## Most Frequent Subtree Sum

Given the root of a tree, you are asked to find the most frequent subtree sum. The subtree sum of a node is defined as the sum of all the node values formed by the subtree rooted at that node (including the node itself). So what is the most frequent subtree sum value? If there is a tie, return all the values with the highest frequency in any order.
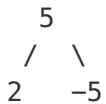
Examples 1
Input:

```
    5
   / \
  2   −3
```
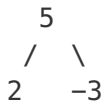
return [2, -3, 4], since all the values happen only once, return all of them in any order.

Examples 2
Input:

```
    5
   / \
  2   −5
```

return [2], since 2 happens twice, however -5 only occur once.
Note: You may assume the sum of values in any subtree is in the range of 32-bit signed integer.

Solution 1

For sake of saving time during contest, can't write so concise solution :)
Idea is `post-order` traverse the tree and get sum of every sub-tree, put `sum` to
`count` mapping to a HashMap. Then generate result based on the HashMap.

```java
public class Solution {
    Map<Integer, Integer> sumToCount;
    int maxCount;

    public int[] findFrequentTreeSum(TreeNode root) {
        maxCount = 0;
        sumToCount = new HashMap<Integer, Integer>();

        postOrder(root);

        List<Integer> res = new ArrayList<>();
        for (int key : sumToCount.keySet()) {
            if (sumToCount.get(key) == maxCount) {
                res.add(key);
            }
        }

        int[] result = new int[res.size()];
        for (int i = 0; i < res.size(); i++) {
            result[i] = res.get(i);
        }
        return result;
    }

    private int postOrder(TreeNode root) {
        if (root == null) return 0;

        int left = postOrder(root.left);
        int right = postOrder(root.right);

        int sum = left + right + root.val;
        int count = sumToCount.getOrDefault(sum, 0) + 1;
        sumToCount.put(sum, count);

        maxCount = Math.max(maxCount, count);

        return sum;
    }
}
```

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Solution 2

I have used a hash-map `ctr` to count the sum occurrence.

I have wrote a sub function `countSubtreeSum` to travel through a tree and return the sum of the tree.

In `countSubtreeSum`, I will travel through the left node and the right node, calculate the sum of the tree, increment the counter `ctr`, and return the sum.

```python
def findFrequentTreeSum(self, root):
    if root == None: return []

    def getSum(node):
        if node == None: return 0
        s = node.val + getSum(node.left) + getSum(node.right)
        c[s] += 1
        return s

    from collections import Counter
    c = Counter()
    getSum(root)
    frequent = max(c.values())
    return [s for s in c.keys() if c[s] == frequent]
```

Please upvote if it makes sense.

Update: I have changed a little to make the variable name shorter.

written by lee215 original link here

Solution 3

```cpp
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> findFrequentTreeSum(TreeNode* root) {
        unordered_map<int,int> counts;
        int maxCount = 0;
        countSubtreeSums(root, counts, maxCount);


        vector<int> maxSums;
        for(const auto& x :  counts){
            if(x.second == maxCount) maxSums.push_back(x.first);
        }
        return maxSums;
    }

    int countSubtreeSums(TreeNode *r, unordered_map<int,int> &counts, int& maxCount){
        if(r == nullptr) return 0;

        int sum = r->val;
        sum += countSubtreeSums(r->left, counts, maxCount);
        sum += countSubtreeSums(r->right, counts, maxCount);
        ++counts[sum];
        maxCount = max(maxCount, counts[sum]);
        return sum;
    }
};
```

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