## Problem Pattern

- Since the projects are dependent on one another and all of a project's dependencies must be built before the project is, so what is the underlying ordering of projects? Topological Sort.
- 2. When will be the answer -1, i.e. when will the ordering of projects will not be possible? Topological Sorting for a graph is not possible if the graph is not a Directed Acyclic Graph.

## **Problem Approach**

## Steps to find the topological ordering of graph:

- Compute the in-degree (number of incoming edges) for each of the vertices present in the graph.
- Pick all the vertices with in-degree = 0 and add them into a queue (Enqueue operation)
- Remove a vertex from the queue (Dequeue operation) and then.
- 1. Decrease in-degree by 1 for all its neighboring nodes.
- 2. If the in-degree of any neighboring node is reduced to zero, then add it to the queue.
- Repeat Step 3 until the queue is empty.

The order in which the nodes are dequeued is the topological ordering of graph.

Note: If the total number of nodes dequeued is not equal to the number of vertices, then the answer is -1.

## **Problem Pseudocode**

```
buildOrder(project, depend){
  n = project.size();
  for i=0 to n:
      mpp[project[i]]=i+1;
      revmpp[i+1]=project[i];
  m=depend.size();
  for i=0 to m:
      u=mpp[depend[i][0]];
      v=mpp[depend[i][1]];
      adj[u].insert(v);
      indeg[v]++;
  queue<int> q;
  for i = 1 to n:
      if indeg[i]==0:
             q.push(i);
  while !q.empty():
      u=q.front();
      q.pop();
      ans.insert(revmpp[u]);
       for i = 0 to adj[u].size():
          v = adj[u][i];
          indeg[v]--;
          if indeg[v]==0 :
                     q.push(v);
```

```
string t='';

t+='-1';

a.insert(t);

if ans.size()!=n:

return a;

return ans;
}
```