=1110111, and you just need to find 1110000 and it will be the answer.

```
public class Solution {  
    public int rangeBitwiseAnd(int m, int n) {  
        int r=Integer.MAX_VALUE;  
        while((m&r) != (n&r))    r=r<<1;  
        return n&r;  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

written by [yu14](#) original link [here](#)

From [LeetCoder](#).